

INTRODUCTION TO PERIDIGM - INTEGRATION OF PERIDYNAMIC METHODS INTO AN HPC CAPABLE FRAMEWORK

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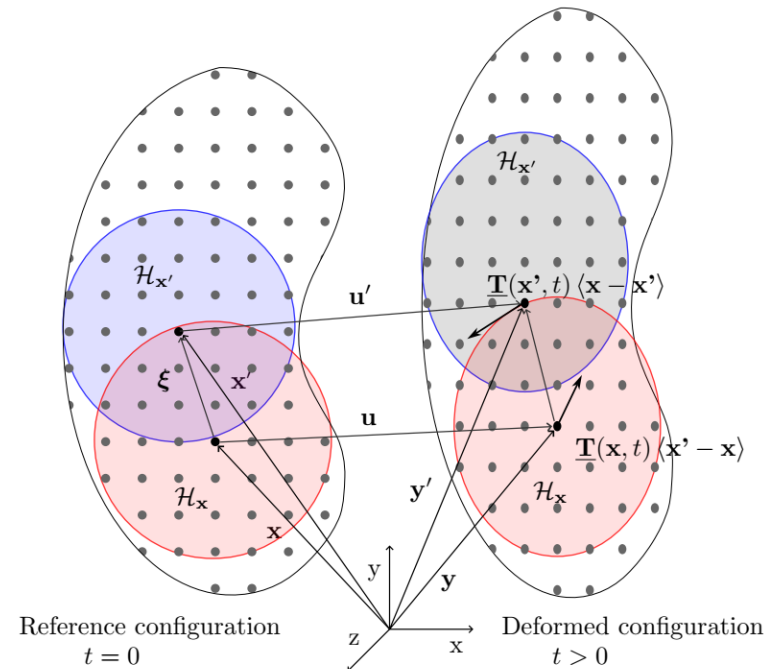


Numerical PD modelling

$$\int_H [\underline{\mathbf{T}}(\mathbf{x}, t) \langle \mathbf{x}' - \mathbf{x} \rangle - \underline{\mathbf{T}}(\mathbf{x}', t) \langle \mathbf{x} - \mathbf{x}' \rangle] dV + \mathbf{b} = \rho \ddot{\mathbf{u}}$$

