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Simultaneous TT&C of TerraSAR-X and TanDEM-X satellites with one Ground Station

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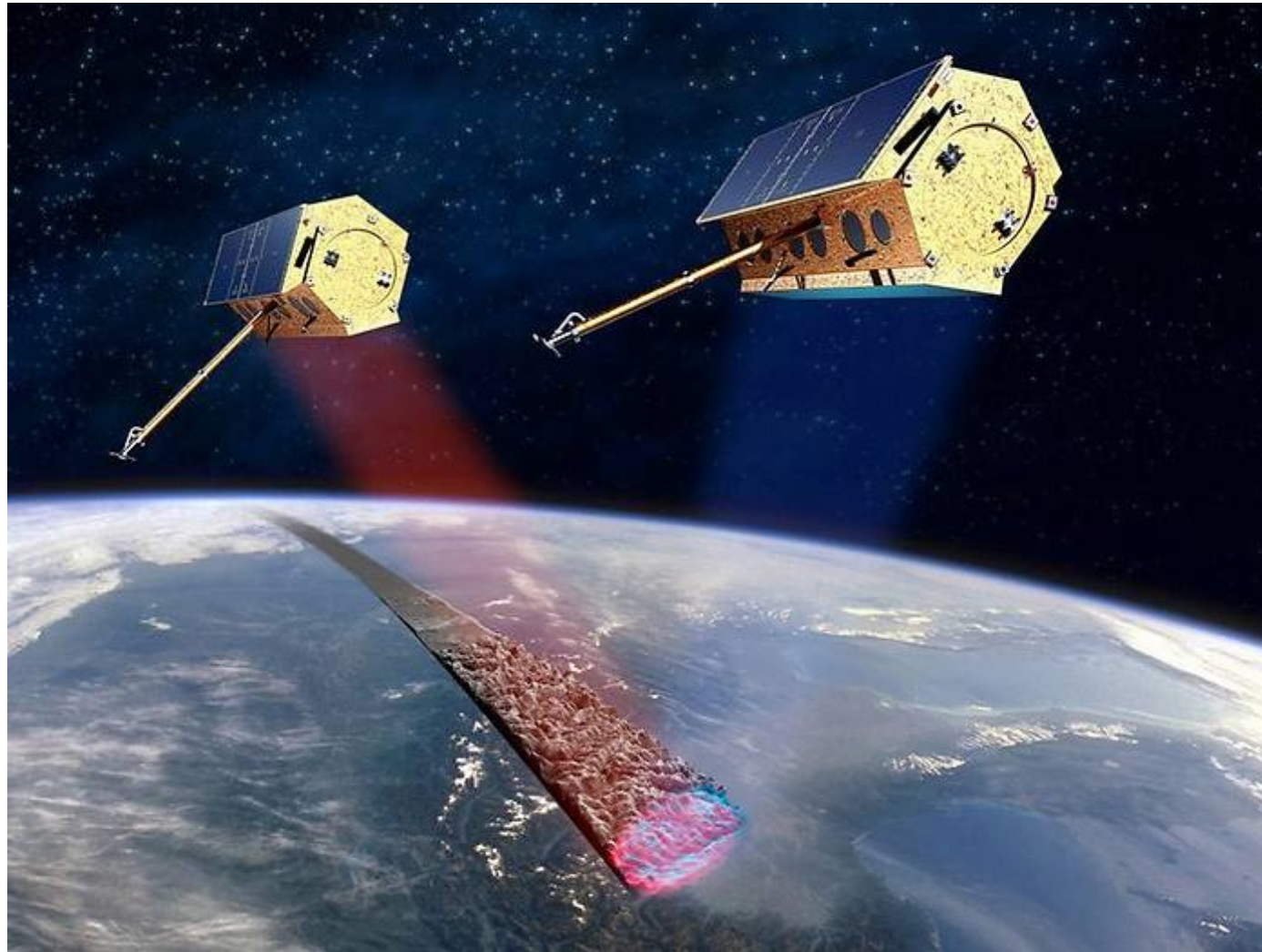


Introduction

- Simultaneous TT&C for few satellites with one ground station leads to efficient use of resources of ground station infrastructure
- Changes in ground antenna should be applied



