

SKILL WORKSHOP: AMIRIS

open **A**gent-based **M**arket model for the
Investigation of **RI**ntegrated energy **S**ystems



WELCOME

Motivation

Market Modelling with AMIRIS



Transformation to **renewable-dominated** energy system

- > Rising shares of fluctuating renewable energies
- > Alignment of supply and demand challenging
- > Refinancing uncertain

Energy systems are **complex systems**

- > Market actors' behaviour under uncertainty
- > Interdependencies of actors
- > Emergent and non-linear effects

Aim

- Understand **market effects** of renewable energy integration
- Consider **actors' behaviour**, uncertainty and market distortions caused by regulatory framework
- Develop **policy instruments** to incite system-friendly investment and operational decisions

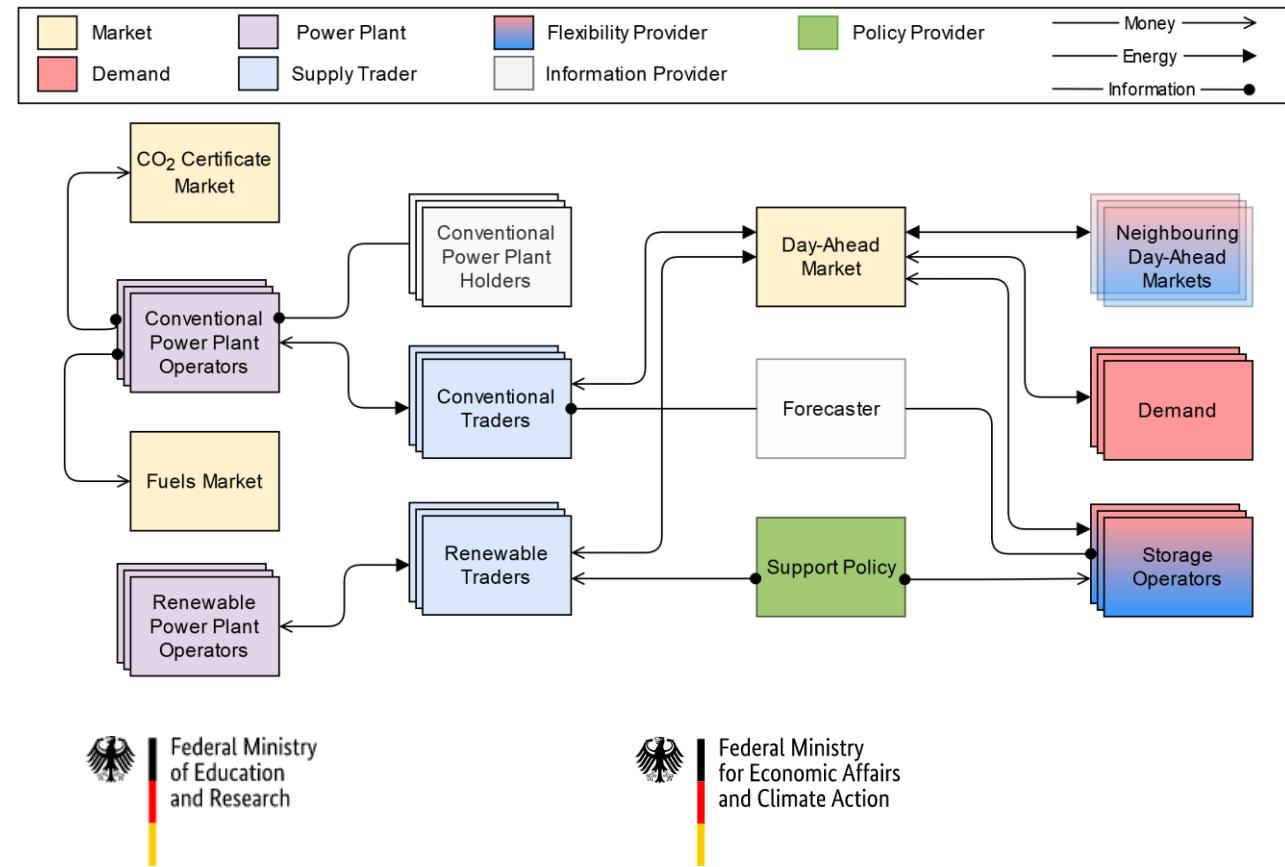
Motivation

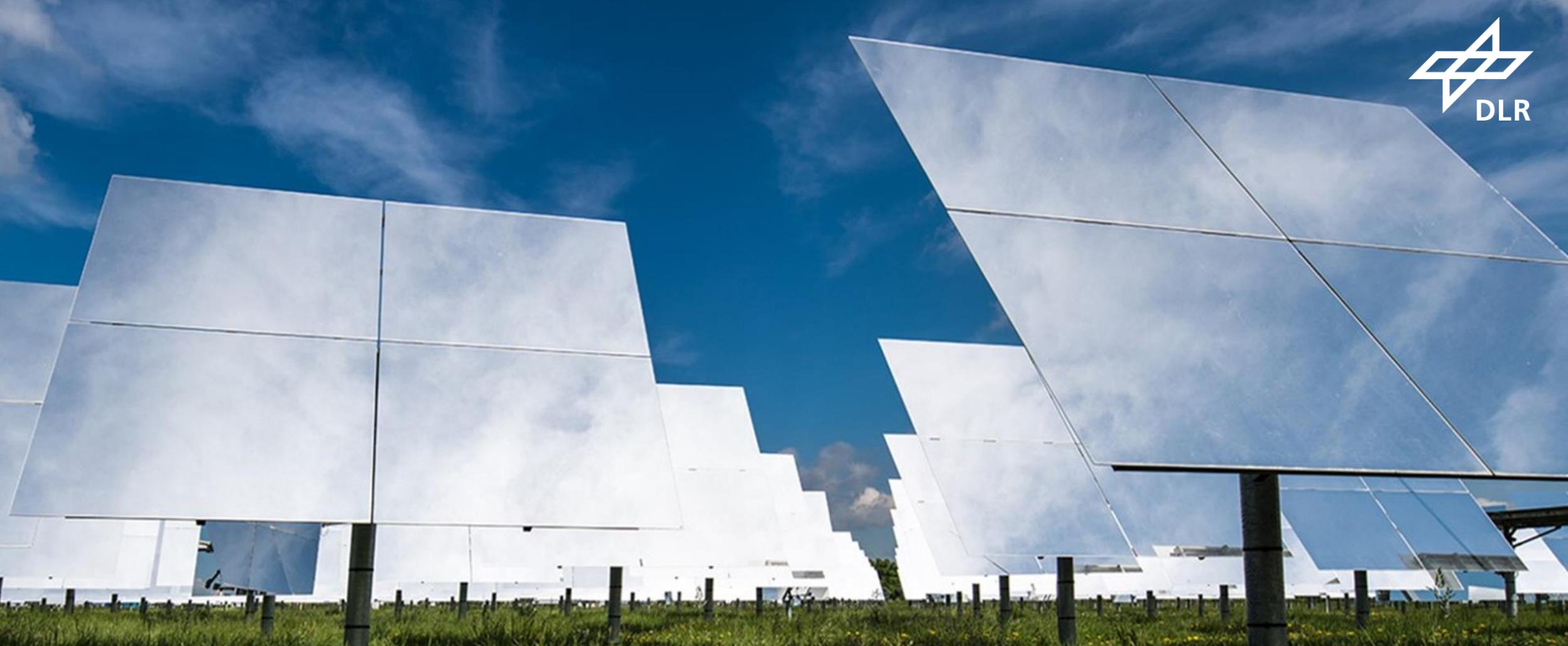
Market Modelling with AMIRIS



- ⚙️ Simulate trading and operation of power generation plants and flexibility options
- 🧠 Model business-oriented behaviour under uncertainty
- ⌚ Temporal resolution: ≤ hourly
- 🌐 Spatial resolution: market zone(s)

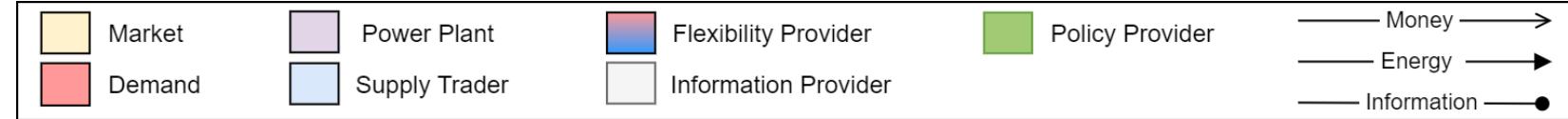
Input	Output
<ul style="list-style-type: none">▪ Power plant park▪ RES-E feed in potential▪ Demand▪ Efficiencies▪ Availabilities▪ Fuel prices▪ CO₂ prices	<ul style="list-style-type: none">▪ Electricity prices▪ Plant dispatch, FLH▪ Market values▪ System costs▪ Costs for support instruments▪ CO₂ emissions



A wide-angle photograph of a solar farm under a blue sky with scattered white clouds. The solar panels are large, rectangular, and tilted at an angle, reflecting the sky. They are mounted on black metal poles and are set against a backdrop of a green field with small yellow flowers.

