

Automated Production of Large CFRP Preforms: Challenges and Solutions along the Process Chain

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Knowledge for Tomorrow

Outline

- Introduction
- Automation along the Process Chain
 - 1 Process Preparation
 - 2 Preforming with Cooperation Robots
 - 3 Chain of Errors & Inline Quality Assessment
 - 4 Enhancing Accuracy on a Flexible Robotics Platform
- Summary and Outlook



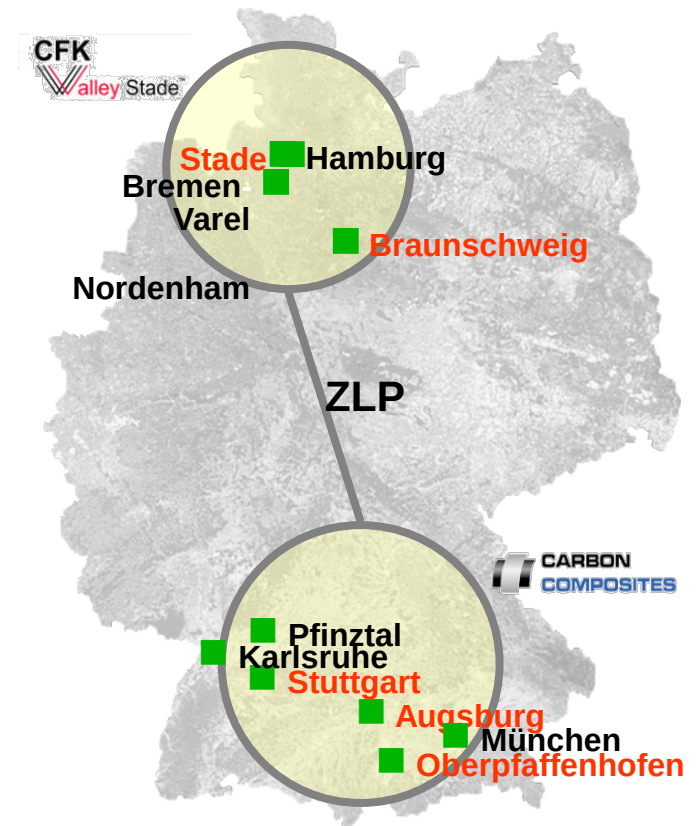
Introduction

DLR Center for Lightweight Production Technology

ZLP Site Stade

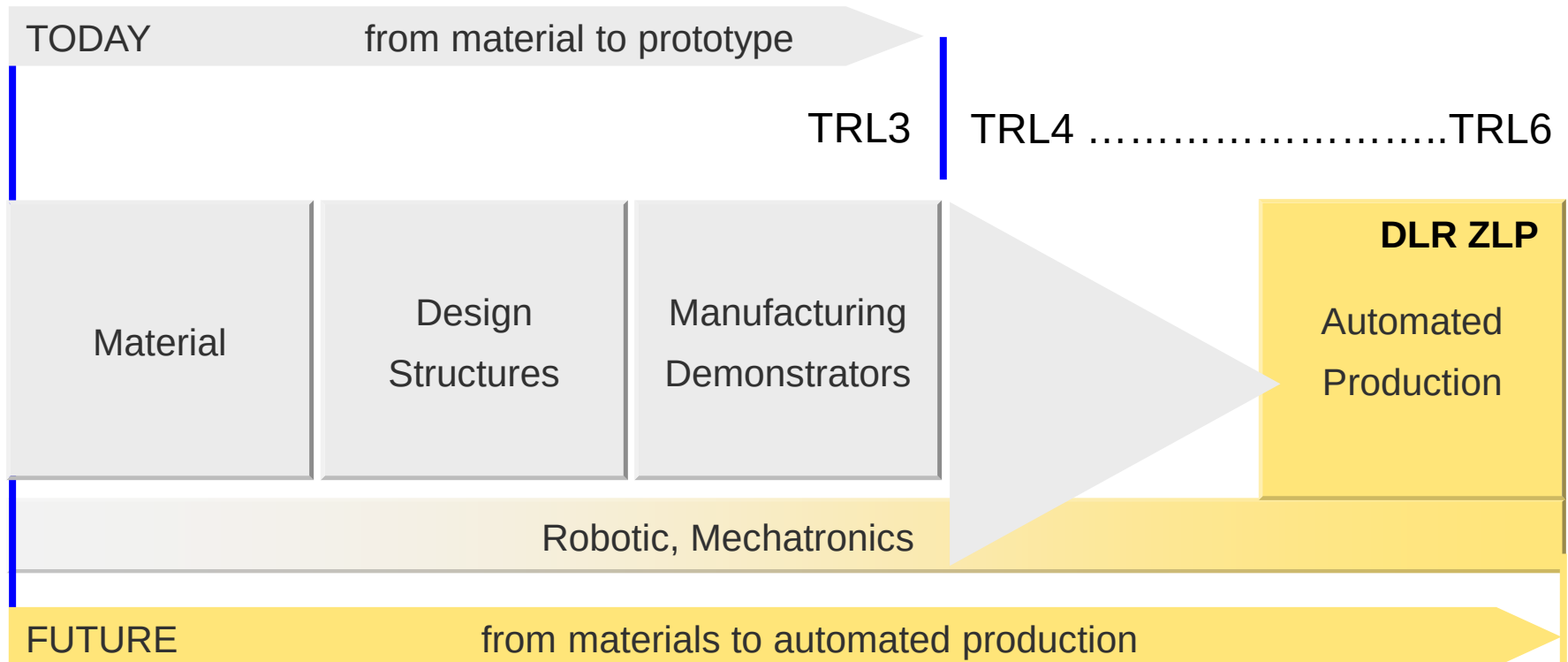


ZLP Site Augsburg



Introduction

Providing Technology Readiness for Industrialization



Introduction

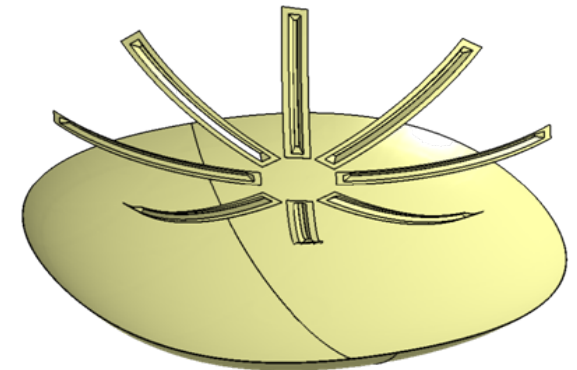
Production of Large Aerospace Structures

Challenges for an automated composite production:

- High layup rates
- Many manual processes involved
- Potential issues
 - Material damages
 - Repeatability
 - Quality assurance
- Robotic gripper weight for large cut pieces



