

# Symbolic Unfoldings of High-level Petri Nets

Lukas Panneke

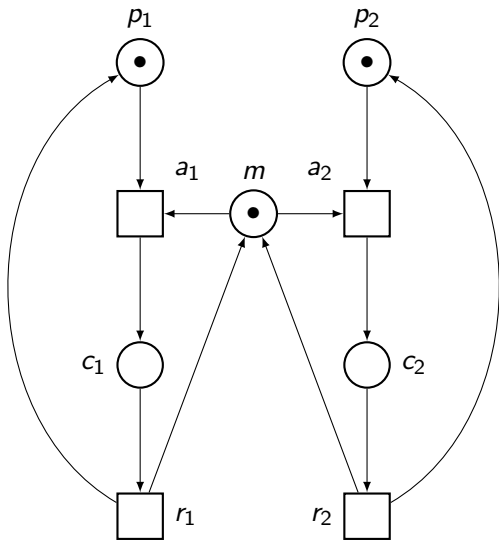
German Aerospace Center (DLR)

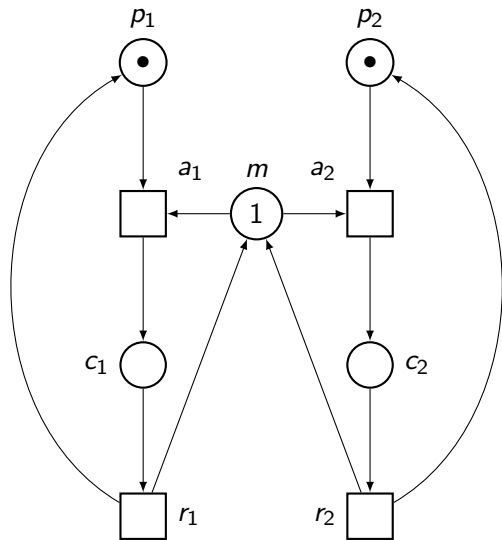
D-CON 2024, February 29

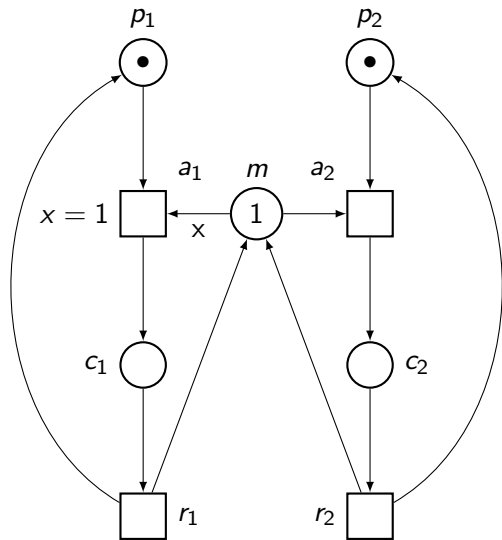
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github.com/Selebrator

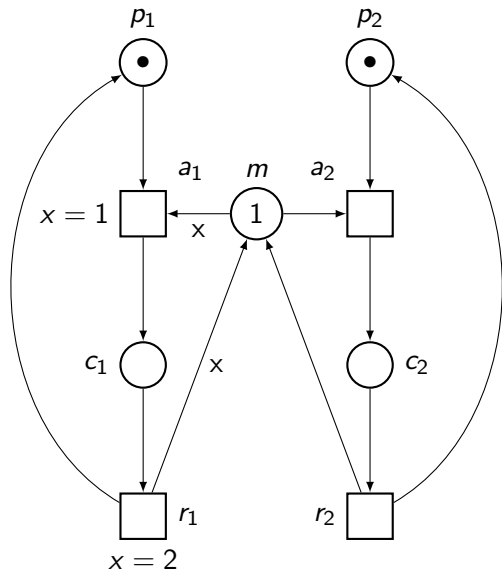
# A Motivating Use-Case — Reachability Analysis