WHO ARE YOU?

AMIRIS: AGENTS



Markets

- Determine prices

Plant operators

- Control power plants

Traders

- Fulfil marketing strategies

Flexibility providers

- Optimise dispatch

Information provider

- Create forecasts

Policy

- Provide support

Forecaster

Support Policy

AMIRIS: INTERACTIONS

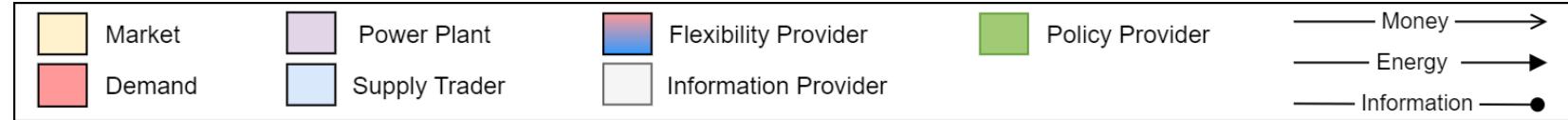
AMIRIS Interactions

Renewables



Power Plant Operator

- Calculate marginal cost
- Dispatch power plants



Renewable Trader

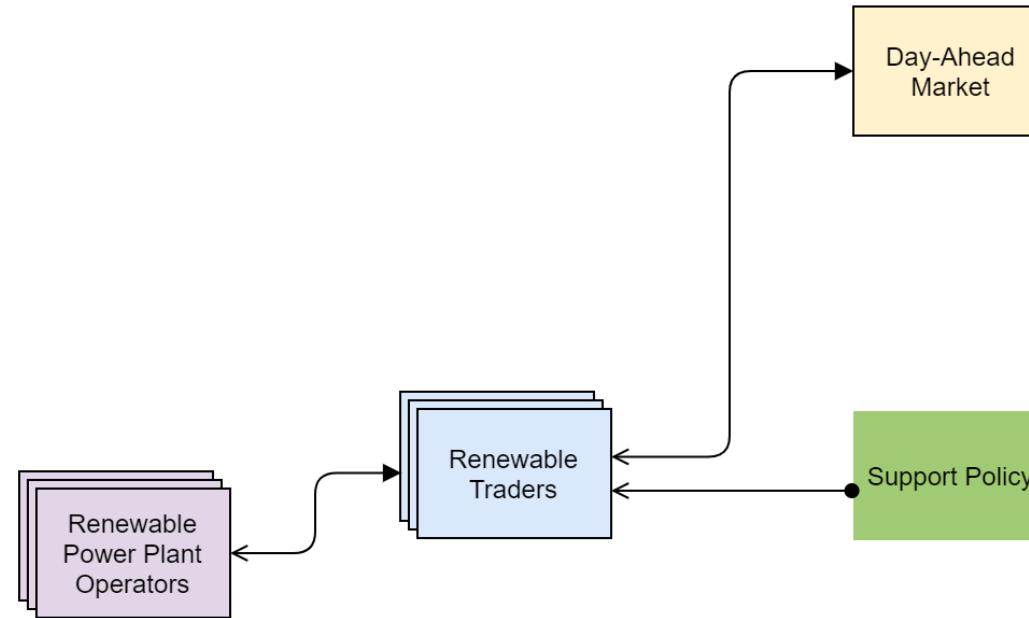
- Create bid
- Request support

Support Policy

- Calculate support tariffs
- Provide support funding

Day-Ahead Market

- Clears Market



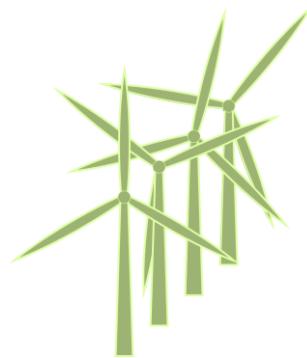
Renewables

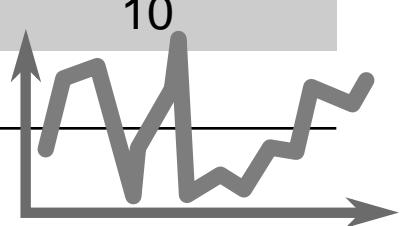
Power Plant Operator



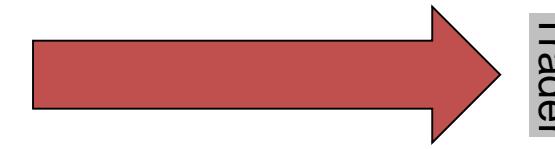
Actions

- 1) Calculate power potential
- 2) Calculate marginal costs
- 3) Send marginals to Trader
- 4) Receive assignment
- 5) Dispatch plants



Input parameter	Value
EnergyCarrier	WindOn
InstalledPowerInMW	1000
OpexVarInEURperMWh	10
YieldProfile	 A line graph showing a highly fluctuating yield profile over time. The vertical axis has a value of 10 marked. The horizontal axis has arrows at both ends, indicating a time scale.

MW	€/MWh
497	10



497 MW

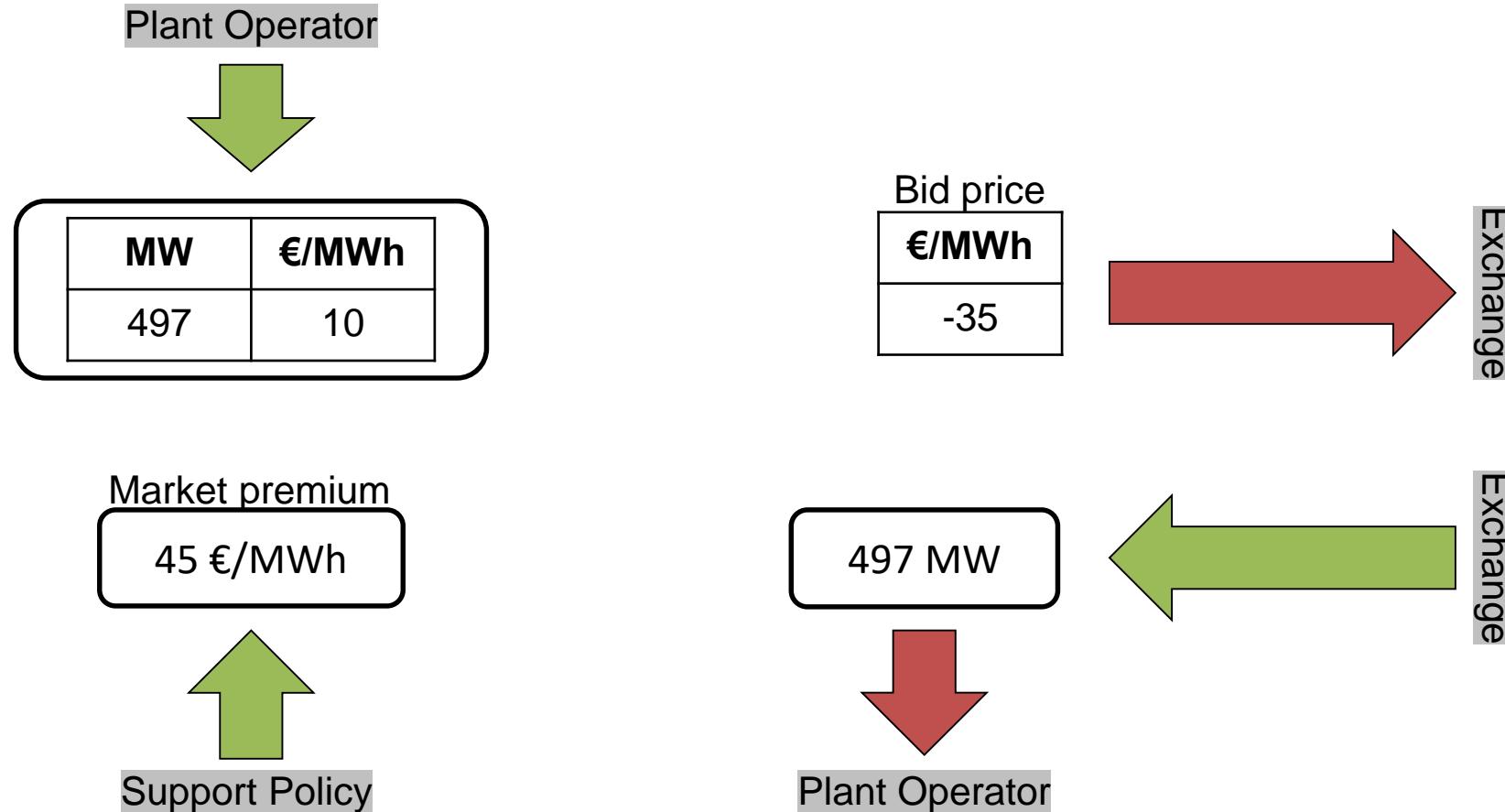


Trader

Trader

Actions

- 1) Receive marginal costs
- 2) Check support instrument
- 3) Derive bid
- 4) Send bids to Exchange
- 5) Receive awards
- 6) Forward power to operator



