

Mode choice in urban courier deliveries

Pan-American Advanced Studies Institute on
Sustainable Urban Freight Systems (PASI-SUFS)
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A large, high-resolution image of the Earth from space occupies the bottom half of the slide. It shows a curved horizon with a deep blue atmosphere. The visible landmasses include parts of North America, South America, and Europe, with green vegetation and white cloud patterns. The text "Knowledge for Tomorrow" is overlaid in white on the right side of the image.

Knowledge for Tomorrow

Some alternative titles and outlook

- Titles
 - "Mode choice in urban courier deliveries" → PASI title
 - "Potentials of electric cargo bikes for last-mile deliveries" → Project results
 - "Acceptance of urban freight innovations" → More project results
 - "..." → PhD thesis
- Outlook
 - Personal and institutional background
 - The courier market in Germany
 - Locations of demand for courier trips
 - Project background and empirical foundation
 - Results: ex-ante vs. ex-post
 - Discussion and further steps



Personal and institutional background

- Degree in human geography (LMU University Munich, Germany)
- Since 2011: research asisstant at DLR-Institute of Transport Research, Berlin
 - DLR: public research institution with 8000 employees and 16 sites, active in aeronautics, space, transport (~ 10% of employees) and energy business areas
 - Institute of Transport Research (led by Prof. Barbara Lenz): about 50 researchers of various disciplines
- Project manager of a research project analyzing the potentials of electric cargo bikes for urban courier logistics deliveries (funded by the Federal Ministry for the Environment)
- "Transition phase" towards dissertation



The courier market in Germany

- Courier is a segment of the CEP market: courier, express, parcel/postal
 - Deliveries – CEP: 2.45 billion → courier 0.24 billion (10%)
 - Turnover – CEP: 17.8 billion € → courier: 3.9 billion € (22%)
 - Employees – CEP: 254,000 → courier: 19,000 car, 5,000 bike messengers
- Some usual characteristics of courier companies:
 - Many regionally operating companies
 - Acting as intermediary between B2B customers and self-employed messengers
 - Dispatching of assignments via "open radio" or smartphone
 - Messengers use their own vehicles
 - Provision-based remuneration
 - Pricing depending on vehicle ordered and shipment distance



Berlin: example for pricing of courier shipments

Pricing = vehicle ordered	Goods' size (max. cm ³)	Goods' weight (max. kg)	Fixed costs (incl 1st km)	Variable costs (per km)	Market share (t1)
Bicycle	50 x 30	5	5.50 €	0.95 €	54%
Cargo Bike	50 x 30 x 30	25	6.00 €	0.95 €	6%
Car	100 x 70 x 50	100	6.50 €	1.00 €	29%
Small van	150 x 100 x 100	250	10.00 €	1.00 €	7%
Large van	320 x 180 x 150	1000	15.00 €	1.10 €	4%



