

CSP, PV and Wind: which Technology is the most competitive?

SolarPACES Conference, Marrakesh, 13.09.2012
Massimo Moser, Franz Trieb, Tobias Fichter

German Aerospace Center (DLR)
Institute of Technical Thermodynamics
Department of System Analysis and Technology Assessment



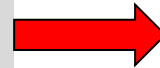
Wissen für Morgen



Methodology for the Comparison of Renewable Energies for Seawater Desalination

Annual energy balance between RE and DES:

- Assumptions:
 - Unlimited electricity export to the grid
 - Stable electricity grid
 - No influence on existing power plants
 - No backup power plant
 - No fossil fuel consumption
- Disadvantages:
 - Focus on single technologies, no consideration of overall system
 - Cost externalization

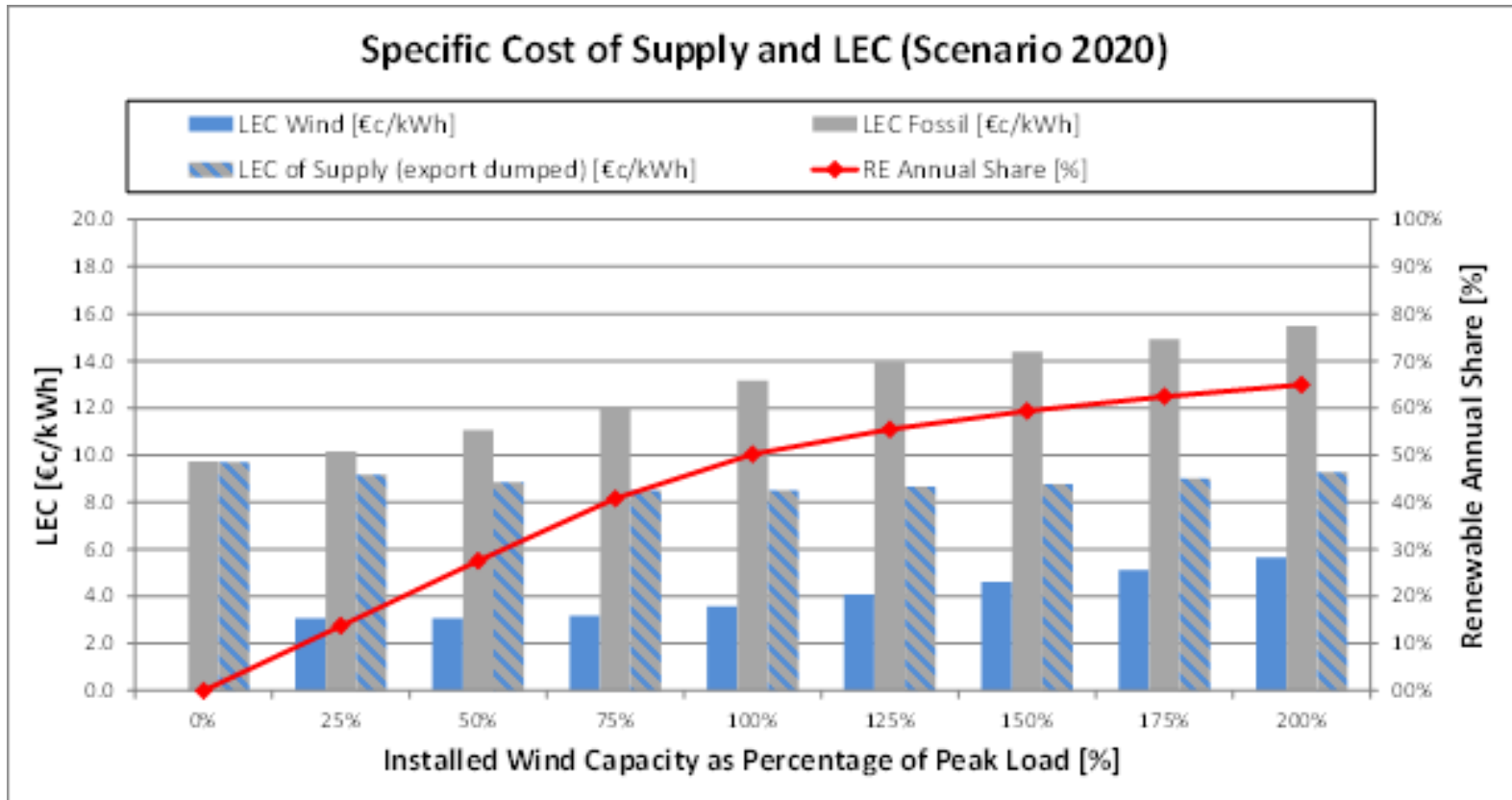


Direct cover DES-plant load:

- Assumptions:
 - Export with feed-in tariffs (different cases are possible)
 - Part-load and start-up behavior of existing power plants
 - Backup with fossil power plants
- Advantages:
 - Focus on load cover
 - Comparison of power with equal quality
 - Simplified consideration of external costs