Image: DLR, Robotic test cell

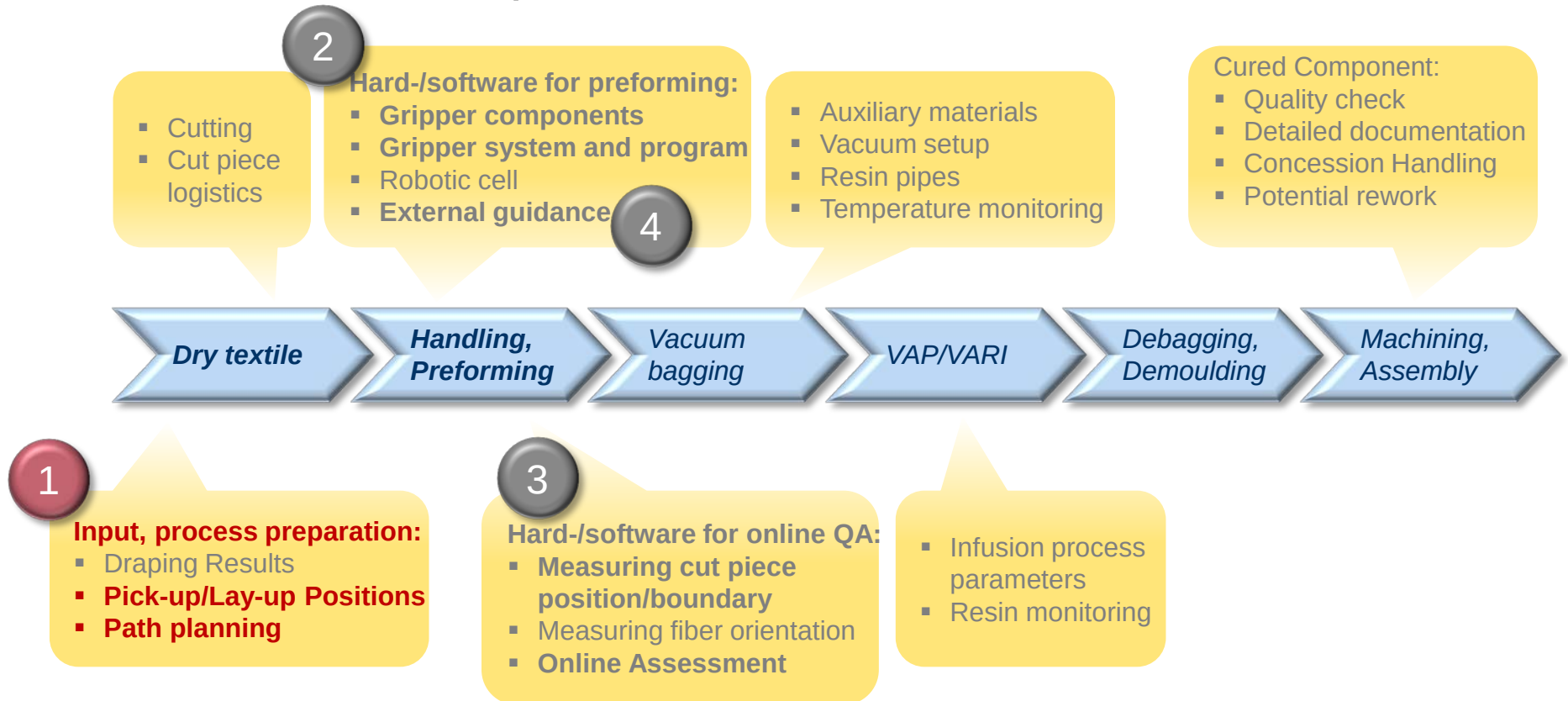


Images: Premium Aerotec GmbH
Top: Cargodoor A400M
Below: Pressure Bulkhead A350



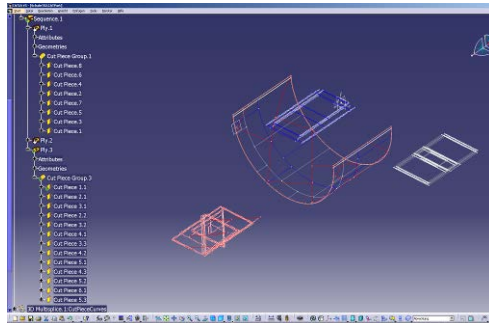
Automation along the Process Chain

Focus in this presentation



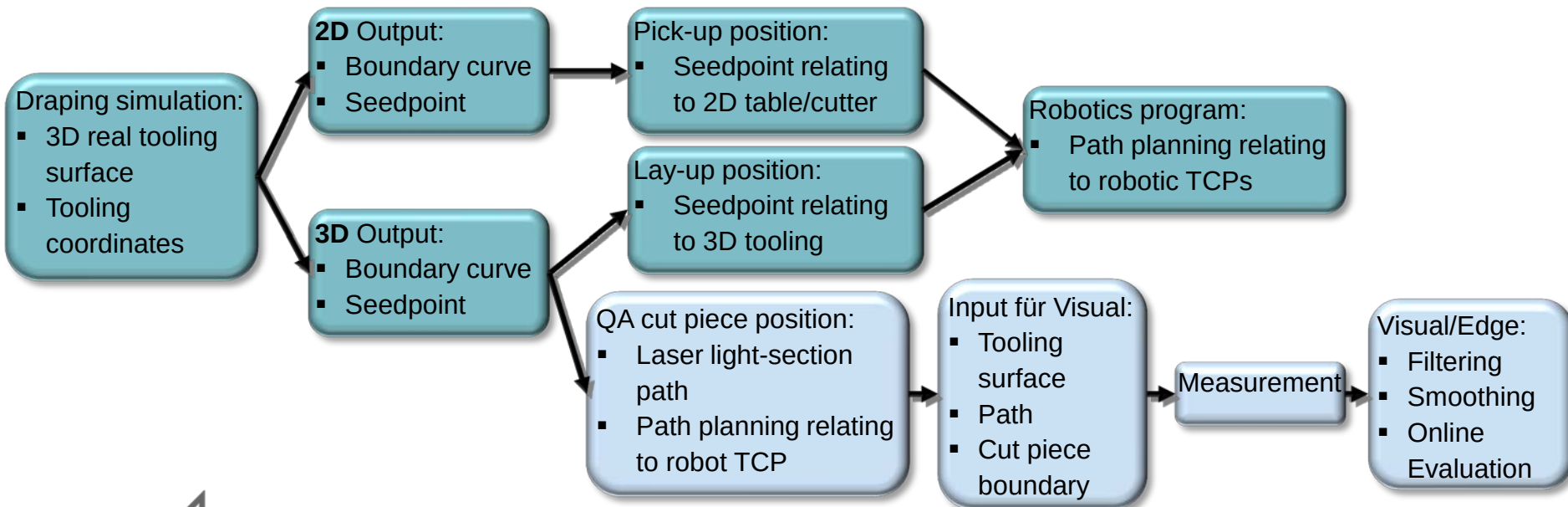
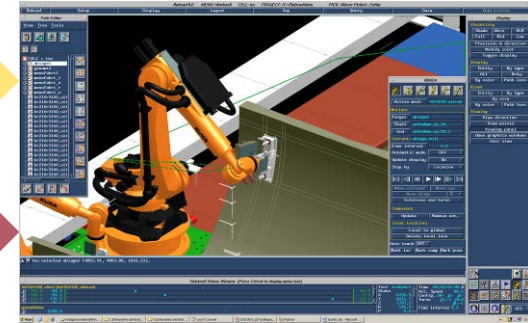
Automation along the Process Chain

Process Preparation

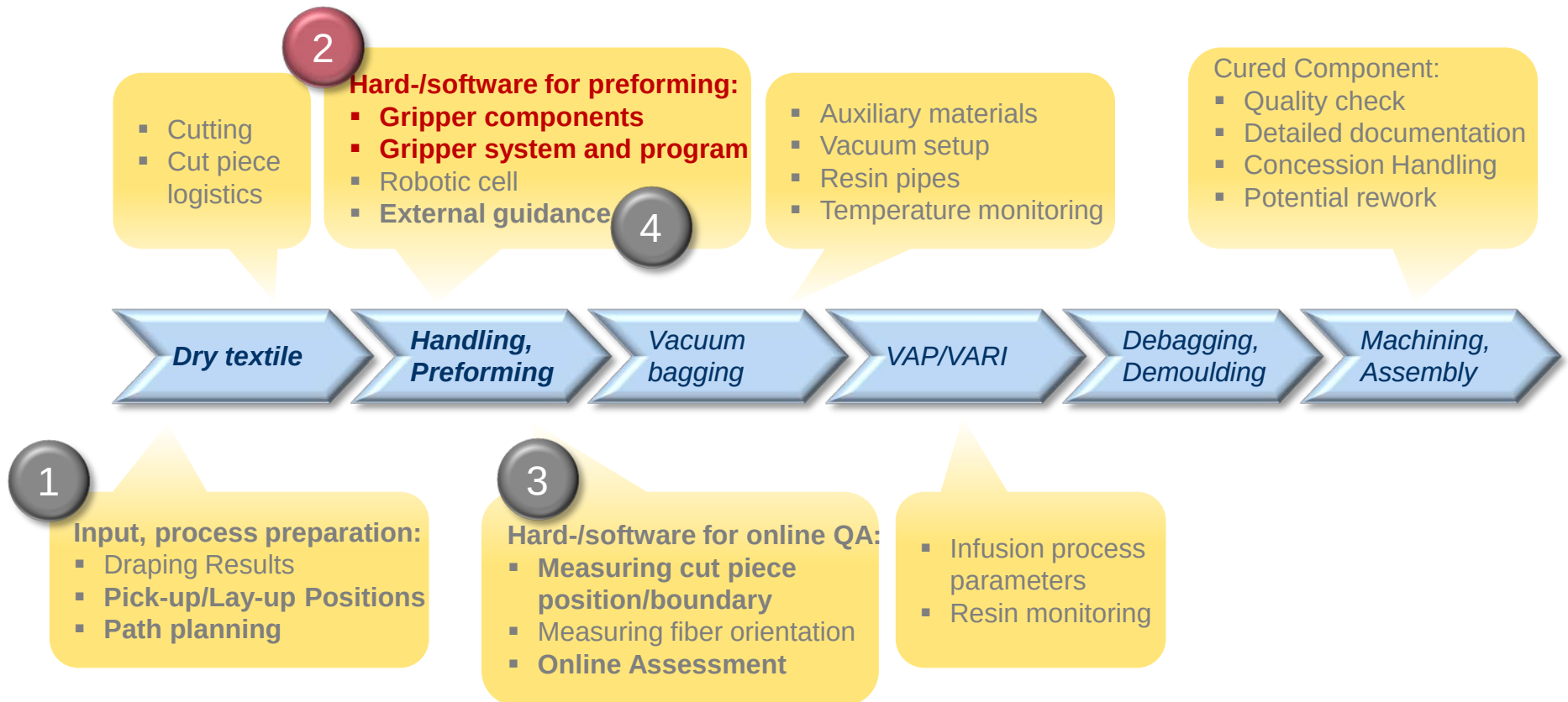


Status Quo: manual process preparation

Vision: design to manufacture



Automation along the Process Chain



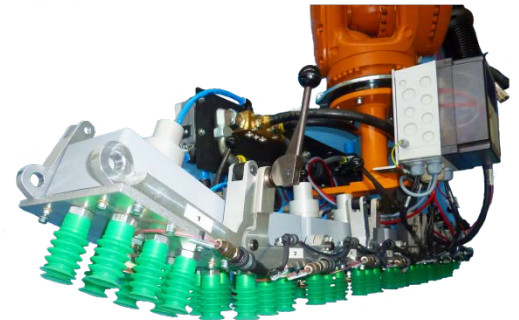
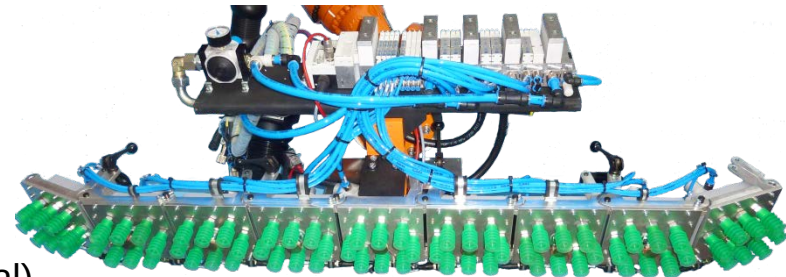
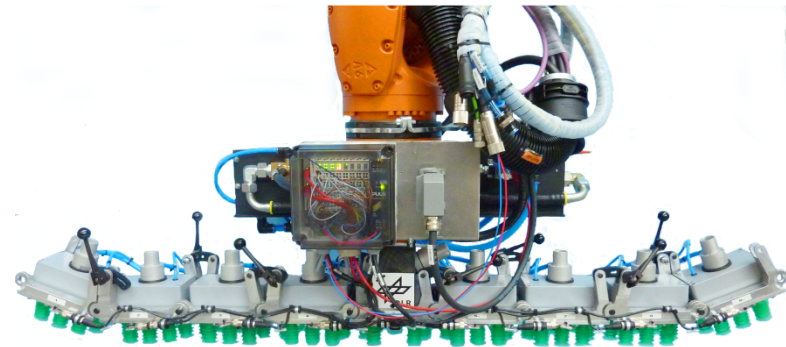
Preforming Solutions