pricing model extracted from www.messenger.de



Berlin: Extensive size, densely populated center

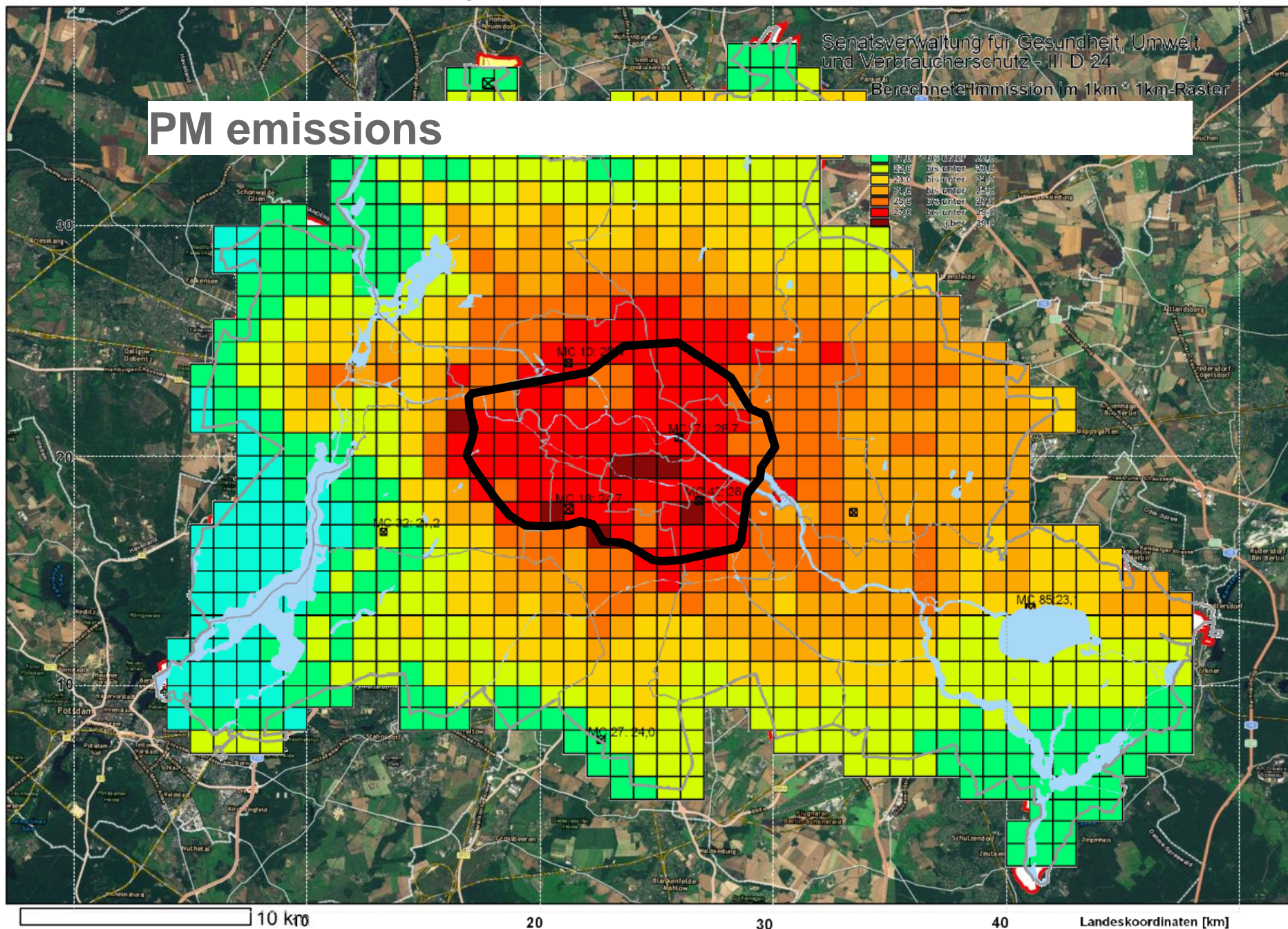
Total Municipality:
3.5 million inhabitants
892 km²
→ 3,800 people / km²

