



ENERWING – Innovative Airborne Wind Energy Systems

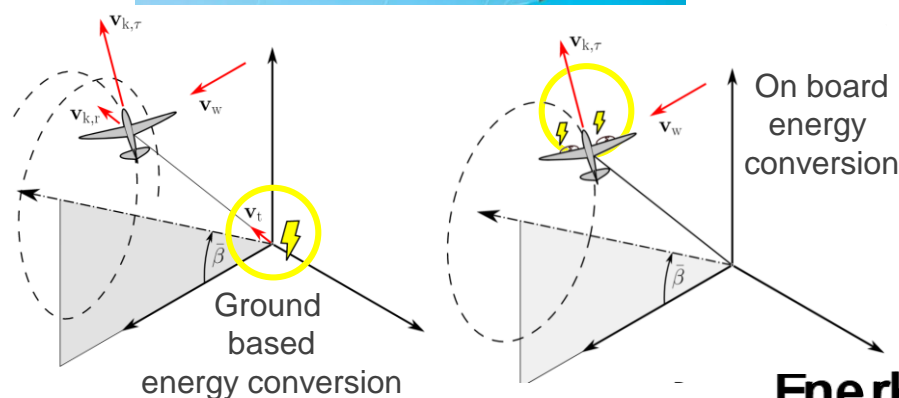
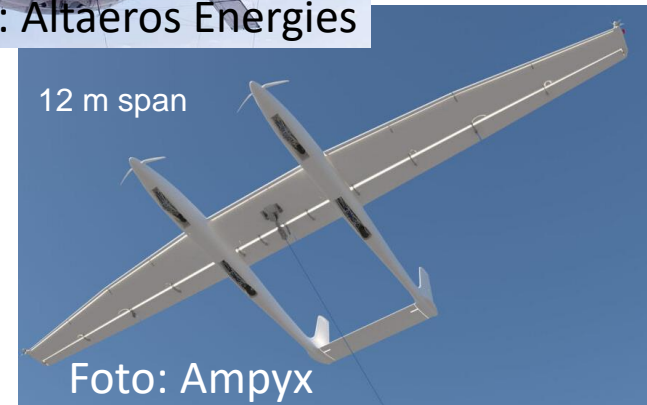
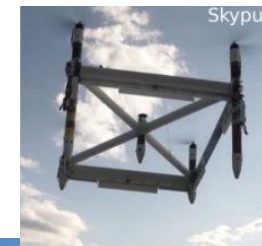
F. Breipohl

M. Kleineberg





Airborne Wind Energy (AWE) Systems



ENERWING – Wind Energy Harvesting with an Airborne Platform

ENERWING



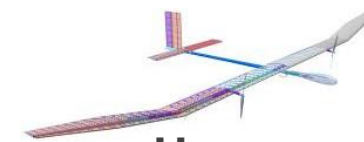
Wind Turbine



500kW Wind Energy Turbine with 3 GFRP rotor blades and conventional generator

- Robustness
- Cost Efficiency
- Typ. Elevation 100 m

Characteristics



Unmanned Aerial Vehicles



Energy autarkic High Altitude Platform prototype with solar cells and Li-Ion batteries

- Extreme Weight Demands
- Air Worthiness
- Operating Hight: 20.000 m

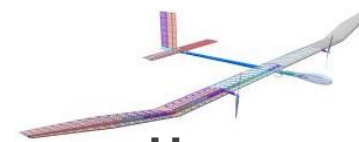
ENERWING – Wind Energy Harvesting with an Airborne Platform

ENERWING

Design / Manufacturing



Wind Turbine



Unmanned Aerial Vehicles



- Bonded GFRP-sandwich shells & GFRP-spar
- Shells and spars produced in resin infusion technology

- Bonded sandwich ribs and tubular spar elements
- Machined sandwich panels
- Prepreg-layup spars

ENERWING – Wind Energy Harvesting with an Airborne Platform

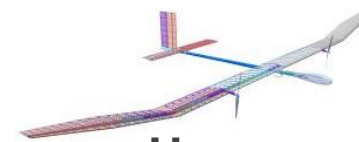
ENERWING



Wind Turbine



Key Performance Indicators



Unmanned Aerial Vehicles



- Mass: 1.800 kg, 20 m blade
- Power output: 3 x 167 kW (three blades)
- Production cost: ca. 10 €/kg (series production)
- Lifetime: ca. 20 years

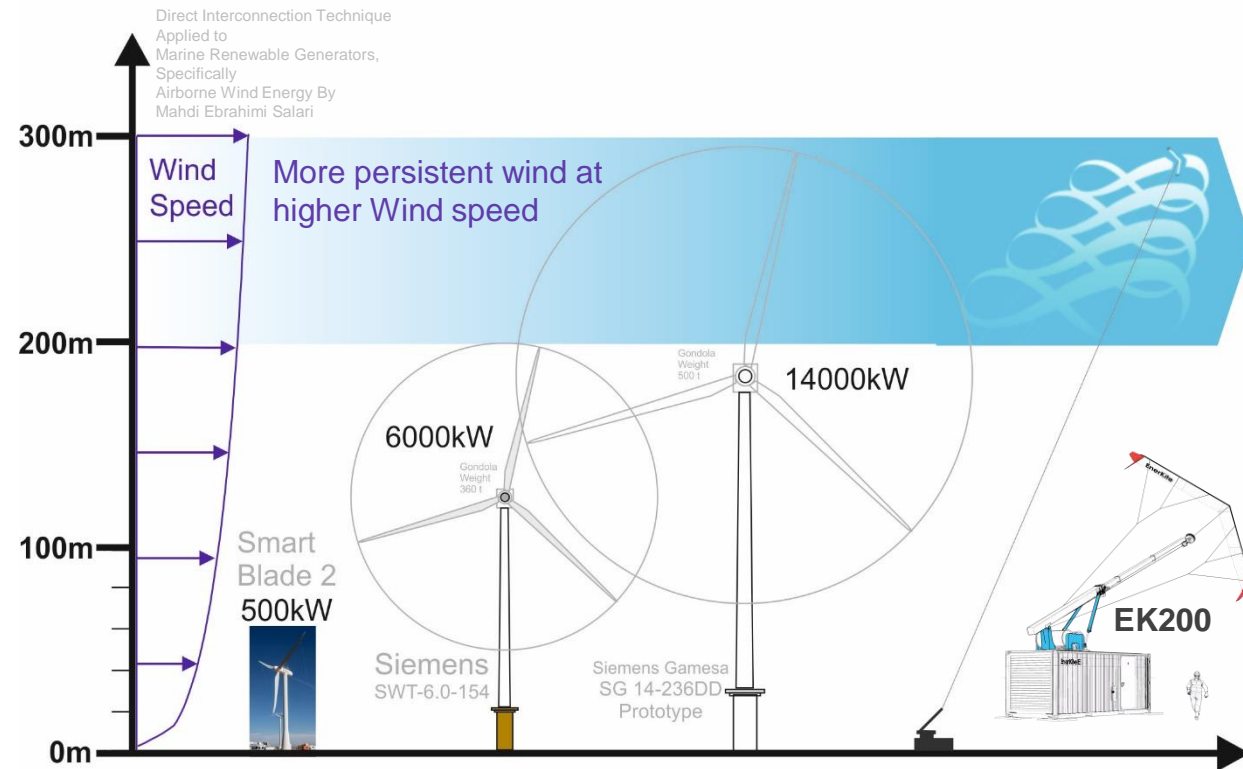
- Mass: 36 kg, 27 m wing
(Mass of solar cells (ca. 8 kg) & batteries not included)
- Solar power output: 8 kW
- Production cost: >10.000 €/kg
- Lifetime: *“we will see ...”*