Time integration

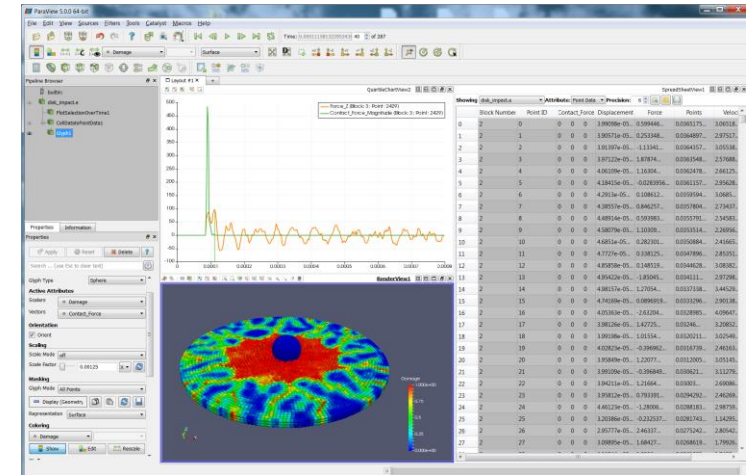
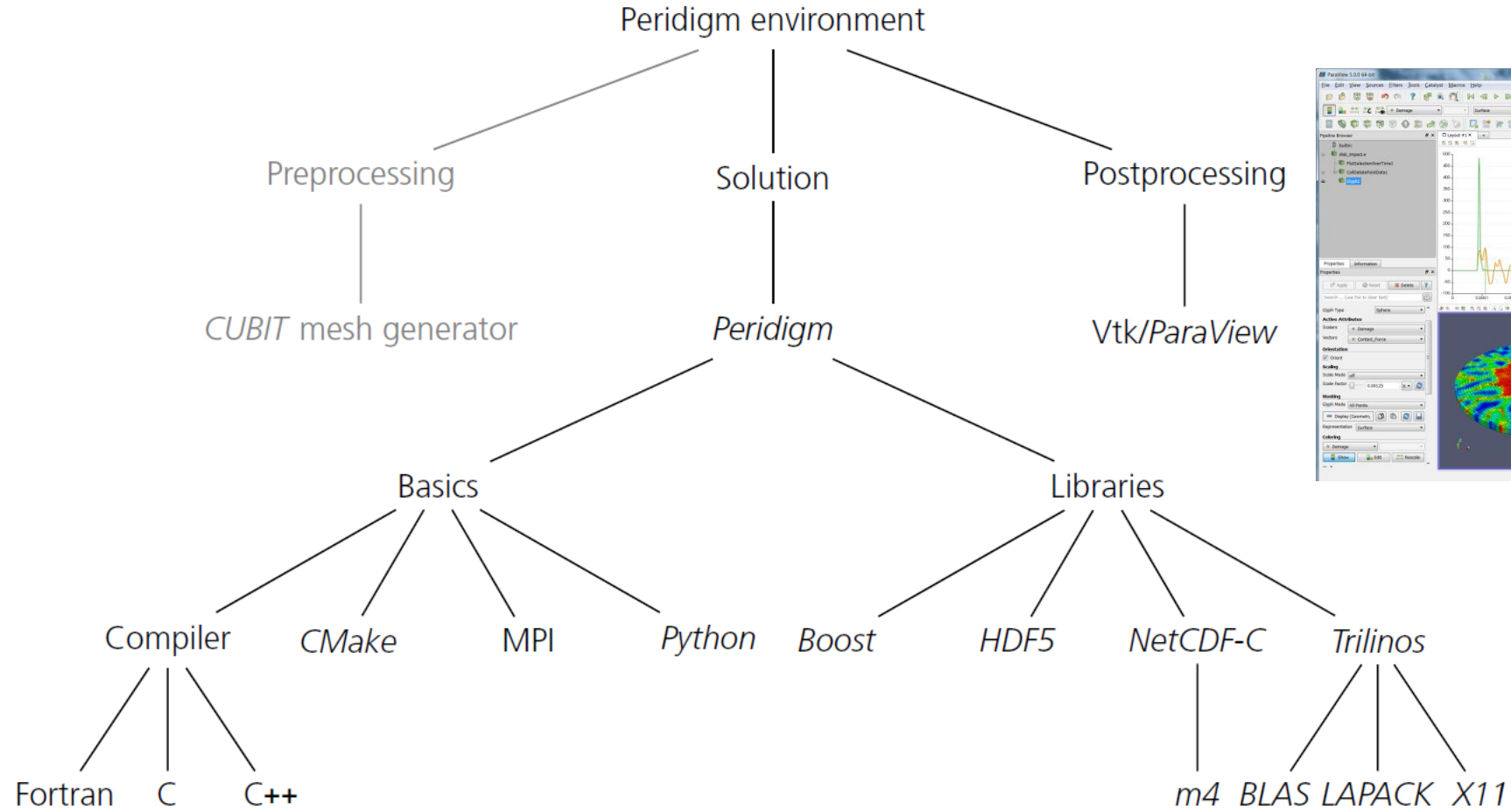
Spatial modeling



- Non-local mesh free approach
- Fracture is realized by disconnecting interactions
- Simpler discretization, but loss of information (surfaces, edge, etc.)

Name	Focus	Language	Maturity level	License
PeriPy	bond-based	Python	medium	MIT
PeriDem	Digital image correlation	C++, Python	low	
PeriPyDIC	2D	Python	low	BSL
PeriPyVFM	Virtual field	Python	low	GPLv3.0
BB_PD	2D, bond-based,	Matlab, C	low-medium	no defined
LAMMPS	Molecular dynamics, bond-based	Python	low	GPLv2
PeriFlakes	2D, coupling FEM	Python, C	low	GPLv3.0
NLMech	2D	C++	medium	
Relation-Based Software	ordinary state-based, bond-based	C++	medium	MIT
EMU	3D, multiphysics, large scale problems	Fortran	high	closed source
Peridigm	3D, multiphysics, large scale problems	C, C++	high	BSD
PeriHub	2D & 3D, Extension of Peridigm	C, C++	high	BSD