Gripper principles

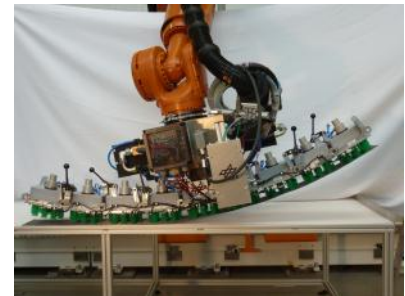
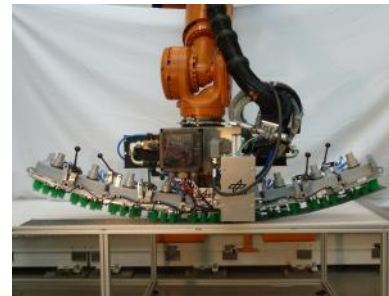
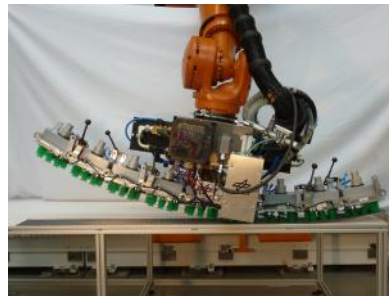
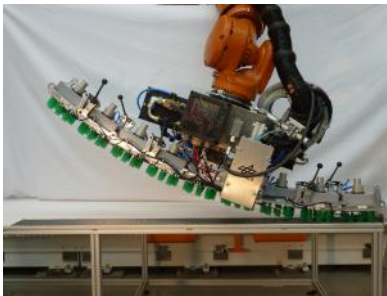
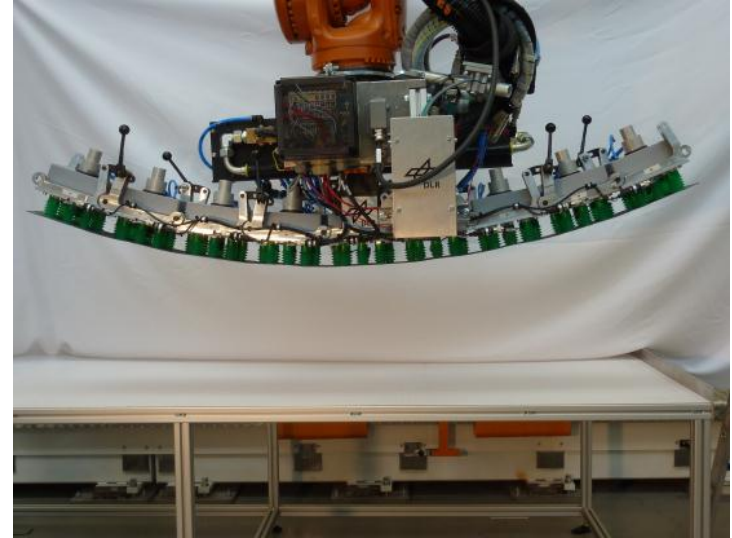
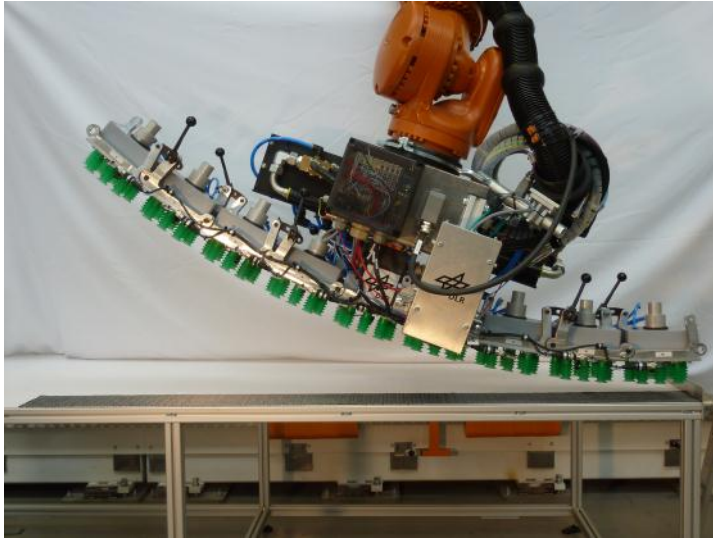
- Modularity
- Flexible adjustment of deformation
- Vacuum (low pressure), high volume flow
- Supply: 6 bar, 24 V, EtherCat

Gripper details

- Components:
 - Valve cluster by Festo
 - Bus module by Beckhoff
 - Gripper mechanics by Kuka Systems
- Bellows suction pads (optimized for choice of material)
- Activation of thermoplastic binder by heating devices on linear actuators



Preforming Solutions

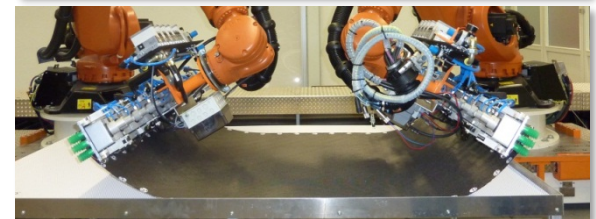
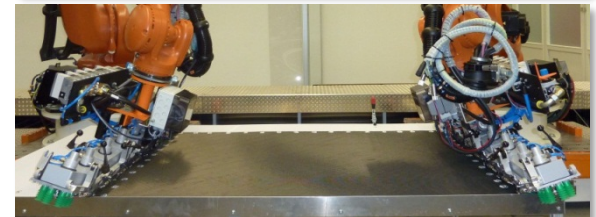
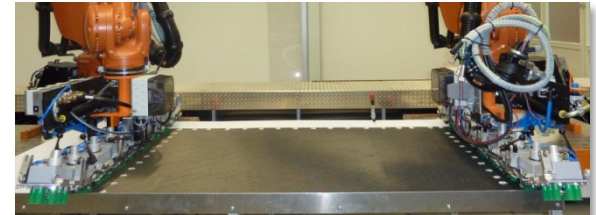
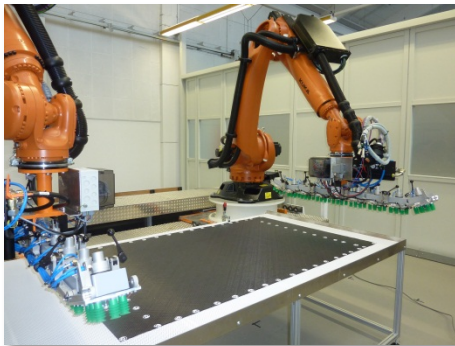


Preforming with Cooperating Robots

Pick-up

Pick-up

- Rectangular cut pieces
 - Dry NCF, 2.0 x 1.22 m
 - Thermoplastic binder
- Resulting forces depending on gripper distance
- Gripper movements in 3 increments
- Cut piece forms catenary



Preforming with Cooperating Robots

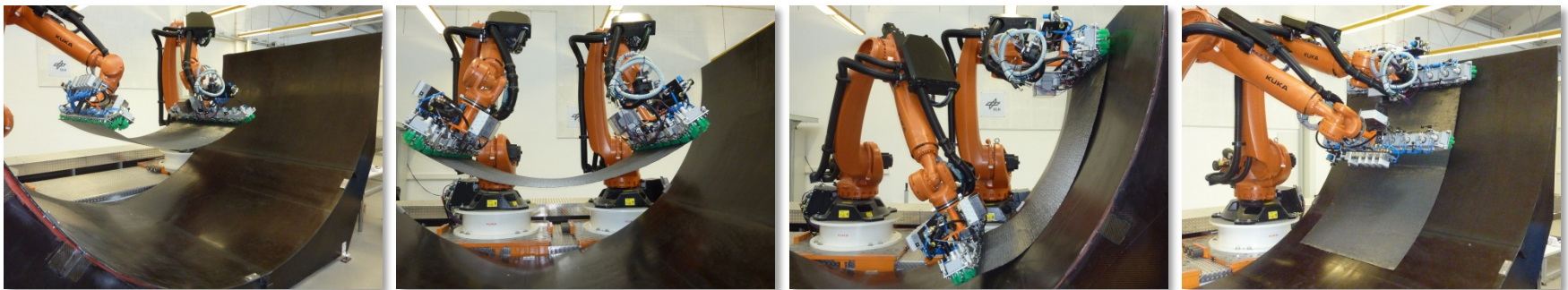
Lay-up

Transfer on linear track and positioning

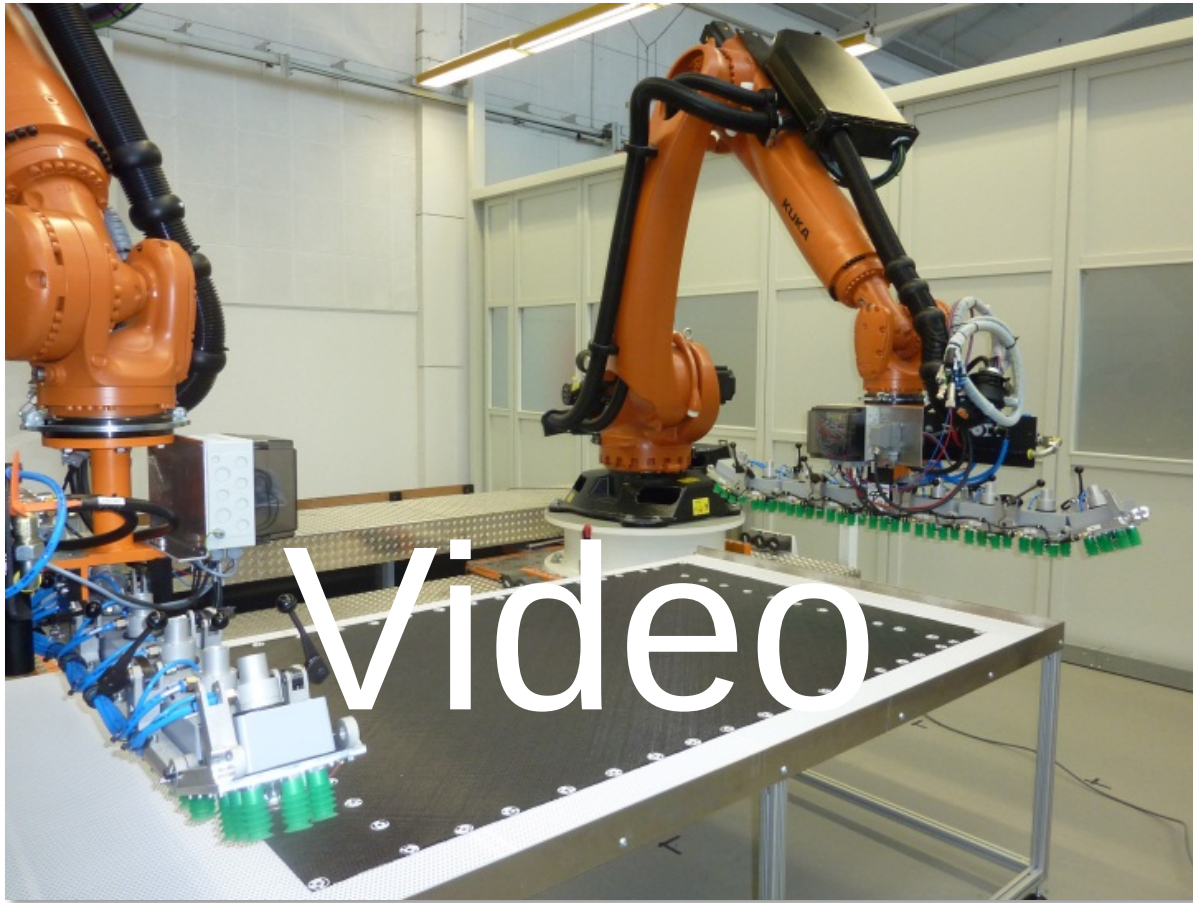
- Grippers keep their relative position and orientation