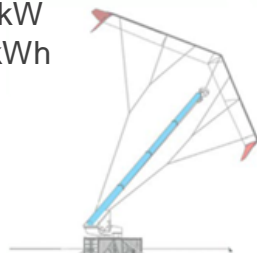


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ENERWING – Status & Perspective



EK1M
500 kW
5ct/kWh



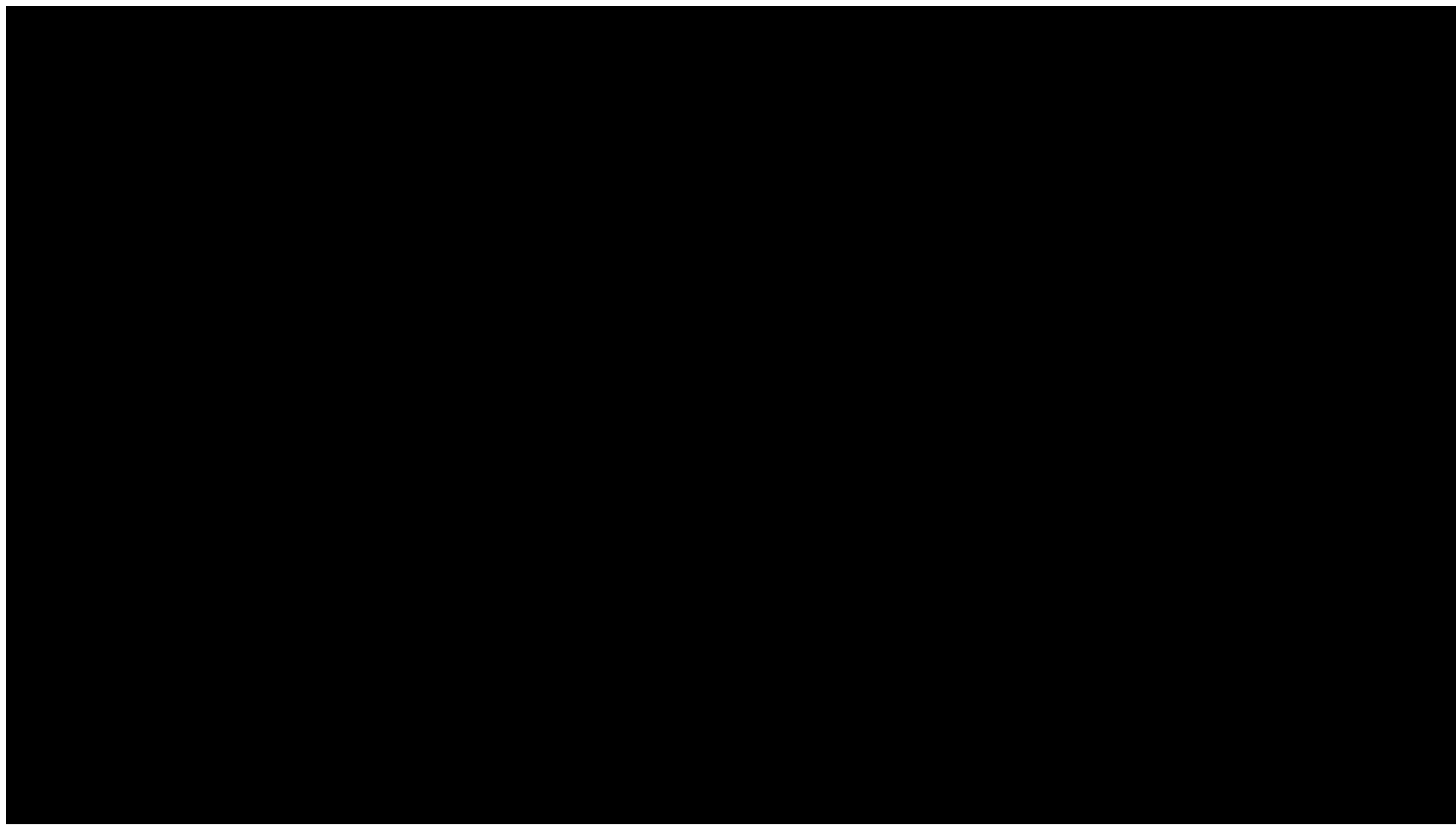
EK4M
2000kW
3ct/kWh



Nominal Power: 100 kW
Wing: 30 sqm
Energy gen. cost: 9 ct/kWh
Form Factor: 20 ft Cont.
Mass: 12,5 t

ENERWING – Status & Perspective

ENERWING



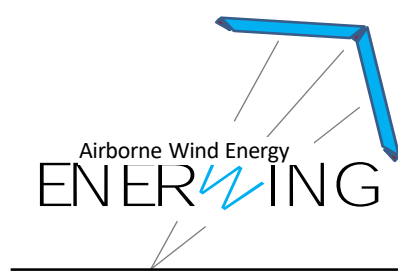
**1 Harvest + Retraction Cycle
per minute**