**Inner City
Low Emission Zone**
1 million inhabitants
88 km²
11,200 people / km²

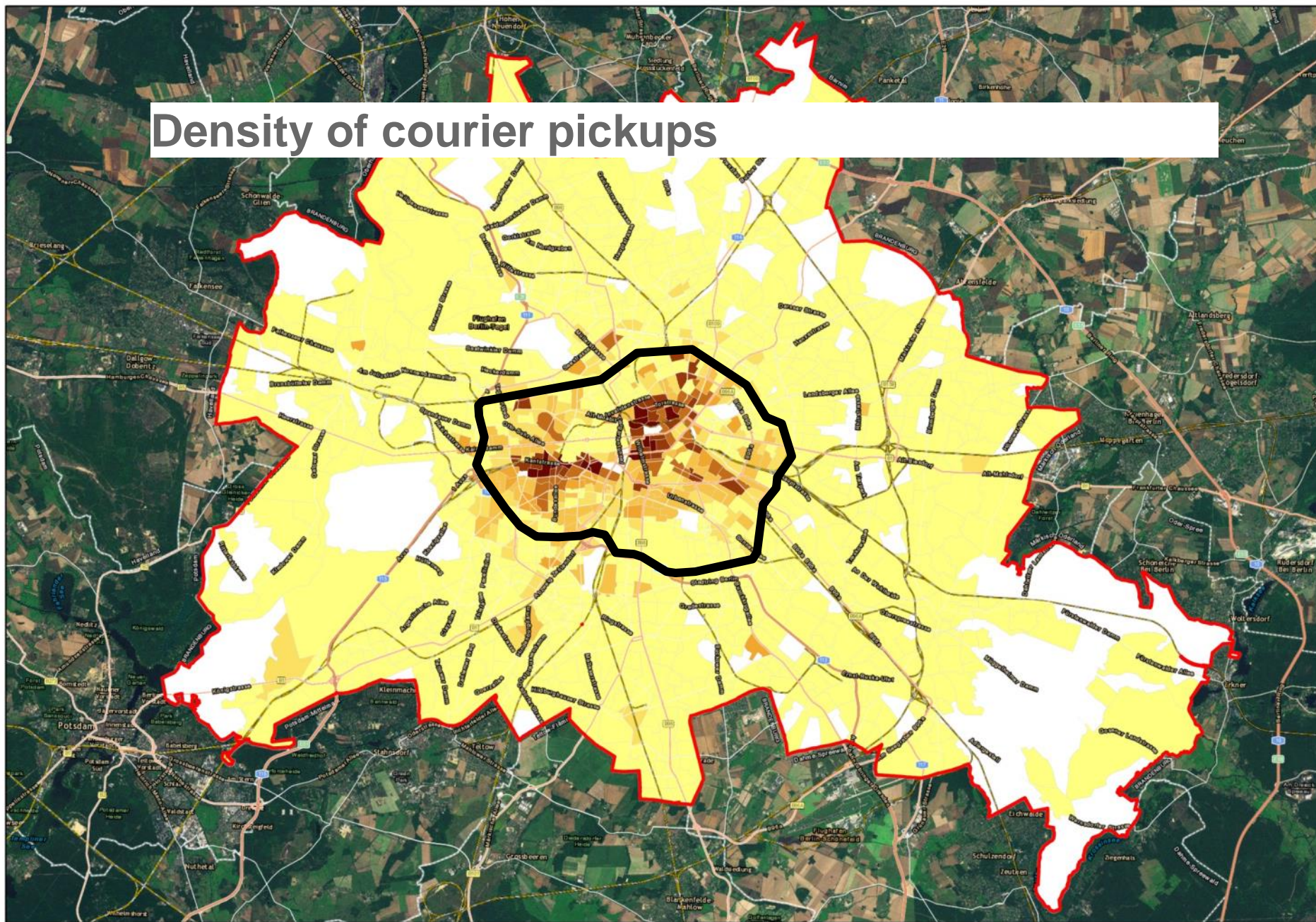
10 km

PM emissions

Senatsverwaltung für Gesundheit, Umwelt
und Verbraucherschutz - III D 24
Berechnete Immission im 1km * 1km-Raster

