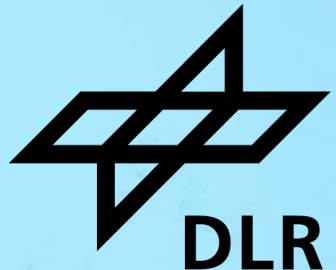


# TESTING OF PHOTOREACTORS UNDER PRACTICAL CONDITIONS USING DLR'S SOLAR TEST FACILITIES

IEA SHC Task 72 / Project SPECTRUM – Joint Workshop, 09 October 2025, Lisbon, Portugal

Michael Wullenkord, David Brust, Kai Risthaus

German Aerospace Center (DLR) – Institute of Future Fuels



- DLR and the Institute of Future Fuels at a glance
- DLR's solar test facilities
- Testing of Photoreactors
  - Photoelectrochemical-photovoltaic
  - Photo-catalytic
  - Photo-thermal
  - Plasmonic
- Summary

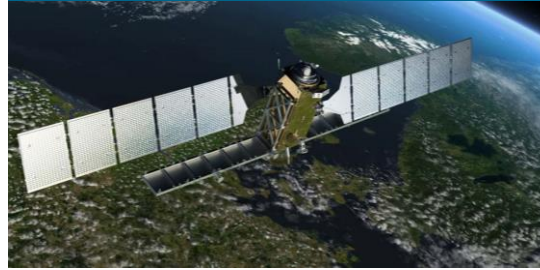
# Research at DLR



## AERONAUTICS



## SPACE



## ENERGY



## TRANSPORT



## SECURITY

Civil & defence security research



## DIGITALISATION, QUANTUM TECHNOLOGIES AND SYSTEM MODELLING



- Europe's largest research center for aeronautics and space
- Close cooperation with science, research, business and industry
- Participating ministry BMFTR, institutional funding by BMVg, project funding by BMW, BMI, BMDS, BMUKN, BMZ etc.



# DLR in numbers (2023)



- 54 institutes and facilities at 30 locations
- 4 foreign offices
- More than 11,000 employees
- 1,601 million EUR total budget



## Development of alternative fuels

Technology development for the efficient and economical production of energy carriers for a global, renewable energy economy

### Solar chemical processes



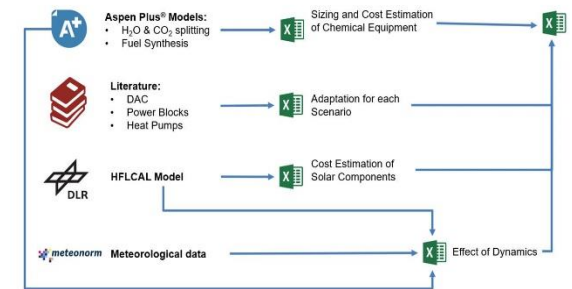
### Material and component design



### Demonstration

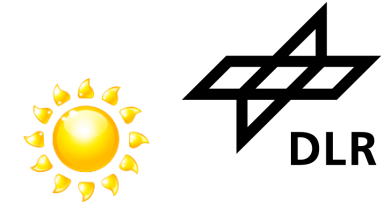


### Techno- and socio-economic process evaluation



- Sites: Jülich and Cologne, increase to 130 employees
- Supporting structural change in the Rhenish mining area
- Contributions to the defossilisation of energy, aviation and transport
- Infrastructure and large-scale facilities for process development

# DLR's solar test facilities providing concentrated natural (☀️) or artificial (💡) (sun-)light



- Test and qualification of systems and components
- Demonstration of solar-driven processes



LED light source



SoCRatus

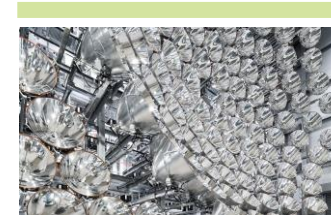
**Laboratory scale**  
~ 100 W



High-Flux Solar Simulator



Solar Furnace



Synlight



Solar Towers

**Industrial scale**  
~ 2 MW

**POWER**

Institute of Future Fuels

Institute of Solar Research



# DLR's SoCRatus, High-Flux Solar Simulator, Solar Furnace



*22 planar facets*



*10 xenon arc lamps*



*159 spherical facets*

Irradiated area up to		
2.5 m x 18 cm (10 cm flat profile)	several 10 cm x 10 cm (adjustable)	
Irradiation level up to		
16 kW/m <sup>2</sup>	4.1 MW/m <sup>2</sup>	4.5 MW/m <sup>2</sup>
Power on target up to		
6.4 kW	21 kW	22 kW