TerraSAR-X and TanDEM-X





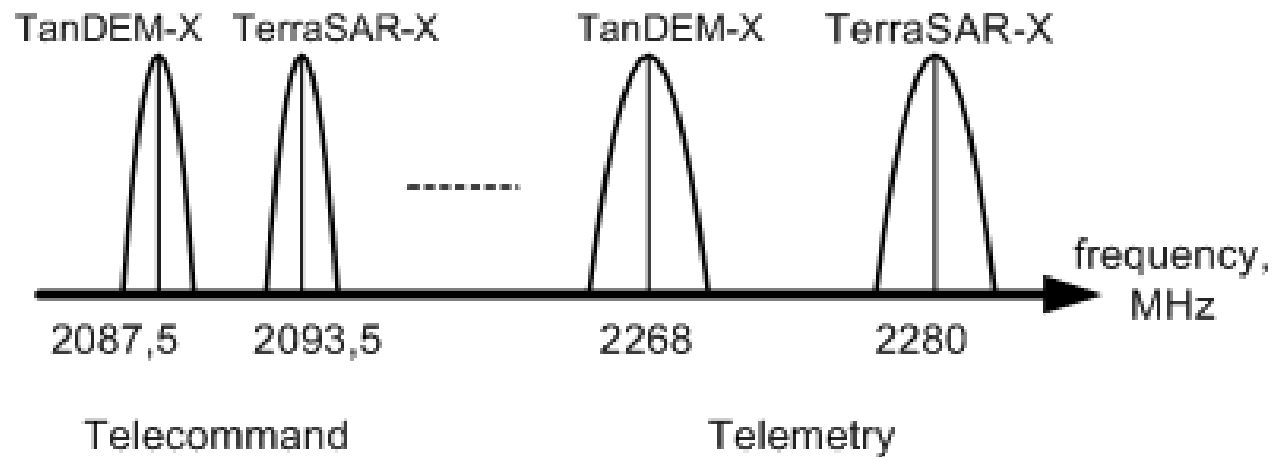
TerraSAR-X and TanDEM-X

- TerraSAR-X
 - **Terra** (lat.) means Earth
 - **SAR** – Synthetic Aperture Radar
 - **X** – frequency band of radar
- TanDEM-X
 - **TerraSAR-X-Add-on for Digital Elevation Measurements**
 - A twin satellite of TerraSAR-X
 - Distance to TerraSAR-X is 500 meters
 - A second „eye“ for a 3D elevation model
- Both satellites are in LEO orbit (514 km)



RF Parameters

	TerraSAR-X	TanDEM-X
Uplink (TC)		
Carrier frequency	2093,5 MHz	2087,5 MHz
Downlink (TM)		
Carrier frequency	2280 MHz	2268 MHz





15 Meter S-Band Antenna





15 Meter S-Band Antenna

- Antenna is used for telemetry reception, telecommand transmission and orbital measurements
- System is capable of autotrack operation
- Receive system

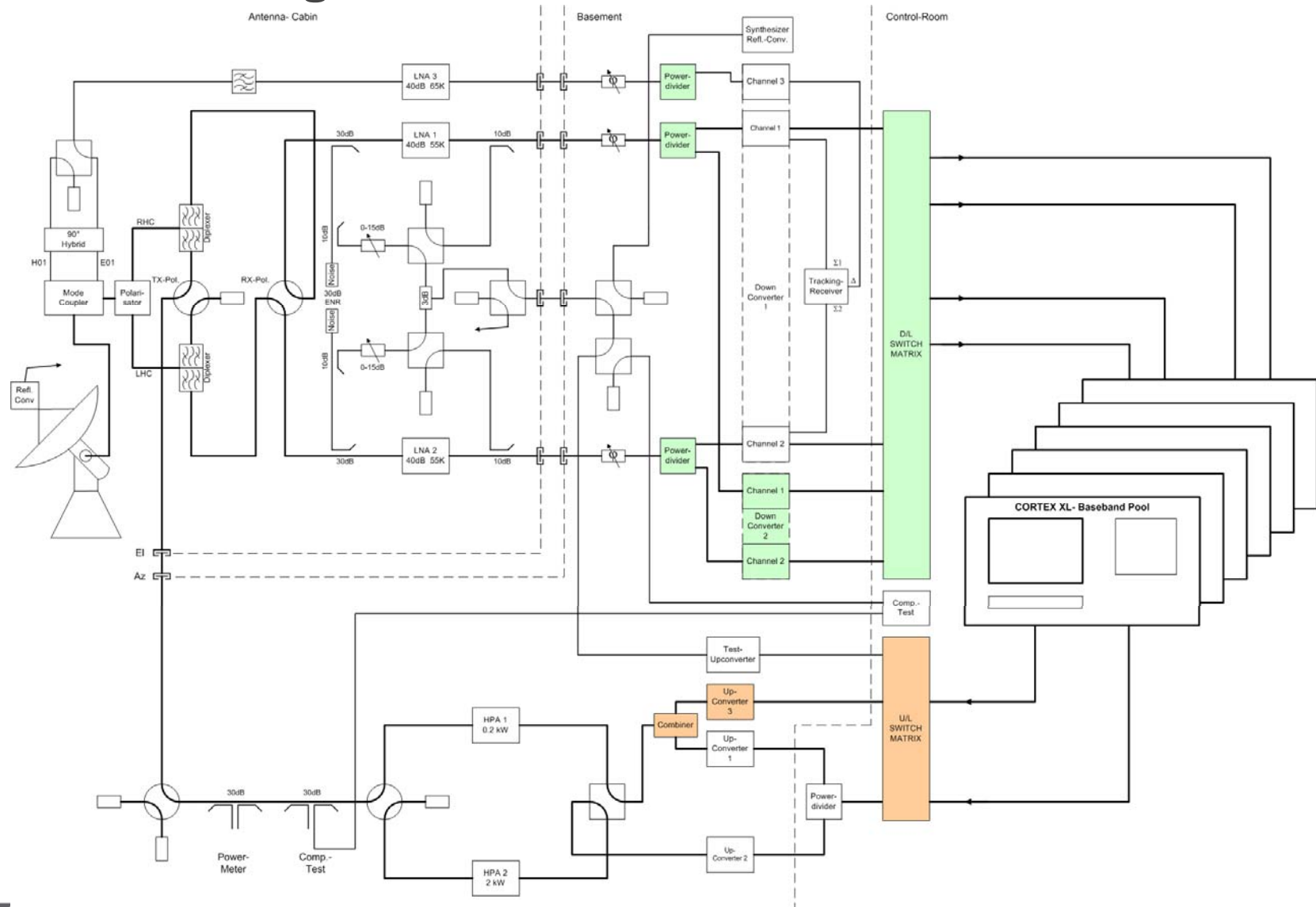
Frequency range	2200—2300 MHz
Polarization	RHC and LHC
Antenna gain	48,3 dBi @ 2250 MHz
3dB-beamwidth	0,62°

