## e-shape Workshop: EuroGEO showcase for Renewable Energy

e-shape accelerates EO solutions

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e-shape Workshop: EuroGEO showcase for Renewable Energy Title: Energy Modeling Application – Coupling to FlexiGIS

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May

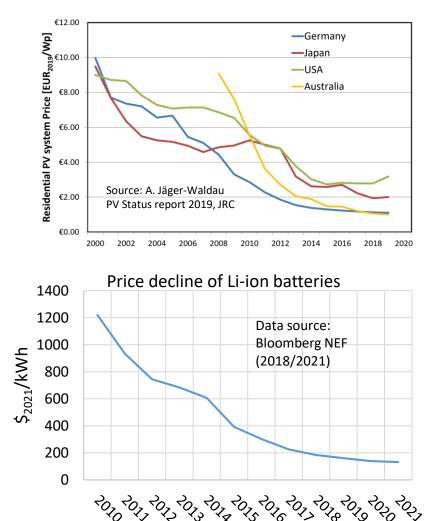
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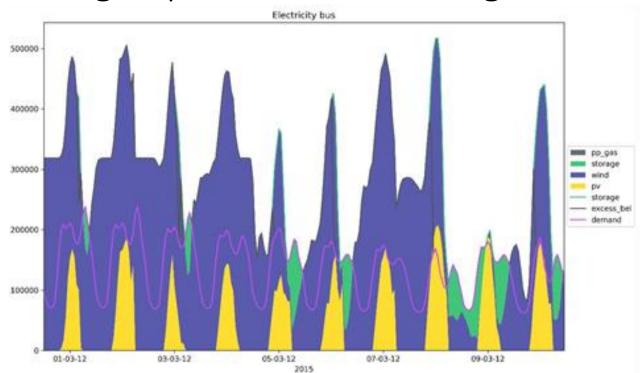
Presenters: Susanne Weyand and Jethro Betcke DLR – Institute of Networked Energy Systems, Oldenburg, Germany



**Deutsches Zentrum für Luft- und Raumfahrt** German Aerospace Center

### The costs of renewables and storage options are declining fast



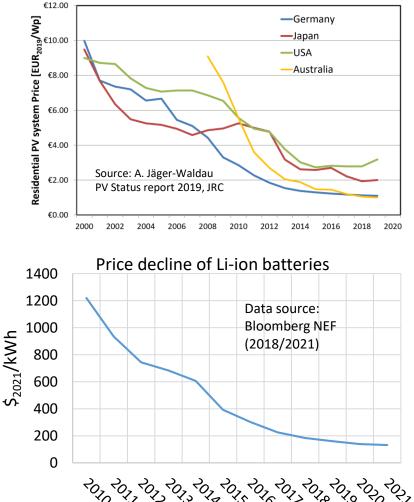


How to cost effectively increase the renewables share in local power systems, while balancing supply and demand?





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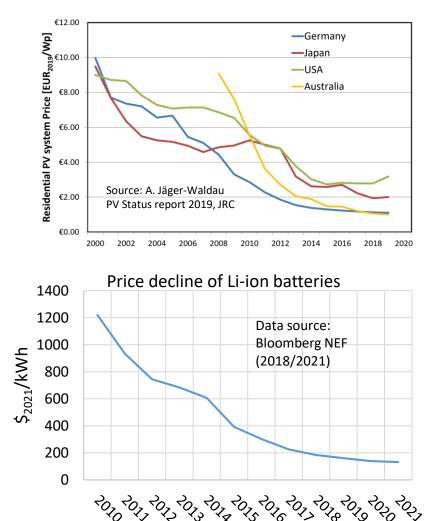


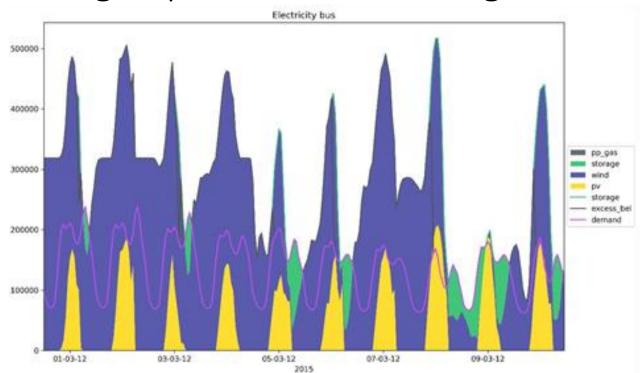
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How to cost effectively increase the renewables share in local power systems, while balancing supply and demand?