420.480 Cyc./year

4.204.800 Cyc./Lifetime

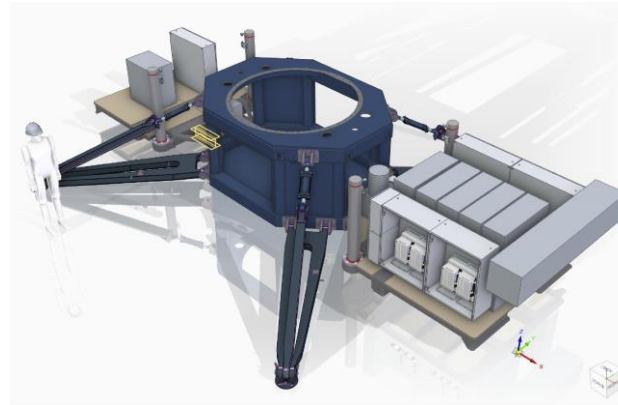
Ready for Product-Development

Technical proof of concept – fully autonomous operation 2021 -2022



Test System

EK30 30 kW 2012 - 2022

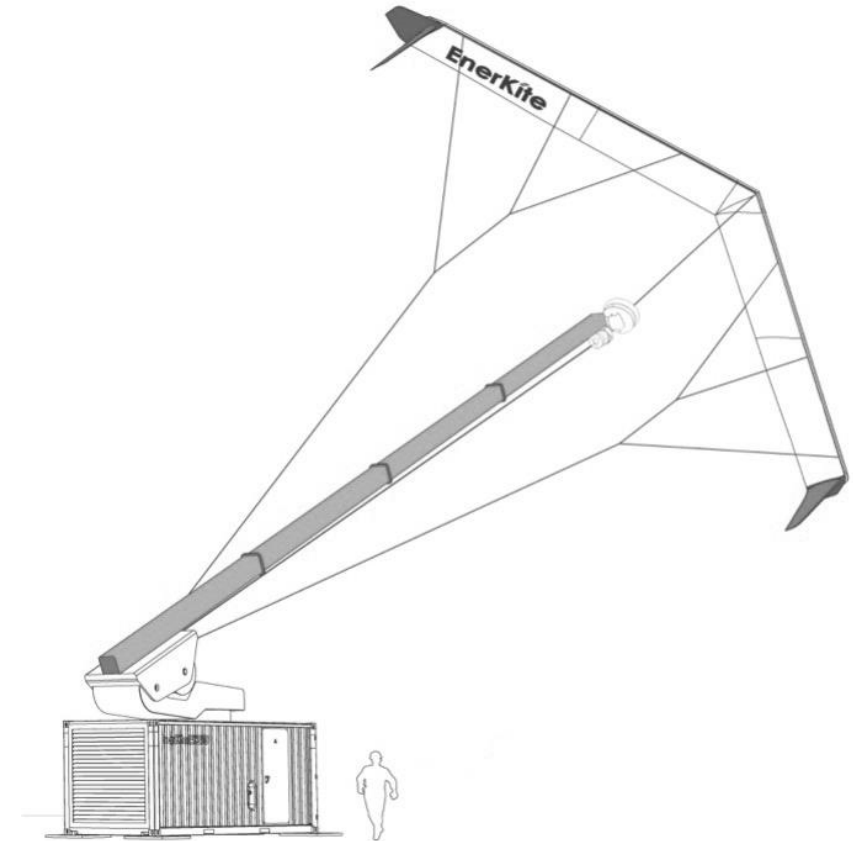


Prototype

EK30 V3 2023

EK200 P

100 kW 2024



Series Product

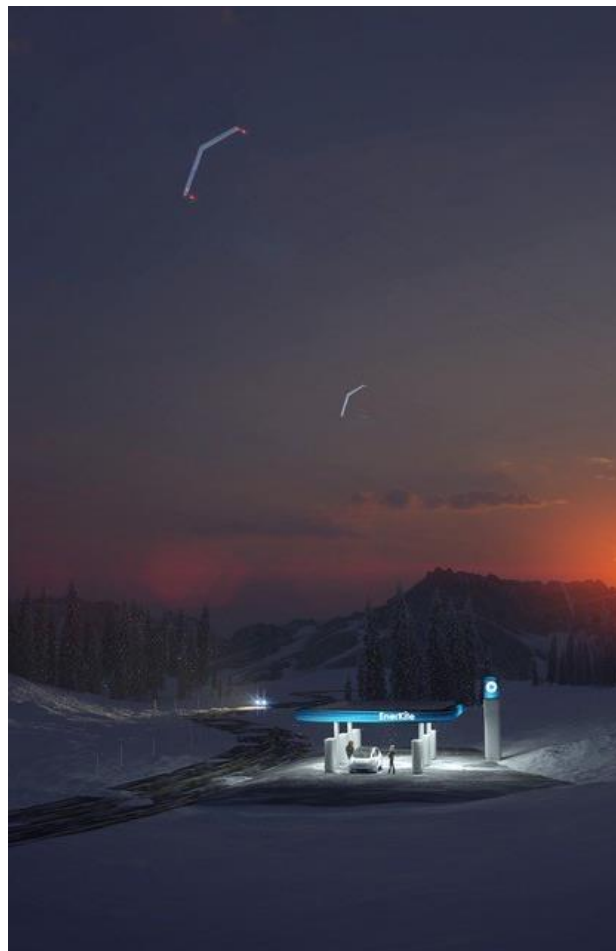
EK 200 100 kW 2026

ENERWING – Application (Huge Market potential)



The three relevant target markets for the 100kW-EnerKite system are:

- **Self supply** – Pilotproject at an organic farming operation in Brandenburg
- **Micro-Grids** – Pilotproject with e.disnatur in Brandenburg
- **E-Mobility** – Pilotproject with VW Elli