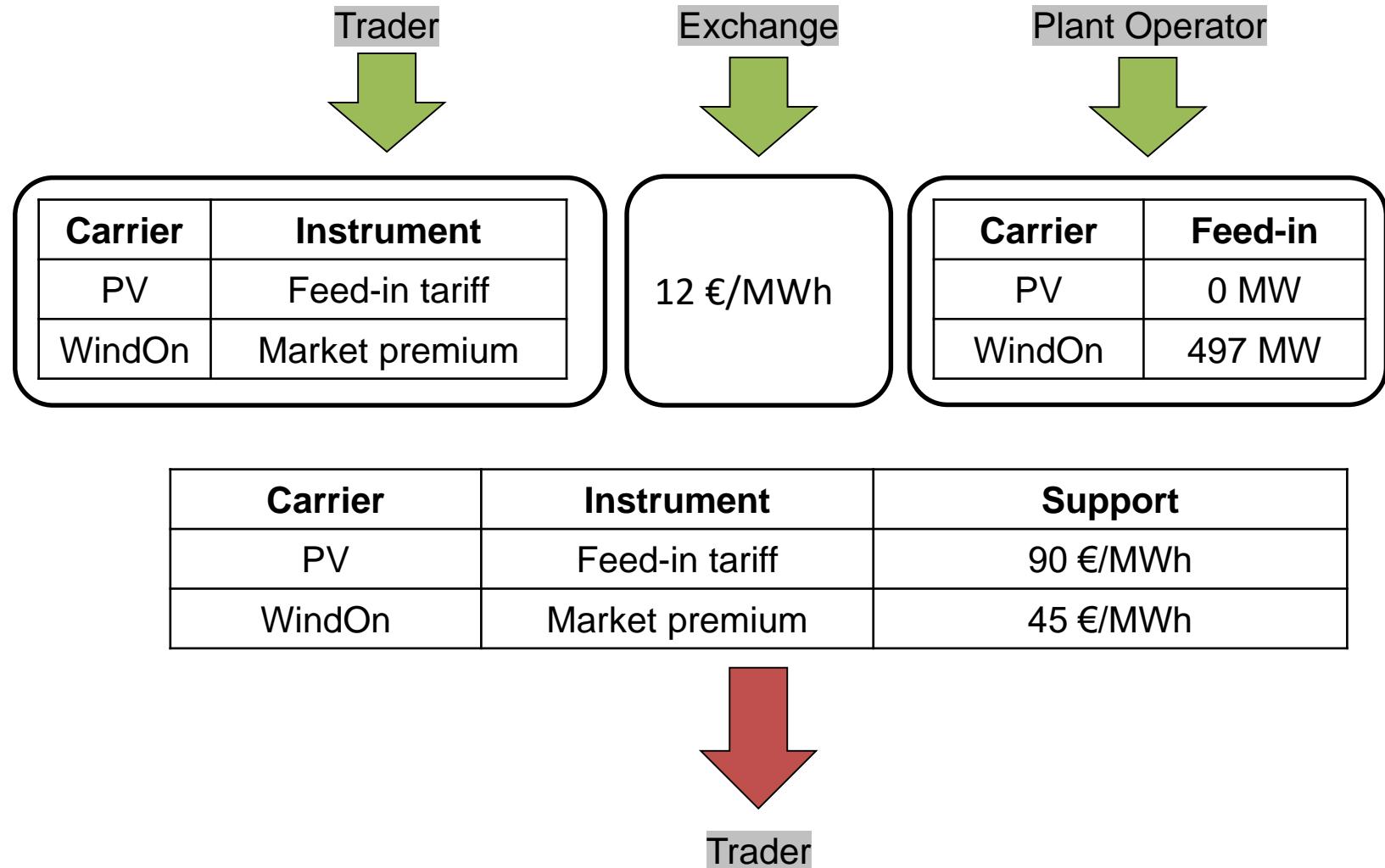
Renewables

Support Policy



Actions

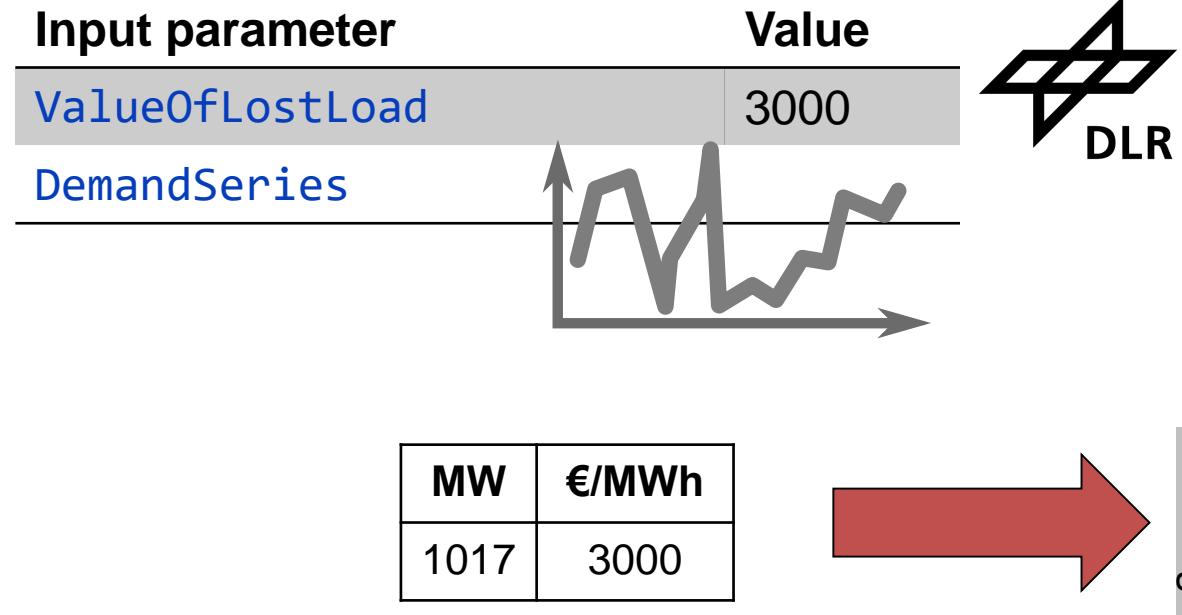
- 1) Register clients
- 2) Track power prices
- 3) Track feed-in potentials
- 4) Calculate variable tariffs
- 5) Provide support