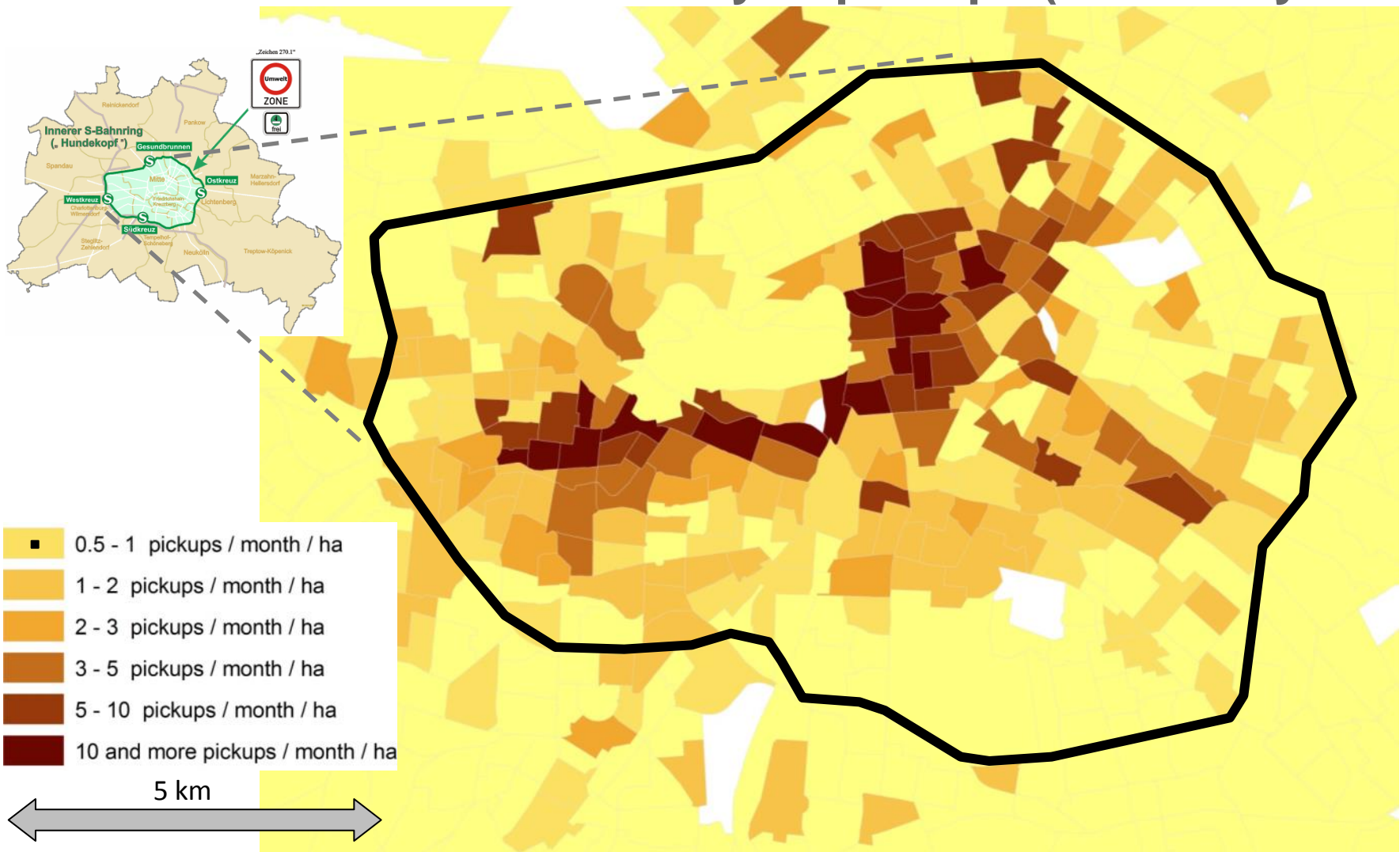


Density of courier pickups



10 km

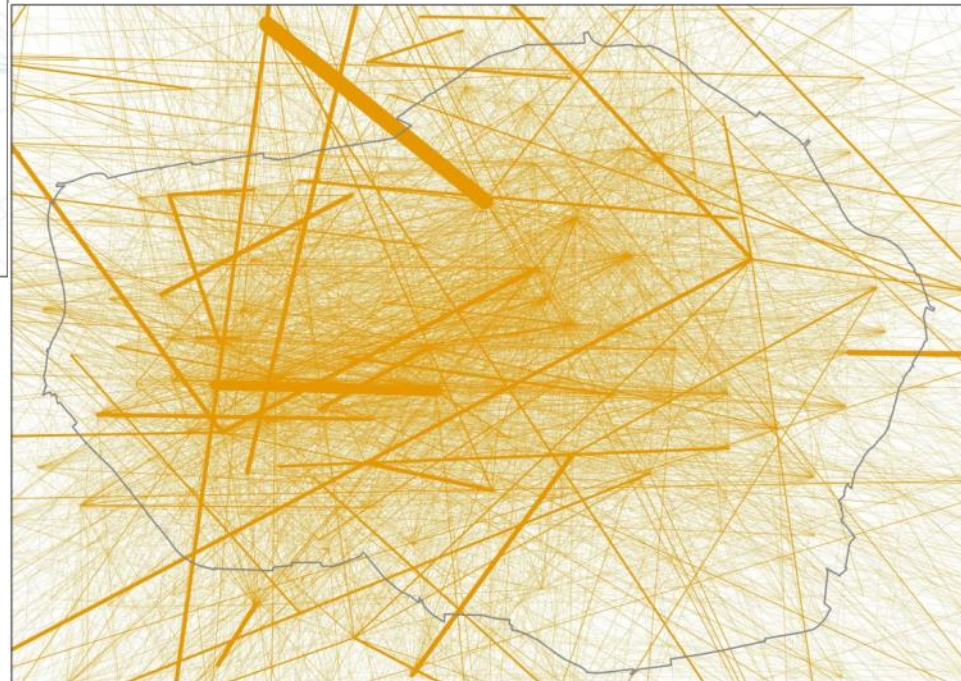
The courier market – density of pickups (Berlin city center)



OD-relations of courier shipments (Berlin city center)



Bike messengers



Car messengers

Shipments per week:



1 km



Project "I substitute a car": How sustainable is implementing electric cargo bikes for courier deliveries?

- Used vehicle: *iBullitt Pedelec* (x40)



- 250 Watts engine
- Payload: ~ 100 kg
- Cargo box volume: ~ 200 l

- Additional vehicle: *CargoCruiser* (x1)