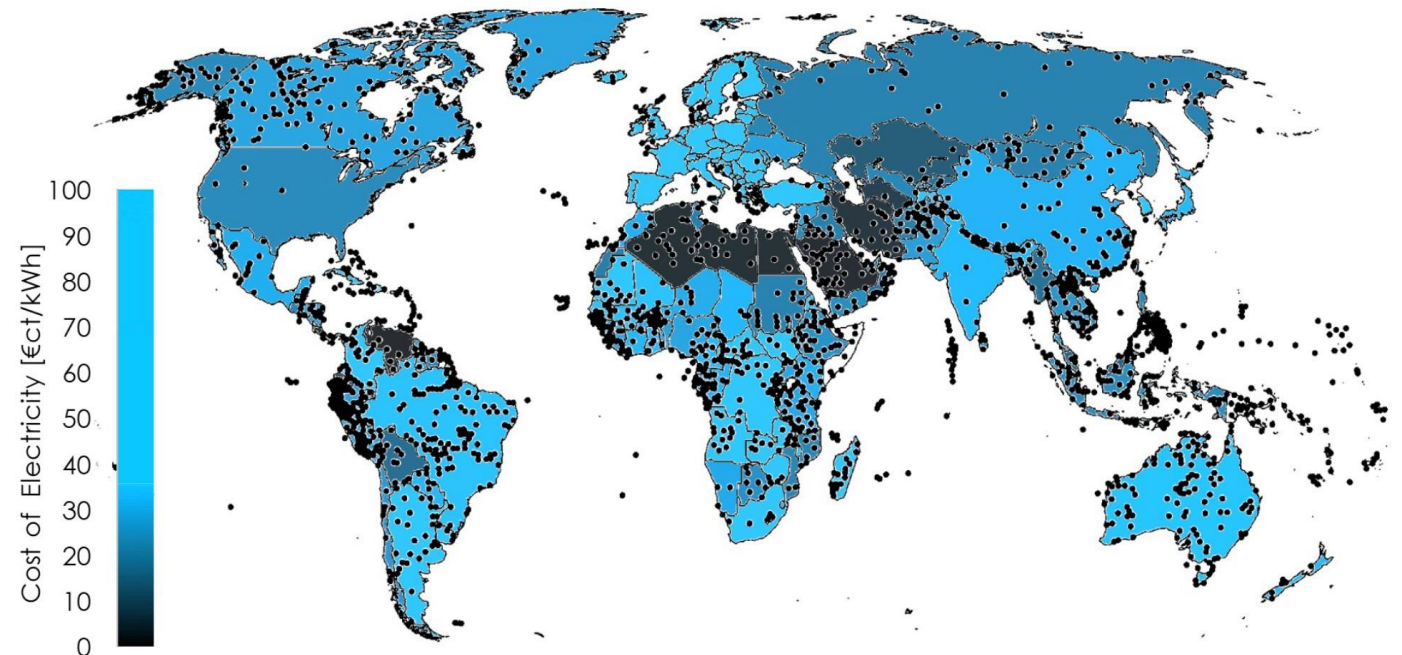
ENERWING – Application (Huge Market potential)

John Deere:

Werk Mannheim

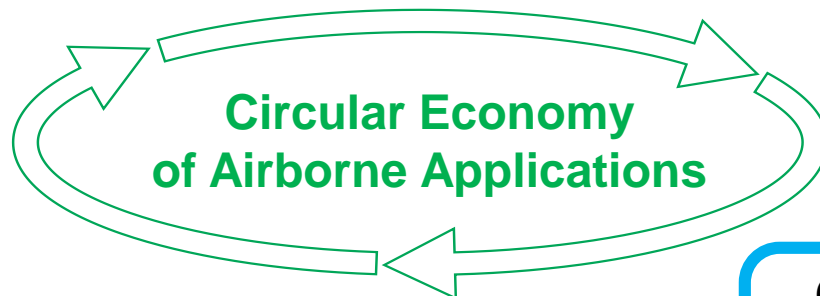
- 3.200 Workers
- 40.000 Tractors/Year
- Bis zu 180 Tractors /Day
- Motors from France
- Cabins from Bruchsal/Germany
- Up to 30.000 Parts per tractor
- Duration of Assembly 4h

Mini Grids only: 220 Bn. \$ in 12 y to 2030





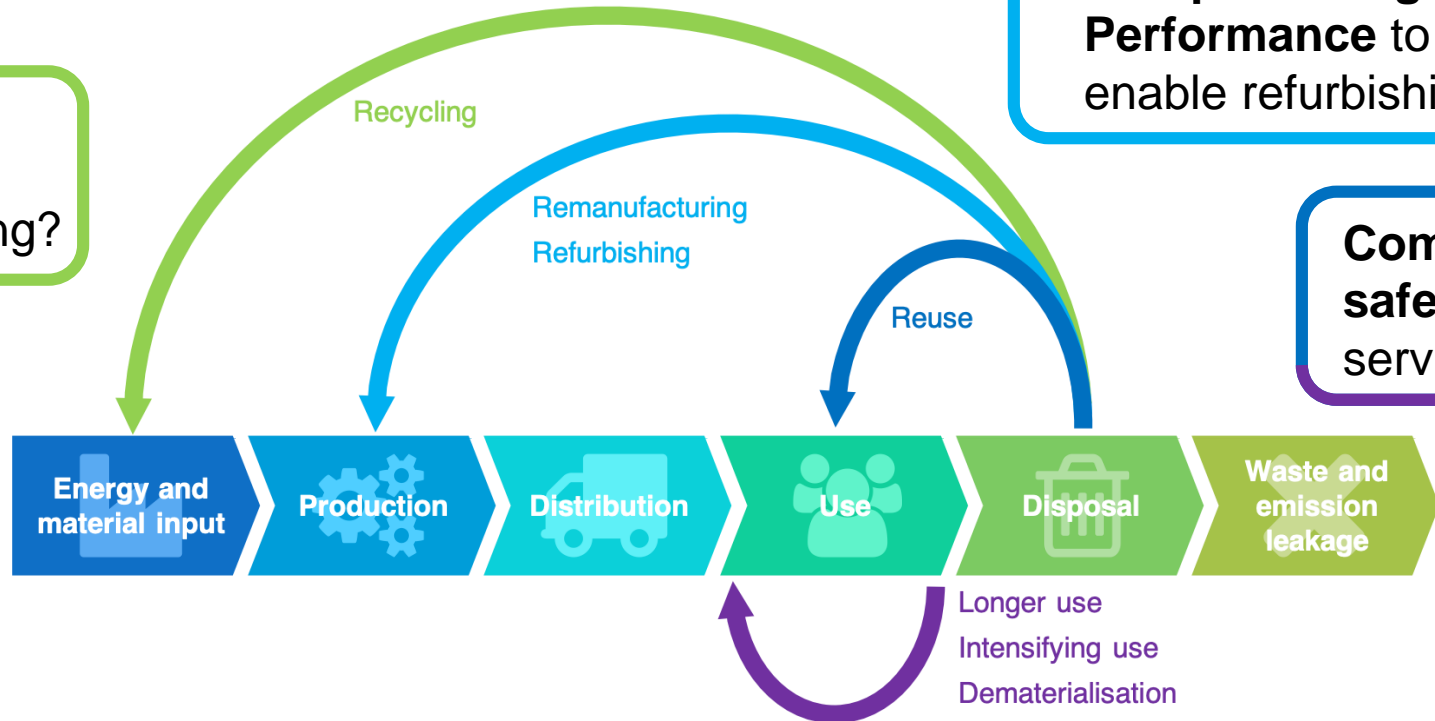
ENERWING – Sustainable Composite Wing Structure