Demand Trader

Actions

- 1) Create bid
- 2) Send bid(s) to Exchange



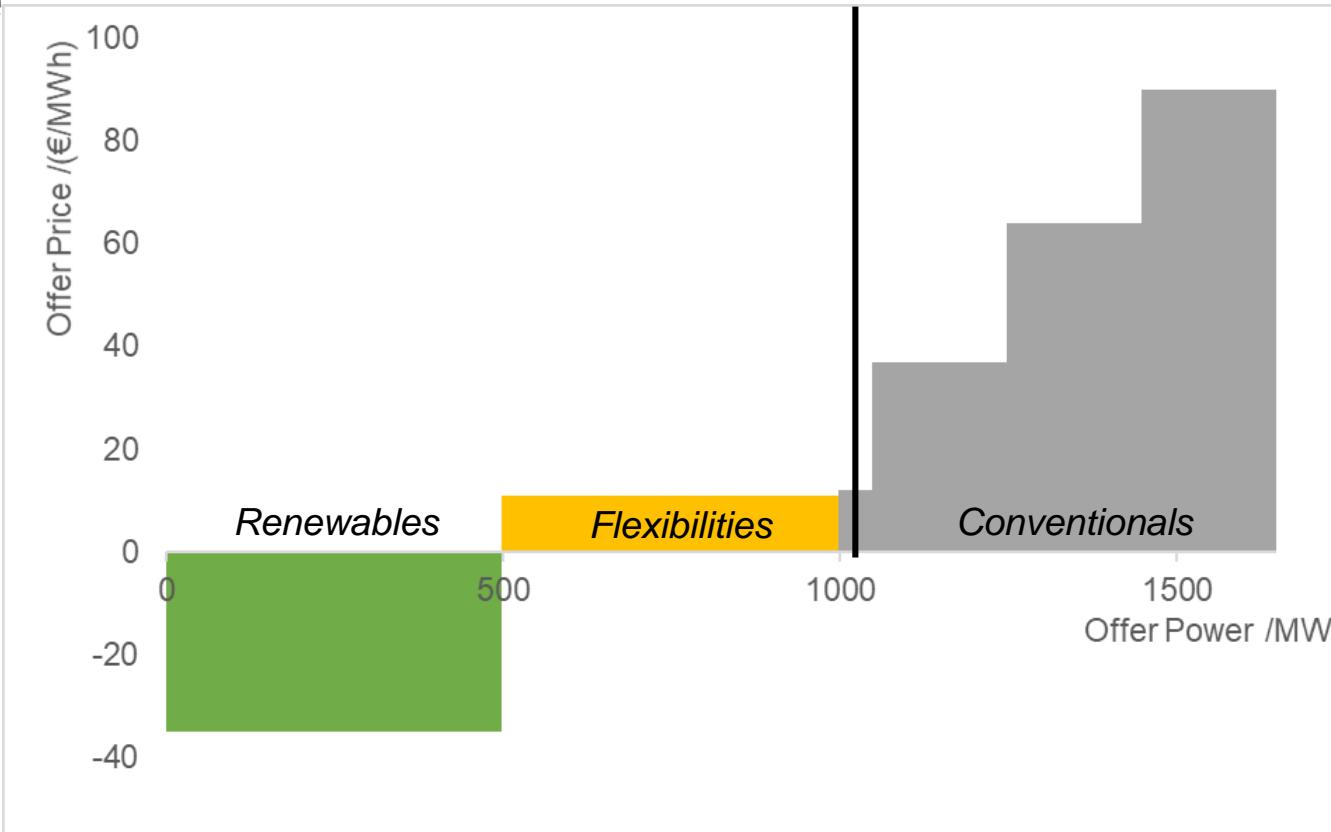
Energy Exchange

Market Clearing

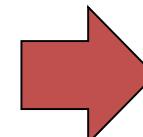


Actions

- 1) Receive bids
- 2) Clear market
- 3) Send awards



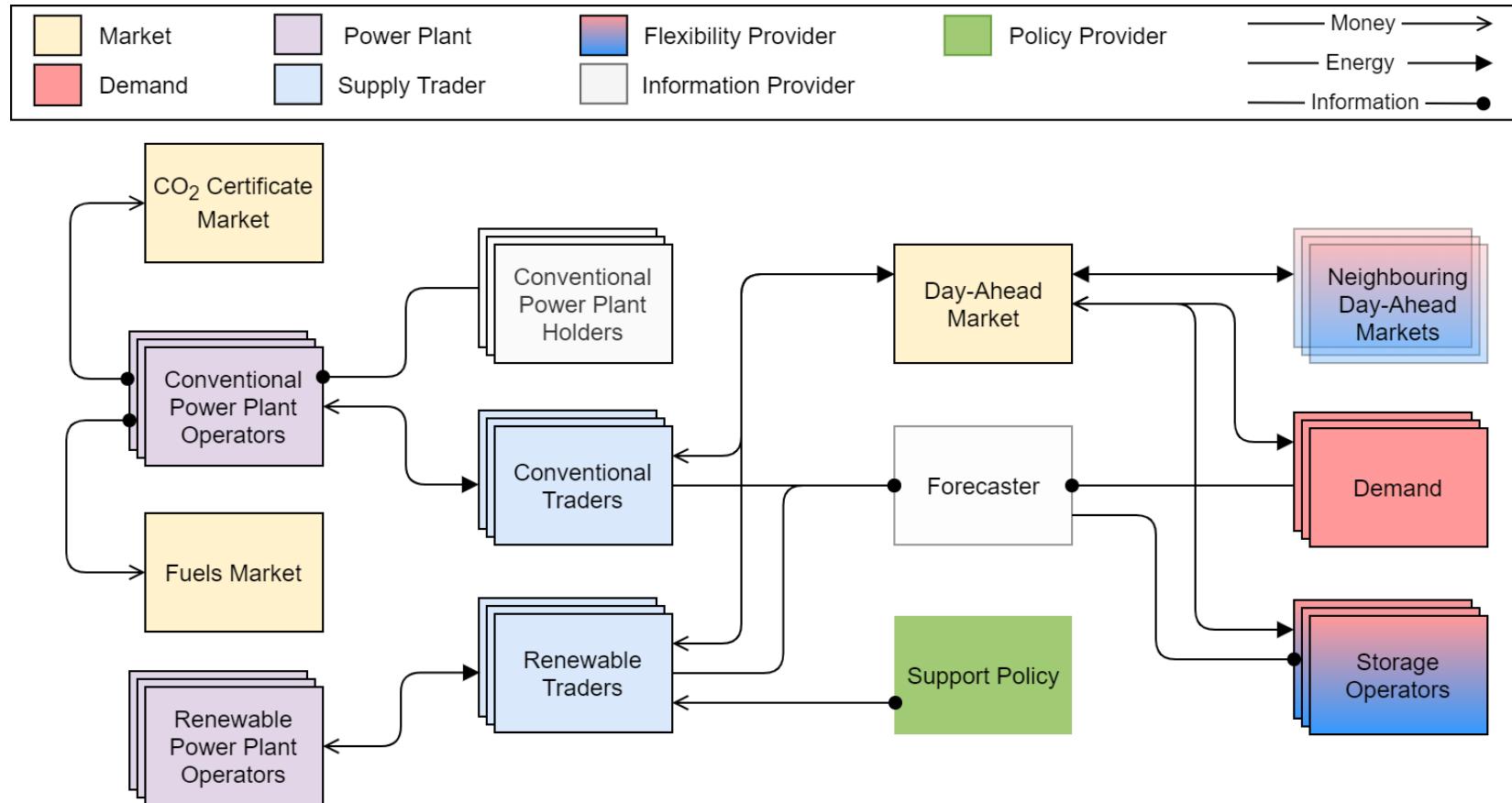
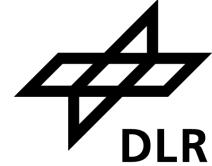
MW	€/MWh
497	12
500	12
20	12