Peridigm



How to

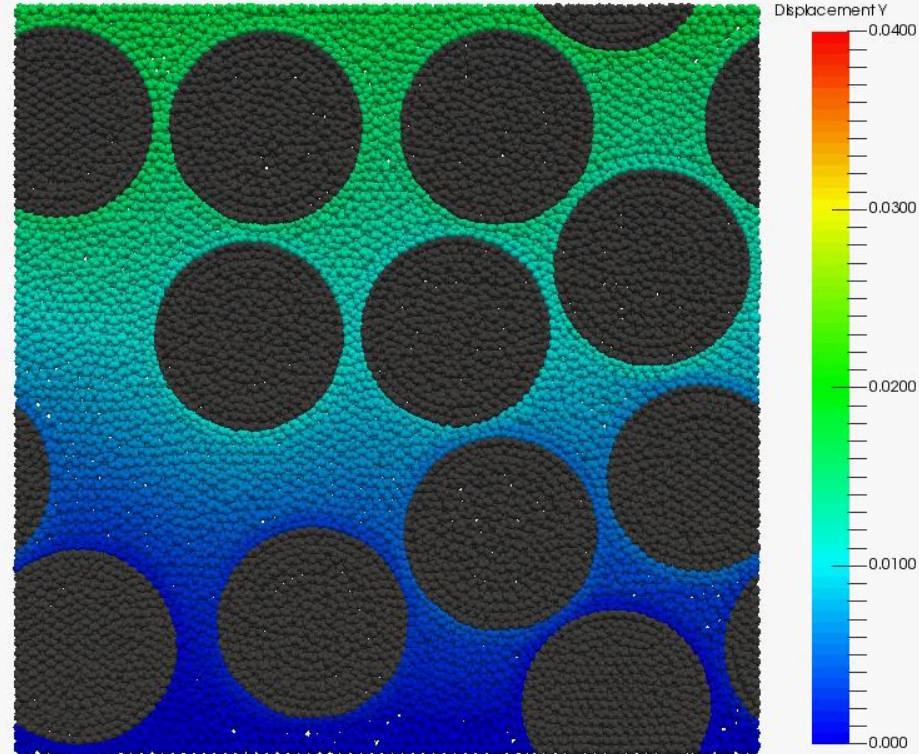
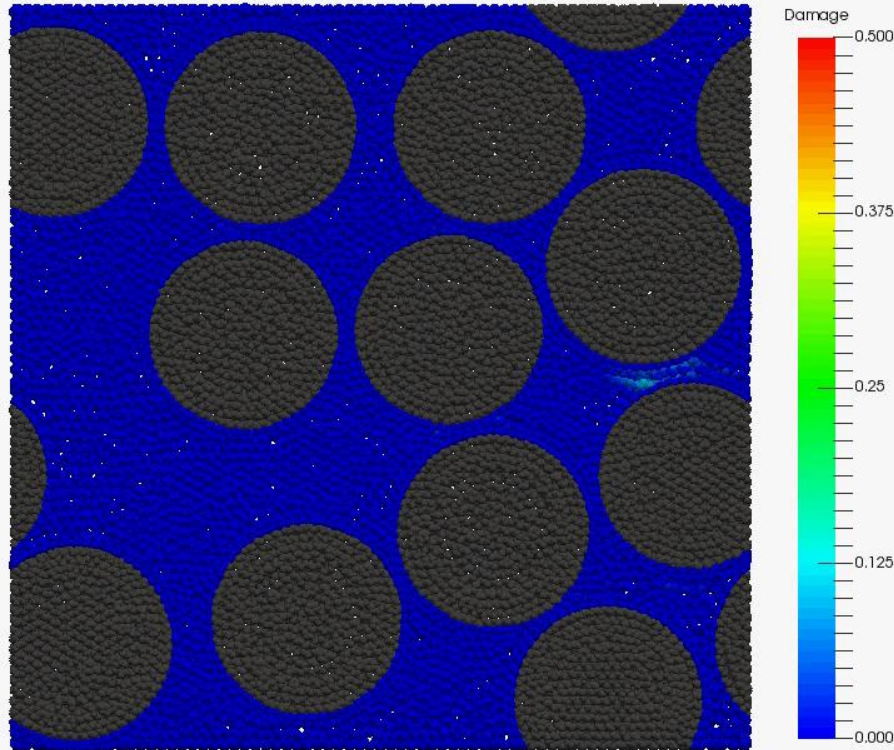
initialization;

up
fo

en

syr

timeIntegrationInGlobalVector;