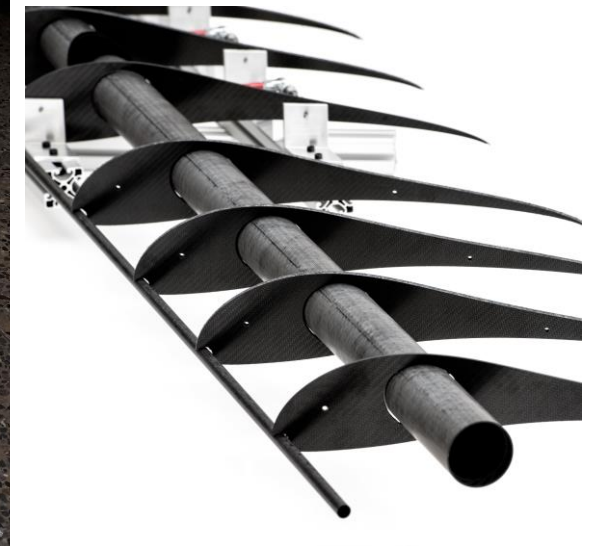
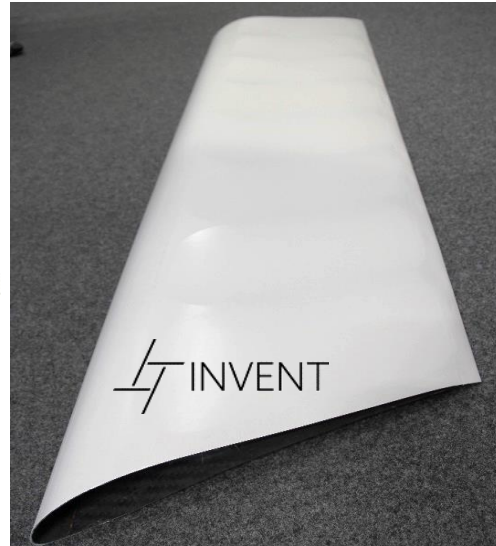
“Re”-cycling
or
“Down”-cycling?

Compromising
Performance to
enable refurbishing?

Compromising
safety due to unknow
service history?



ENERWING – First Prototypes

“Integral-Monocoque Design”:

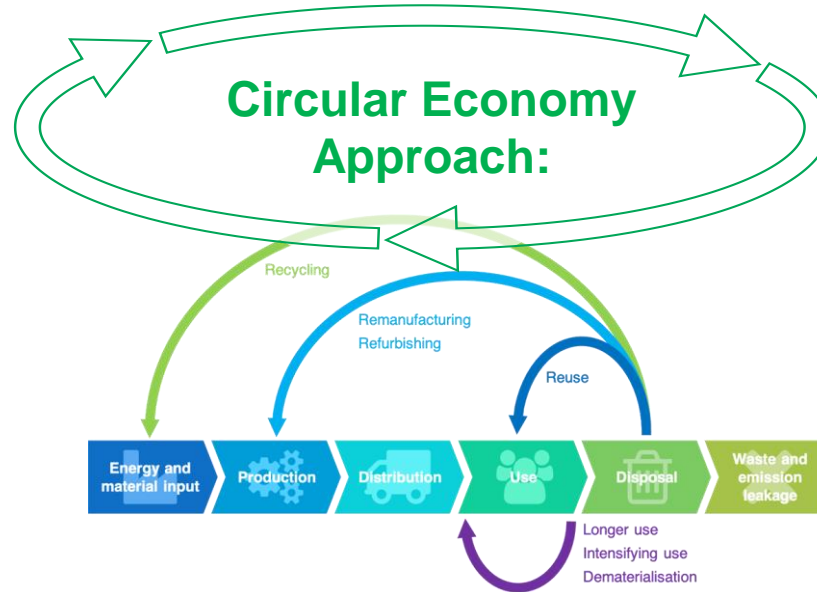
- Full exploitation of composite 3D-shaping advantage enables robust, light weight design
- Precise aerodynamic shape at the sensitive leading edge

“Differential Spar & Rib Design”:

- Standard tube and plain sandwich-panels can be produced in a cost efficient way
- Semi-finished products and airfoil design can easily be varied adapted and scaled
- No extensive tooling required