Trader

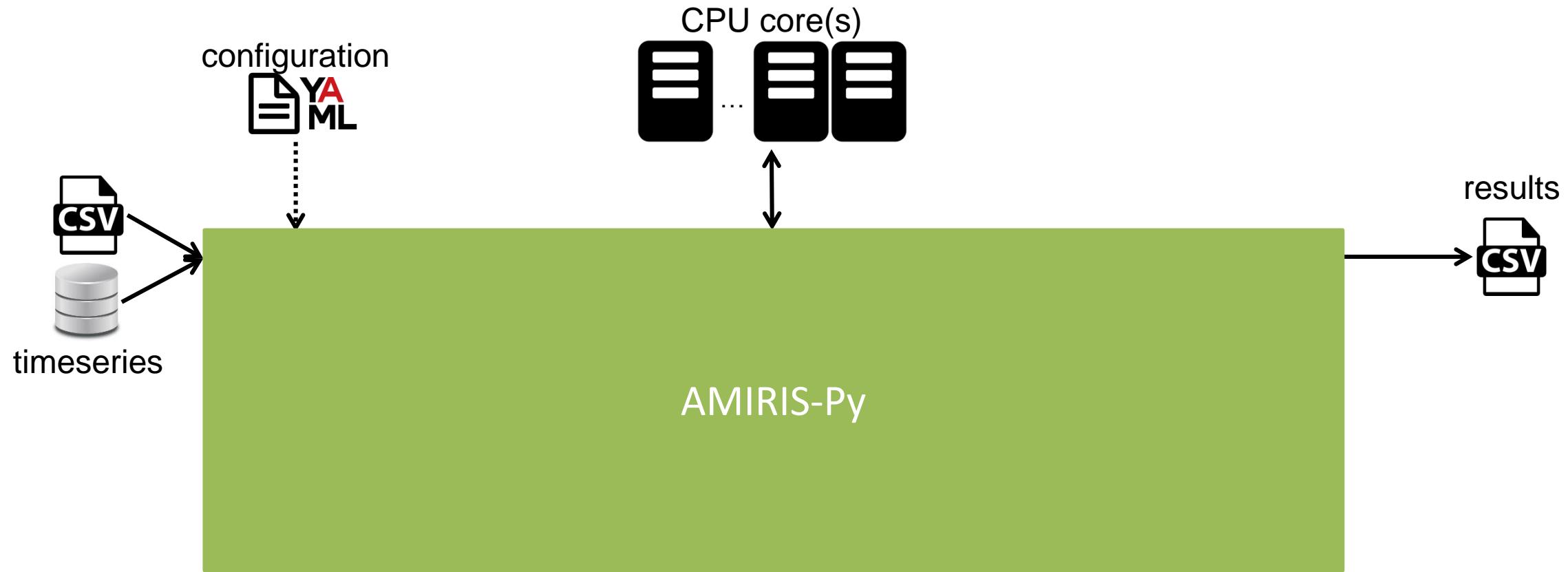
AMIRIS Agents

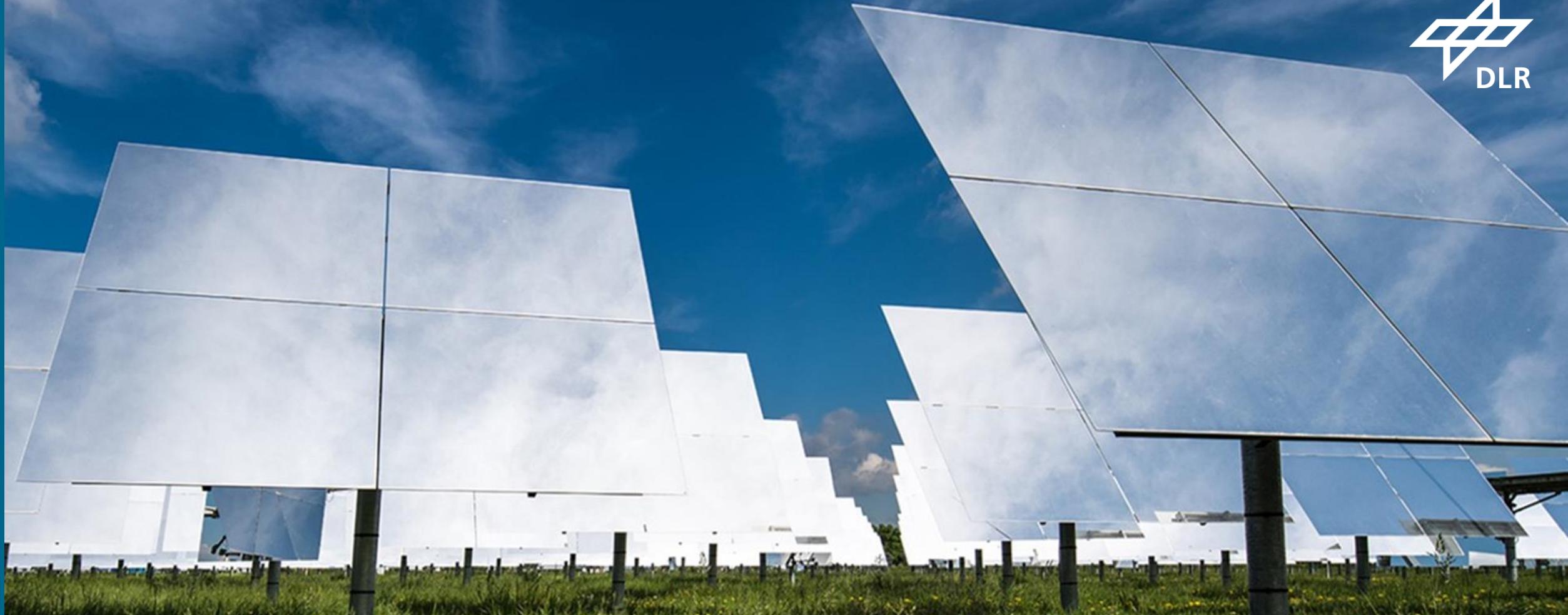
Overview



AMIRIS is based on FAME

open *Framework for distributed Agent-based Modelling of Energy systems*





AMIRIS: SETUP

- Java JDK 11

```
(base) PS C:\> java --version
openjdk 11.0.9.1 2020-11-04
OpenJDK Runtime Environment AdoptOpenJDK (build 11.0.9.1+1)
OpenJDK 64-Bit Server VM AdoptOpenJDK (build 11.0.9.1+1, mixed mode)
```

- Obtain from, e.g., <https://adoptium.net/>

- Python 3.8 / 3.9

```
(base) PS C:\> python --version
Python 3.9.7
```

- Obtain from, e.g., <https://github.com/conda-forge/miniforge#mambaforge>

Setup

Python environment



- Create environment

```
(base) PS C:\> mamba create -n AmirisEnv python=3.8
```

- Activate environment

```
(base) PS C:\> conda activate AmirisEnv
```

- Install *amirispy*

```
(AmirisEnv) PS C:\> pip install amirispy
```

- Create folder:

```
(AmirisEnv) PS C:\> mkdir amiris; cd amiris
```

- Install *AMIRIS*:

```
(AmirisEnv) PS C:\amiris> amiris install
```

Setup

Files



- 📁 examples ← configuration files
- 📄 amiris-core_2.0.0-alpha.8-jar-with-dependencies.jar ← AMIRIS executable
- 📝 fameSetup.yaml ← ignore for now!

examples/

- 📁 Austria2019
 - 📁 Germany2019
 - 📁 Simple
- three example scenarios

Examples/Simple/

- 📁 contracts
- 📁 timeseries
- 📝 LICENCE.md
- 📝 scenario.yaml ← Important file: Defines what is happening in simulation
- 📝 schema.yaml

Setup

Run AMIRIS



```
(AmirisEnv) PS C:\amiris> amiris run
usage: amiris run [-h] --jar JAR --scenario SCENARIO
                   [--output OUTPUT]
amiris run: error: the following arguments are required: --jar/-j, --scenario/-s
```

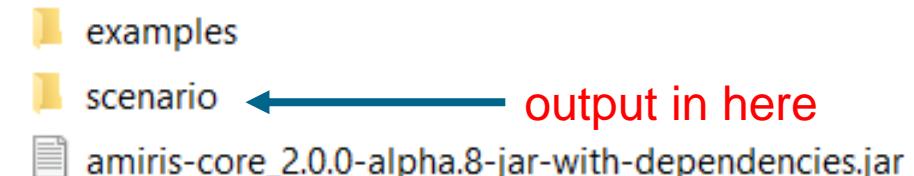
Required arguments

- -j AMIRIS executable
- -s Scenario file

```
(AmirisEnv) PS C:\amiris> amiris run -j .\amiris-core_2.0.0-alpha.8-jar-with-dependencies.jar
-s .\examples\Simple\scenario.yaml
```

Console output

```
14:18:38 - PRINT - Start running AMIRIS
Starting up 1 processes.
Warm-up completed after 1 ticks.
04.10.2023 14:18:39:: Simulation completed! Ran 219 ticks in 258 ms
14:18:40 - PRINT - Successfully executed AMIRIS. See your results in '..'
```



Setup

Redirect output



```
(AmirisEnv) PS C:\amiris> amiris run -h
usage: amiris run [-h] --jar JAR --scenario SCENARIO [--output OUTPUT]

optional arguments:
  -h, --help            show this help message and exit
  --jar JAR, -j JAR      Path to 'amiris-core_<version>-jar-with-dependencies.jar'
  --scenario SCENARIO, -s SCENARIO
                        Path to a scenario yaml-file
  --output OUTPUT, -o OUTPUT
                        Directory to write output to
```

← use this

```
(AmirisEnv) PS C:\amiris> amiris run -j .\amiris-core_2.0.0-alpha.8-jar-with-dependencies.jar
  -s .\examples\Simple\scenario.yaml -o simple
```

📁 examples

📁 simple ← output now in here

Setup

Results

-  ConventionalPlantOperator.csv
-  ConventionalPlantOperator_DispatchedP...
-  ConventionalPlantOperator_VariableCost...
-  ConventionalTrader.csv
-  DemandTrader.csv
-  EnergyExchange.csv ←
-  NoSupportTrader.csv
-  VariableRenewableOperator.csv

AgentId	TimeStep	TotalAwardedPowerInMW	ElectricityPriceInEURperMWH
1	01.01.2021 00:00	12431	267.4721054
1	01.01.2021 01:00	11416	262.9066734
1	01.01.2021 02:00	11163	260.8119727
1	01.01.2021 03:00	11036	257.4786831
1	01.01.2021 04:00	11192	256.4702082
1	01.01.2021 05:00	12177	256.2193284
1	01.01.2021 06:00	12685	256.2193284
1	01.01.2021 07:00	15222	259.7771467
1	01.01.2021 08:00	16491	260.2935264
1	01.01.2021 09:00	17125	257.9859146
1	01.01.2021 10:00	17378	255.7190453
1	01.01.2021 11:00	16997	255.4696391
1	01.01.2021 12:00	16237	257.2258181
1	01.01.2021 13:00	15476	256.4702082
1	01.01.2021 14:00	15222	259.5197279
1	01.01.2021 15:00	14968	262.3798356
1	01.01.2021 16:00	15095	265.3039864
1	01.01.2021 17:00	15729	265.8426993
1	01.01.2021 18:00	16491	264.7674623
1	01.01.2021 19:00	17505	263.1708901
1	01.01.2021 20:00	18012	260.035079
1	01.01.2021 21:00	17251	250.822094
1	01.01.2021 22:00	16744	0
1	01.01.2021 23:00	14968	0

PARAMETERISATION

Parameterisation

Scenario: Main config file to bundle all simulation properties



Open: examples/Germany2019/scenario.yaml

scenario.yaml		 The name „scenario.yaml“ is arbitrary and can be changed.
schema	<i>definition of valid agent and contract structures</i>	
general properties	<i>simulation start/end time, random seed</i>	
variables	<i>YAML anchors, optional</i>	
agents	<i>which agents have what parameters</i>	
contracts	<i>how and when agents interact</i>	 You can split the scenario.yaml into separate files, e.g. schema, contracts, etc., and join them using <i>!include</i> , see https://gitlab.com/fame-framework/fame-io#split-and-join-multiple-yaml-files

Parameterisation

General Properties



- Define
 - start and end of simulation
 - which random seed to use

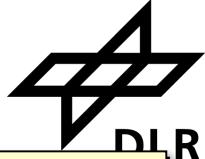
```
GeneralProperties:  
  RunId: 1 ← ignore  
Simulation:  
  StartTime: 2018-12-31_23:58:00  
  StopTime: 2019-12-31_23:58:00  
  RandomSeed: 1  
Output: ← ignore
```

- FAME's time definition **always** uses 365 days / 8760 hours per year, see also <https://gitlab.com/fame-framework/wiki-/wikis/architecture/decisions/TimeStamp>

- YAML is indentation-based (2 spaces)

Parameterisation

Agents



- Define
 - agents
 - their type, ID, and attributes.
- Supported data types:
 - integer, floating point, enums, timeseries
- Supported structures
 - Any combination of block, list, flat
- Structure of attributes
 - depends on type of agent
 - is defined in schema



In YAML, dash is used to denote lists

Agents:

- Type: EnergyExchange
Id: 1

Attributes:

DistributionMethod: SAME SHARES

GateClosureInfoOffsetInSeconds: 11

- Type: CarbonMarket

Id: 3

Attributes:

OperationMode: FIXED

Co2Prices: "./timeseries/co2_price.csv"

- Type: FuelsMarket

Id: 4

Attributes:

FuelPrices:

- FuelType: LIGNITE

Price: 5.00

ConversionFactor: 1.0

- FuelType: NATURAL_GAS

Price: "./timeseries/natural_gas_cost.csv"

ConversionFactor: 1.0



Time series attributes also support a single value.