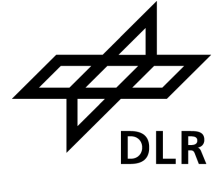


# SoCRatus

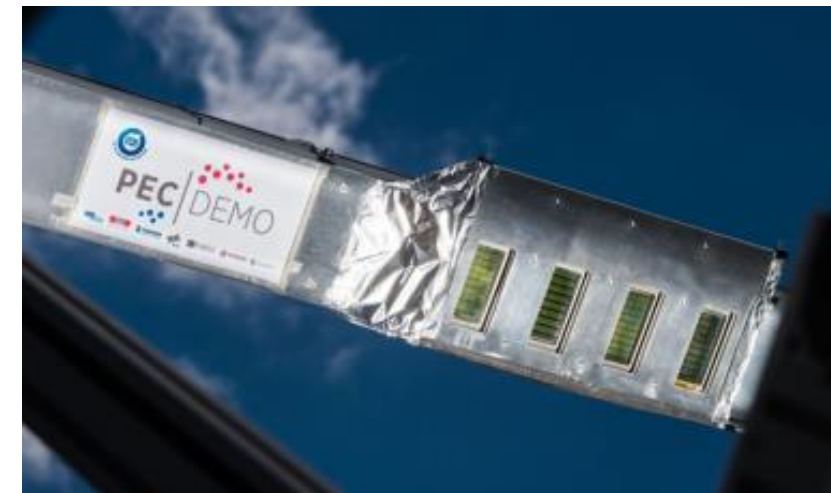
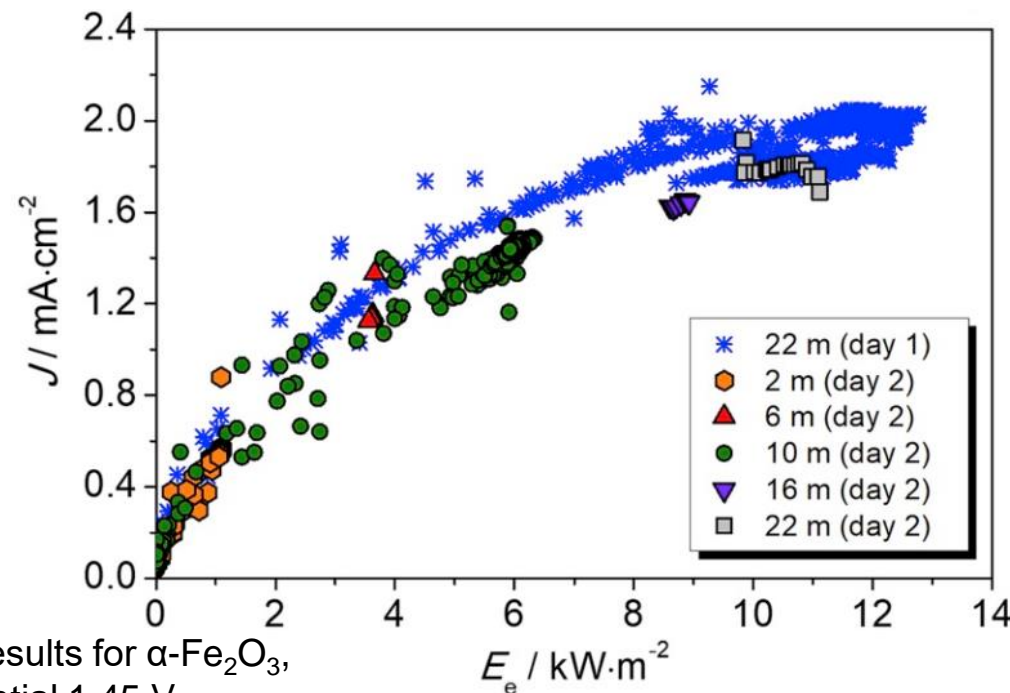


# The PECDEMO project

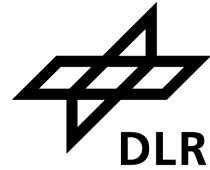
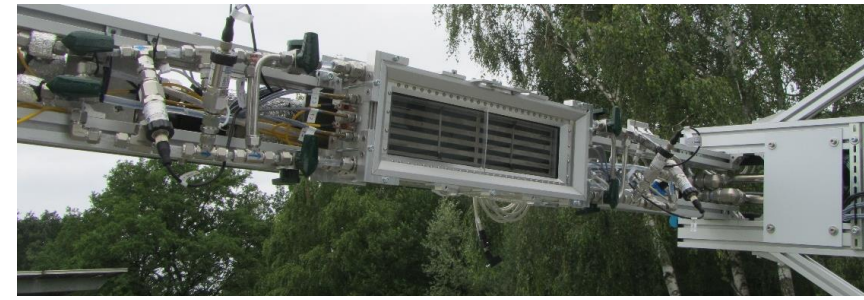
<https://cordis.europa.eu/project/id/621252>



- Development of hybrid photoelectrochemical-photovoltaic (PEC-PV) tandem device for light-driven water splitting
- $\alpha\text{-Fe}_2\text{O}_3$  and  $\text{BiVO}_4$  photoanodes



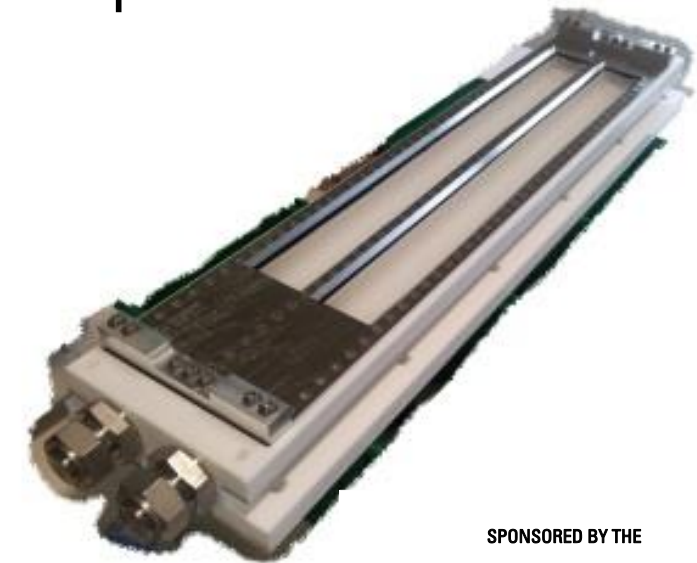
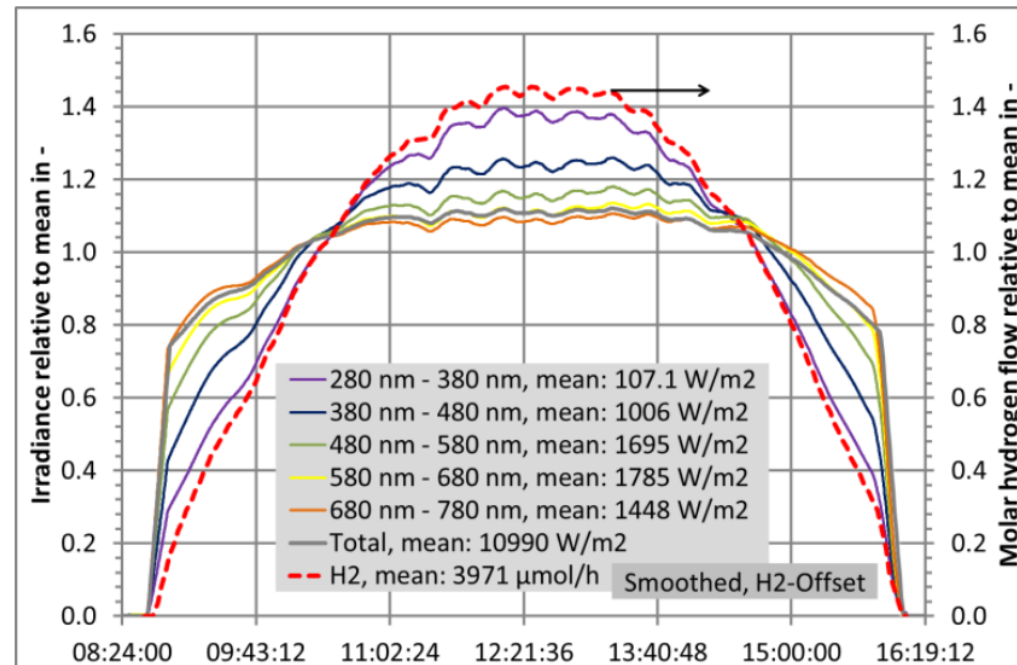
# The DuaSol project



- Development of a photoelectrochemical tandem device with cold sprayed photoelectrodes for simultaneous production of hydrogen and treatment of waste water
- Photo-catalytic reference experiments in a two-chamber-suspension reactor



Example: 0.5 g/l  $\text{TiO}_2$  + 1.0 w-% Pt,  
37.9°C, 10%  $\text{CH}_3\text{OH}$ , pH 2.8 ( $\text{HClO}_4$ )



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Wullenkord, M. et. al. (2016), *Proceedings of the ASME 2016 Power and Energy Conference*, DOI: 10.1115/ES2016-59239.