### Motivation For FlexiGIS

Studies on optimizing grid integration of renewables mostly:

- are on a national or international grid scale
- use proprietary or one-time-use software
- Use proprietary data

 $\rightarrow$  need for open software, using open data on a local scale:



Open source GIS-based platform for the optimisation of flexibility options in urban areas

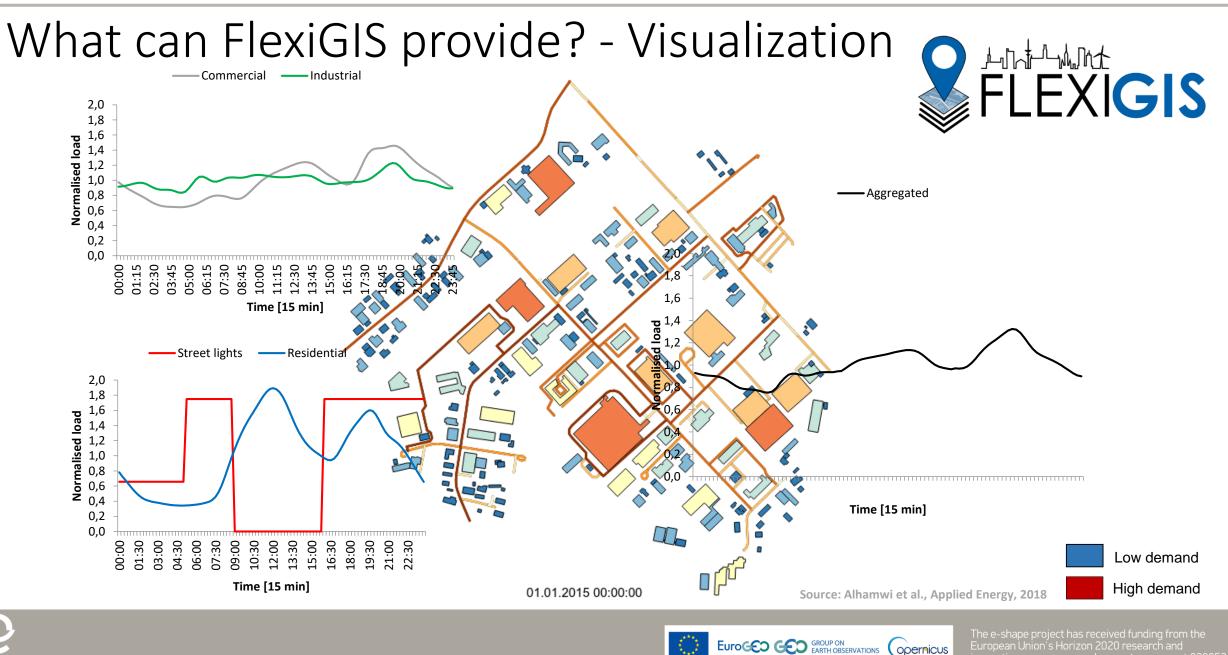




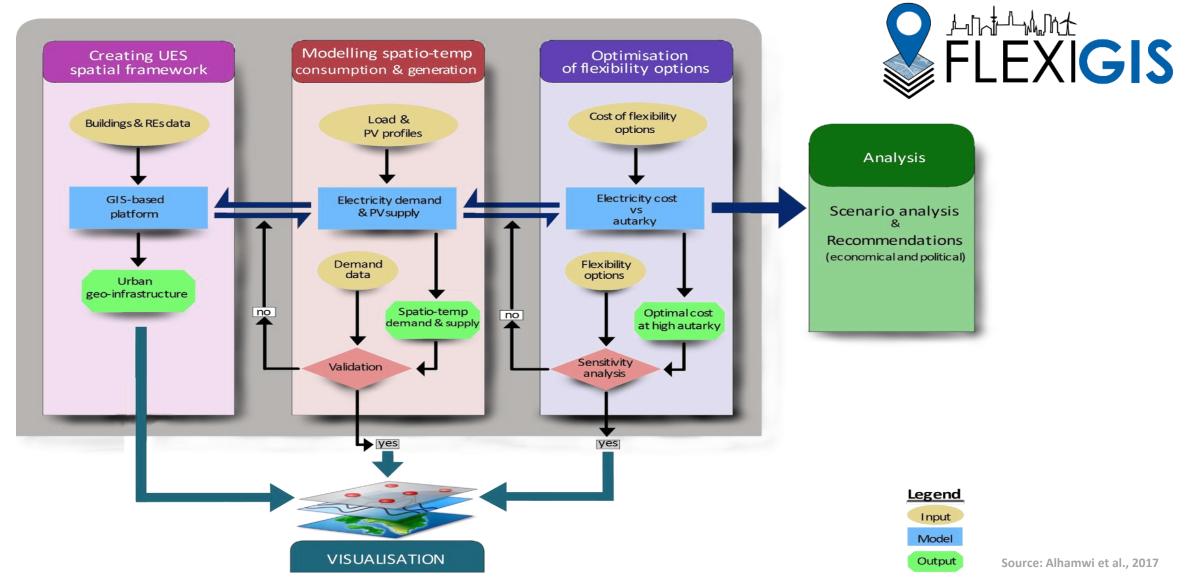
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**Energy Modeling Application – Coupling to FlexiGIS** 