Every agent **must** have a unique ID within the simulation.
This is how agents address each other.

Parameterisation

Timeseries



Open: examples/Germany2019/timeseries/co2_price.csv

- Use case: time-dependent input
- File Format
 - Timestamp – semicolon – (dot-separated) floating point value
- Timestamps Format
 - YYYY-MM-DD hh:mm:ss
 - Refer to simulation time **!not!** UTC
 - Idea: Easily reapply timeseries from one year to another
- Missing data: AMIRIS will interpolate

timestamp	value
2019-01-07_00:00:00;23.01	
2019-01-08_00:00:00;22.4	
2019-01-10_00:00:00;21.4	
2019-01-14_00:00:00;21.95	
2019-01-15_00:00:00;22.55	
2019-01-16_00:00:00;22.72	
2019-01-17_00:00:00;23.55	
2019-01-21_00:00:00;24.22	
2019-01-22_00:00:00;24.42	
2019-01-24_00:00:00;24.6	
2019-01-28_00:00:00;23.01	



Additional columns (even empty) are not allowed and need to be removed.

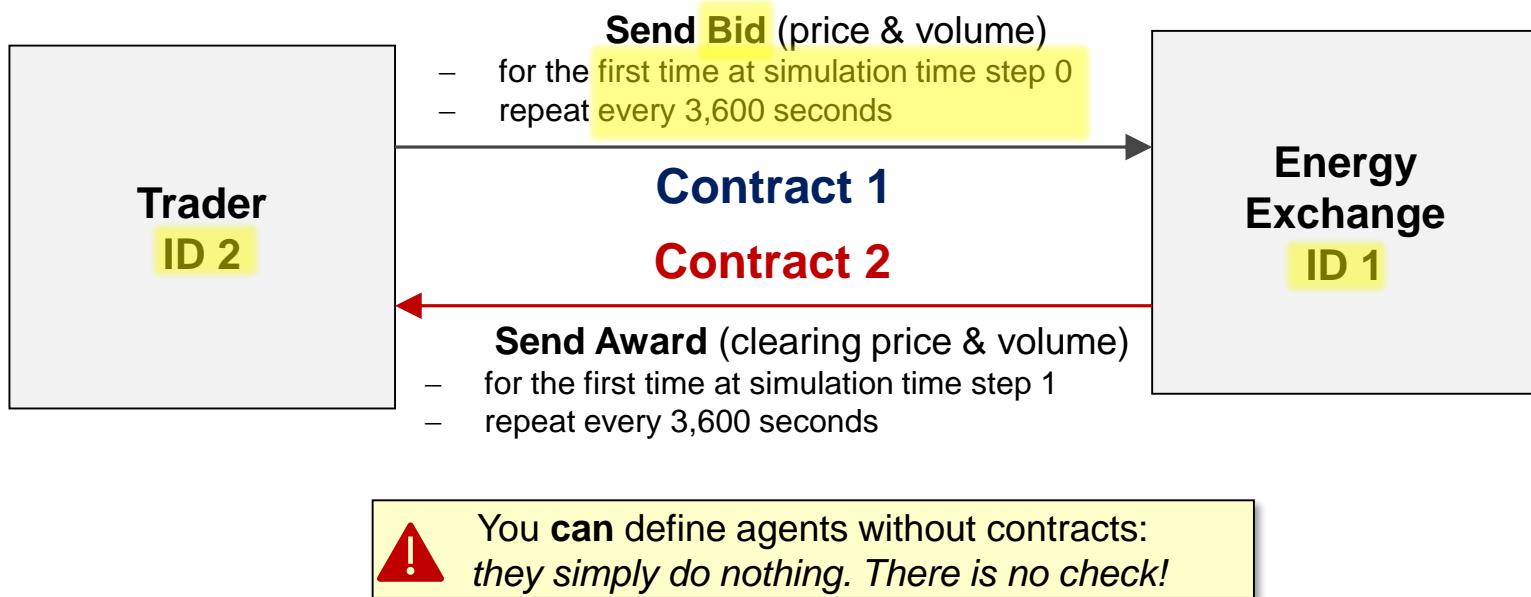


Lines with empty time or value are not allowed and need to be removed.

Parameterisation

Contracts

Define **when** agents send **what** data to **which** other agents



Parameterisation

Contracts: Advanced



Open: examples/Germany2019/contracts/conventionals.yaml

- Simulations often require *many* contracts!
- Contracts are often *similar*!
- Short notations available:
 - 1:N → one sender to multiple receivers
 - N:1 → one receiver from multiple senders
 - M:M → m senders, each to **one** of m receivers
- Sender / receiver lists *repeat* often!
- Use YAML anchors to replace similar lists
 - Define: &anchorName <something>
 - Reference: *anchorName

AgentGroups:

```
- &builders [2000, 2001, 2002, 2003, 2004, 2005]
- &traders [1000, 1001, 1002, 1003, 1004, 1005]
- &operators [500, 501, 502, 503, 504, 505]
- &exchange 1
- &carbonMarket 3
- &fuelsMarket 4
- &forecaster 6
```

anchors

Contracts:

```
#####
# -- PlantBuildingManagement -- #
#####
- SenderId: *builders
ReceiverId: *operators
ProductName: PowerPlantPortfolio
FirstDeliveryTime: -60
DeliveryIntervalInSteps: 31536000
```

comment

reference

```
#####
# -- Forecast Preparation -- #
#####
- SenderId: *forecaster
ReceiverId: *traders
ProductName: ForecastRequest
FirstDeliveryTime: -26
DeliveryIntervalInSteps: 3600
```

Parameterisation

Schema

Open: examples/Germany2019/schema.yaml

- Defines
 - types of agents
 - their contract products
 - their attributes
 - attribute types
 - if attributes are mandatory / lists
 - attribute value restrictions

```
- Type: EnergyExchange  
  Id: 1  
  Attributes:  
    DistributionMethod: SAME_SHARES  
    GateClosureInfoOffsetInSeconds: 11
```

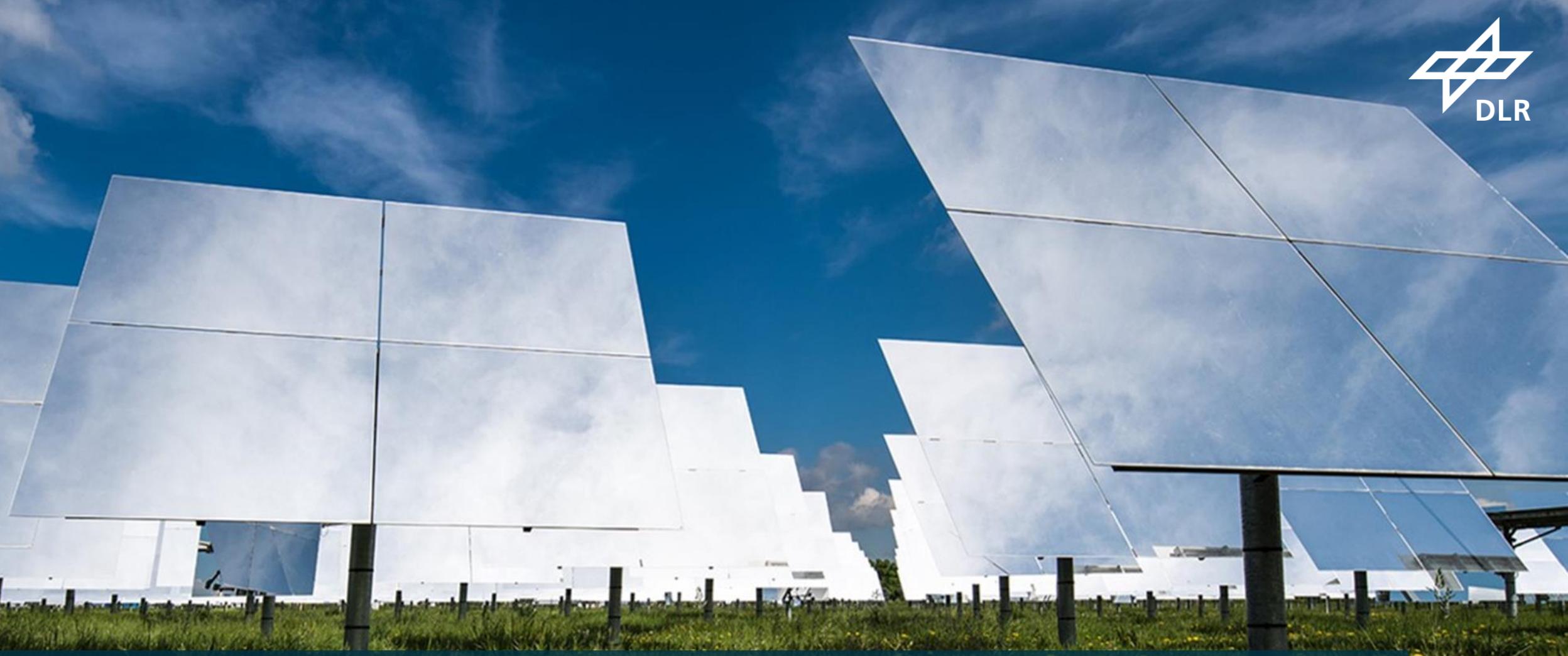
```
AgentTypes:  
EnergyExchange:  
  Attributes:  
    DistributionMethod:  
      AttributeType: enum  
      Mandatory: true  
      List: false  
      Values: [ 'SAME SHARES', 'RANDOMIZE' ]  
    GateClosureInfoOffsetInSeconds:  
      AttributeType: integer  
      List: false  
      Mandatory: true  
  Products: [ 'Awards', 'GateClosureInfo' ]
```