8 German cities,
8 courier companies

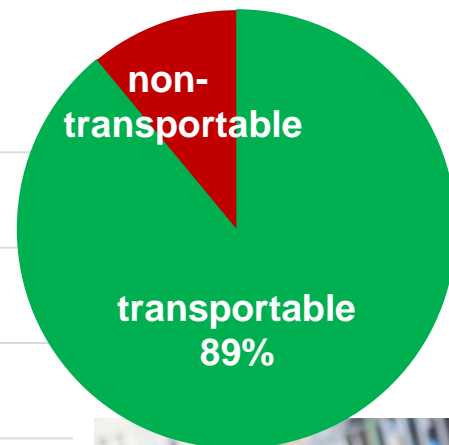
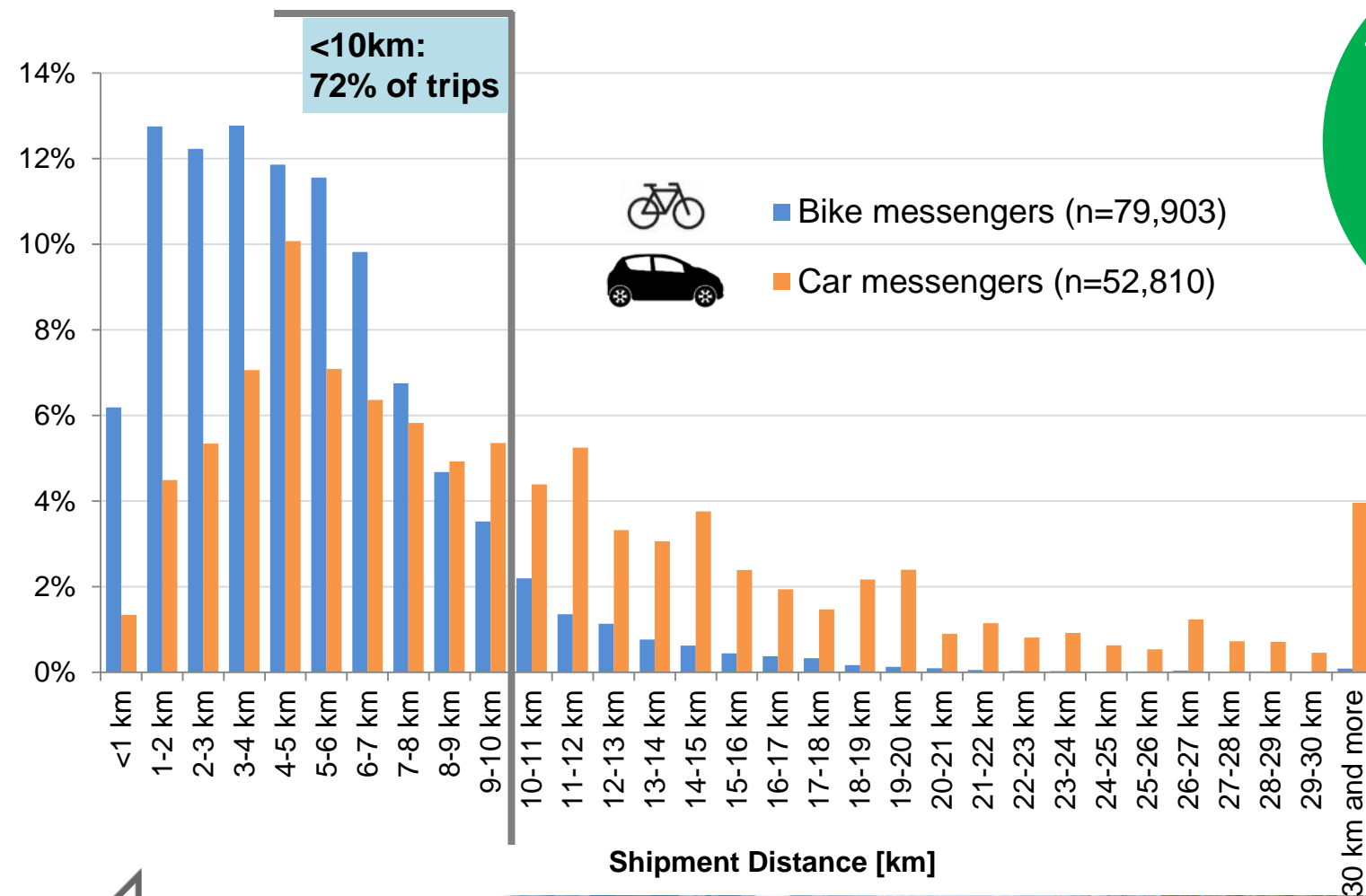


Empirical foundation

- Database: 3 million (=3 years) of courier shipment records of 8 courier companies:
 - Type of shipment: point-to-point vs. milk run
 - OD and shipment distance
 - Time stamps
 - Priced vehicle and used vehicle
 - Messenger ID
 - partly: type/size of good, customer's business sector, delivery windows
- Quantitative surveys targeting all ~600 messengers associated with these 8 courier companies:
 - t0-survey (2012), 191 responses, 2 groups: bicycle and car messengers
 - t1-survey (2014), 171 responses, 3 groups: bicycle, iBullitt and car messengers
 - panel data from 63 respondents
- Qualitative interviews with CEOs, dispatchers and messengers



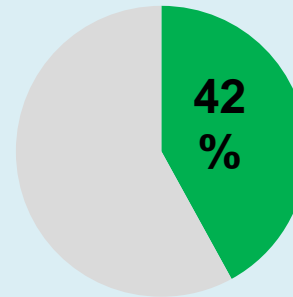
Short trips and light goods: downshift in type of vehicle seems possible.