Wullenkord, M. et. al. (2018), *Proceedings of the ASME 2018 Power and Energy Conference*, DOI: 10.1115/ES2018-7187.



# The FOTON project

<https://project-foton.com/>

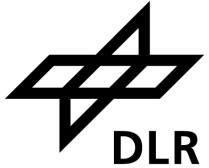


project  
**FOTON**

sunlight  
fueled chemistry



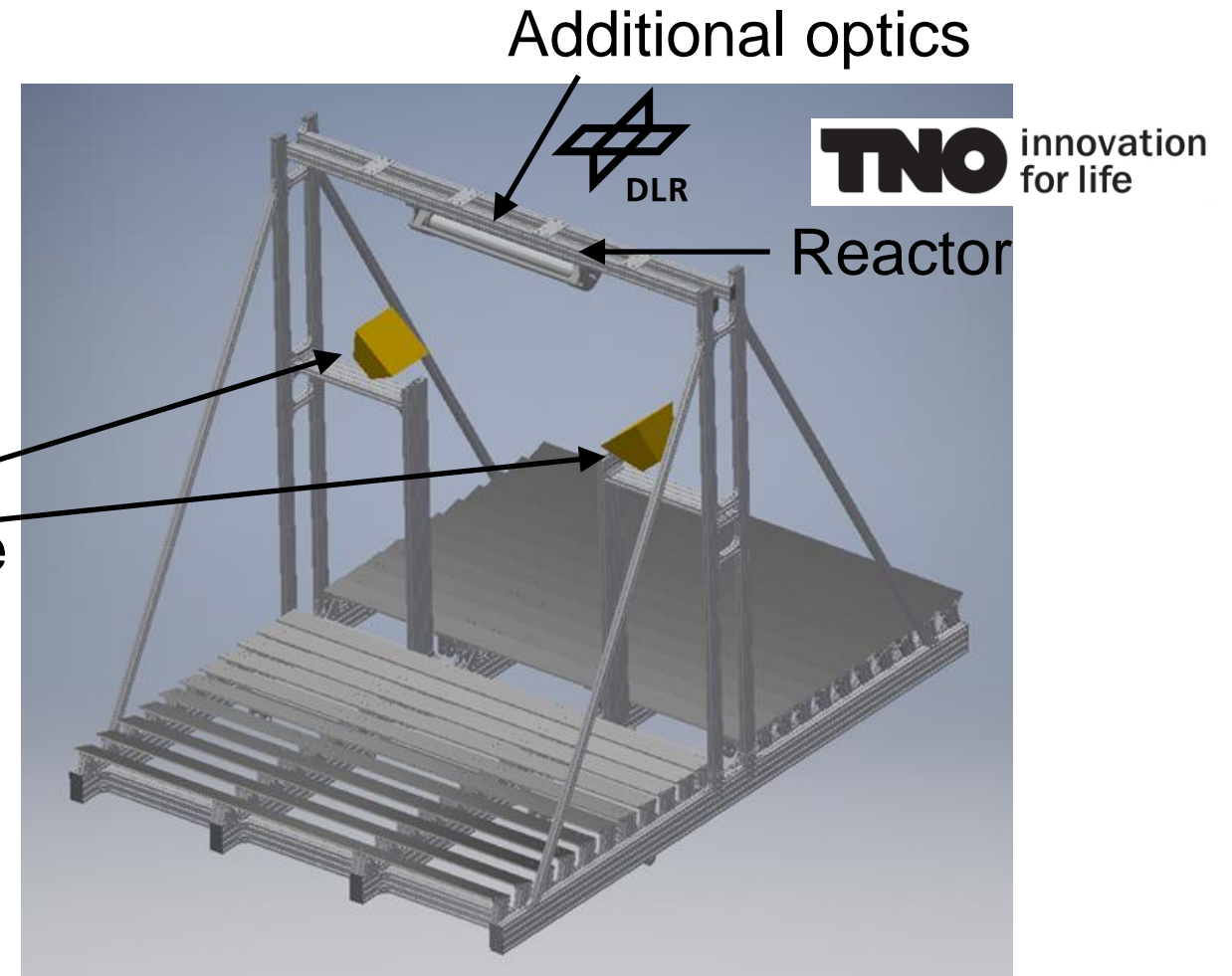
Gefinancierd door  
de Europese Unie



- Photon-driven CO production
- Installation started



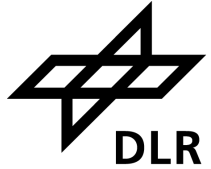
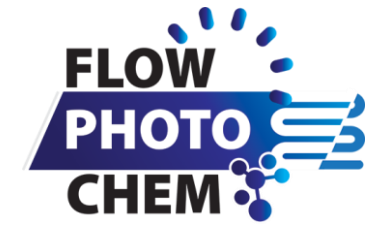
LED light source



# HIGH-FLUX SOLAR SIMULATOR



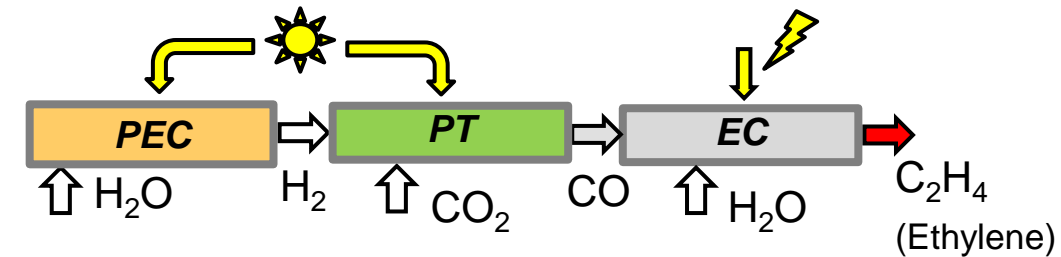
# The FlowPhotoChem project



“Heterogenous Photo(electro)catalysis in Flow using Concentrated Light: modular integrated designs for the production of useful chemicals”