ENERWING – First Prototypes



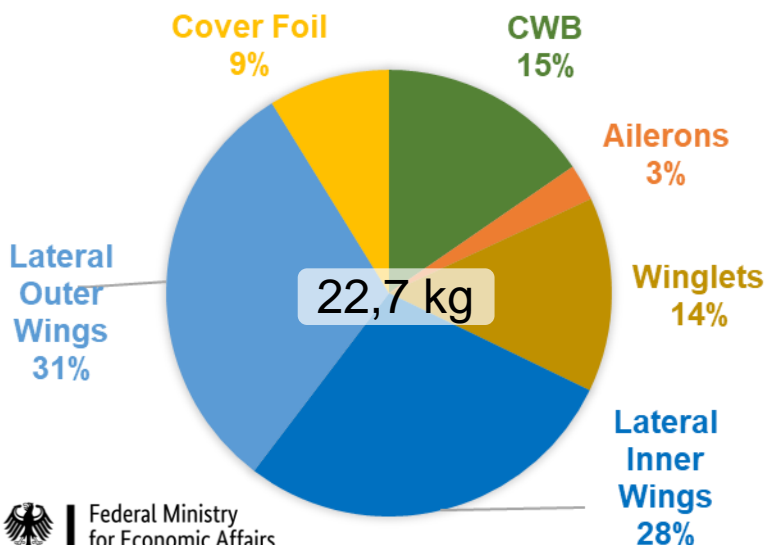
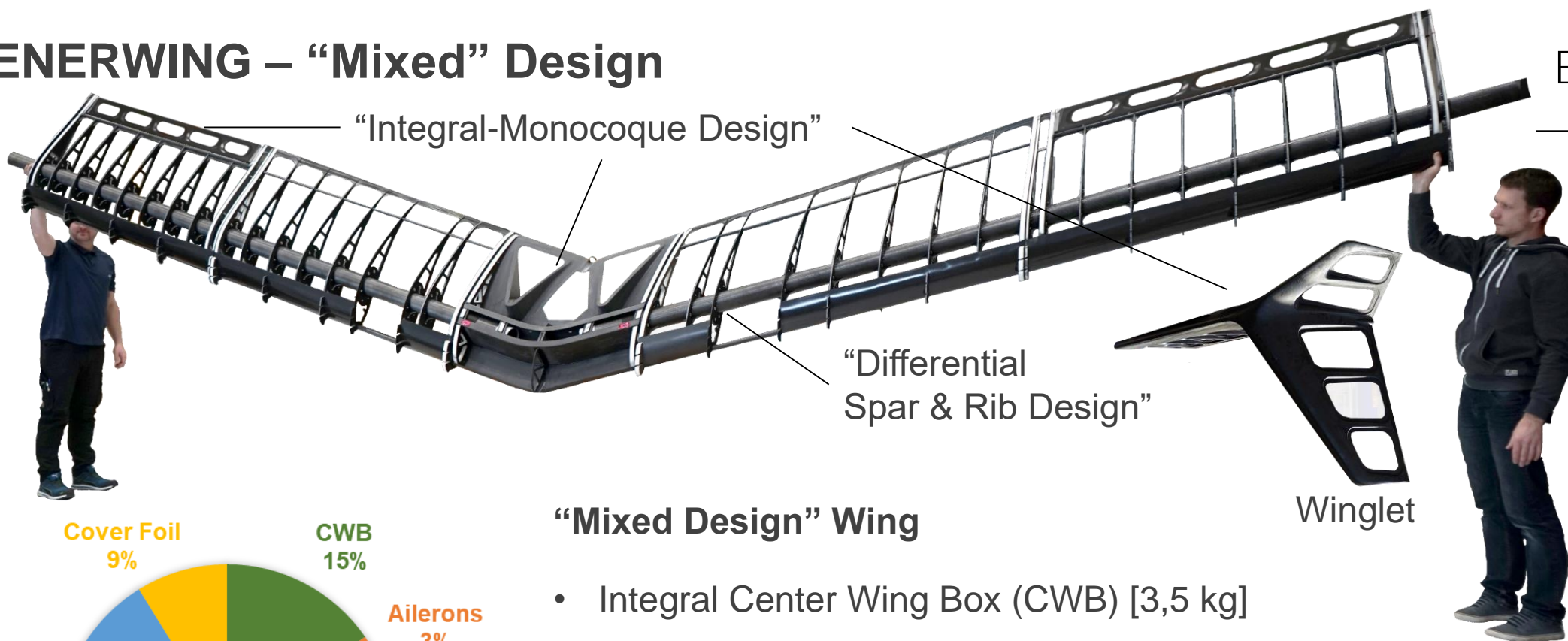
“Integral-Monoqoque Design”:

Aerodynamically efficient wing to maximise energy harvesting → opt. Utilisation

“Differential Spar & Rib Design”:

Energy efficient, automated production of simple standard components → opt. Production

ENERWING – “Mixed” Design



“Mixed Design” Wing

- Integral Center Wing Box (CWB) [3,5 kg]
- Integral ailerons [2 x 0,3 kg] & winglets [2 x 1,6 kg]
- Differential inner lateral wing segments [2 x 3,2 kg]
- Differential outer lateral wing segments with ailerons [2 x 3,5 kg]
- Aerodynamic Cover Foil [2,0 kg]