- Transmit system

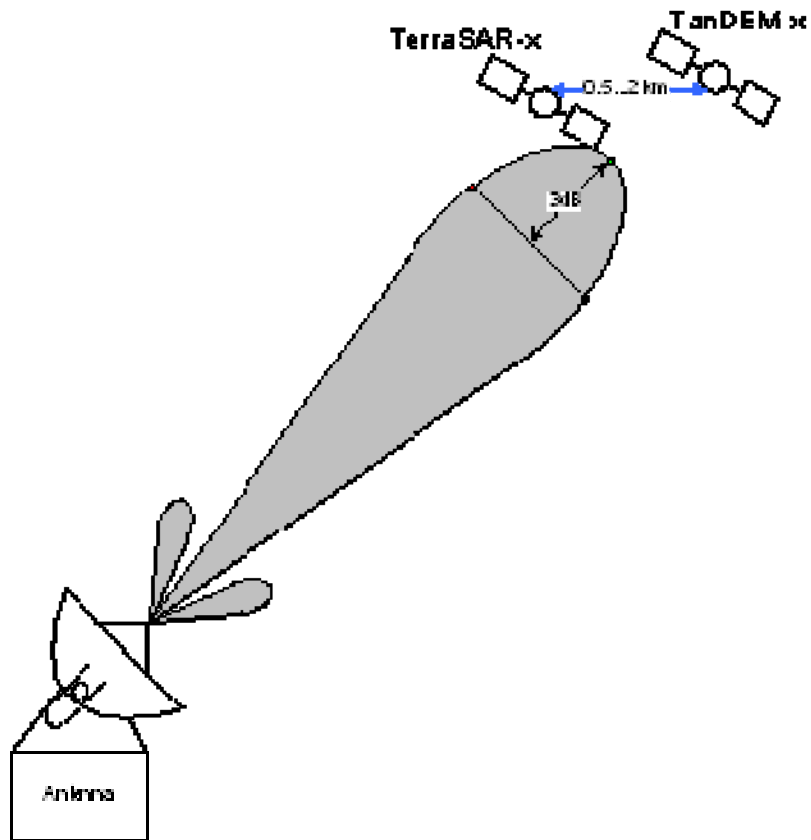
Frequency range	2025—2120 MHz
polarization	RHC or LHC
EIRP	59—79 dBW @ 2075 MHz
3dB-beamwidth	0,66°



New Block Diagram



Calculations



Cosine Law:

$$c^2 = a^2 + b^2 - 2ab \cos(\gamma)$$

$$\gamma \approx 0.0557^\circ \text{ in zenith}$$



Conclusion

- Few satellites can be simultaneously operated by one ground antenna. More efficient utilization of ground station resources
- + Simple method to apply
- Spectrally inefficient





Future Work

- A new concepts should be searched:
 - Spread spectrum technique is spectral efficient, which is based on CDMA and requires more complicated solutions for ground station and satellites



Thank you for your attention!

Any questions...??