- Three types of modular flow reactors were developed:

- Photo-electrochemical (PEC)
- Photo-catalytic (PC) / photo-thermal (PT)
- Electro-catalytic (EC)



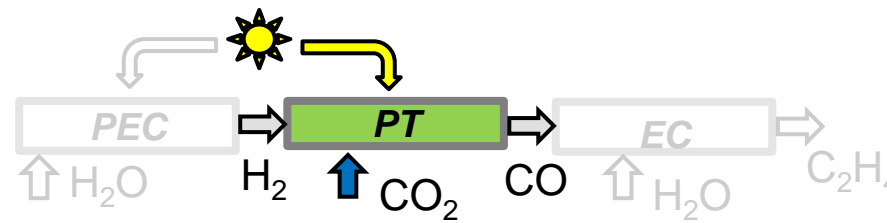
- Integration into a demonstrator system to produce ethylene using solar energy and CO<sub>2</sub>

<https://www.flowphotochem.eu/>

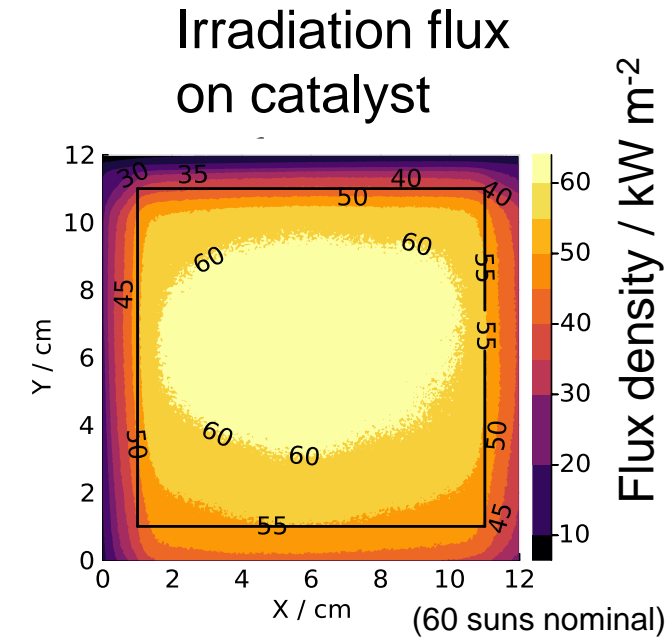
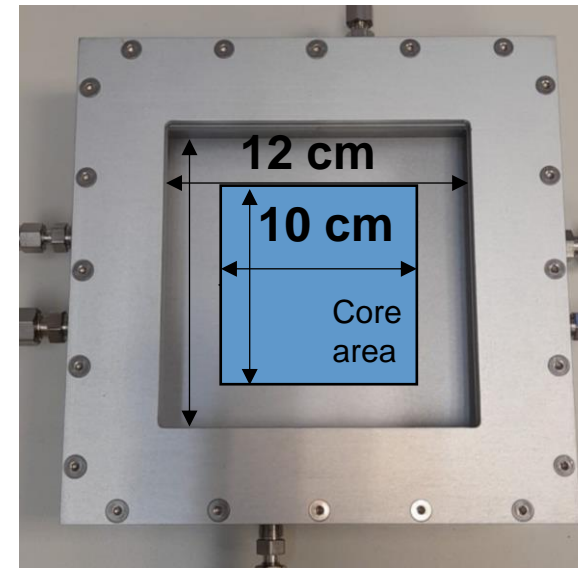


This project has received funding from the European Union's Horizon 2020 research and innovation programme under grant agreement No 862453. The material presented and views expressed here are the responsibilities of the author(s) only. The EU Commission takes no responsibility for any use made of the information set out.

# PT reactor: Background



- Hydrogenation of CO<sub>2</sub>
  - RWGS:  $\text{CO}_2 + \text{H}_2 \leftrightarrow \text{CO} + \text{H}_2\text{O}$
  - Sabatier:  $\text{CO}_2 + 4 \text{H}_2 \leftrightarrow \text{CH}_4 + 2 \text{H}_2\text{O}$  (\*unwanted side reaction)
- Heterogeneous photo-thermal catalysis
  - RuO<sub>2</sub>-SrTiO<sub>3</sub>,  $m_{\text{cat}} = 500 \dots 3000 \text{ mg}$
  - Porous glass frit support
  - Flow-through design
- Concentrated light: 40 – 80 “suns”
  - $A_{\text{irr}} = 144 \text{ cm}^2$ , (core:  $100 \text{ cm}^2$ )
  - $P_{\text{sol,max}} = 1.16 \text{ kW}$

