

# SMART SENSORS FOR ROBOTIC PANEL ASSEMBLY

SAMPE Europe 2022 – Dr.-Ing. Alfons Schuster





# TOWARDS AUTOMATED PRODUCTION

# Robot cell for autonomous assembly

- Two Comao-Robots on a linear axis
- Jig for skin and mounted parts
- Endeffectors for
  - Cleaning
  - Activating
  - Sealing
  - Clip handling
  - Stringer handling + riveting
- Tool changer + gripper storage
- Material supply
- Storage for resting after activation

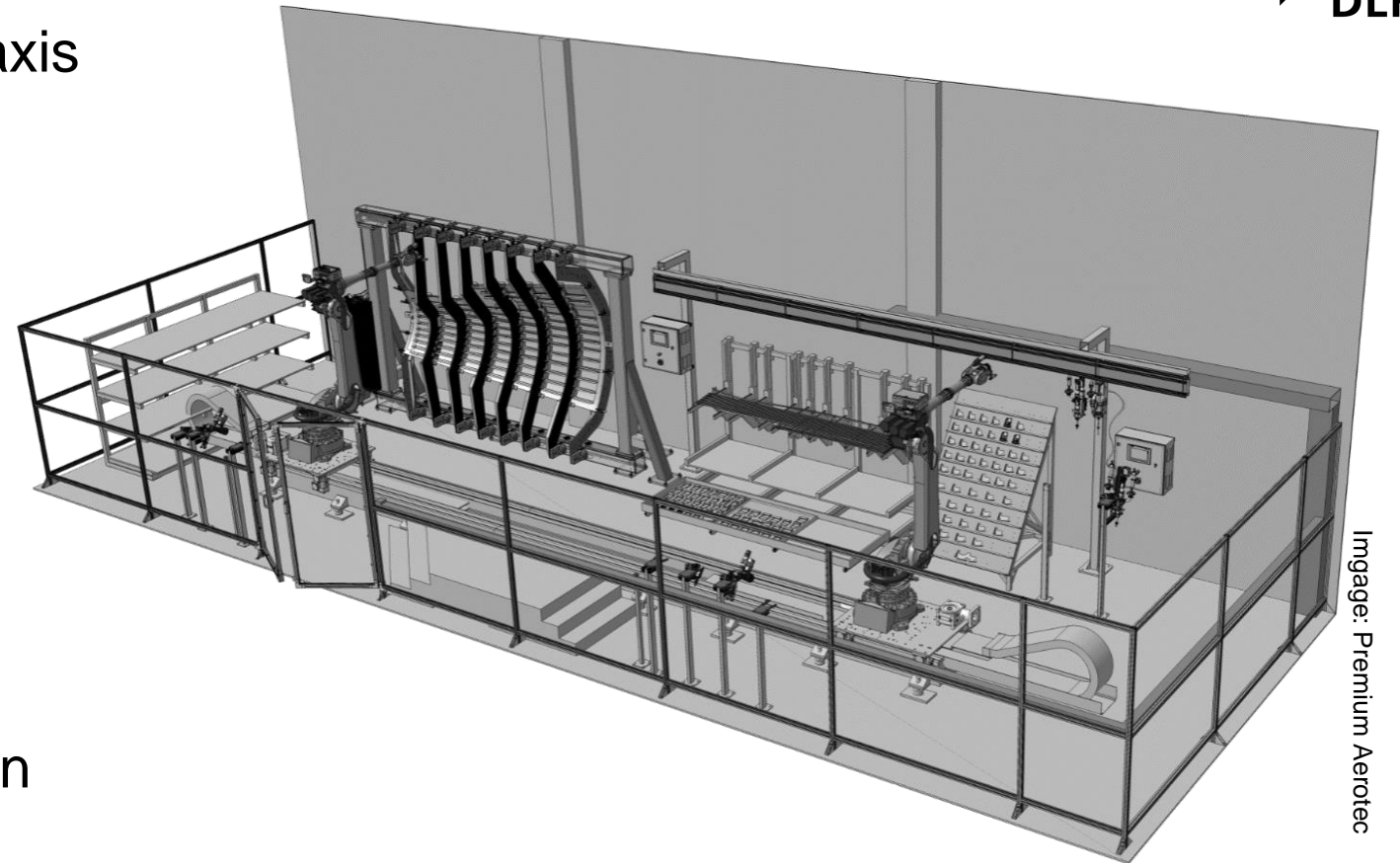
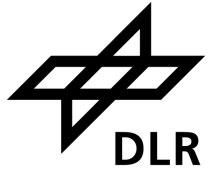
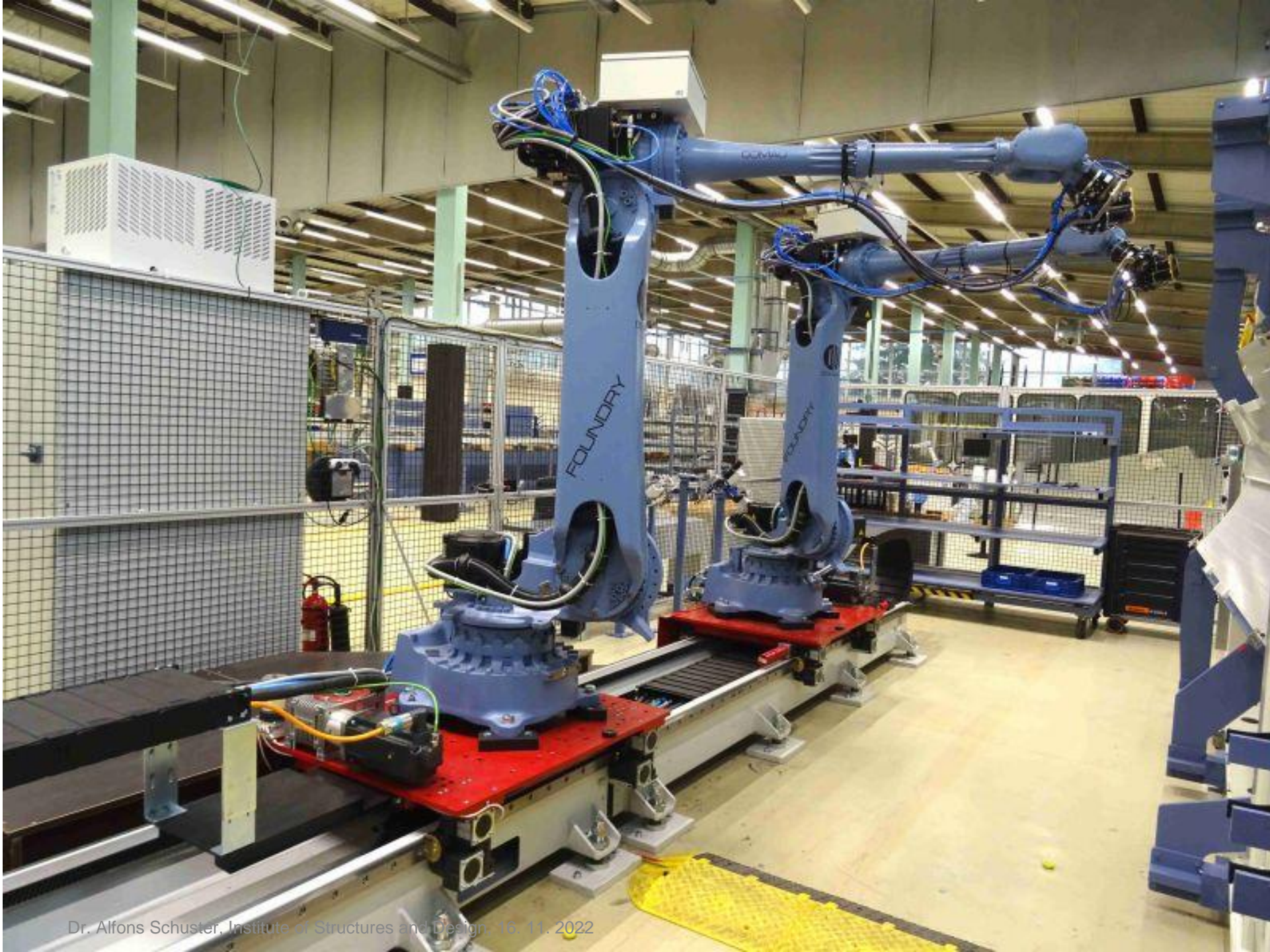