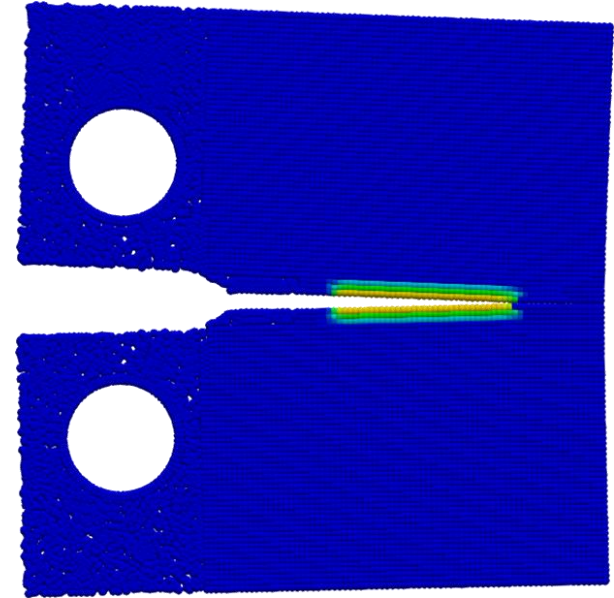
Input



- Exodus FEM standard (binary or ascii) or text based
 - Mesh type influences some options
- Text file input
 - # x y z block_id volume
 - Extensions
 - # x y z block_id volume angle_x angle_y angle_z time
- Yaml or xml
 - Defines blocks, material, solver, etc.

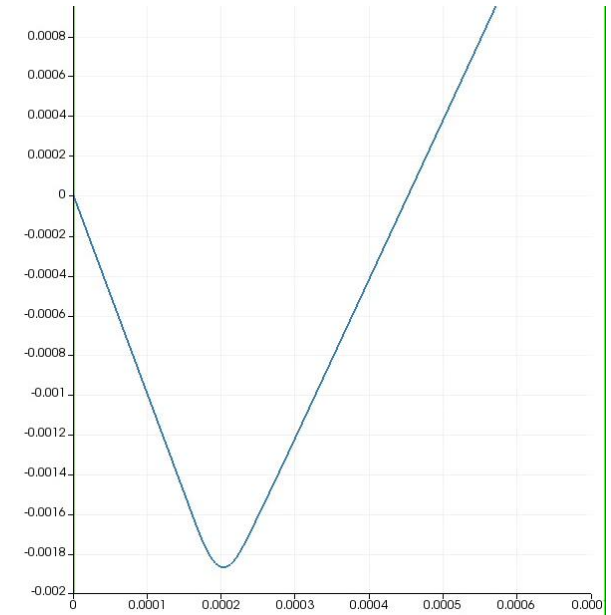
Besides the material

- Bond filter for pre cracks



Besides the material

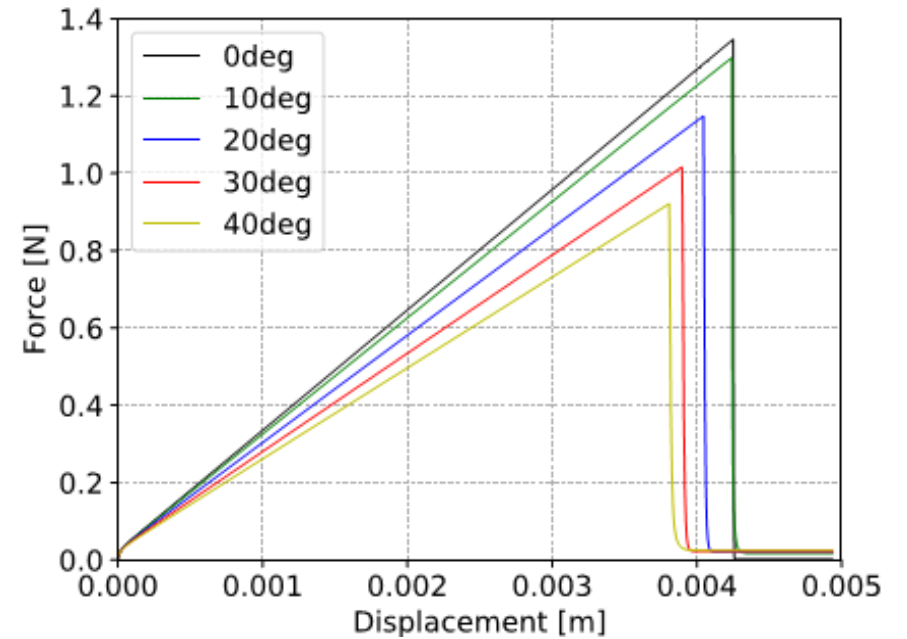
- Bond filter for pre cracks
- Simple contact formulation



