HELMHOLTZ

Foundations of Research Software Publication

Enabling reproducibility in data science - learn why it matters and how you can do it, Online, 09.06.2022

Tobias Schlauch <Tobias.Schlauch@DLR.de>
Institute for Software Technology
German Aerospace Center (DLR)
http://www.dlr.de/sc



Motivation



- Reproducibility of scientific results and enabling others to review them are vital in research.
- Making scientific results reproducible is <u>context-specific</u> and can be <u>hard in the</u> <u>concrete case</u>.
- Involved research software introduces a separate domain of potential reproducibility issues.

→ In the following we consider **minimum practices** when publishing research code to improve reproducibility of scientific results.

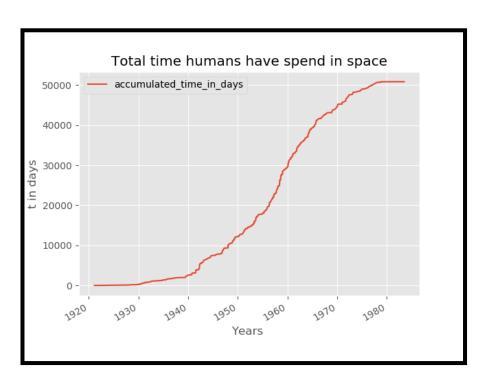
Making research code openly available helps. But is there more to consider?

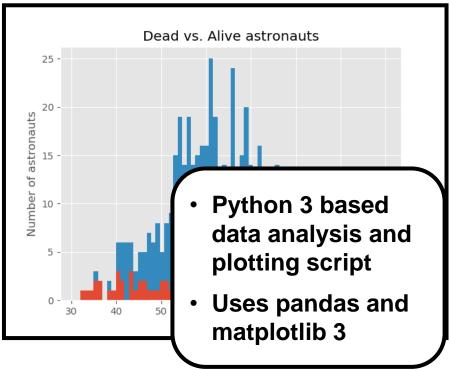


CLOSED SOURCE OPEN SOURCE 15 HEY, CAN I USE HELP! SOMEONE WANTS YOUR SOFTWARE SURE, DUST GRAB THE CODE FROM GITHUB

Example: Astronaut Analysis







How should I publish my analysis code to enable others to reproduce or check my results?



- 1. Put your code under version control
- 2. Make sure that your code is in a sharable state
- Add essential documentation
- 4. Add a license file
- 5. Make your code citable
- 6. Release your code

1. Put your code under version control



Key points

- Version control helps you to prepare the code for sharing.
- Make sure to put all relevant artifacts into the repository.
- gitignore helps you to specify things that you do not want to share.

2. Make sure that your code is in a sharable state



Key points

- Make sure that others can (re-)use your code
- Do not share internals and secrets with your code
- Strive for understandable and idiomatic code
- Think about introducing test automation

Changes:

- PEP8 code style
- Code comments
- Relative file paths
- Functions
- Better directory structure

3. Add essential documentation



Key points

- Provide documentation for relevant target groups
- Add a README file as a minimum documentation artifact to your repository

4. Add a license



Excursus on (open source) licenses...