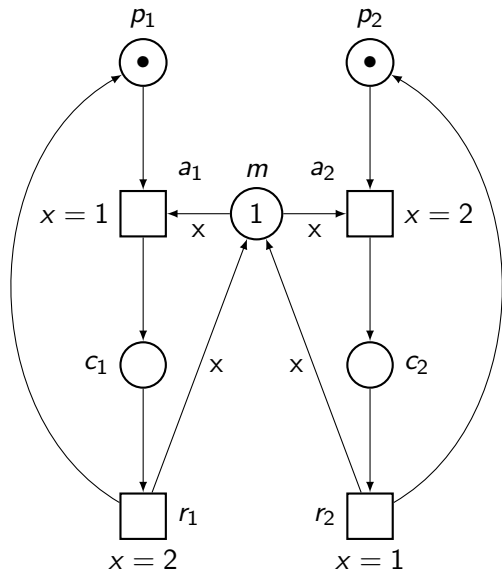
- Petri nets
  - a graphical and mathematical modeling formalism
  - good for modeling concurrent, distributed, and nondeterministic systems
- The reachability problem
  - given a net and a desired state, ask if there is a sequence of transitions from the initial to the desired state – if the state is reachable
  - is known to be computationally hard (non-primitive recursive)
  - **There are high-level Petri nets where no existing tool can decide reachability queries**
- Unfoldings
  - Make any Petri net acyclic while preserving behavior
  - Easier to analyse than Petri nets; smaller than state space

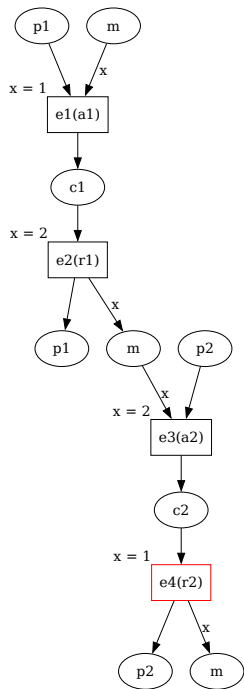
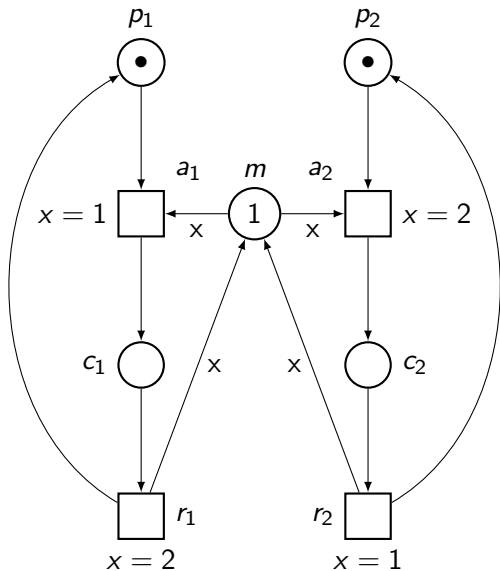








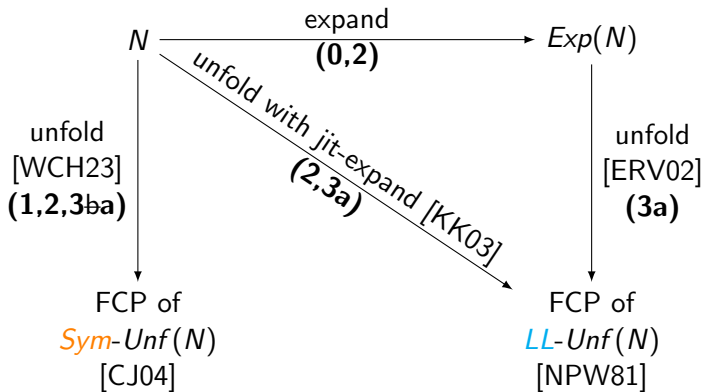






- Encode marking reachability as transition firability
  - Goal marking reachable iff goal transition in unfolding (not dead)
- Use symbolic bounded model checking
  - Completeness of prefix grantees that bound is sufficiently high

# High-level Petri Net Unfoldings — Your Options



**(0)** Finite color class

**(1)** 1-bounded net

**(2)** Decidable logic

**(3a)** Finitely many reachable markings

**(3b)** Every reachable marking is reachable in a bounded number of steps

## Definition (Mode Determinism)

A high-level Petri net is *mode deterministic* iff every transition is enabled in at most **1** firing mode in *every reachable marking*.