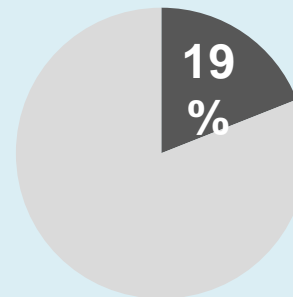
Car substitution potential

Share of trips below 10km & transportable goods


Substitutable deliveries



Substitutable mileage



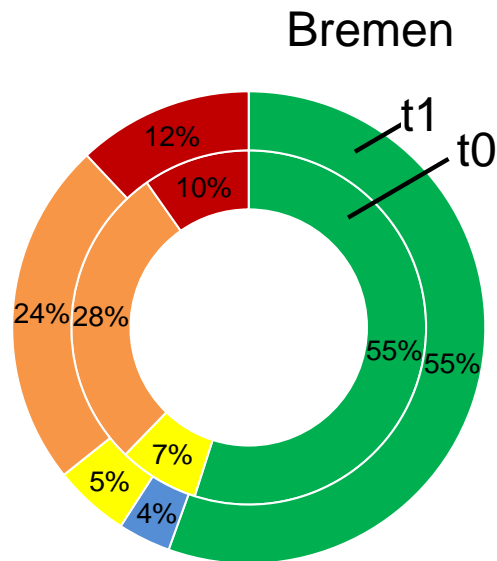
21 months of using the electric cargo bikes – It was successful ...

	# iBullitts 	Shipments by iBullitt	% of all shipments	iBullitt net traveled km	% of all net traveled km	Mean shipment length
TOTAL	37	125.900	8%	485.000	4%	4,0
Berlin	17	46.500	10%	202.000	4%	4,3
Hamburg	4	23.900	6%	75.000	2%	3,2
München	4	21.800	12%	83.000	7%	3,8
Düsseldorf	4	8.300	7%	31.000	7%	3,8
Bremen	3	12.600	9%	38.000	4%	3,0
Nürnberg	3	3.400	3%	13.000	2%	3,8
Leipzig	1	3.100	3%	14.000	1%	4,3
Potsdam	1	6.300	35%	29.000	8%	4,6

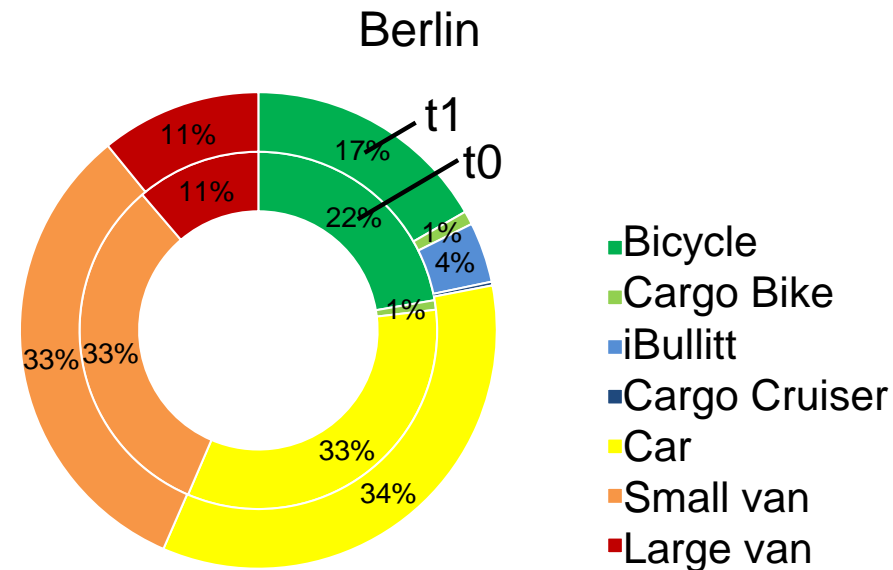


... but was it sustainable?

Change in modal split of net km traveled in 2 cities



- Bicycle
- iBullitt
- Car
- Small van
- Large van



- Bicycle
- Cargo Bike
- iBullitt
- Cargo Cruiser
- Car
- Small van
- Large van

t0 (before implementation): 5/2011 – 6/2012

t1 (after implementation): 7/2012 – 3/2014



Messengers' background, job organization, attitudes

		Type of vehicle		
		Bicycle	<i>iBullitt</i>	Car
	n (t1 survey 2014)	48	46	77
Demographics	Age Ø	39 years	39 years	50 years
	Gender: male	90%	93%	95%
	Education: high (<i>Abitur</i>)	74%	67%	33%
Income	Below 500 €	14%	20%	3%
	2500 € and more	2%	0%	19%
Job organization	Working as messenger only	75%	57%	74%
	Working hours per week Ø	30.1	27.2	47.0
	Using only one type of vehicle	83%	26%	79%