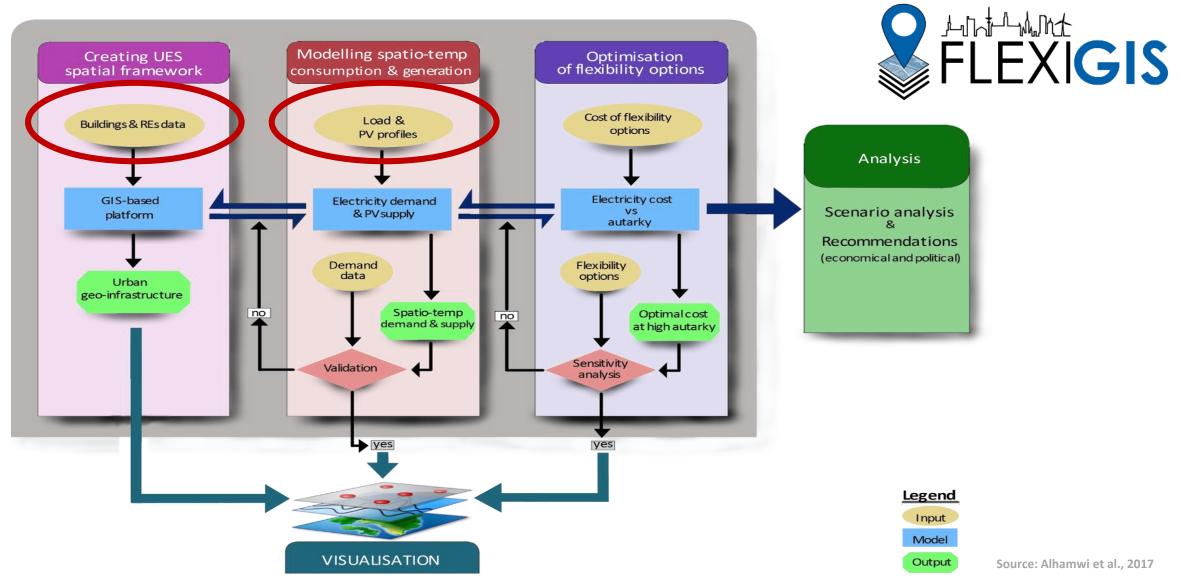
#### **Energy Modeling Application – Coupling to FlexiGIS**







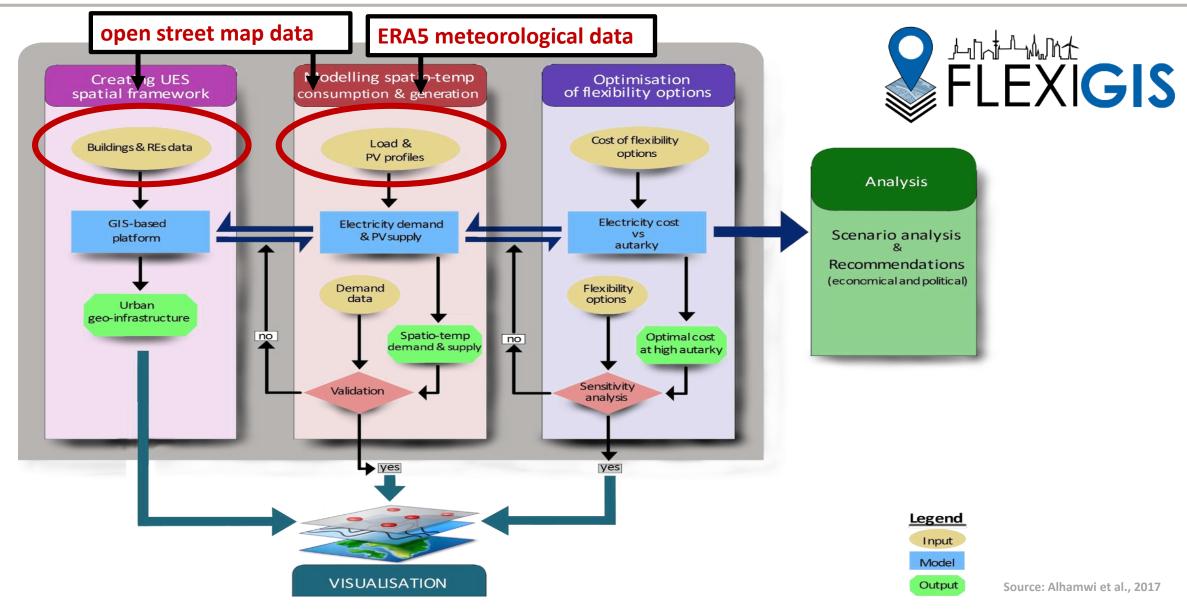
### **Energy Modeling Application – Coupling to FlexiGIS**