Attachment

- Grippers hold cut piece edges in position
- Activation of thermoplastic binder
- Individual gripper movements

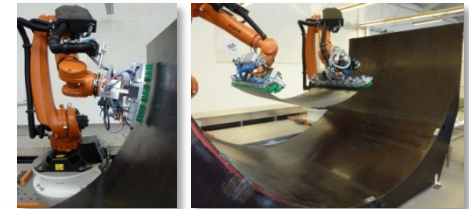


Preforming with Cooperation Robots

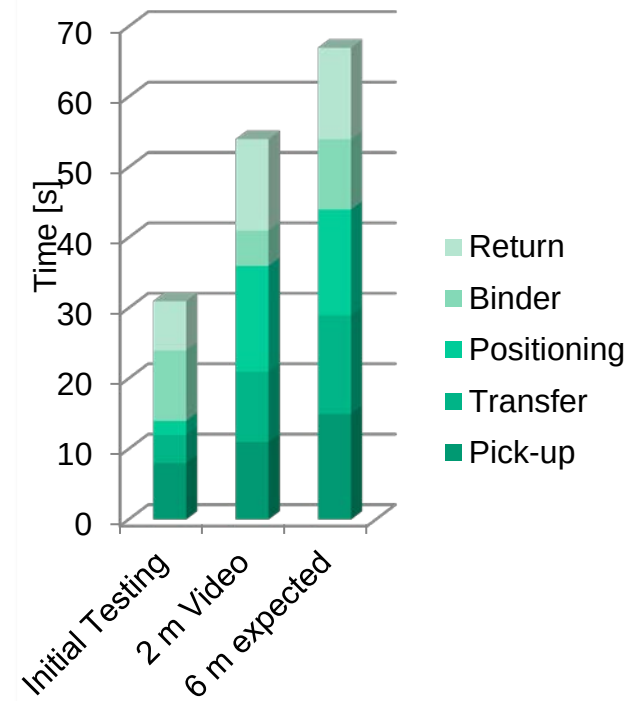


Preforming with Cooperation Robots

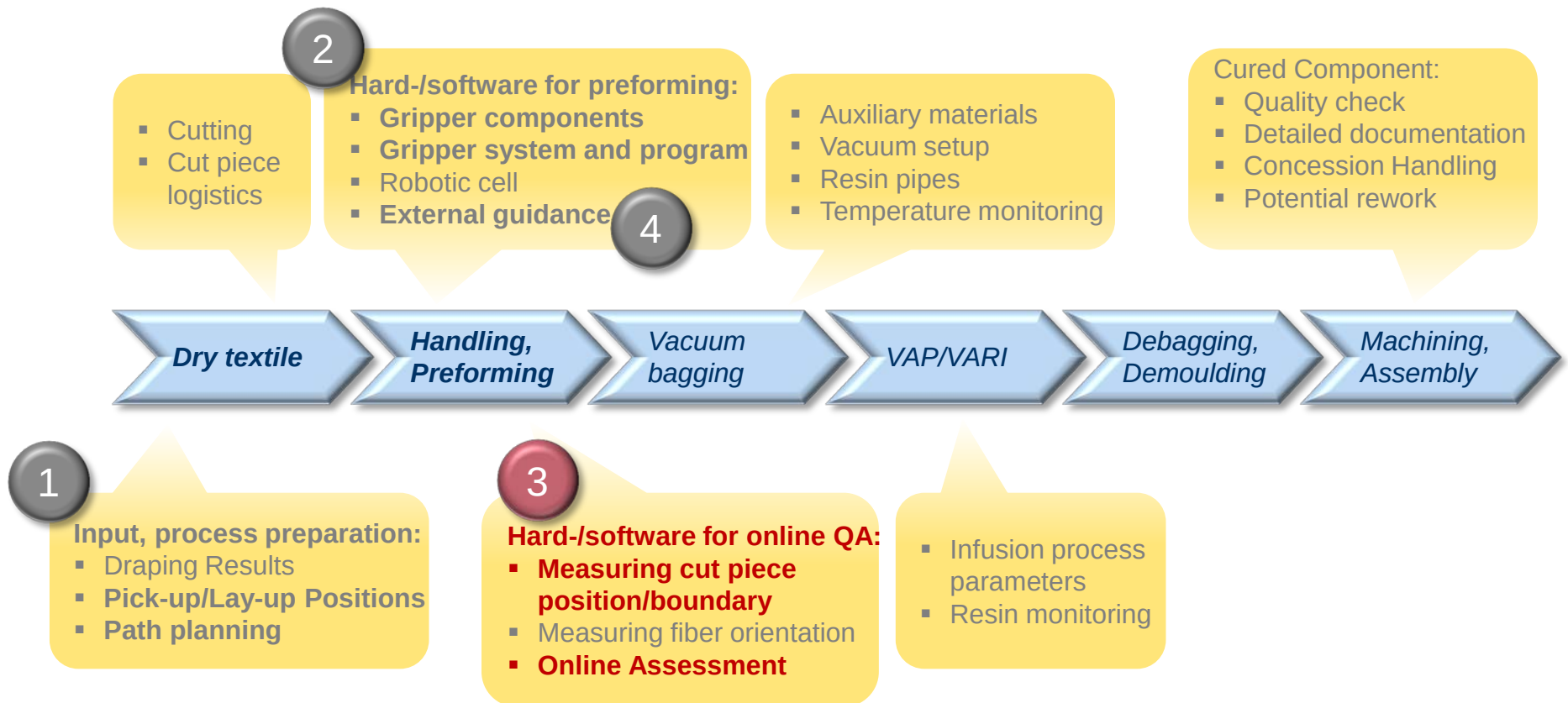
Performance



	Initial testing	2 m Video	6 m expected
Pick-up [s]	8	11	15
Transfer [s]	4	10	14
Positioning [s]	2	15	15
Binder [s]	10	5	10
Return [s]	7	13	13
Mass [g]	69	1354	4063
Layup rate [kg/h]	7.53	90.27	218.31