Comparison Methodologies

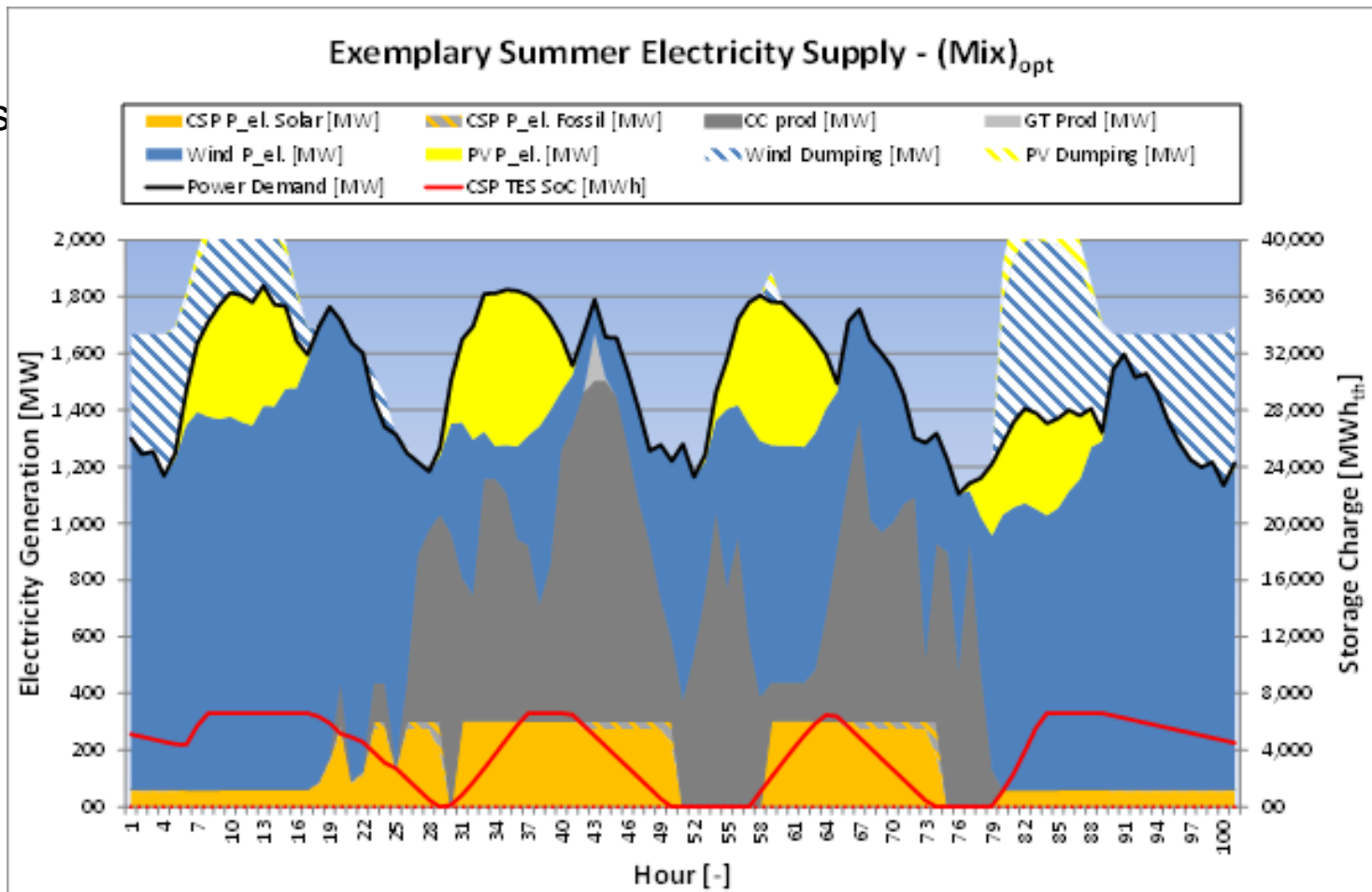


- Cost externalization
 - Fossil backup
 - Grid management cost
- Cheap, fluctuating RE



Results

- Fos



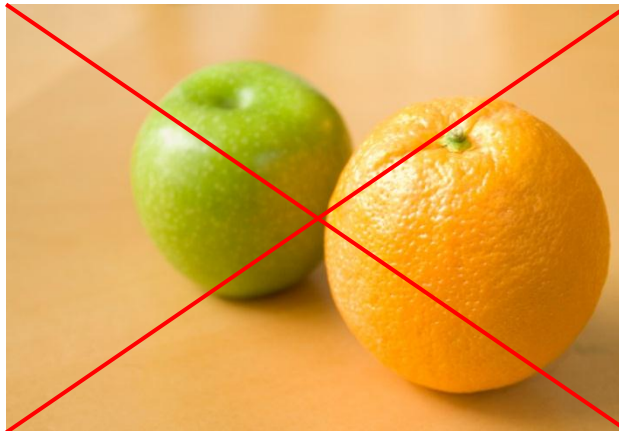
Conclusions (1/2)

- Fossil fuel prices are prone to high volatility and a clear upward trend
 - On the contrary, Renewable Energies (RE) represent a key element for an environmentally friendly, cost stable and low-risk energy supply
 - When comparing different supply options, the right question to ask is:
 - Which is the most effective technology **mix** to secure the supply?
- Rather than
- Which is the cheapest technology?



Conclusions (2/2)

- A fair comparison between options should consider configurations which guarantee equal quality of supply (consideration of externalities):



they do not compare!

- The optimal energy supply for desalination plants will probably consist of a combination of low cost variable power (PV, Wind) and slightly more expensive balancing power (CSP with thermal energy storage)



Thank you for your attention!

Contact:
Massimo Moser (massimo.moser@dlr.de)