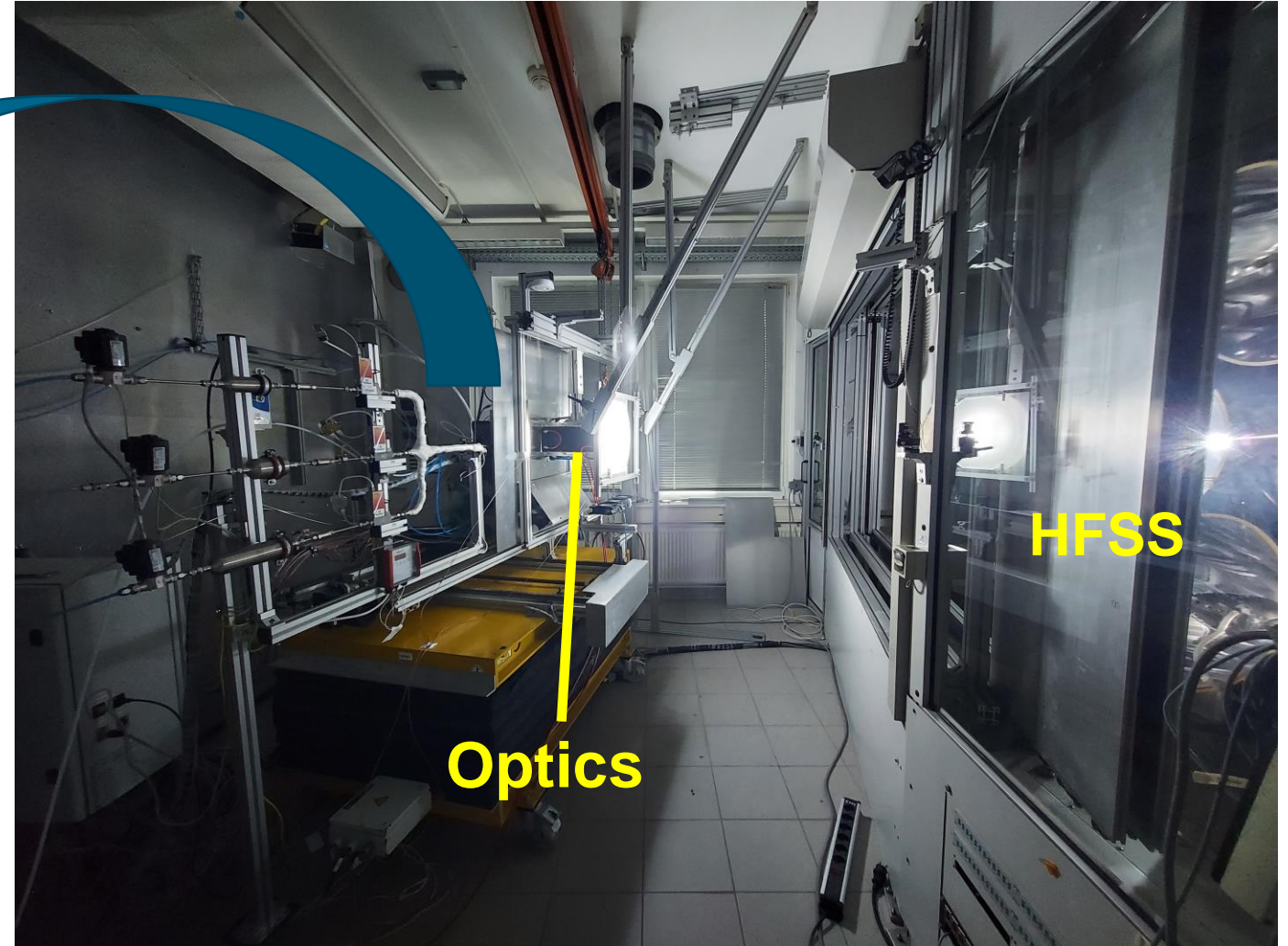
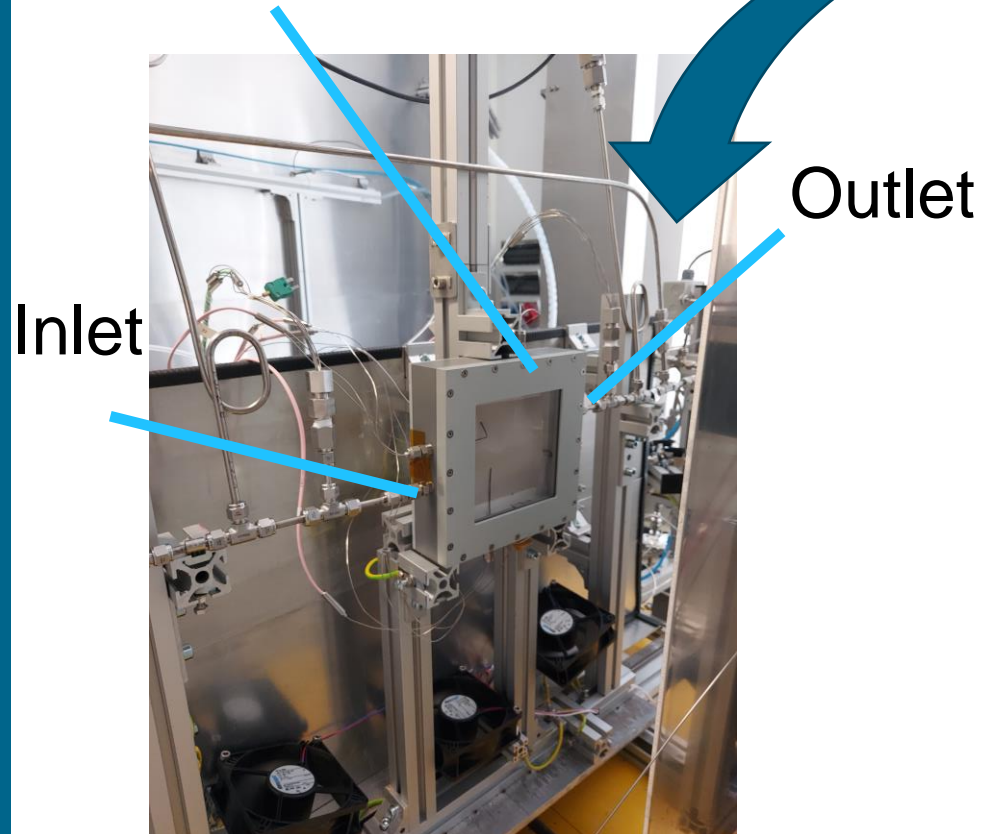


Campaign	1 (2023)	2 (2024)
Mode	PT only	Integrated FPC system
PT irradiation time	45.5 h	21.8 h