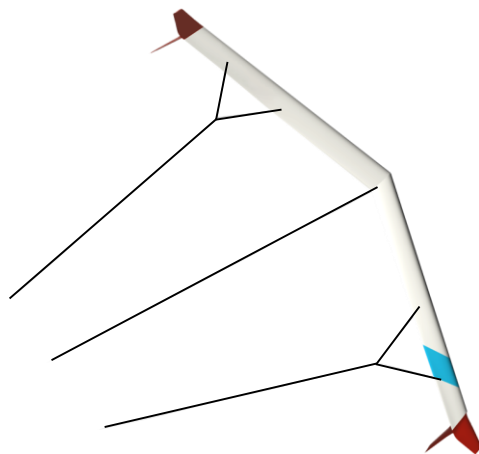
ENERWING – “Mixed” Design



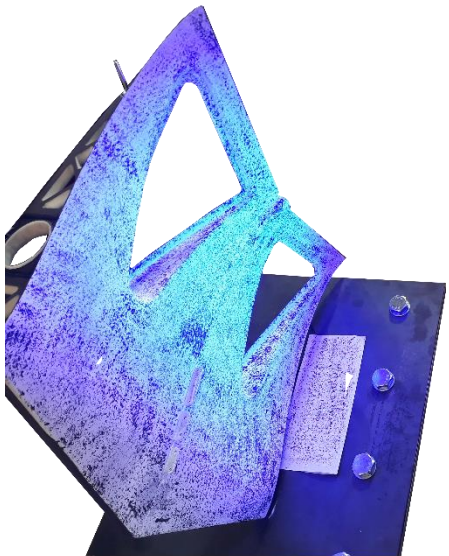
Critical Wing Details

Differential outer lateral wing

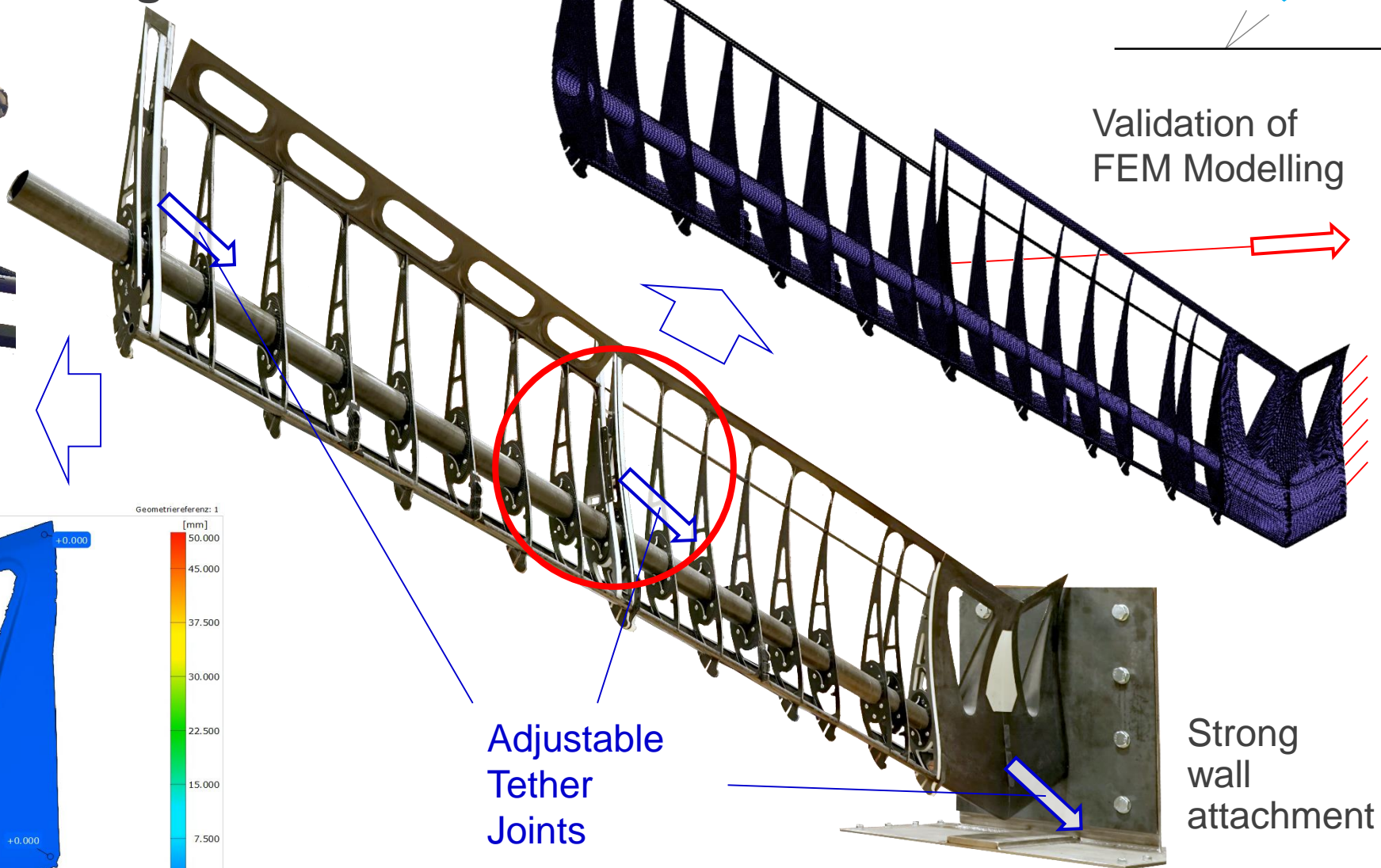
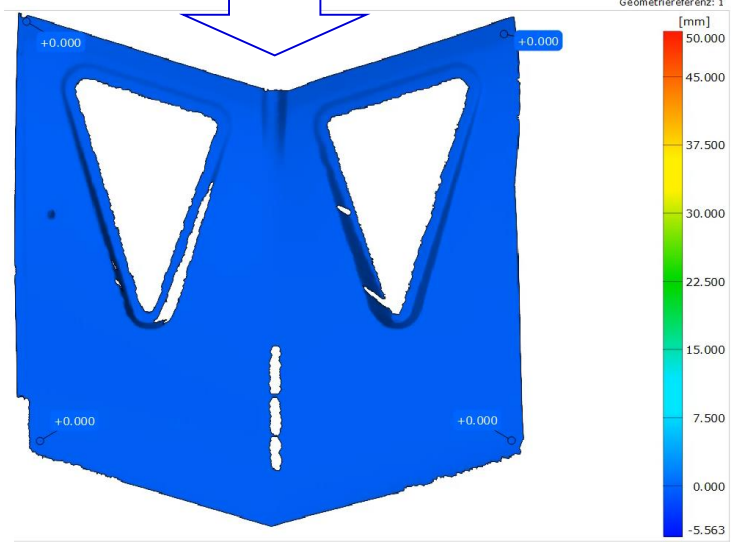
- Slat attachment / foil cover
- Spar to rib attachment
- Aileron bearing
- Trailing edge reinforcement
- Adjustable tether joint