#### **Energy Modeling Application – Coupling to FlexiGIS**





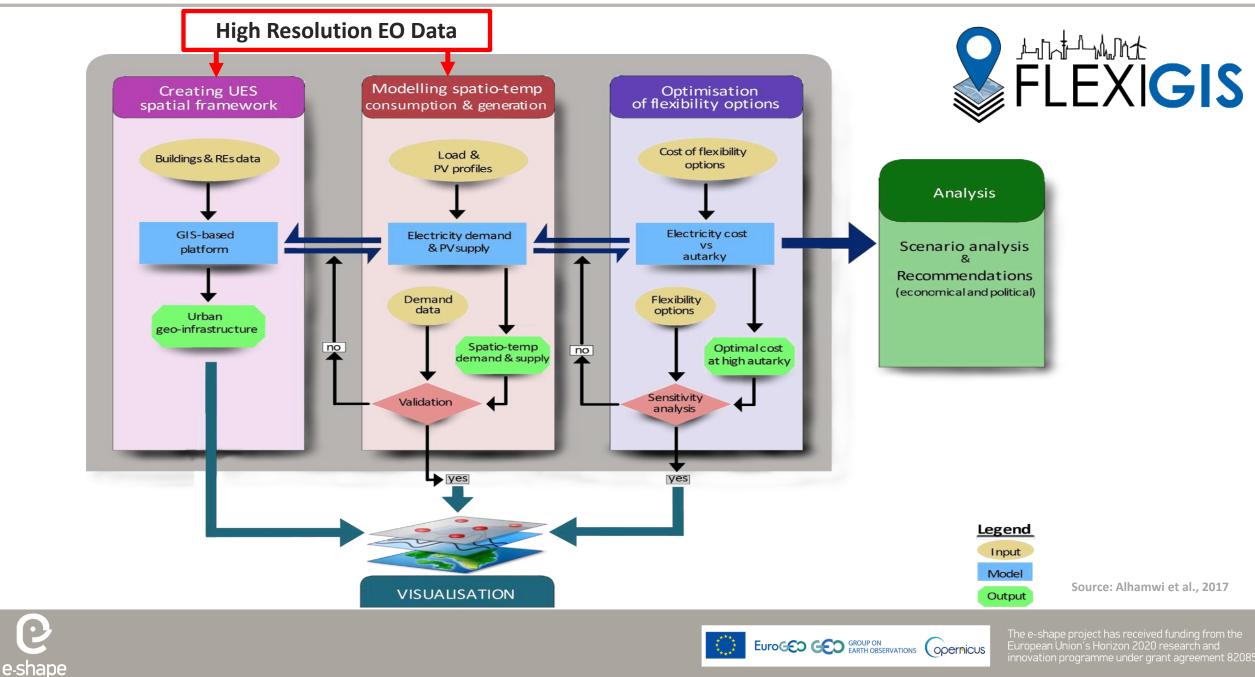


### Why extend FlexiGIS with Earth Obervation data?

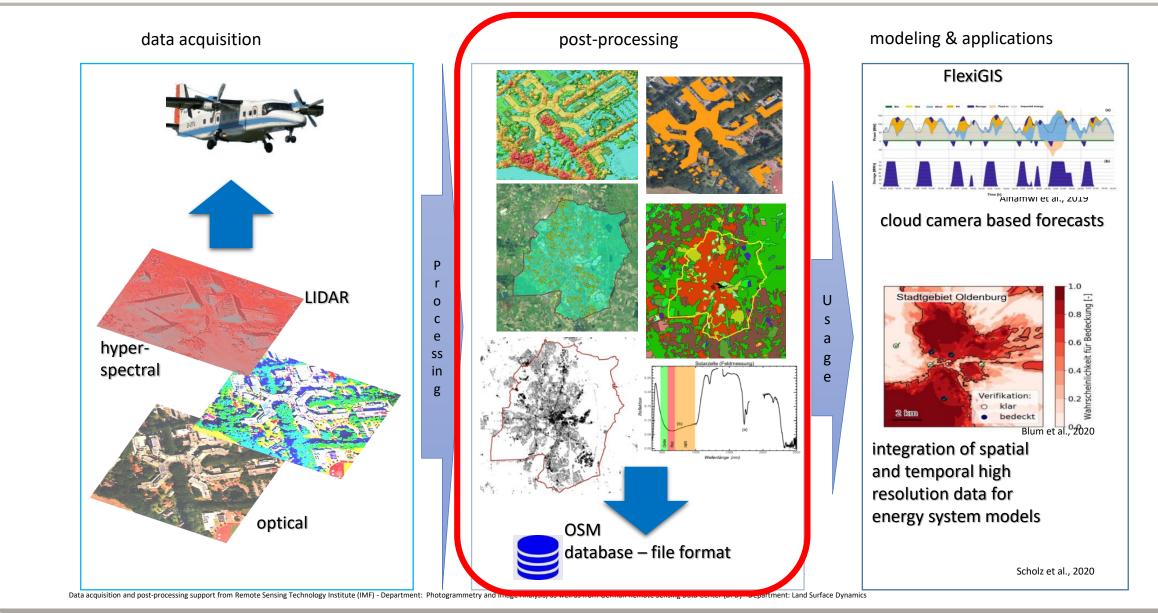
Georeferenced Data	Meteorological data
<ul> <li>Open Street Map data:</li> <li>Open source</li> <li>Limited resolution</li> <li>No data on roof geometry</li> <li>No data on existing PV systems</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>ERA 5 Data:</li> <li>Analysis data</li> <li>Windspeed, temperature, pressure and irradiance</li> <li>1h, 31km native resolution</li> <li>Free to download</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>Airborne Earth observation data:</li> <li>Higher resolution</li> <li>Data on roof geometry</li> <li>Data on existing PV systems</li> <li>Measurement campaign has to be commissioned</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>CAMS Radiation Service:</li> <li>Satellite based data</li> <li>Only irradiance data</li> <li>15 min, 5 km native resolution (NW Europe)</li> <li>Free to download</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>Future: satellite based data</li> <li>More technically challenging because of lower image resolution, and limited spectral channels</li> <li>Partly free available</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Future: Meteosat third generation</li> <li>10 minute, 2 km resolution (NW Europe)</li> </ul>