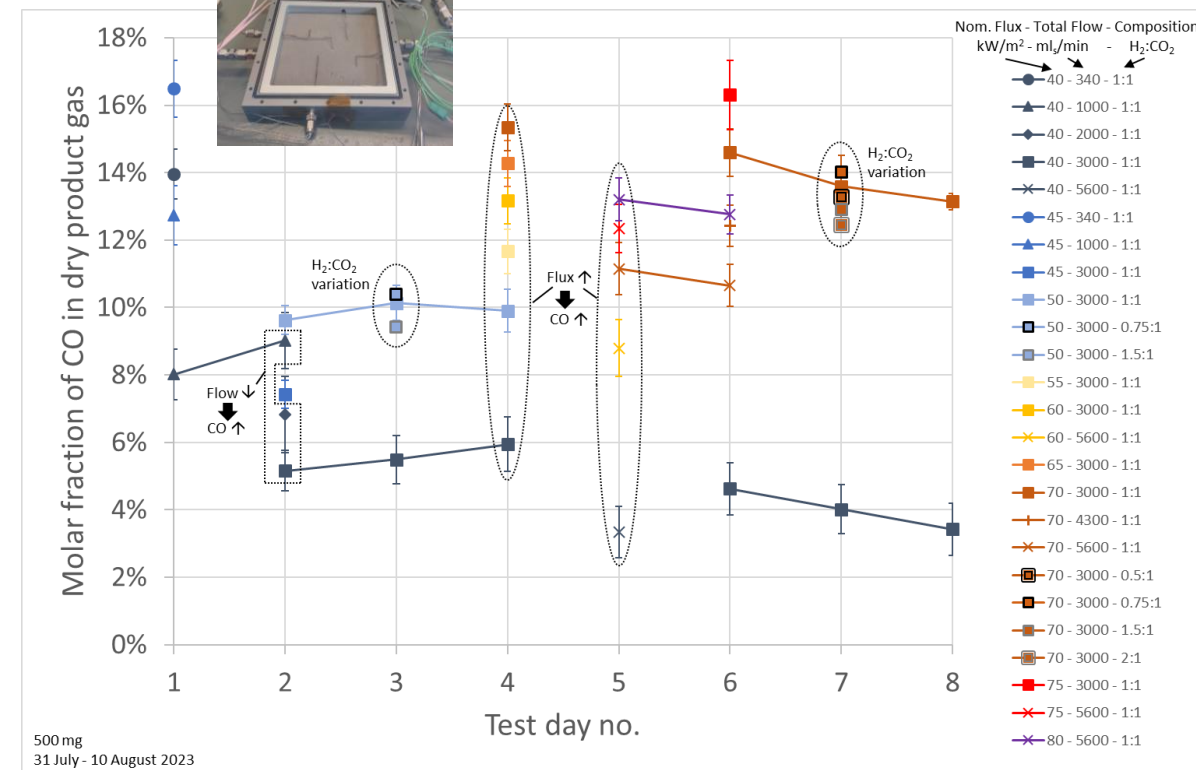
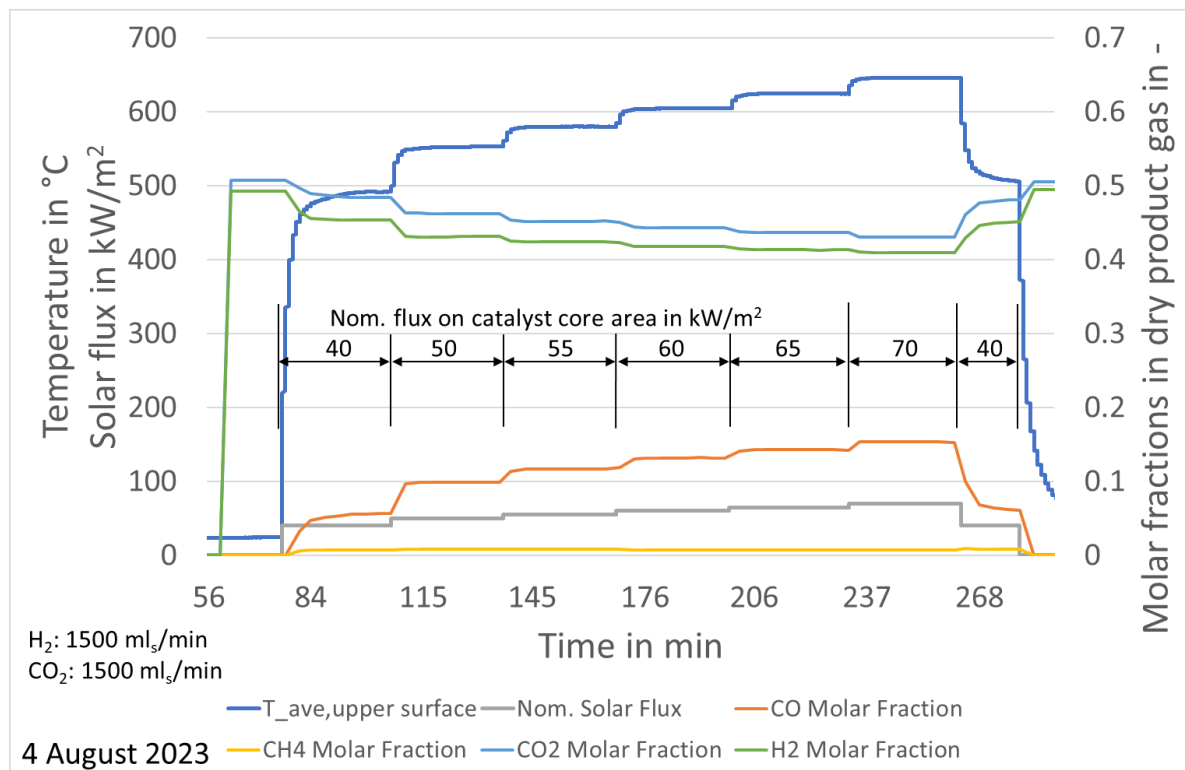
# Illustration of experiments

PT reactor behind irradiation protection plate

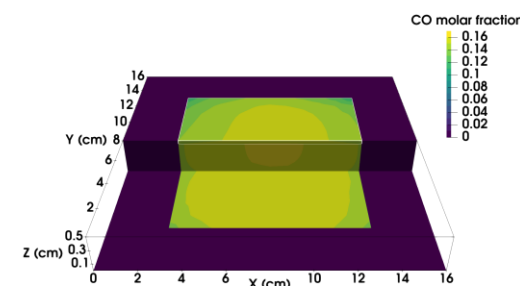


# Exemplary results 500 mg $\text{RuO}_2/\text{SrTiO}_3$ on porous glass frit (12 cm x 12 cm active area)

$p \approx 1 \text{ bar}_a$



- Basis for model-informed design improvements for increased STC efficiency



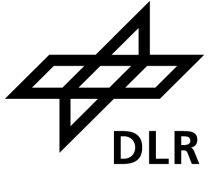




# SOLAR FURNACE



# The SPOTLIGHT project



- “Disruptive photonic devices for highly efficient, sunlight-fueled chemical processes”
- Development of plasmonic nanocatalysts for the Sabatier and RWGS reaction
  - Sabatier:  $\text{CO}_2 + 4 \text{H}_2 \rightleftharpoons \text{CH}_4 + 2 \text{H}_2\text{O}$
  - RWGS:  $\text{CO}_2 + \text{H}_2 \rightleftharpoons \text{CO} + \text{H}_2\text{O}$
- Reactor and system development
- Demonstration of hybrid operation with sunlight and artificial light