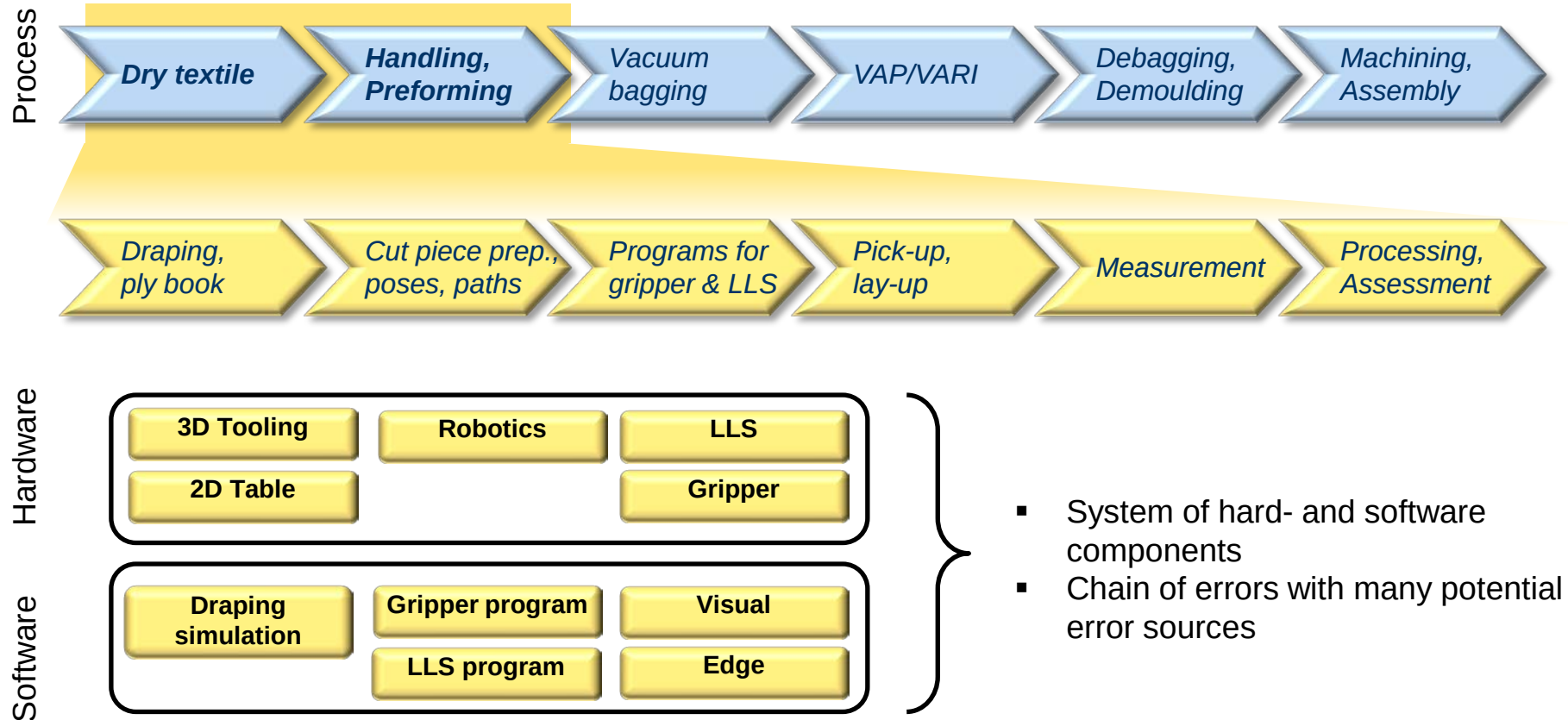


Automation along the Process Chain



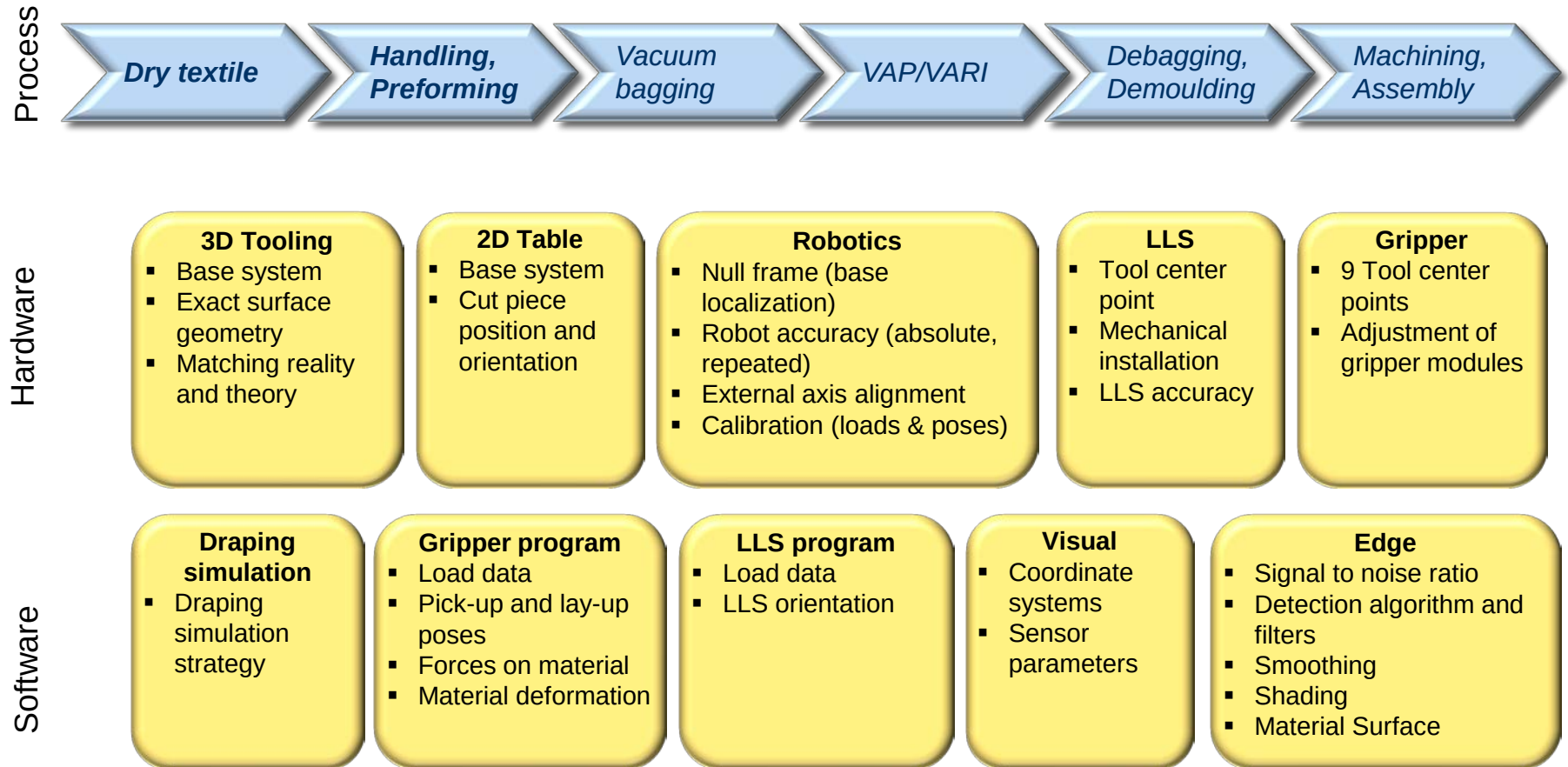
Control on Process Accuracy

Chain of Errors



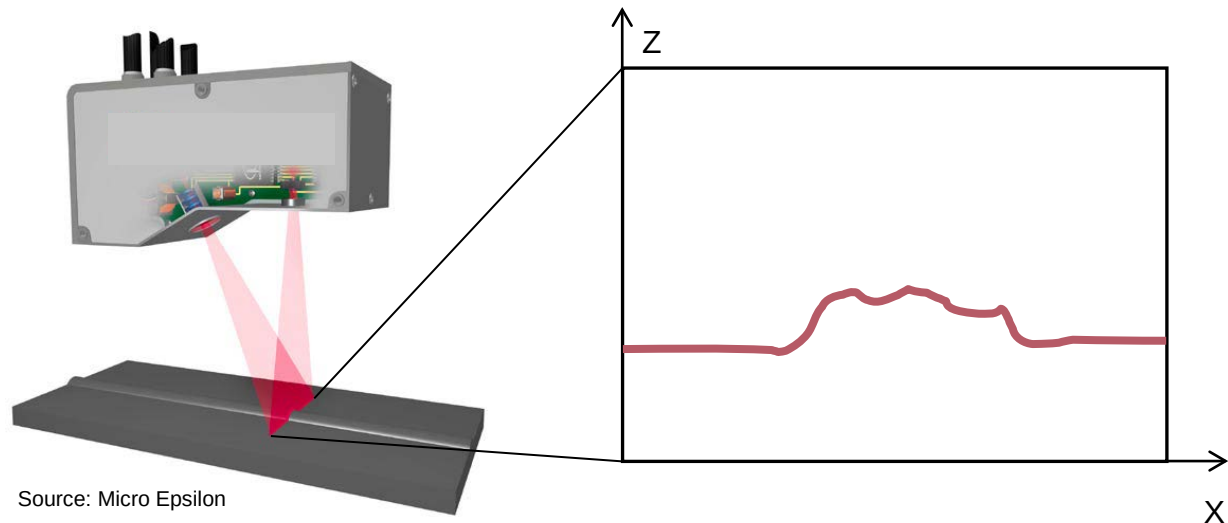
Control on Process Accuracy

Chain of Errors



Online Quality Assessment Concept for Position Accuracy

- Laser light section sensor
- Goal: flexible tool to cover a wide range of research scenarios
- Feasibility study: Laser scanner guided by an industrial robot

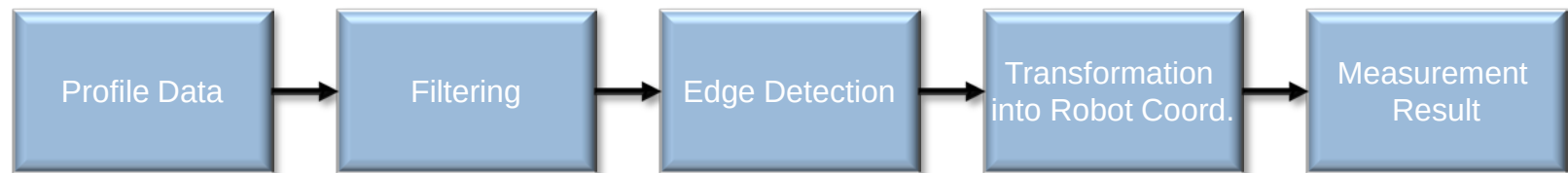


Online Quality Assessment

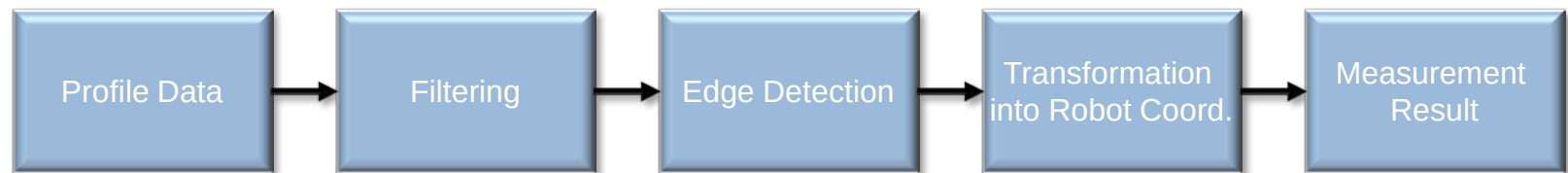
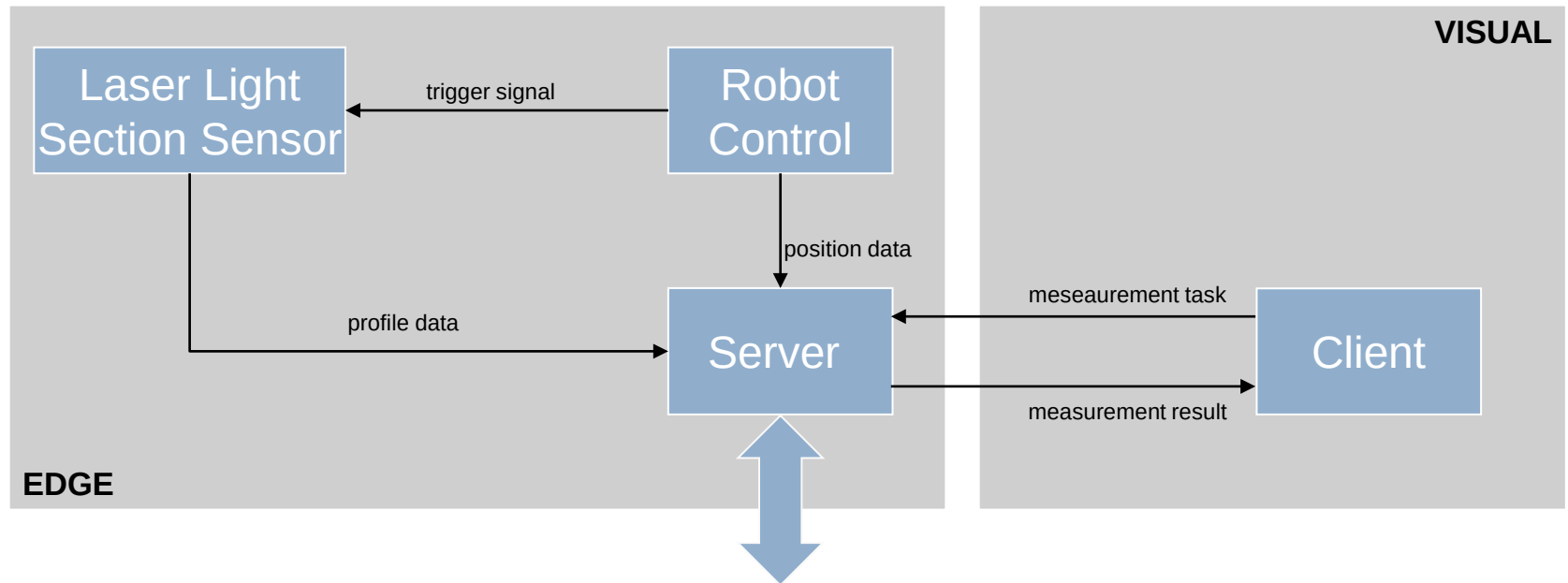
Measurement of Position Accuracy