#### **Energy Modeling Application – Coupling to FlexiGIS**



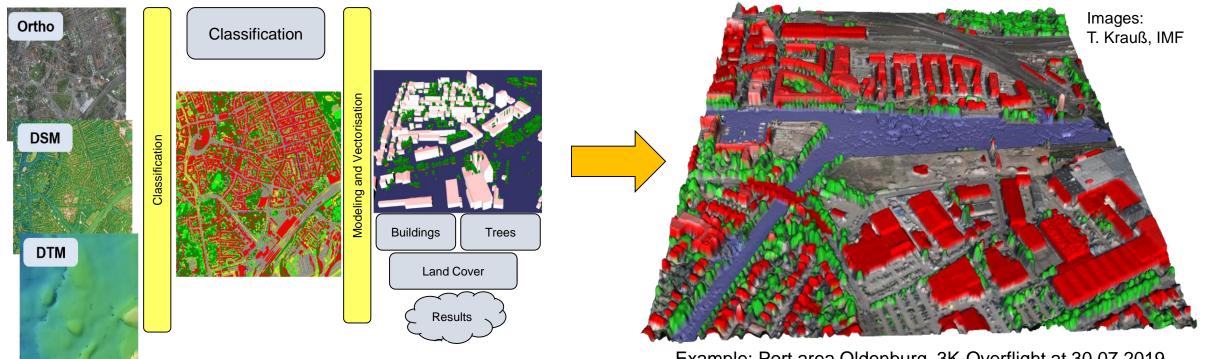
### **Energy Modeling Application – Coupling to FlexiGIS**







Building extraction with DLR toolchains

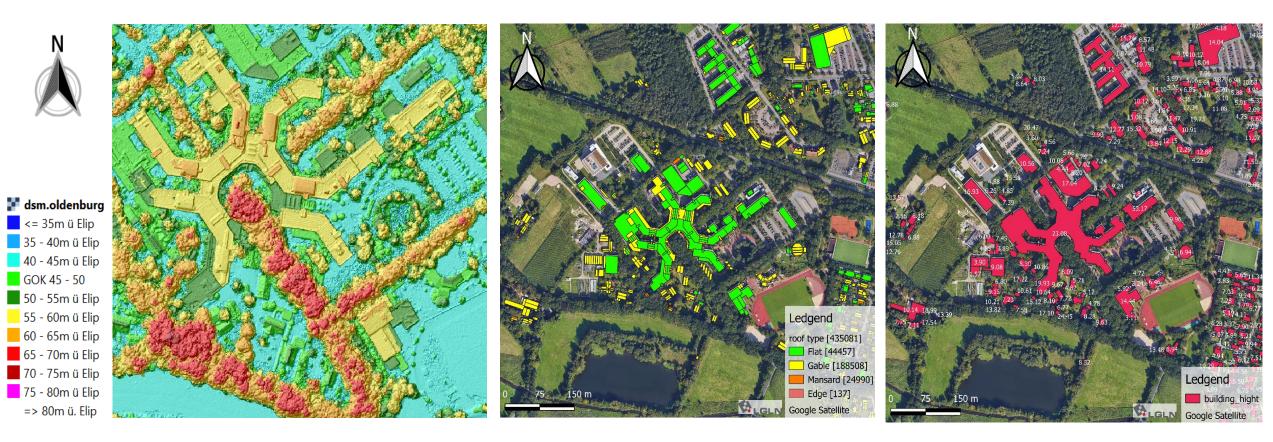


Example: Port area Oldenburg, 3K-Overflight at 30.07.2019





**Building Parameters** 







Detection of solar modules with Convolutional Neural Network (CNN)