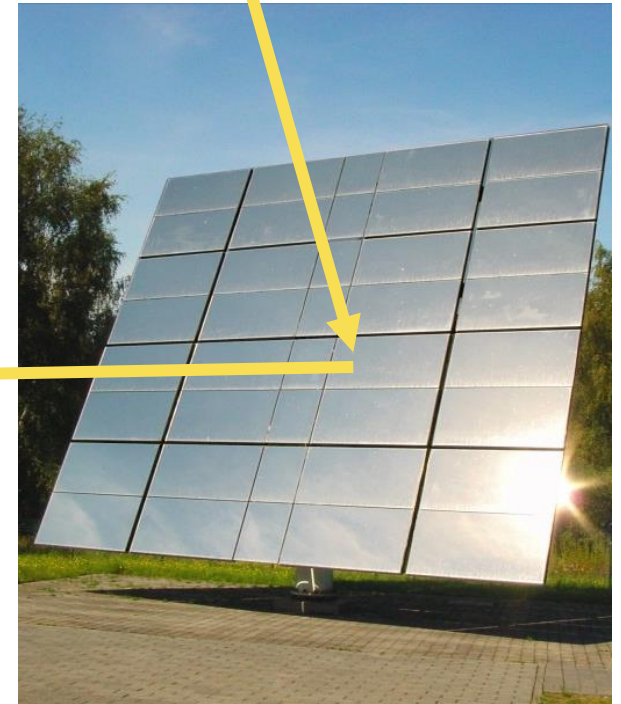
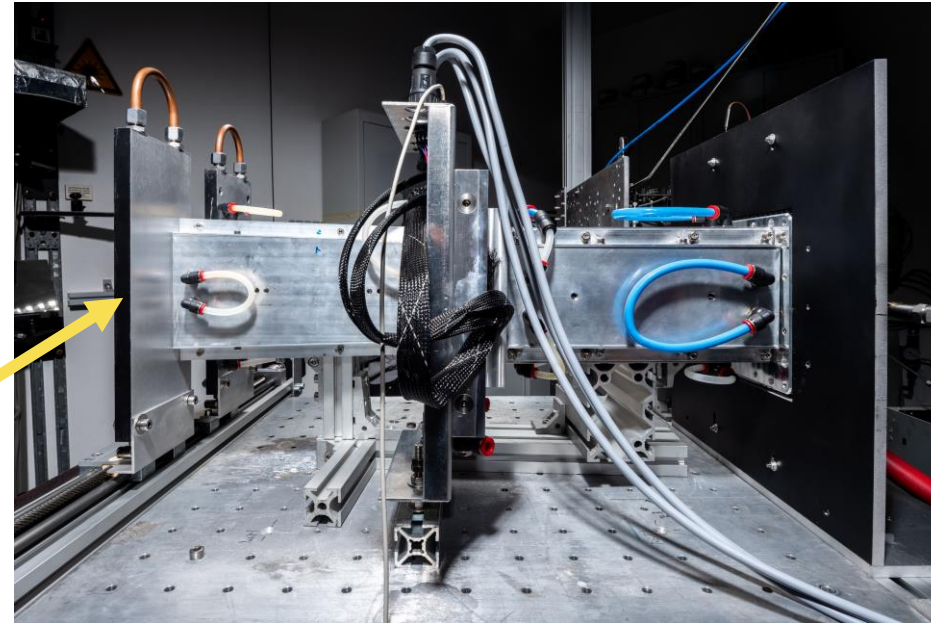
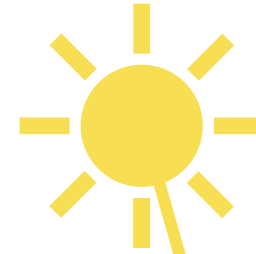


PHOTONICS PUBLIC PRIVATE PARTNERSHIP



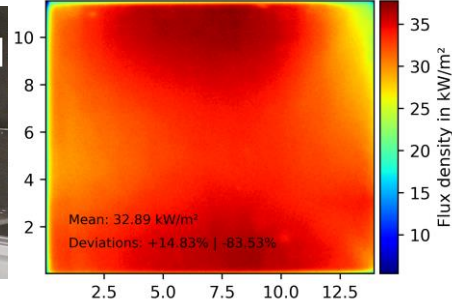
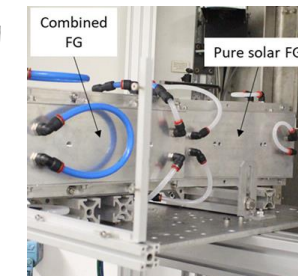
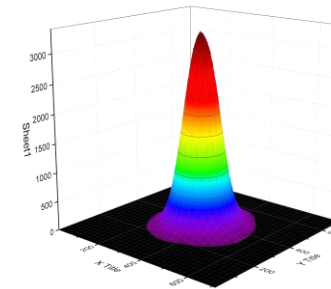
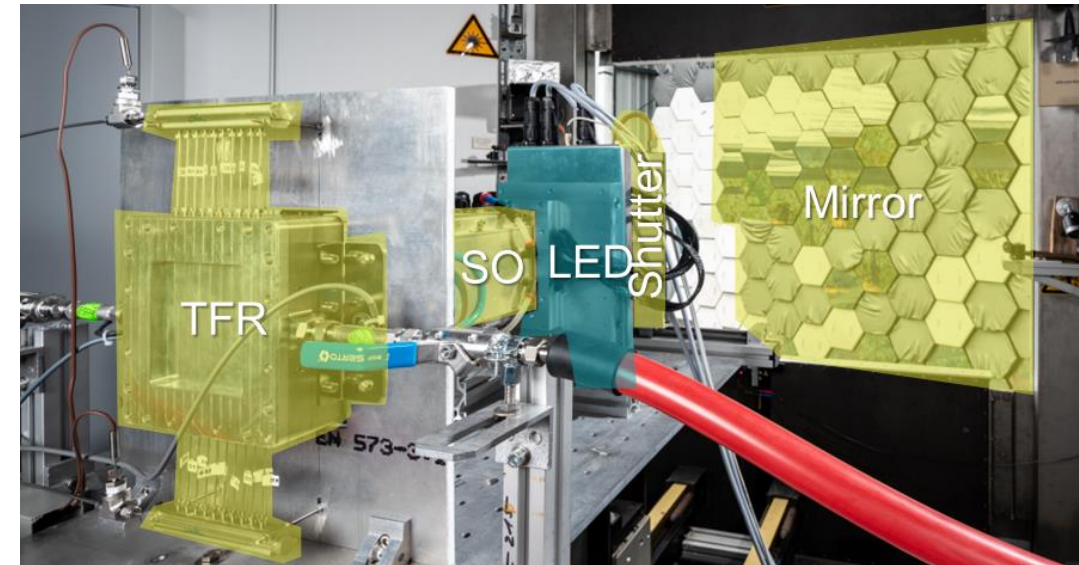
This project has received funding (€ 5.604.958,75) from the Photonics Public Private Partnership programme under Grant Agreement No.101015960.