Sufficient a priori condition: every transitions output variables are deterministically determined by its input variables.



**Figure:** Heuristic for predicting which approach is better.

## Symbolic approach

Calculate FCP or reachability deciding prefix  
of symbolic unfolding of net

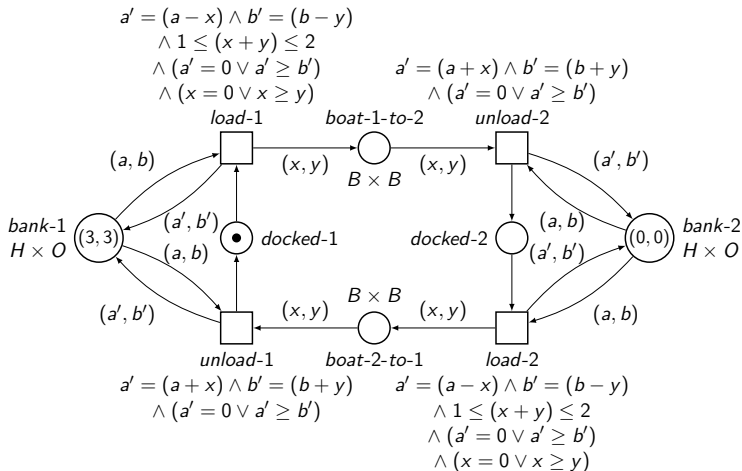
vs.

## Low-level approach

Calculate FCP or reachability deciding prefix  
of low-level unfolding of expansion of net  
using jit-expand

Faster is better since symbolic is smaller

# Benchmark: Hobbits & Orcs — Net

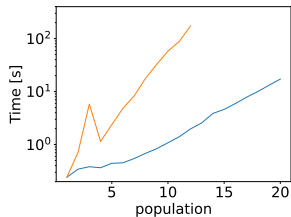


Parameters: number of hobbits  $H$ , number of orcs  $O$ , size of boat  $b$ , number of rivers  $r$

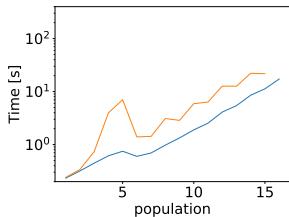
Modes of load:  $M(1) = 2$ ;  $M(b) = M(b - 1) + \lfloor b/2 \rfloor + 2$

# Benchmark: Hobbits & Orcs — Result

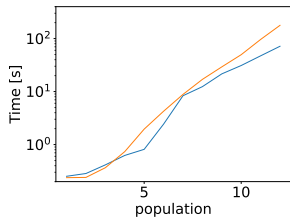
## Symbolic vs. Low-level



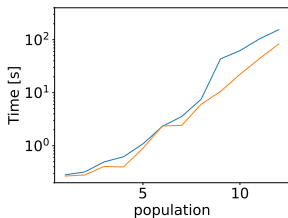
(a)  $b = 2$



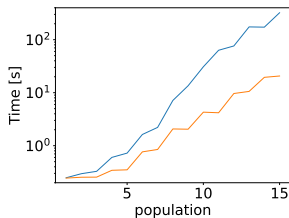
(b)  $b = 3$



(c)  $b = 4$



(d)  $b = 5$



(e)  $b = 6$

- First tool to use symbolic unfoldings
- First tool to decide reachability for infinitely many reachable markings
- New benchmark families
- Neither approach is generally best: mode determinism

- Submit benchmark families to MCC
- Implement more general cut-off criterion
- Apply symbolic unfolding to more problems
  - Deadlock detection
  - High-level Petri game strategies
- Generalize to  $k$ -bounded nets
- Compare to other approaches for analyzing high-level nets