Besides the material



- Bond filter for pre cracks
- Simple contact formulation
- Computation class, e.g. create global variables



Besides the material



- Bond filter for pre cracks
- Simple contact formulation
- Computation class, e.g. create global variables
- Equation interpreter, e.g. boundary conditions, variable horizons

- MPI based

$$\begin{pmatrix} f_1 \\ f_2 \\ f_3 \\ f_4 \\ f_5 \\ f_6 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} f_1^{core_1} \\ f_2^{core_1} \\ f_3^{core_1} \\ f_4^{core_1} \\ f_5^{core_1} \\ f_6^{core_1} \end{pmatrix} + \begin{pmatrix} f_1^{core_2} \\ f_2^{core_2} \\ f_3^{core_2} \\ f_4^{core_2} \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} + \begin{pmatrix} f_1^{core_3} \\ f_2^{core_3} \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ f_5^{core_3} \\ f_6^{core_3} \end{pmatrix}$$

- Not all information is synchronizable
- Field sizes are pre-defined as 1, 3 and 9

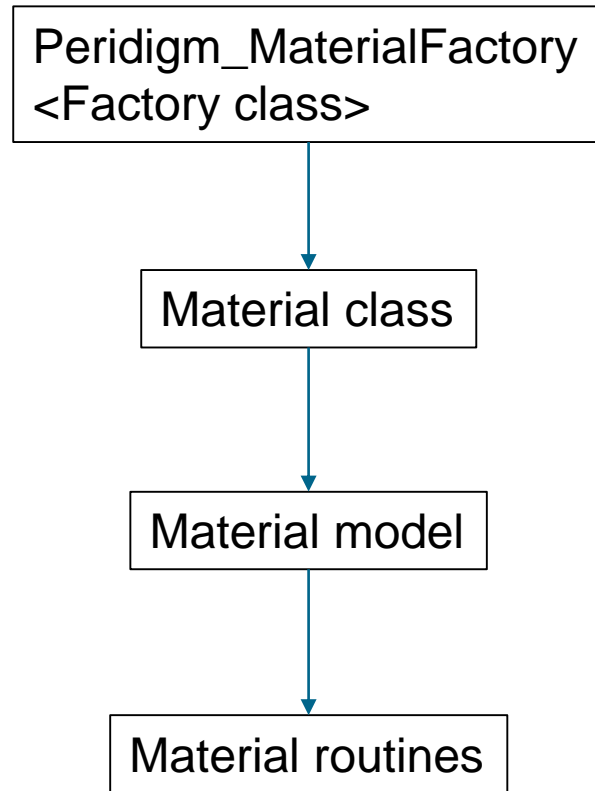
Material classes



Class	Numerical effort	Robustness	Convergence	Limitations
Bond-based	1	4	1	Fix Poisson's ratio Bad geometrical approximation
Peridynamic solid	2	4	2	Bad geometrical approximation
Correspondence	3	1	3	Zero energy modes
Bond associated correspondence	4	3	4	Numerically demanding

1 - low to 4 - high

How to implement



Correspondence

- Calculated deformation gradient and shape tensor
- Calculate forces and distribute

User correspondence

- Get specific material data

Calculated stresses

- Material law

Peridynamics

Modelling classical continuum mechanics models in Peridynamics



$$\int_H [\underline{\mathbf{T}}(\mathbf{x}, t) \langle \mathbf{x}' - \mathbf{x} \rangle - \underline{\mathbf{T}}(\mathbf{x}', t) \langle \mathbf{x} - \mathbf{x}' \rangle] dV + \mathbf{b} = \rho \ddot{\mathbf{u}}$$

$$\underline{\mathbf{T}} \langle \xi \rangle = \underline{\omega} \langle \xi \rangle \mathbf{P} \mathbf{K}^{-1} \xi$$

$$\mathbf{F} = \left[\int_H \underline{\omega} \langle \xi \rangle \underline{\mathbf{Y}} \langle \xi \rangle \otimes \underline{\mathbf{X}} \langle \xi \rangle dV \right] \mathbf{K}^{-1}$$