# System



# Activities

- Flux guide design for homogeneous illumination with solar light as well as LED light
- Control system for hybrid operation
- System design
  - Solar furnace
  - Secondary shutter, flux guide, LED
  - Transparent flow reactor
- Experiments for several days for the Sabatier and RWGS reactions





# Results

- Demonstration of both, Sabatier and RWGS reaction
- Continuous operation in hybrid mode for 72 h (Sabatier) and 168 h (RWGS)
- Highly selective catalysts
- Evaluation ongoing

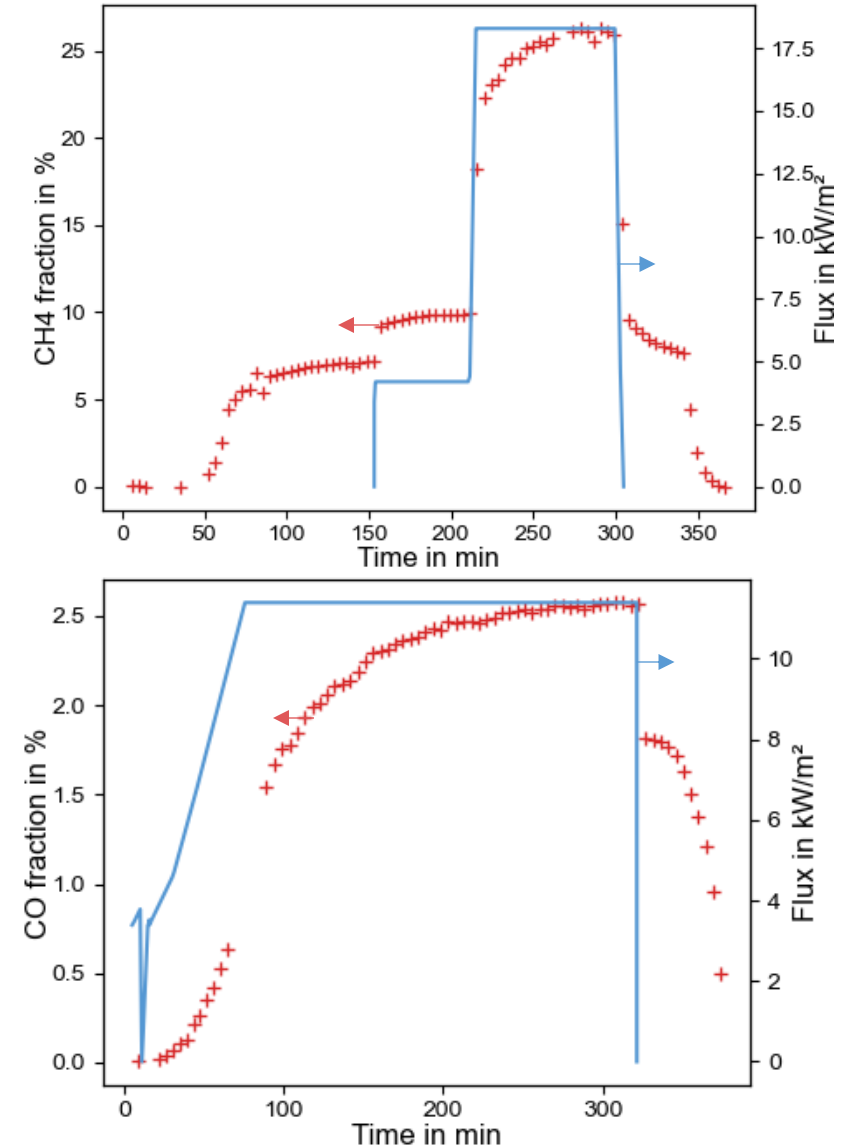


<https://spotlight-project.eu/>



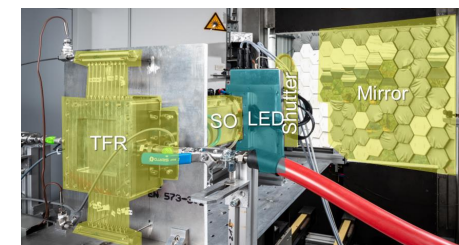
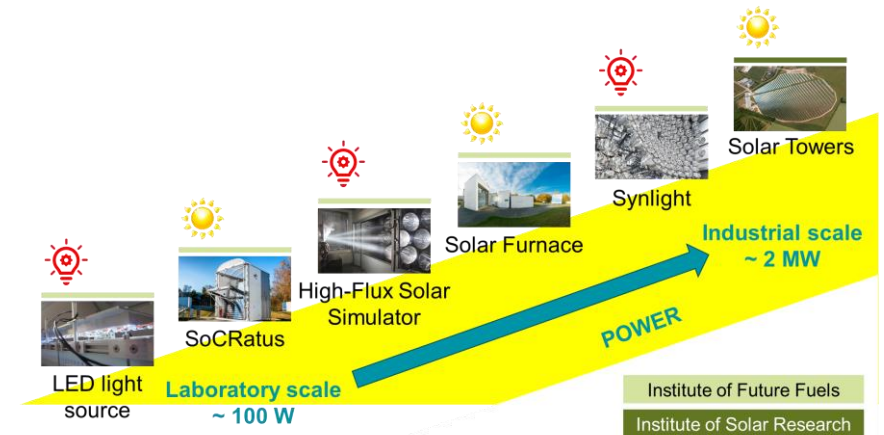
VR-Tour

Exemplary results



# Summary

- DLR operates a wide range of versatile solar test facilities
- Testing of photoreactors and demonstration of photon-driven systems under practical conditions
- Photon management to meet irradiation requirements of photoreactors
- Experimental data for model validation and refinement as a basis for in-depth understanding and enhancement of processes, systems and components for the production of solar fuels and sustainable chemicals



# Thank you for your attention.

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Solar refinery (photo composition: DLR)