Image: Premium Aerotec

- Sinumerik 840 D, OPC-UA communication
- Offline programming with VNCK and VZM simulation
- Process specific deviations are compensated by cameras

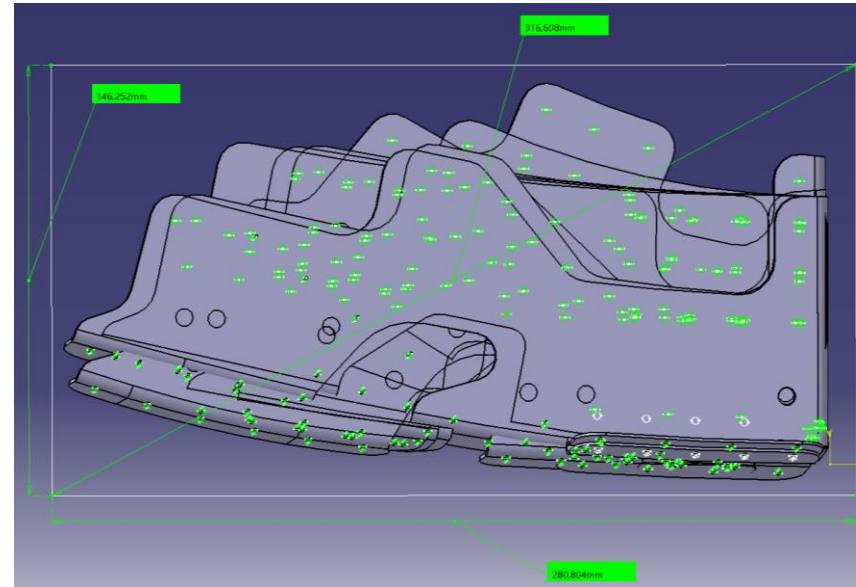


picture source [Premium AEROTEC](#)

# Assembly of both stringers and clips

## Clips

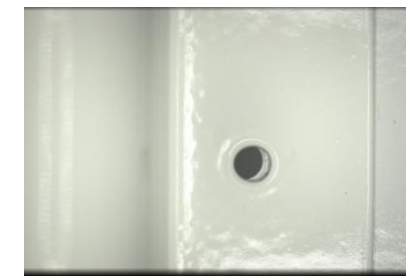
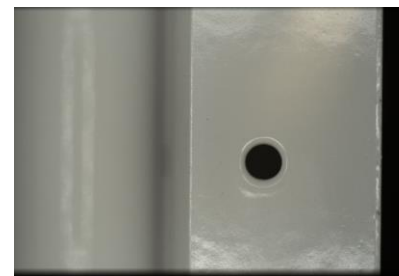
- Variety of different clips
- Different drill hole patterns
- *Is it the right clip?*
- *How can we identify it?*
- *How do we grip it?*



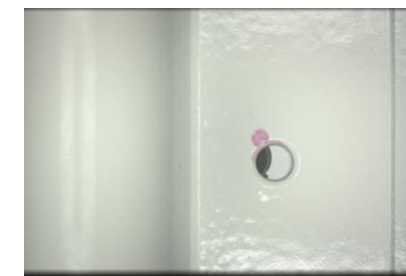
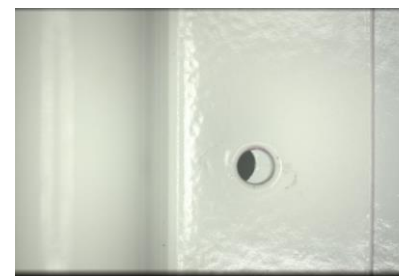
→ required field of view  $\approx$  250x300 mm  
resolution  $\approx$  0,06 mm