$$\boldsymbol{\sigma} = \mathbf{C} \cdot \boldsymbol{\varepsilon}$$

$$\boldsymbol{\sigma} = \mathbf{R} \frac{\partial \sigma_{local}}{\partial \boldsymbol{\varepsilon}_{local}} \mathbf{R}^T \boldsymbol{\varepsilon} \mathbf{R} \mathbf{R}^T$$

$$\mathbf{P} = \det \mathbf{F} \boldsymbol{\sigma} \mathbf{F}^{-1}$$

$$\mathbf{K} = \int_H \underline{\omega} \langle \xi \rangle \underline{\mathbf{X}} \langle \xi \rangle \otimes \underline{\mathbf{X}} \langle \xi \rangle dV$$

$$\boldsymbol{\varepsilon} = \frac{1}{2} (\mathbf{F}^T \mathbf{F} - \mathbf{I})$$

Peridynamics

UMAT Fortran Routine



$$d\sigma = f(\varepsilon_i, d\varepsilon, F_i, F_{i+1}, \text{status}, \text{prop}, \dots)$$

$$\sigma_{i+1} = \sigma_i + d\sigma$$

```
SUBROUTINE UMAT(STRESS, STATEV, DDSDE, SSE, SPD, SCD,  
1 RPL, DDSDDT, DRPLDE, DRPLDT,  
2 STRAN, DSTRAN, TIME, DTIME, TEMP, DTEMP, PREDEF, DPRED, CMNAME,  
3 NDI, NSHR, NTENS, NSTATV, PROPS, NPROPS, COORDS, DROT, PNEWDT,  
4 CELENT, DFGRD0, DFGRD1, NOEL, NPT, LAYER, KSPT, JSTEP, KINC)  
  
C  
    INCLUDE 'ABA_PARAM.INC'  
  
C  
    CHARACTER*80 CMNAME  
    DOUBLE PRECISION, DIMENSION(NTENS) :: STRANNP1  
    DIMENSION STRESS(NTENS), STATEV(NSTATV),  
1 DDSDE(NTENS, NTENS), DDSDDT(NTENS), DRPLDE(NTENS),  
2 STRAN(NTENS), DSTRAN(NTENS), TIME(2), PREDEF(1), DPRED(1),  
3 PROPS(NPROPS), COORDS(3), DROT(3,3), DFGRD0(3,3), DFGRD1(3,3),  
4 JSTEP(4)  
  
    ...  
  
    RETURN  
    END
```