Copyright

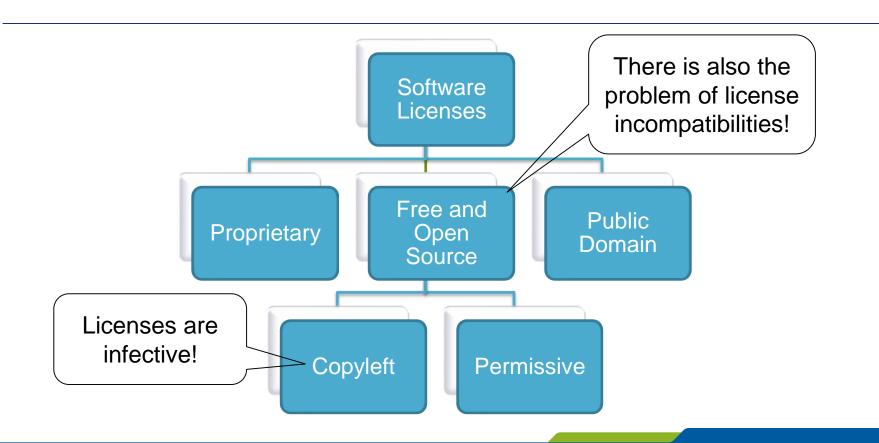


- Copyright:
 - protects the <u>expression of an idea</u>
 - grants exclusive rights to the copyright holder
- Everyone contributing to a software is considered a copyright holder of the software
 - All contributors are considered as copyright holders
 - A company paying an employed developer obtains most of the exclusive rights



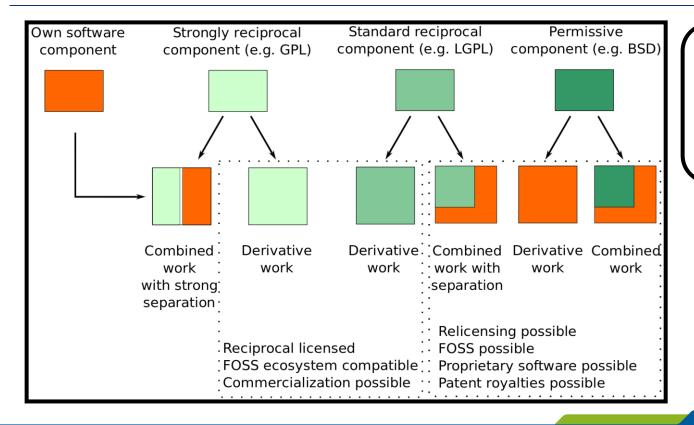
Software Licenses





Combining Modules under Different Licenses





Take care when combining code under different licenses!

Minimal License Checklist



1. Choose a license

Analyze / comply with licenses of third-party dependencies

2. Ask your boss for permission

3. Prepare your code

- Minimum: Add a license file and state the copyright holder(s)
- Recommended: Follow REUSE Specification

Ask for legal advice if you are unsure!

Add the License File

Adapt the copyright hint



MIT · License · Copyright · (c) · 2013 · German · Aerospace · Center · (DLR)

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Do not change the license text!

Document the Licenses of your Dependencies



Install

The script requires Python >= 3.6 and uses the libraries pandas (BSD 3-Clause License) as well as matplotlib (Matplotlib License).

Please clone this repository and install the required dependencies. We suggest that you install them in a virtual environment.

The script has been used on CentOS 7 and Windows 7 with Python 3.6.6.





Key Points



- Minimum: Add a license file and state the copyright holder(s)
- Recommended: Follow REUSE Specification
- Consider third-party licenses from the very beginning

5. Make your code citable



Excursus in software citation...

How to cite Software?

HIFIS

Example

"The data sets and the notebook containing the analysis details have been published separately [11]."

References:

[11] Schlauch, Tobias, & Haupt, Carina. (2019).

Analysis of the DLR Knowledge Exchange Workshop Series on Software Engineering (Version 1.2.0).

Zenodo. https://doi.org/10.5281/zenodo.3403991

- Authors
- Software Name
- Software itself
- Source code version
- Exact version
- Publication date
- PID

How to make your Software citable?



Basic steps:

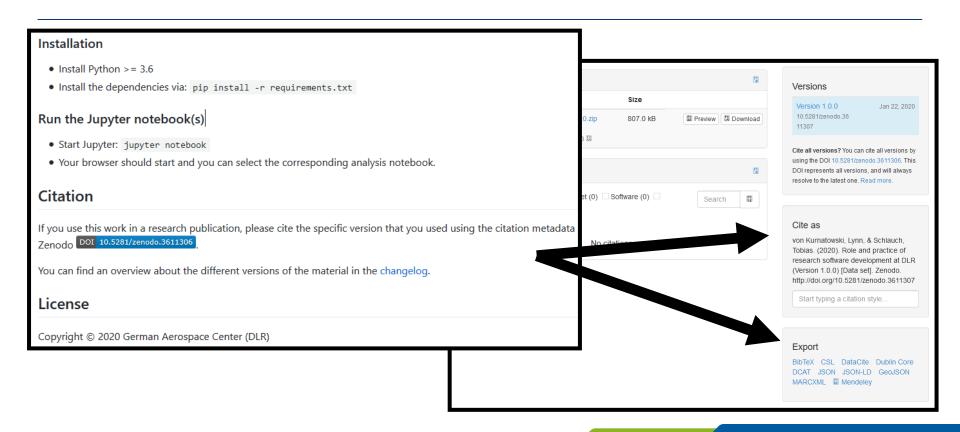
- Provide citation metadata
- Obtain a persistent identifier
- Add a citation hint

Practical approaches:

- Archive release in an (open) digital repository (e.g., Zenodo)
- Add machine-readable citation metadata and archive via Software Heritage

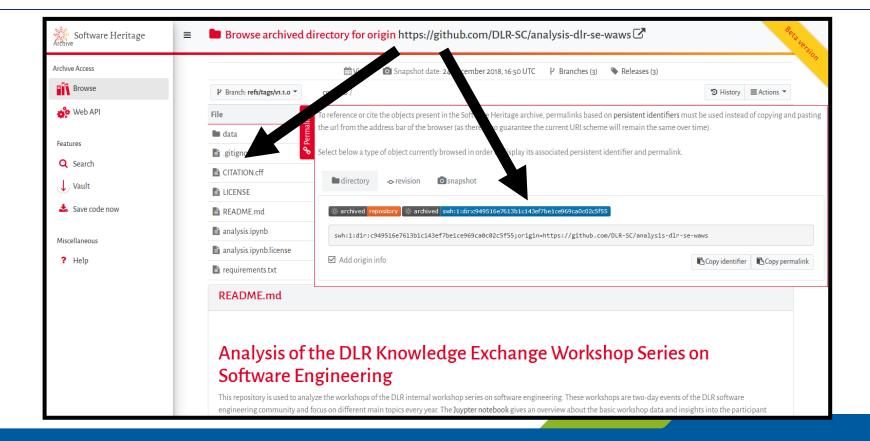
Example 1: Archive via Zenodo





Example 2: Archive via Software Heritage





Increase Chances to receive Credit? Publish in a Software Journal



The Journal of Open Source Software is a developer friendly, open access journal for research software packages. Explore Papers Committed to publishing quality research software with zero article processing charges or subscription fees. □ Documentation Submit a paper to JOSS 🍃 Volunteer to review Learn More

Recommended options:

- Journal of Open Source Software (JOSS)
- Journal of Open Research Software (JORS)

Key Points



- Cite all relevant software packages as good as possible in your academic work
- Provide relevant information and encourage citation

6. Release your code



Excursus on release management...

Software Release Basics



- A <u>release</u> is a specific working software version.
- The <u>release number</u> uniquely identifies the release (e.g., 1.0.1 or 2022-03-17)
- A user uses the <u>release package</u> to install and use the released software:
 - Contains code + documentation
 - Simplest form: snapshot of your source code repository packaged as Zip file

Minimal Release Checklist



1. Prepare your code for release

- a) Define the release number
- b) Update the documentation and citation metadata

2. Check your code

3. Publish and archive the release

- a) Mark the release in the source code repository using a tag
- b) Create the release package and make it available
- Archive the release package

Key Points



- Mark used, working software versions using release numbers
- Document important changes in a changelog
- Archive the release package

Summary



- 1. Put your code under version control
- 2. Make sure that your code is in a sharable state
- Add essential documentation
- 4. Add a license file
- 5. Make your code citable
- 6. Release your code

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Thank you!

Questions?

Tobias.Schlauch@dlr.de

www.DLR.de/sc | Twitter: @TobiasSchlauch