- Measurement along boundary curve
- Signal quality material dependent
- Signal processing:
 - Filtering & Algorithm for edge detection
 - Transformation to global robot coordinates
 - Comparison to expected boundary curve

→ Measurement system independent of geometric complexity and composite definition

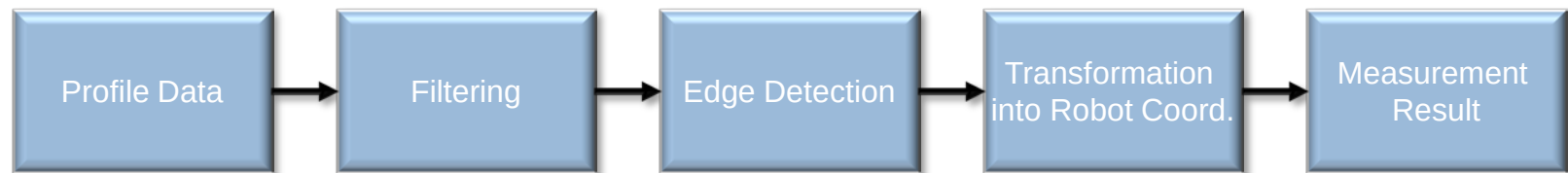
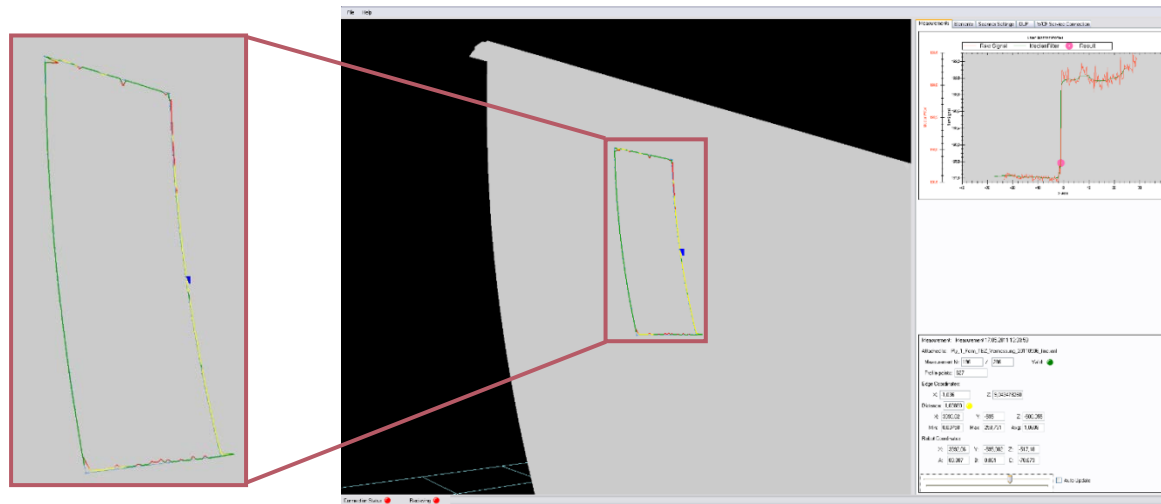


Online Quality Assessment Concept for Position Accuracy



Online Quality Assessment Processing

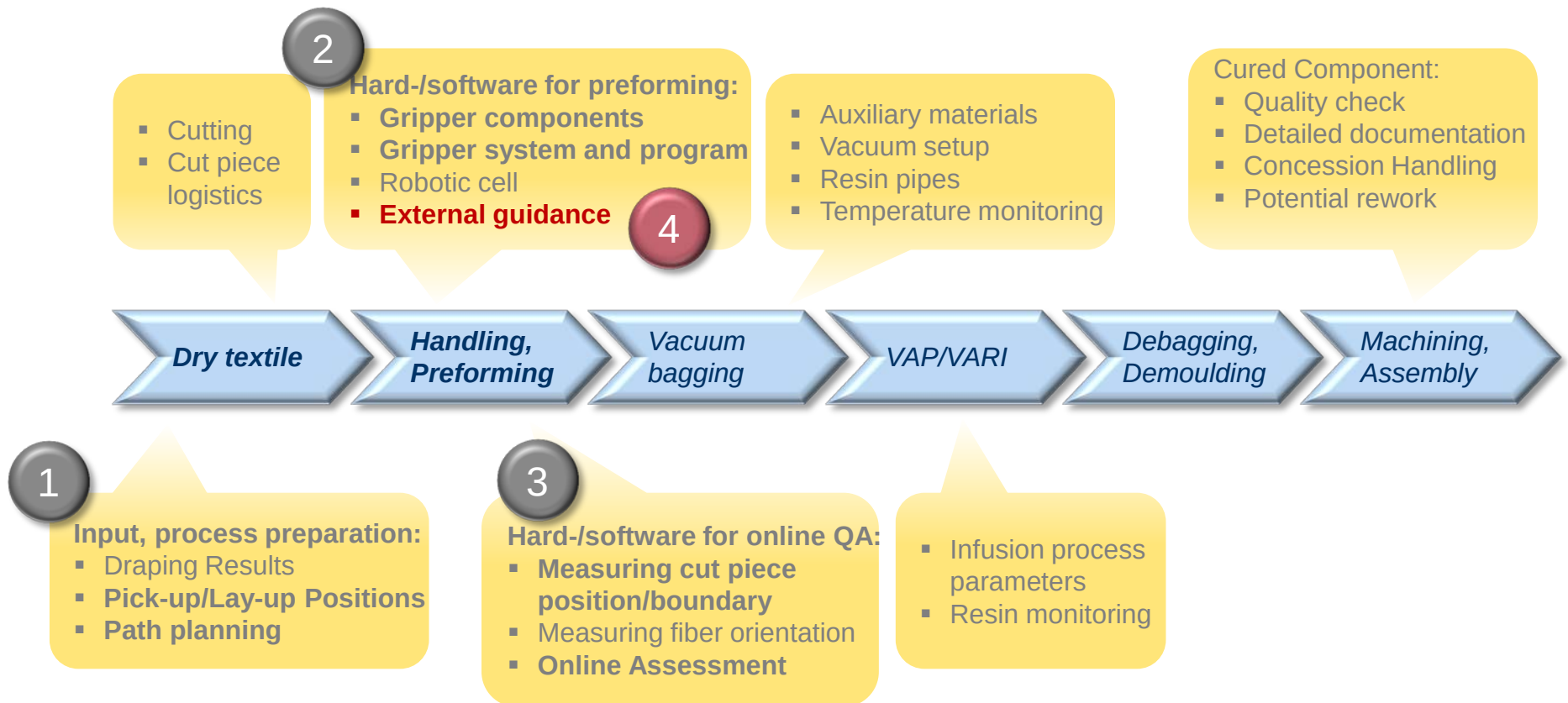
- Visualization of multiple geometry features, ply book definitions and measurement results
- Live evaluation of measurement vs. CAD reference (Catia CPD)