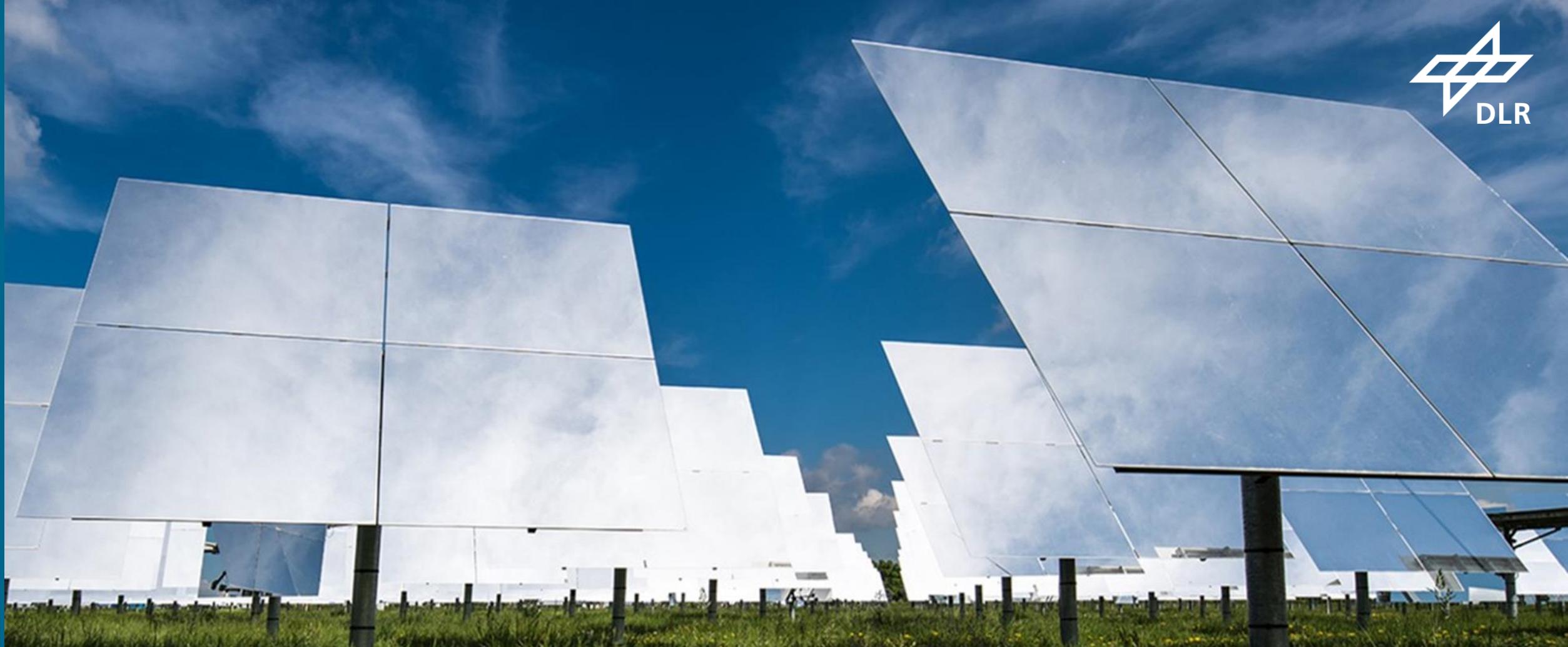
Use to look up agent attributes & related types,
see also <https://gitlab.com/dlr-ve/esy/amiris/amiris-/wikis/Classes/Classes>



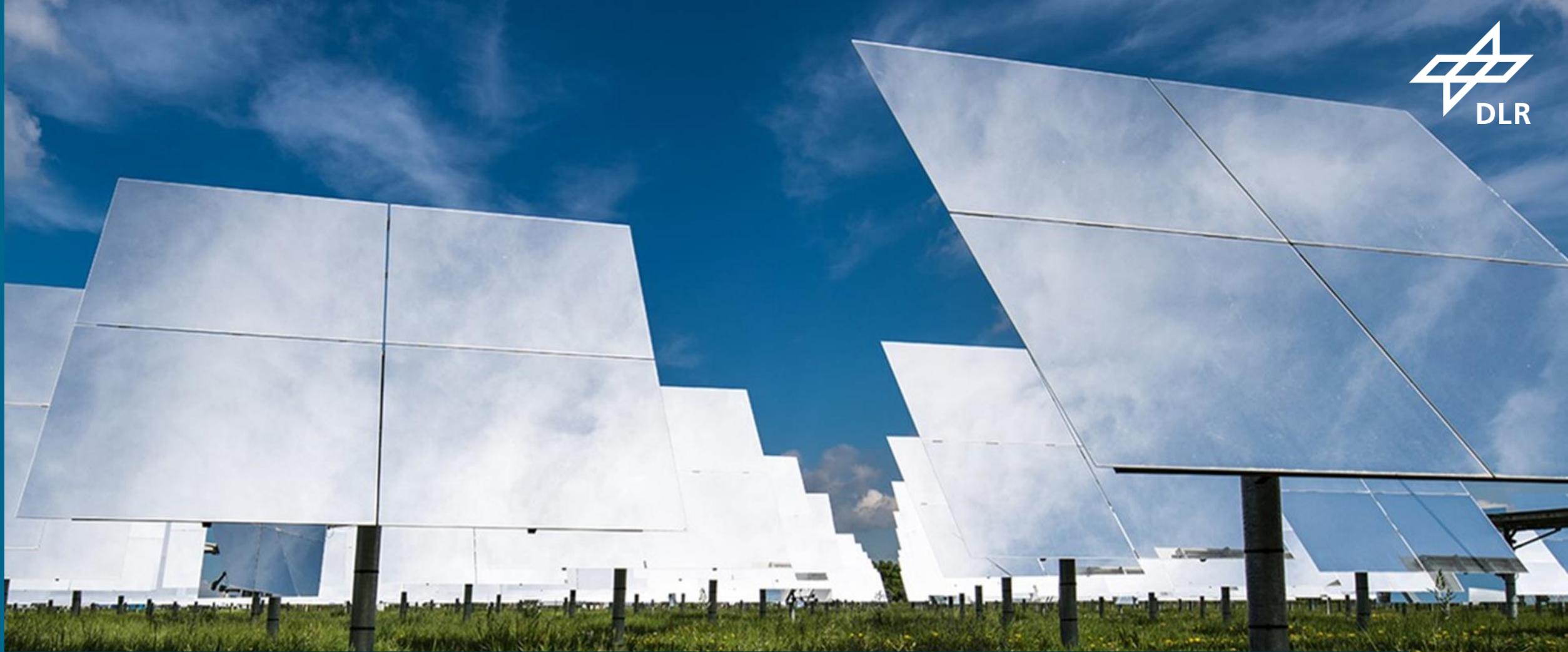
Do not tamper with this – it is derived from Java code
and used to validate scenario inputs.

A wide-angle photograph of a solar farm under a blue sky with scattered white clouds. The solar panels are large, rectangular, and tilted at an angle, reflecting the sunlight. They are arranged in rows across a field of green grass and small yellow flowers.