ENERWING – “Mixed” Design



GOM ARAMIS Analyses



Validation of FEM Modelling

Adjustable Tether Joints

Strong wall attachment



ENERWING

ENERWING – Fully integral Monocoque - Gridshell

“Fully Integral-Monocoque Design” Wing

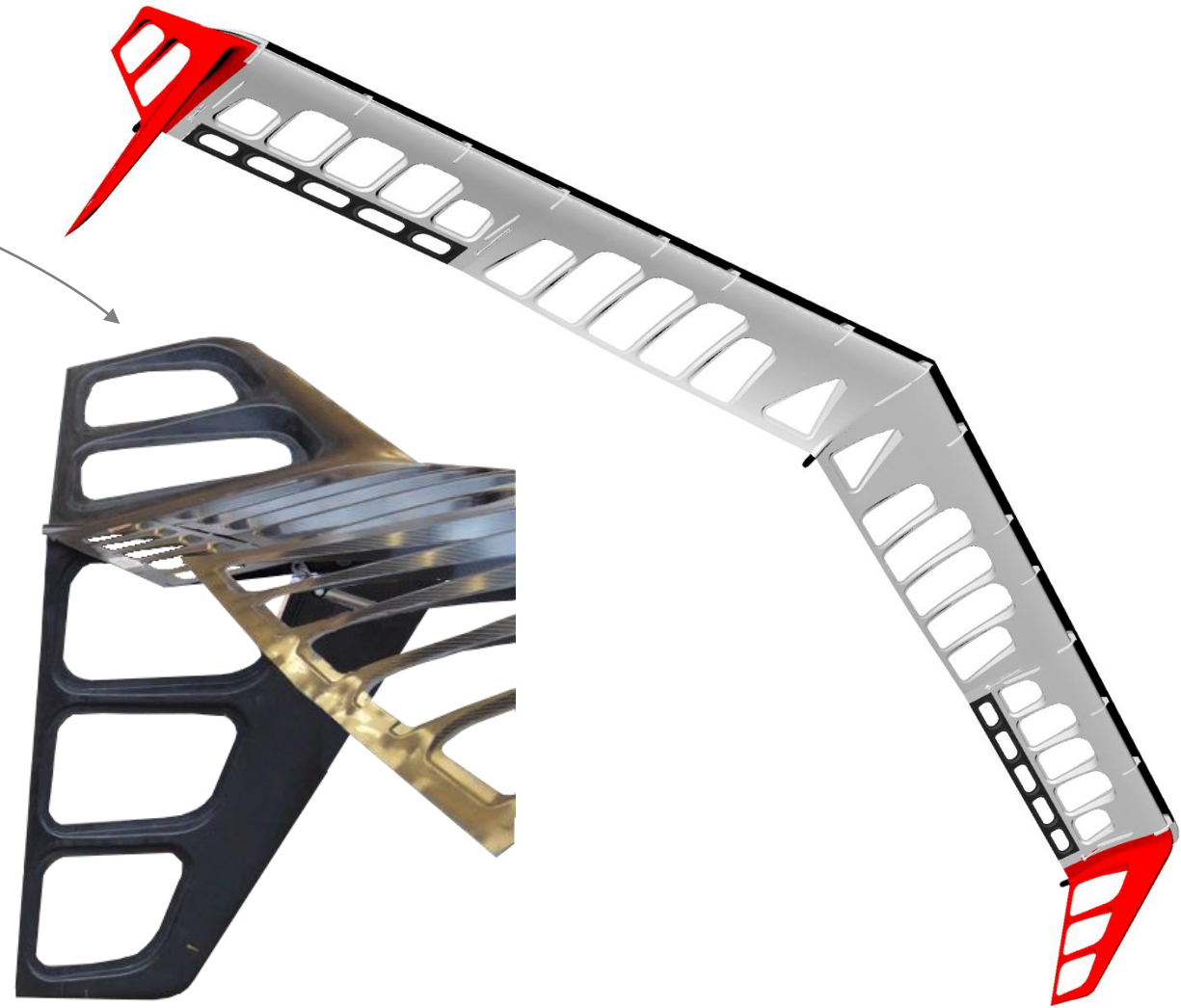
Center Wing Box

Segment 1

Segment 2

Winglet

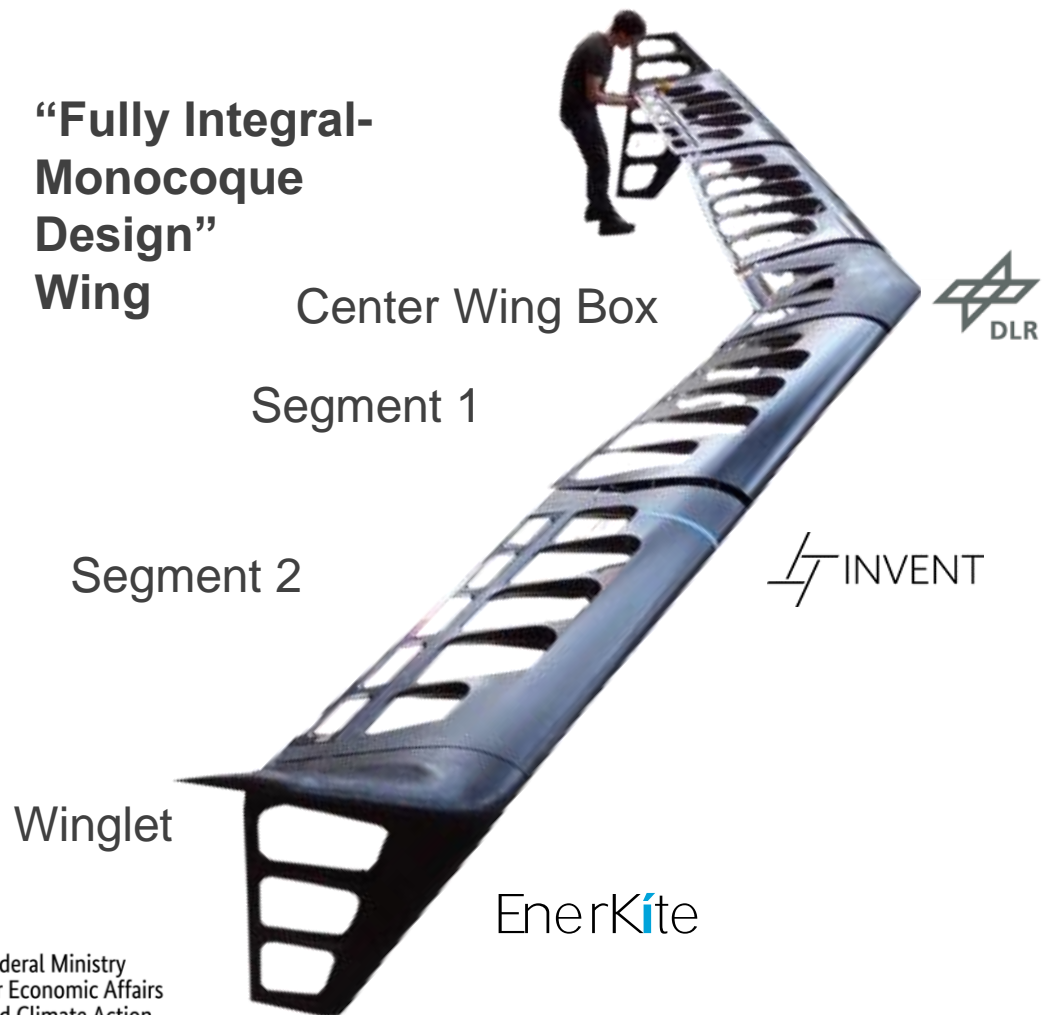
EnerKite



ENERWING – Fully integral Monocoque - Gridshell

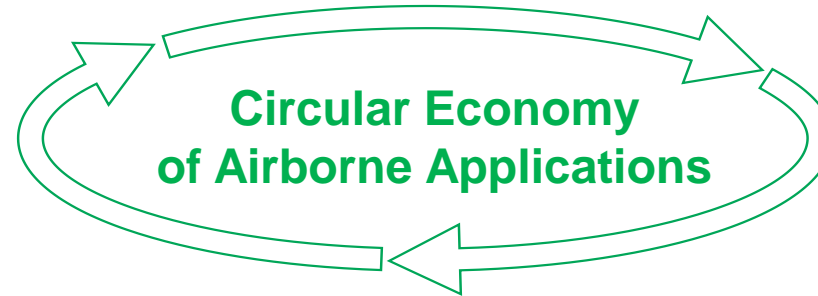


“Fully Integral-
Monocoque
Design”
Wing



- High stability and robustness with minimum structural mass
- Increased durability by reduction of components, joints and stress points
- Minimisation of material, glue, assembly time (and hence cost)
- Simplification of the bonding process and bonding paths
- Large optimization potential, by varying geometry and layup.

ENERWING – Conclusion



- “Defying Gravity” leaves **little space for ideological compromises** but **strengthening renewable energy sources is inevitable**
- Considering “Circular Economy” right from the start will **challenge frozen design principles** and can lead to significantly more sustainable and efficient applications
- **Monitoring the operational history** of the wing structure (Digital Twin) provides a bases for a lifetime extension
- **A straight forward design** and **continuous structural improvement** (e.g. based on Digital Twin data) will maximise material utilisation

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ENERWING

Thank you very much for your attention!

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