Online Quality Assessment



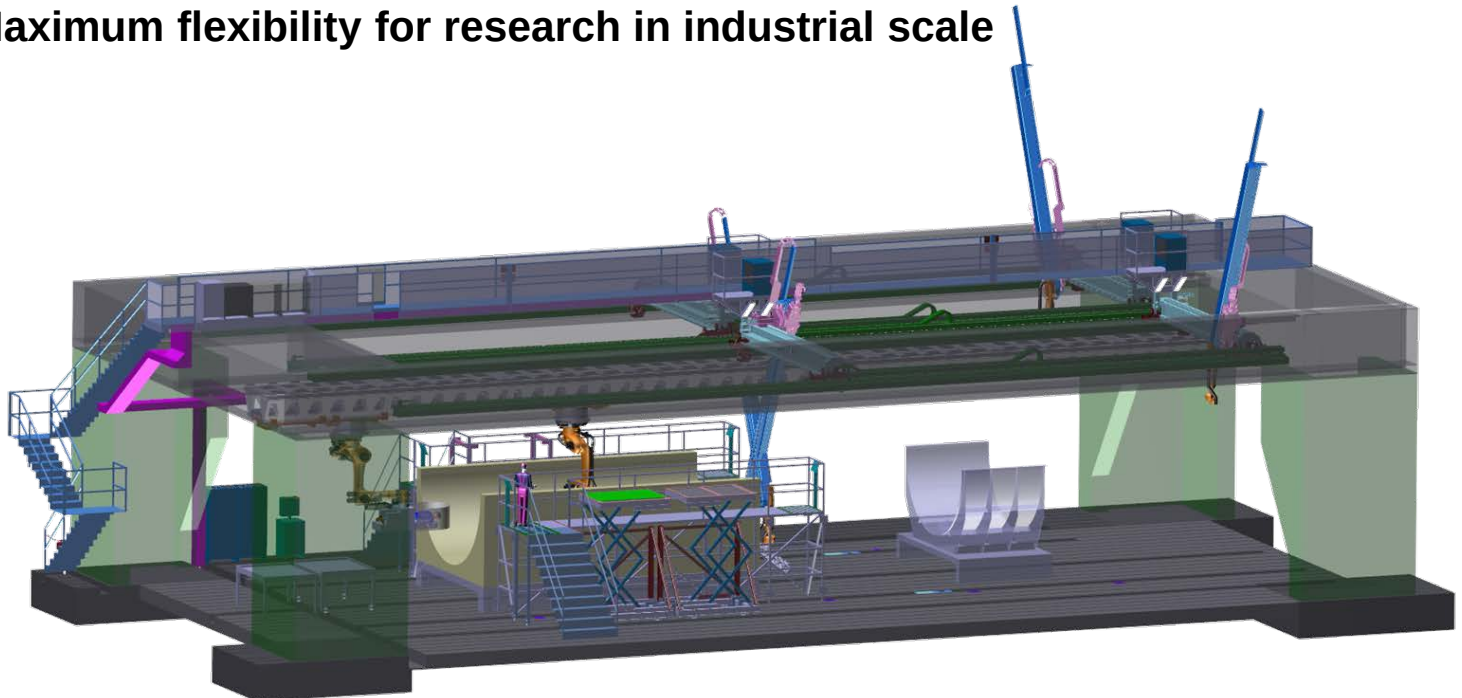
Automation along the Process Chain



Flexible Robotics Platform Vision

- Up to four gantry robots and two six-axis robots
- Large space for fixtures and tools
- Easily reconfigurable virtual cells

→ **Maximum flexibility for research in industrial scale**



Enhancing Accuracy on a Flexible Robotics Platform

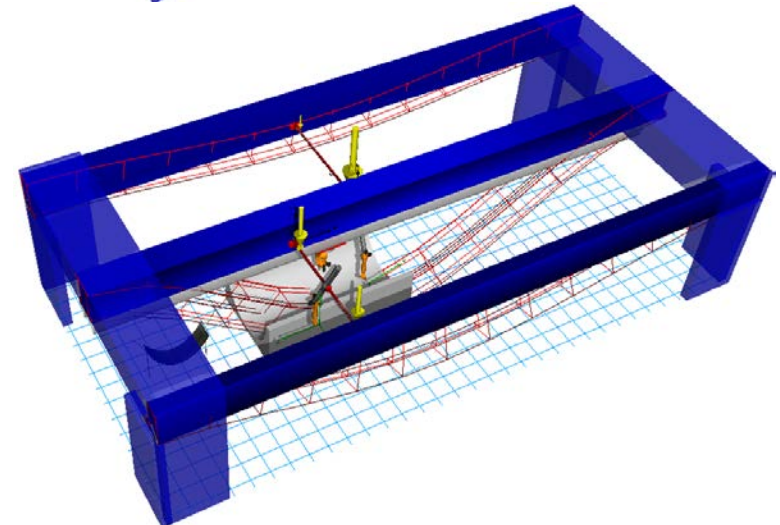
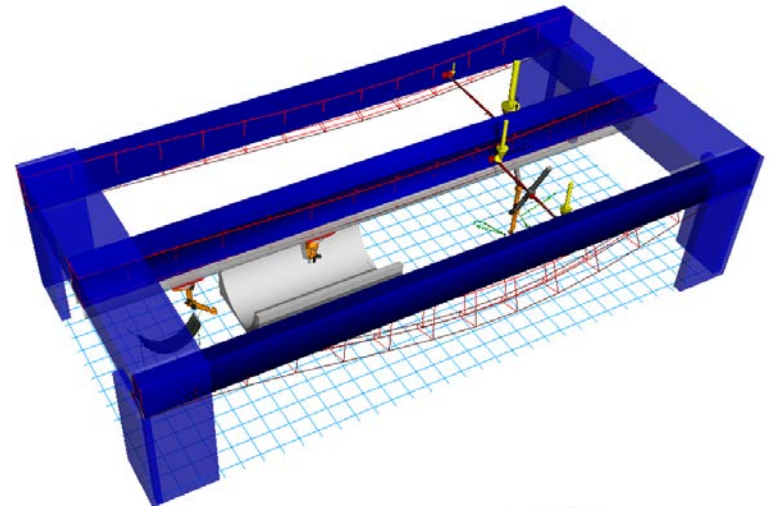
Gantry deformations

Challenge

- Ceiling mounted robots cause deformations in gantry structure
- Dependence on load distribution (robot and gantry positions)

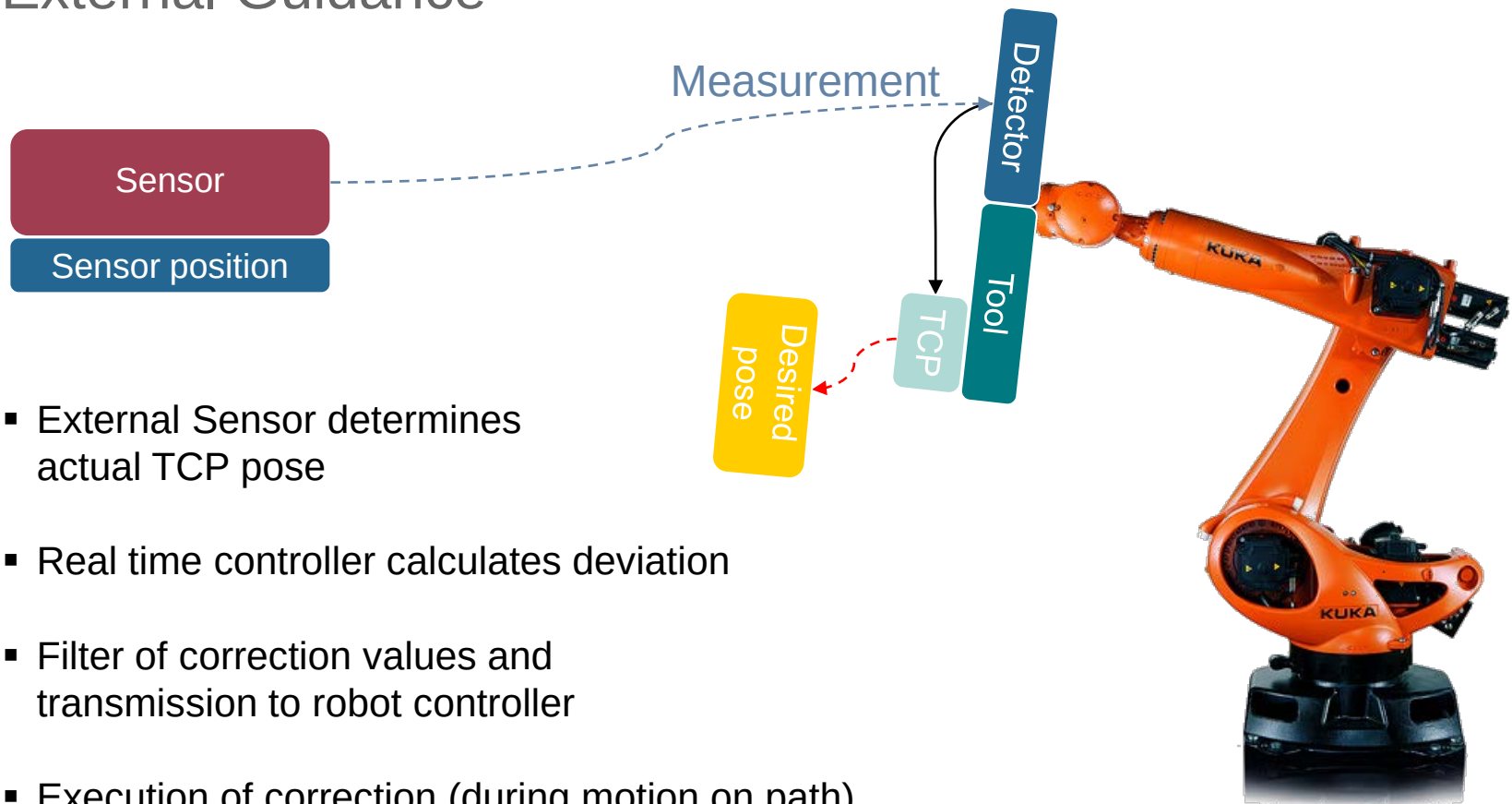
Solution: external guidance

- Monitor robot and gantry positions
- Compensate for deviations



Enhancing Accuracy on a Flexible Robotics Platform

External Guidance



Enhancing Accuracy on a Flexible Robotics Platform

Measurement system selection



Laser Tracker

Large volume
Very high accuracy
Single beam source
6D measurement possible (tracking single point)



Laser Tracer

Large volume
Highest accuracy
Multiple beam sources (movable)
6D measurement possible (tracking multiple points)



Indoor GPS

Scalable volume
High accuracy
Multiple beam sources (static)
6D possible measurement (tracking multiple points)



Camera CMM

Limited volume
High accuracy
6D possible measurement (tracking multiple points)



IMU & AHRS

Unlimited volume
Medium accuracy (integration)
independent of external system
6D measurement possible (as source)