GERMANY 2019: BASE SCENARIO

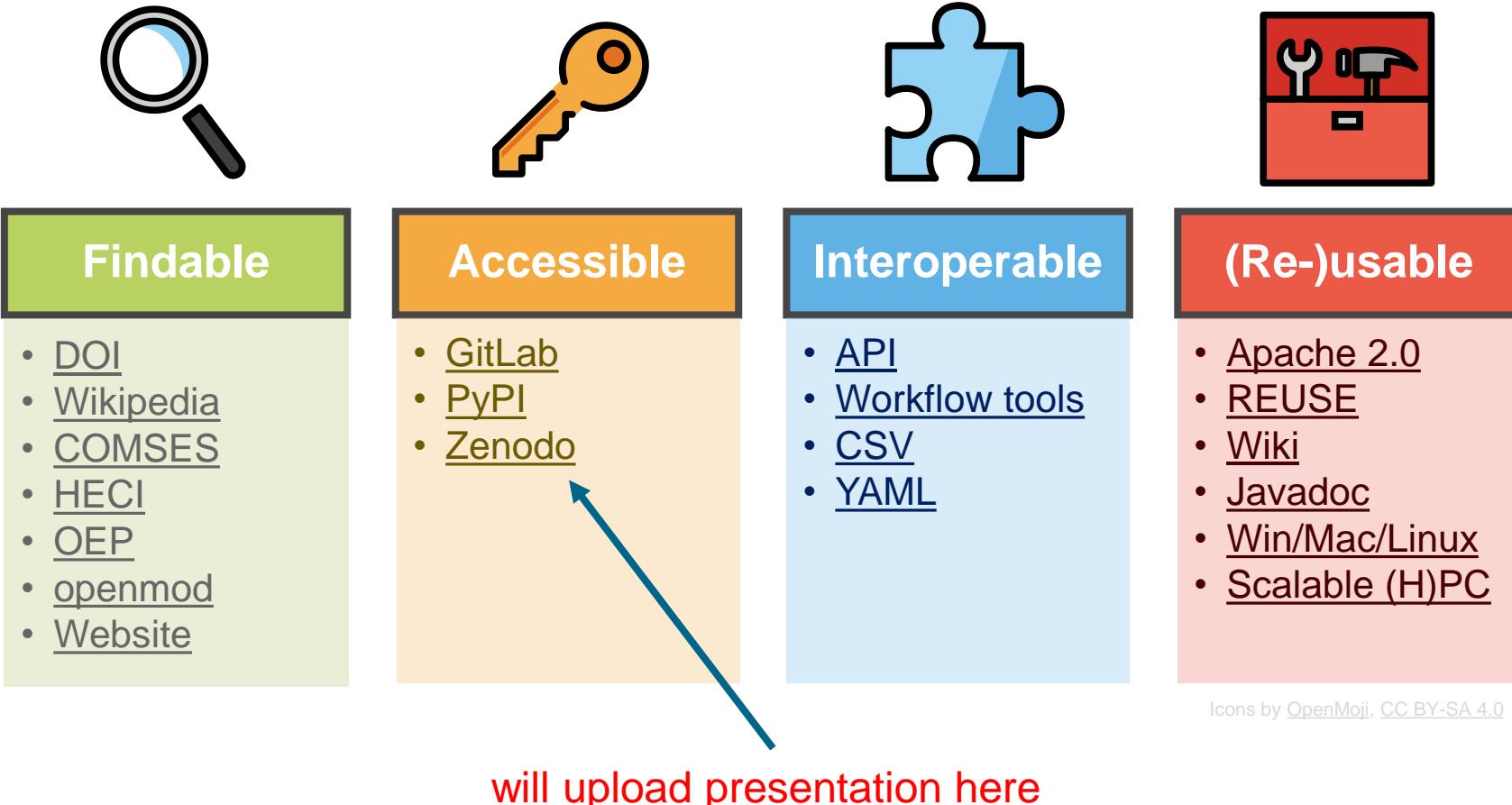


GERMANY 2019: HIGH GAS PRICE

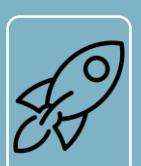


GERMANY 2019: EXTRA PV

FINAL REMARKS



Key Indicators

	Users <ul style="list-style-type: none">• 12 confirmed external user• 4 bugs reported
	PhD candidates <ul style="list-style-type: none">• 4 internal• 3 external
	Visibility <ul style="list-style-type: none">• 14k views on Wikipedia• 9k views on openmod
	Software <ul style="list-style-type: none">• 39 releases• 60k downloads

- Apply to your market zone
- Look at effects of different
 - weather years
 - policy schemes
 - fuel prices
- Assess
 - system cost,
 - market prices
 - agent refinancing

*Comparison of Support Schemes for Renewables: German Case Study of project TradeRES,
Friday, 15:50h, Room 3*

Use AMIRIS



Use AMIRIS

- Report difficulties
- Ask questions in forum
- Create / publish scenarios
- Cite AMIRIS at [JOSS](#)

Make us enhance AMIRIS

- Report issues / bugs
- Post ideas in forum
- Make feature requests

Enhance AMIRIS yourself

- Improve / modify agents
- Sign Contributor License Agreement
- Make pull requests

Get in contact: amiris@dlr.de

*Ask us **questions!***

Join forces with us in a project!

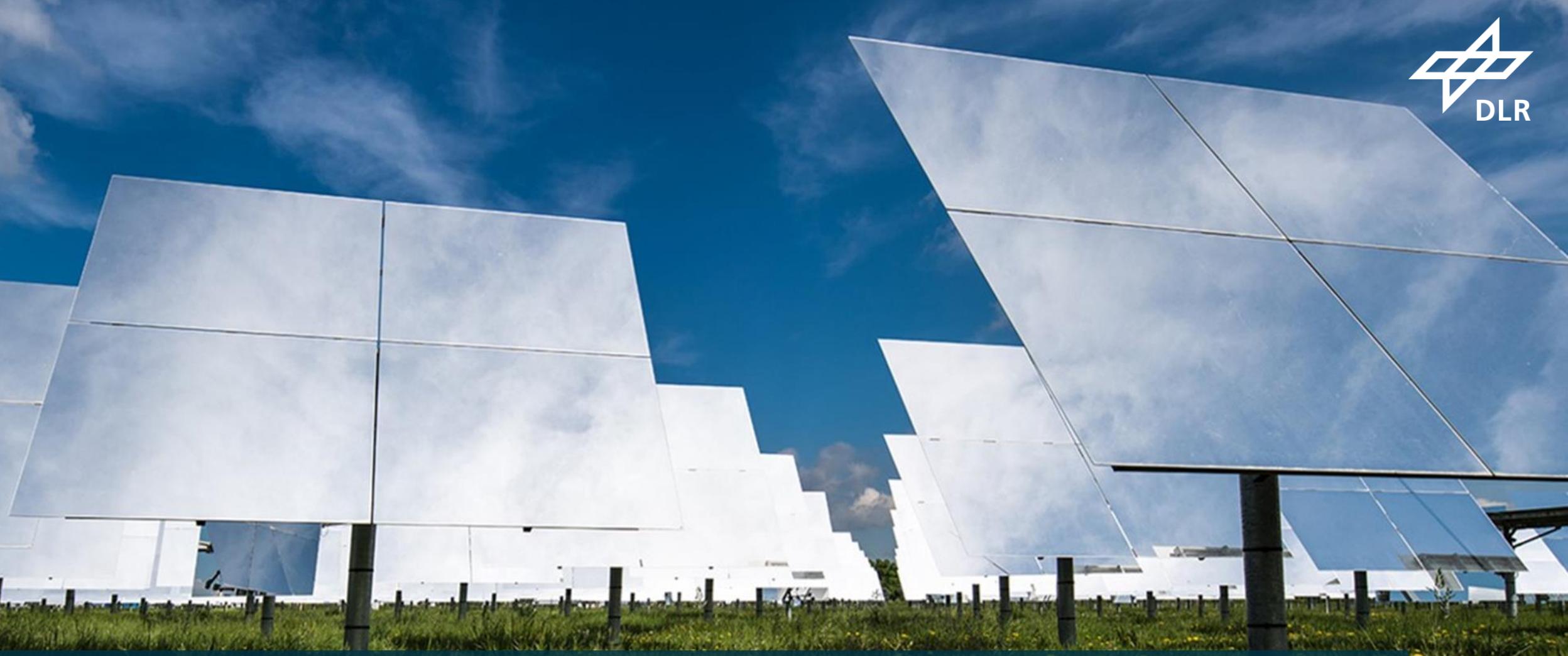
*Discuss modelling **ideas!***

*Get **insights** on latest projects!*

*Collaborate with us on **extensions!***

Visit our website



A wide-angle photograph of a solar farm under a blue sky with scattered white clouds. The solar panels are large, rectangular, and tilted at an angle, reflecting the sky. They are mounted on black metal poles and are set against a backdrop of green grass and small yellow flowers.

YOUR OPINION?

Imprint



Topic: Skill Workshop: AMIRIS
Date: October 5th 2023
Author: Christoph Schimeczek
Institute: Institute of Networked Energy Systems
Images: DLR (CC BY-NC-ND 3.0)