	Agreement t0	Agreement t1
"Using electric cargo bikes in my city makes sense."	84%	94%
"Electric cargo bikes will generally be successful in courier services."	48%	62%
"There is plenty of information available on electric cargo bikes and their use."	36%	42%

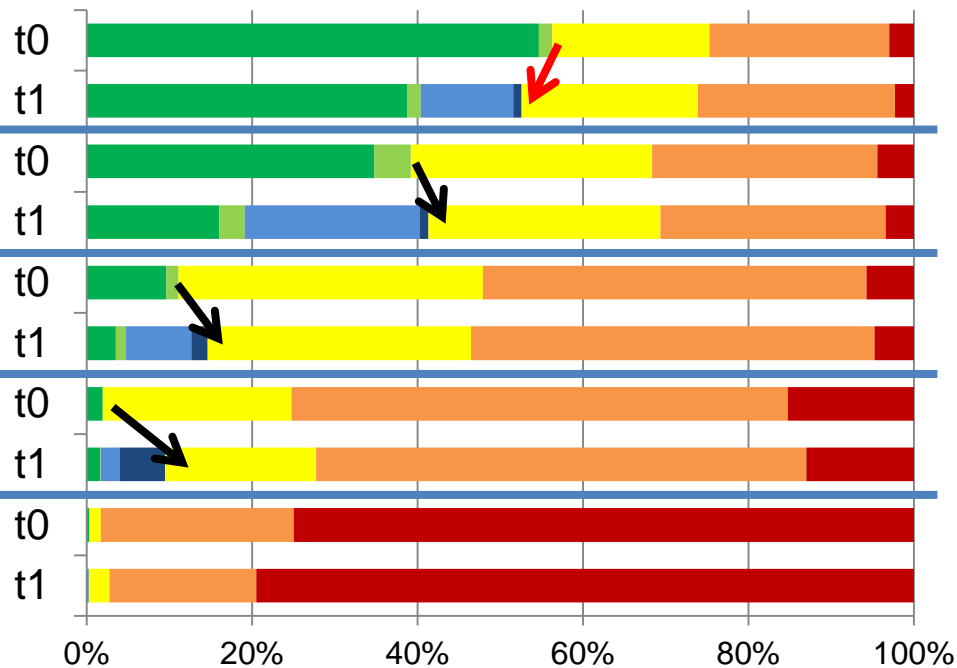


Berlin: vehicle ordered vs. vehicle used

Vehicle ordered	Market share (t1)	Change (t0 → t1)
Bicycle	54%	-1%
Cargo Bike	6%	+43%
Car	29%	+3%
Small van	7%	+45%
Large van	4%	+27%

total: + 5%

Vehicle used



■ Bicycle

■ Cargo bike

■ iBullitt

■ CargoCruiser

■ Car

■ Small van

■ Large van



Project results

- Considerable demand for courier services in urban core areas
- Several modes are in direct competition
- Large potential for electric cargo bikes to substitute urban small-scale car trips
- Assessment of sustainability: mixed results
 - Economically successful for companies and majority of messengers
 - Environmentally: Substitution of bicycle trips in some cities (from macro-perspective) vs. positive effects in some areas
 - Socially: Almost only bicycle messengers were willing to change to electric cargo bikes
- Structures are shifting, yet gradually



Possible further steps

- Revealed preference analysis – with an "open radio" as assignment market, messengers have several options to choose from
- Possible spheres of influence for mode choice in urban courier deliveries:
 - trip characteristics
 - company's operations: order acceptance, pricing, dispatching
 - customer
 - degree of messenger competition
 - individual messenger's background and skills (e.g. bundling of shipments)
 - seasonality, weekday, time of day
 - weather conditions
 - congestion status
- Things to check:
 - Is this a relevant segment of urban freight?
 - Is the available data representative?
 - "So what"?



Thank you for your attention - and your questions!

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