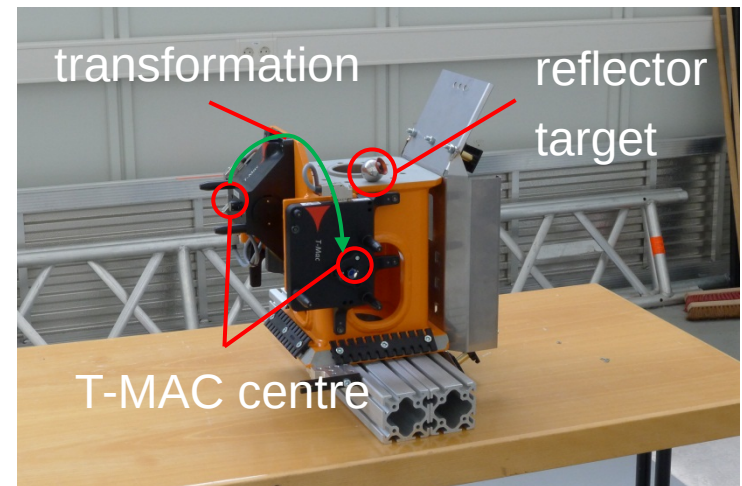
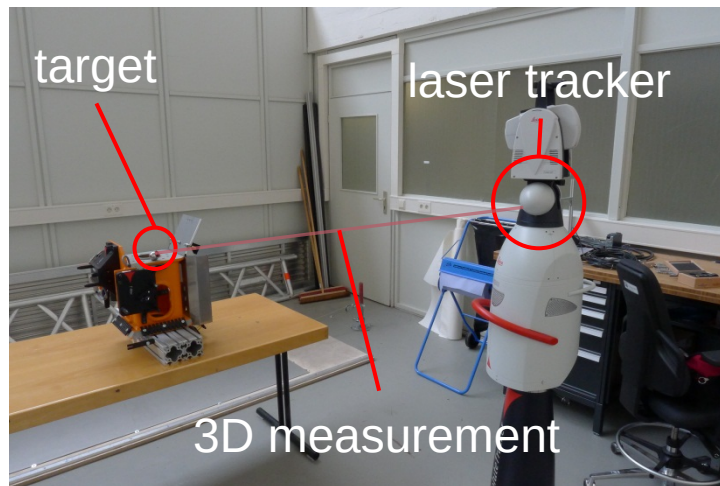
Selection of laser tracker as reference system
(open software architecture allows integration of different sensors)



Enhancing Accuracy on a Flexible Robotics Platform

System Components

- Sensor: laser tracker Leica AT901LR with T-CAM
- Detector: multi-sided probe with Leica T-MACs
- Controller: industrial embedded PC - Beckhoff CX1030



Enhancing Accuracy on a Flexible Robotics Platform

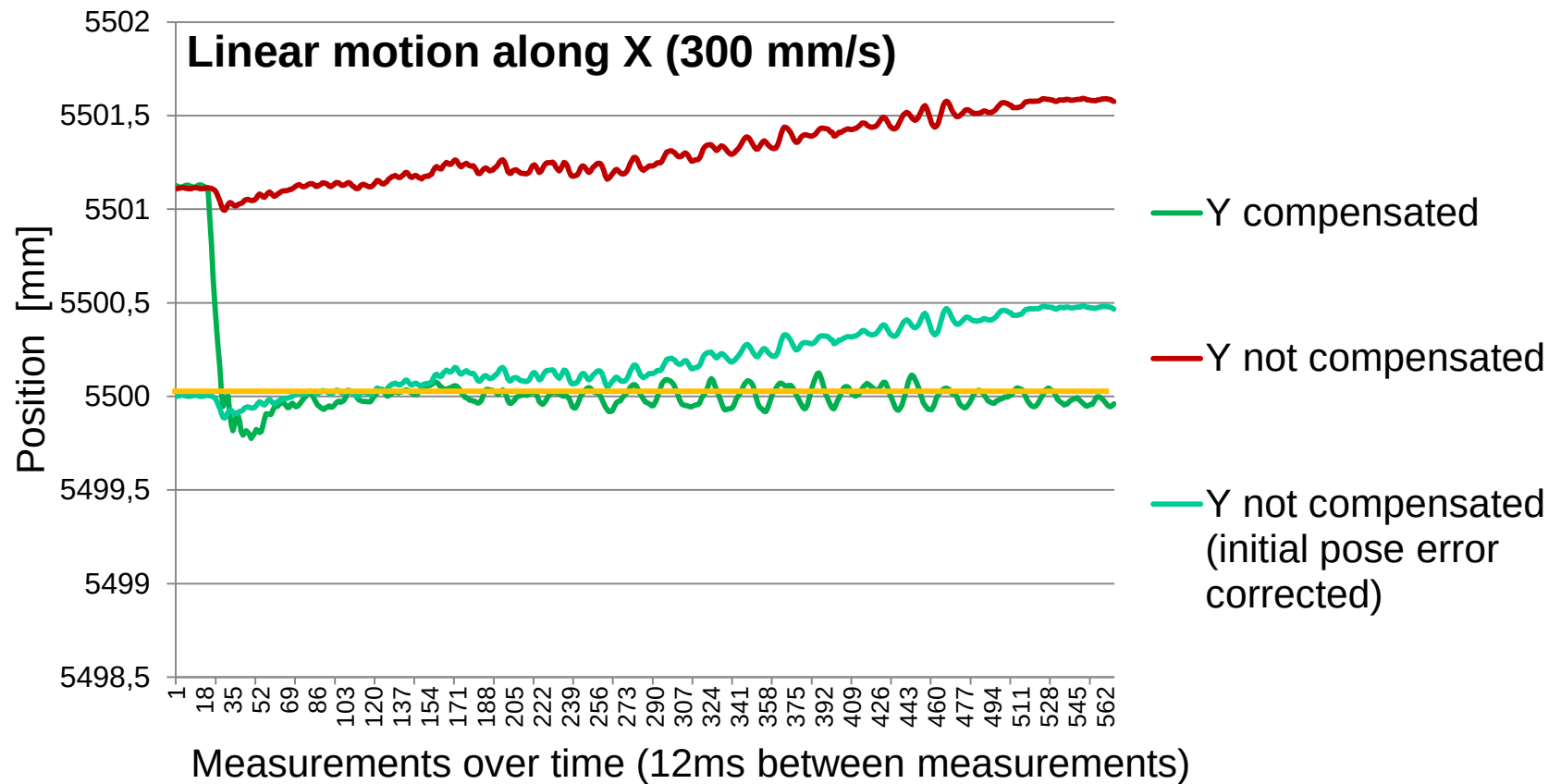
Experimental setup

- Comparison of normal and compensated linear motions.
- No advanced filtering of compensation data, only absolute deviation between real and desired pose is used
- Cell configuration: KR 210 R3100 ultra, KRC4, KSS 8.1.7, RSI 3.0



Enhancing Accuracy on a Flexible Robotics Platform

Preliminary results 1

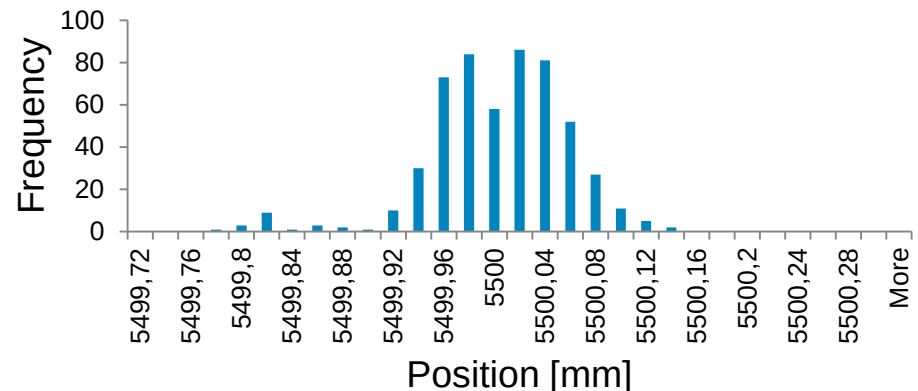


Enhancing Accuracy on a Flexible Robotics Platform

Preliminary results 2

- Initial pose error from previous motion approximately 1.11mm (complex motion patterns with initial pose correction currently under development)
- Motion (and compensation) start around time index 22, robot is pulled on path in approx. 100ms
- Non-compensated motion shows drift along positive X
- After initial correction:
average path error 0.07mm
 σ : 0.05
min: -0.224mm
max 0.125mm

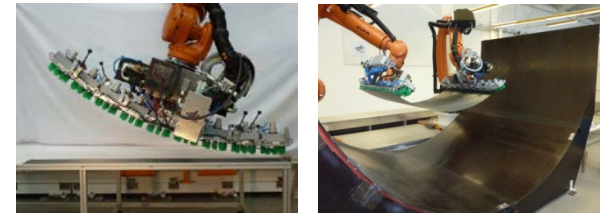
Distribution of Measurements



Summary



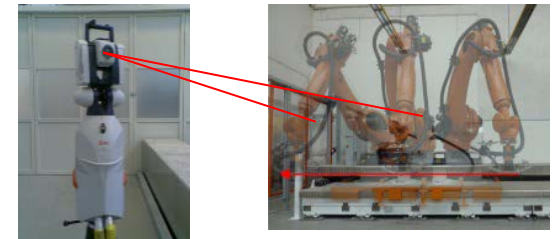
- **Preforming process**
 - Process preparation
 - Gripper solution
 - Preforming process with cooperating robots



- **Online quality assessment**
 - Laser light section sensor
 - Measurement of cut piece boundary
 - Online assessment of positioning accuracy



- **Enhanced accuracy in robotic cell**
 - External guidance approach
 - Setup with laser tracker
 - Successful compensation in test setup



Outlook

- Medium term development goals

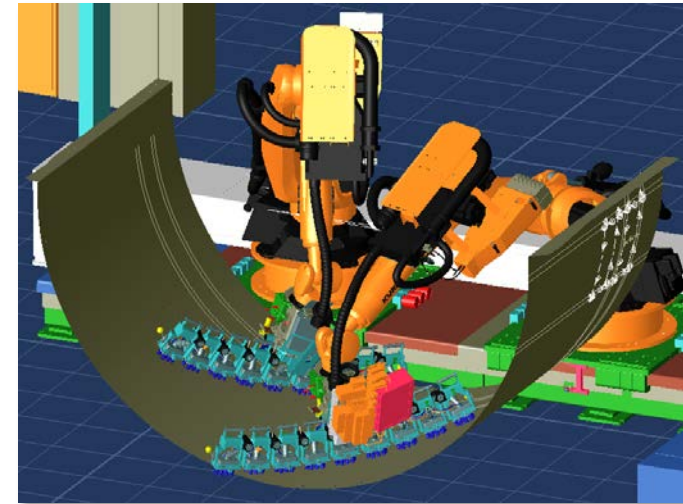
- Range of possible geometries → large variety of structural components
- High process stability → possible process qualification
- Integrated OLP tool → fast process preparation

- Possible improvements

- Flexibility of gripper kinematics
- Improved heating system for faster binder activation
- Integration of quality control system

- Next Steps

- Current gripper allows single curvature:
Next generation gripper (for double curvature)
in testing with KUKA Systems
- Implementation of integrated OLP approach



Acknowledgement

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Bundesministerium
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