Plasticity

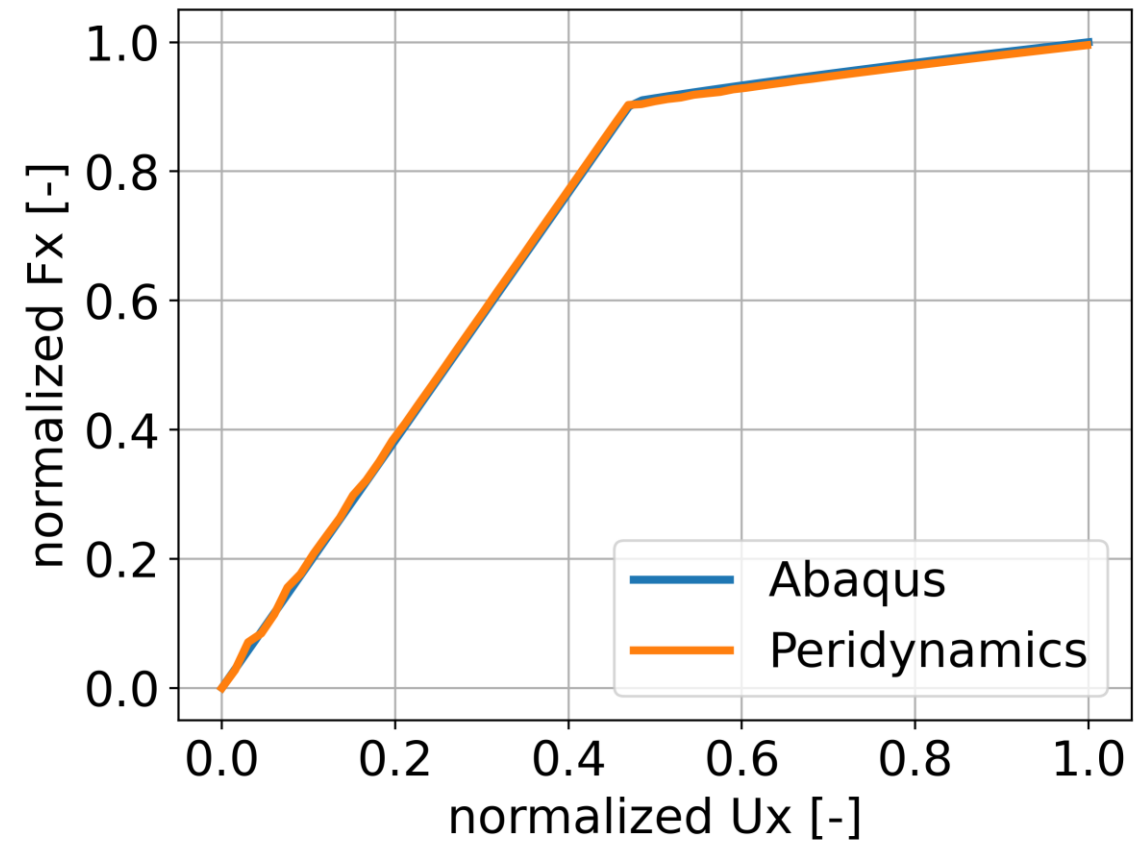
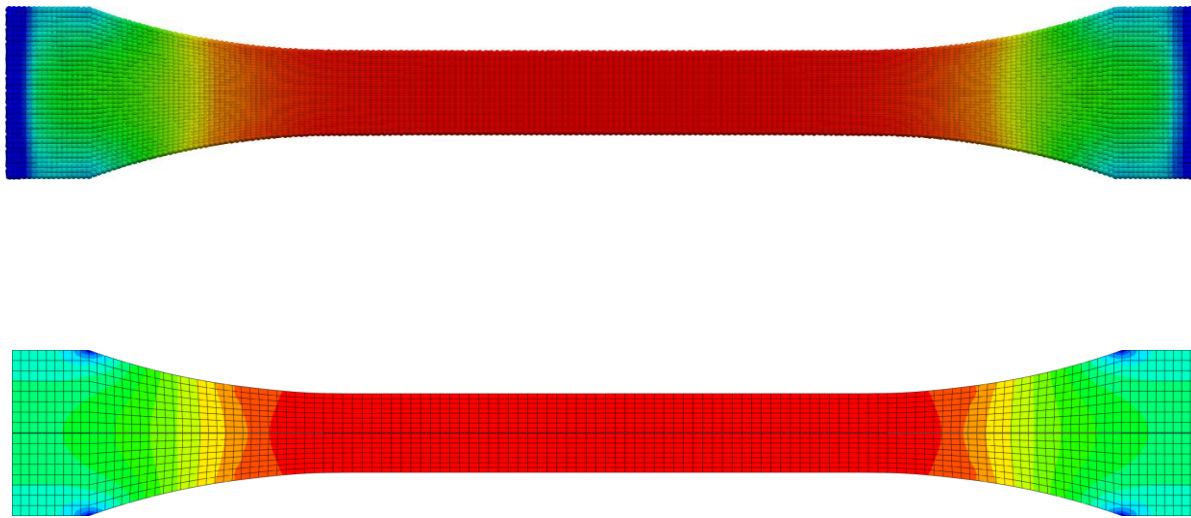


- E (Elastic modulus)
- ν (Poissons ratio)
- Y_0 (Initial yield limit)
- H_{iso} (Isotropic hardening modulus)
- $invY_{iso}$ (Inverse of isotropic saturation stress)
- H_{k1} (Kinematic hardening modulus nr. 1)
- $invY_{k1}$ (Inverse of kinematic saturation stress nr 1)
- H_{k2} (Kinematic hardening modulus nr. 2)
- $invY_{k2}$ (Inverse of kinematic saturation stress nr 2)

<https://github.com/KnutAM/MaterialModels>

K. A. Meyer, M. Ekh, and J. Ahlström (2018) "Modeling of kinematic hardening at large biaxial deformations in pearlitic rail steel," Int. J. Solids Struct., vol. 130–131, pp. 122–132. <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.ijsolstr.2017.10.007>

Plasticity - example



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Advantages



- Large scale problems are solveable
- Interface to post processing exists
- Many models are already included
- Moderate test coverage

Disadvantages



- Code repetitions
- New information from mesh file is very hard to distribute
- Dof = 3 hard coded
- Synchronization is not optimal

Thank you