- Manually labeled training data
- Training of CNN
- Ground Truthing

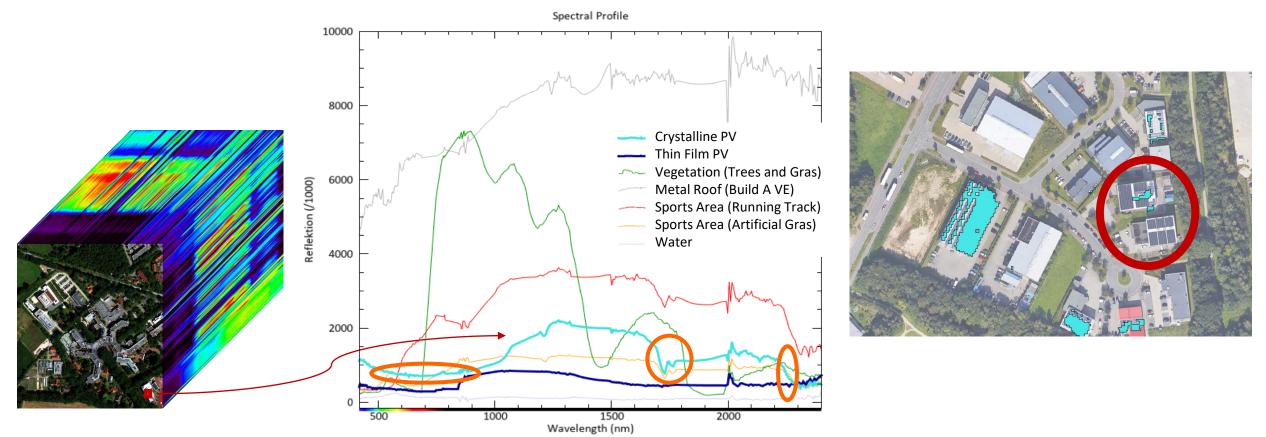
The current accuracy of the trained network is OA = 99,8%, UA = 72,8% and PA = 72,8%. Therefore optimization of the network is ongoing. Classified raster by trained pixel segmentation network red = Photovoltaic (PV) green = Thin Film Module blue = Solar Thermal yellow = Ground Truth/ Validation of Solar Device Types







- Solar module (PV) detection by characteristic spectral information
- Index Analysis results of C. Ji (DFD-LAX) just crystalline PV modules detected
- Further PV extraction methodologies in progress







## From Airborne to Satellite

Impact on Energy System Analysis?



WV2 = 50 cm

3K = 13 cm

image record timestamp



blooming



spatial resolution











#### **Energy Modeling Application – Coupling to FlexiGIS**

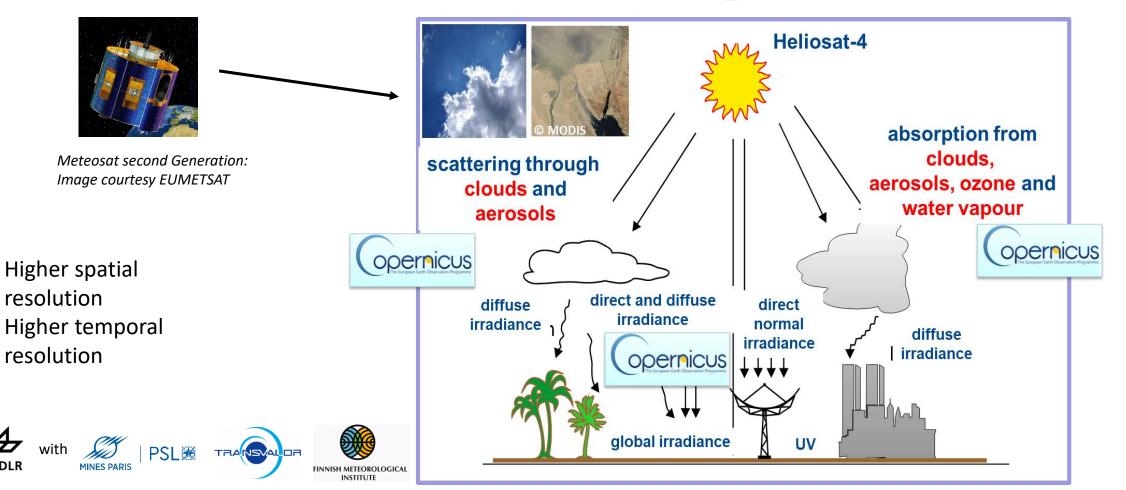






# Better irradiance data from remote sensing Using CAMS Radiation service

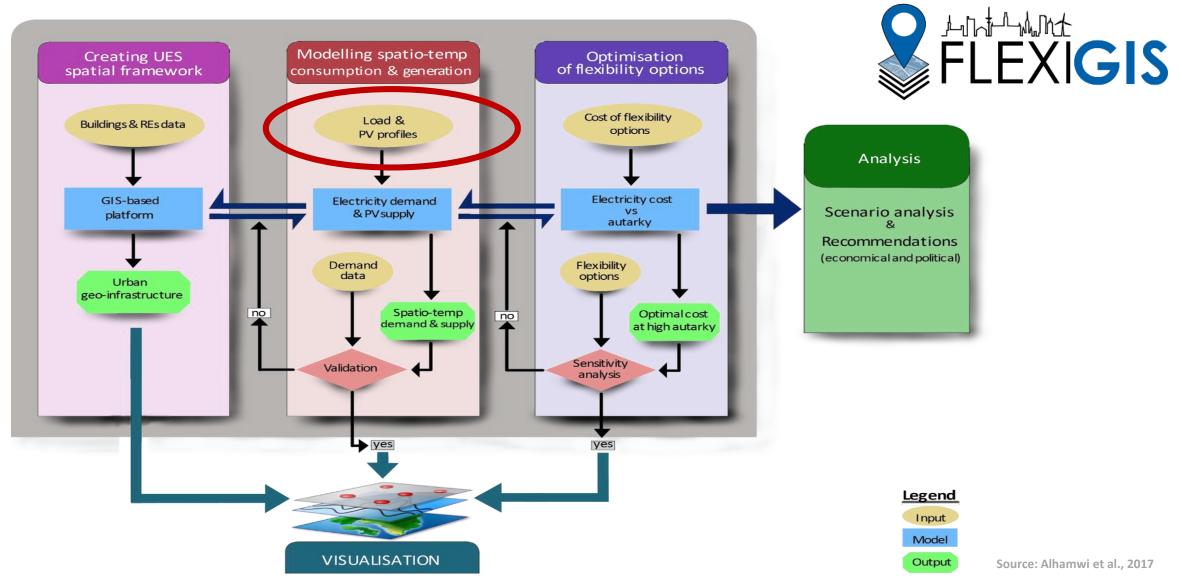








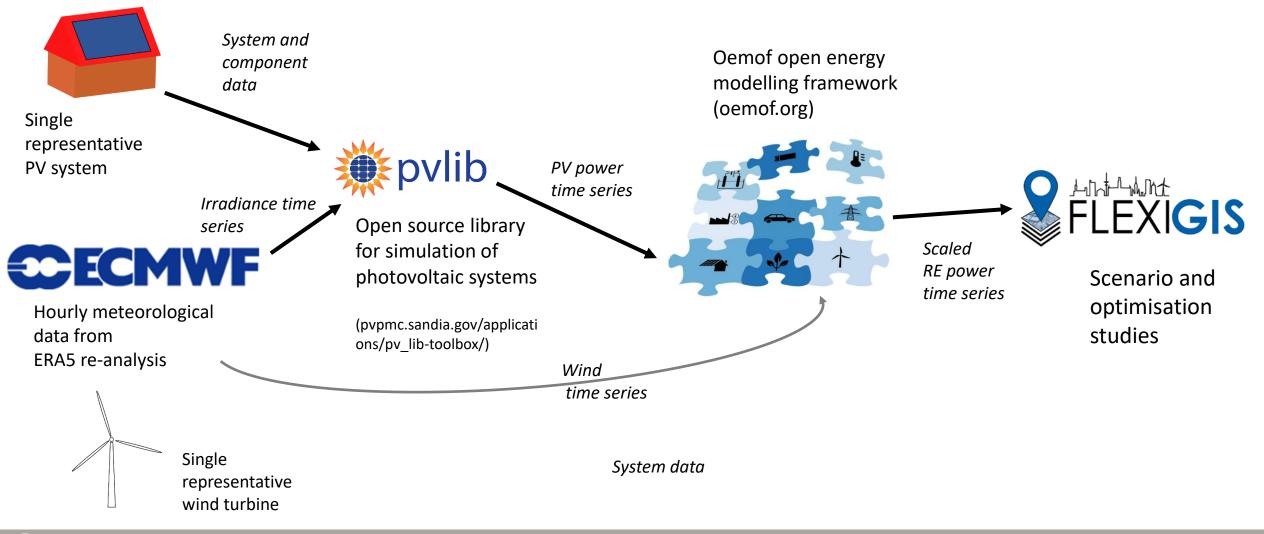
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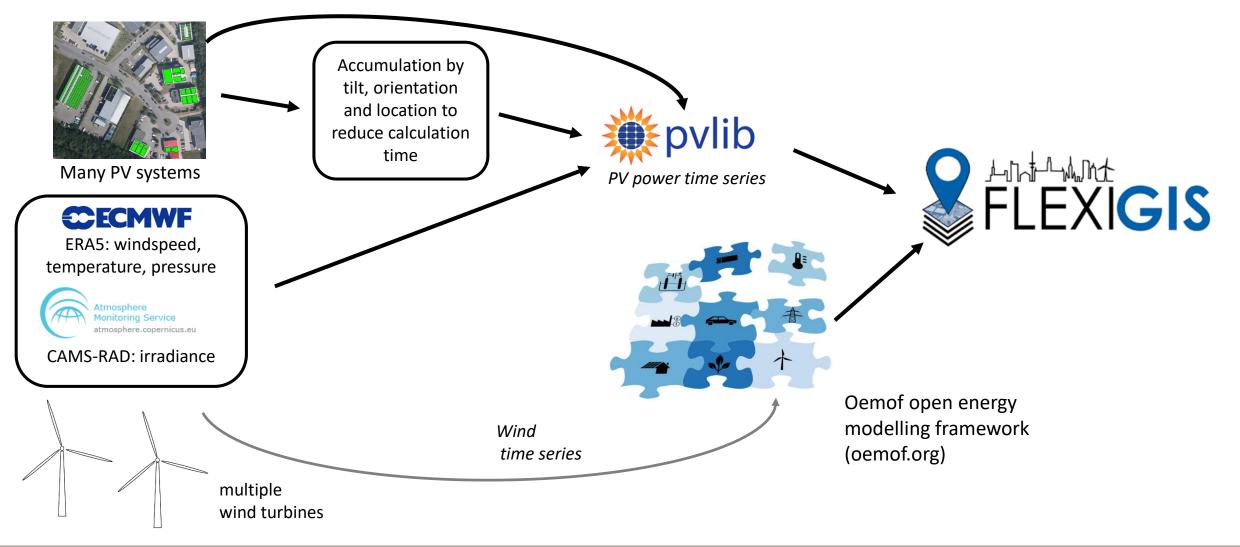
### Previous set up of renewable power feedin module of FlexiGIS







### New set up of renewable power feedin module of FlexiGIS

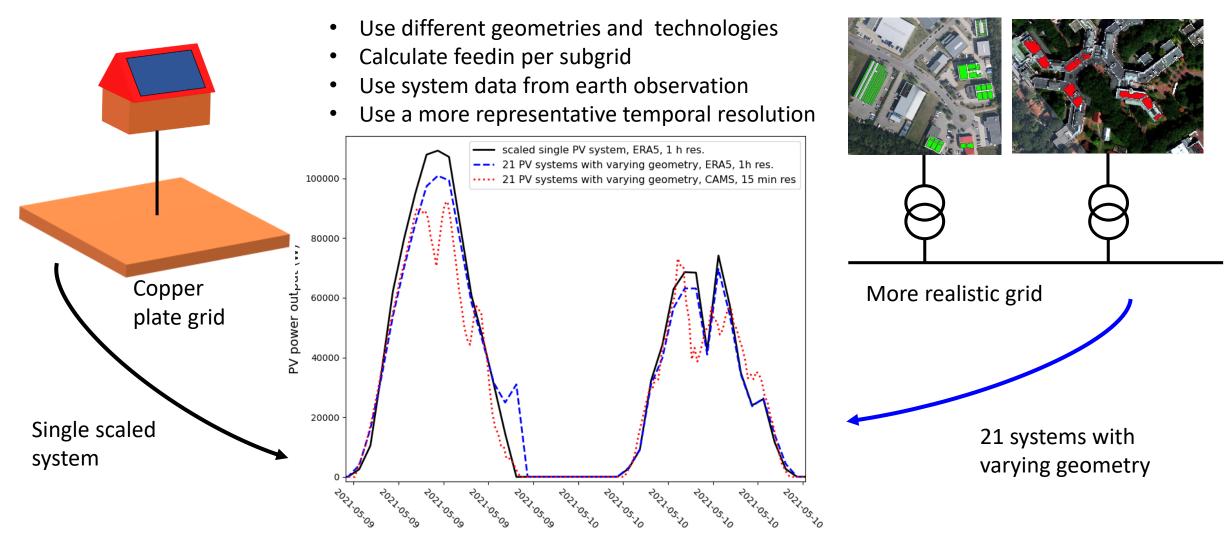






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### Previous PV model vs new PV model

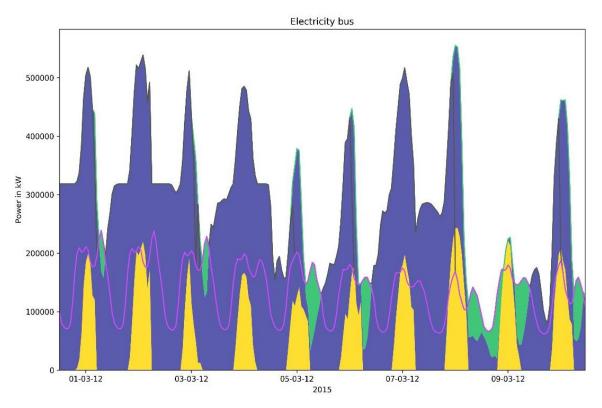






### Results for an autonomous scenario for the city of Oldenburg

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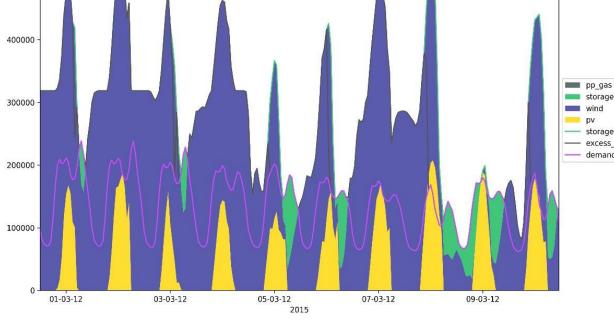


Modelling of PV system output using one representative system

Modelling of PV system output using 21 systems with varying array geometry

12% higher storage needs when using the more realistic set of PV systems





Electricity bus

## Summary

### FlexiGIS

• supports potential users such as:

network operators, decision-makers in urban planning, industry, aggregators for solar power trading, citizens, operators and researchers

- In planning and evaluation:
  - self-consumption and PV system, modeling of urban distribution network energy systems, support planning and monitoring tasks, short-term forecast of the spatial / temporal variability of the power, consumption and power generation of PV roof systems

### Earth observation data

Increases the accuracy and realism of PV loads, and results in more realistic scenarios.







## FlexiGIS Download

https://github.com/FlexiGIS/

### Acknowledgements

This work is part of the E-Shape project supported by the EU EuroGEOS Program.

We wish to thank our colleagues from other DLR instates for carrying out the airborne measurement campaign over Oldenburg and its analysis and providing data and methodology.