## Stringer

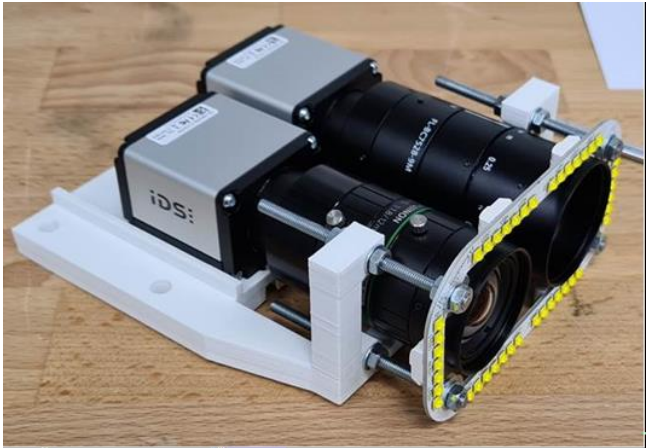
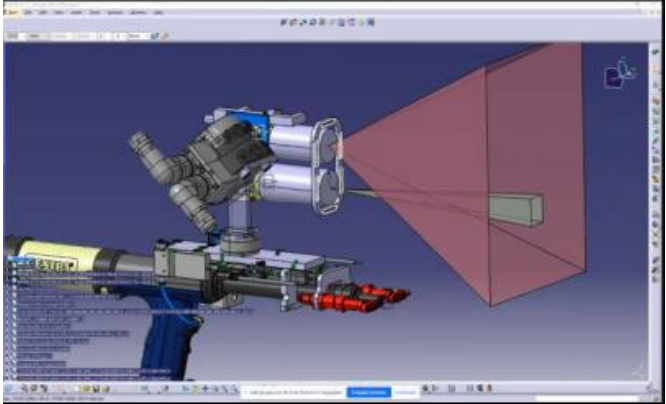
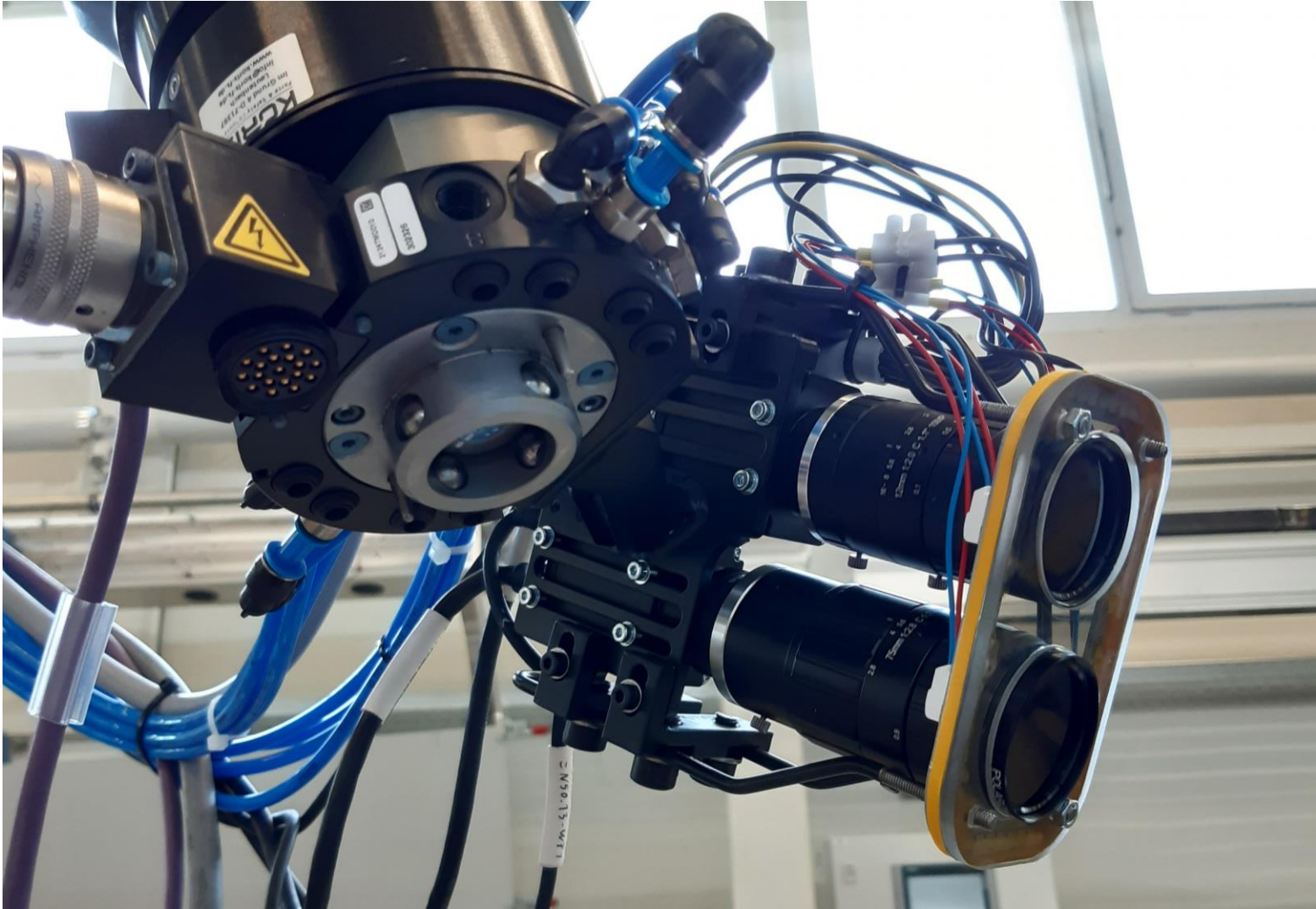
- Identical drill holes, different overlap
- Different lighting conditions
- *How to avoid ambiguous situations?*
- *Where to accurately put the rivet?*



→ required field of view  $\approx$  25x30 mm  
resolution  $\approx$  0,006 mm



# Solution: Dual camera system fixed to robot



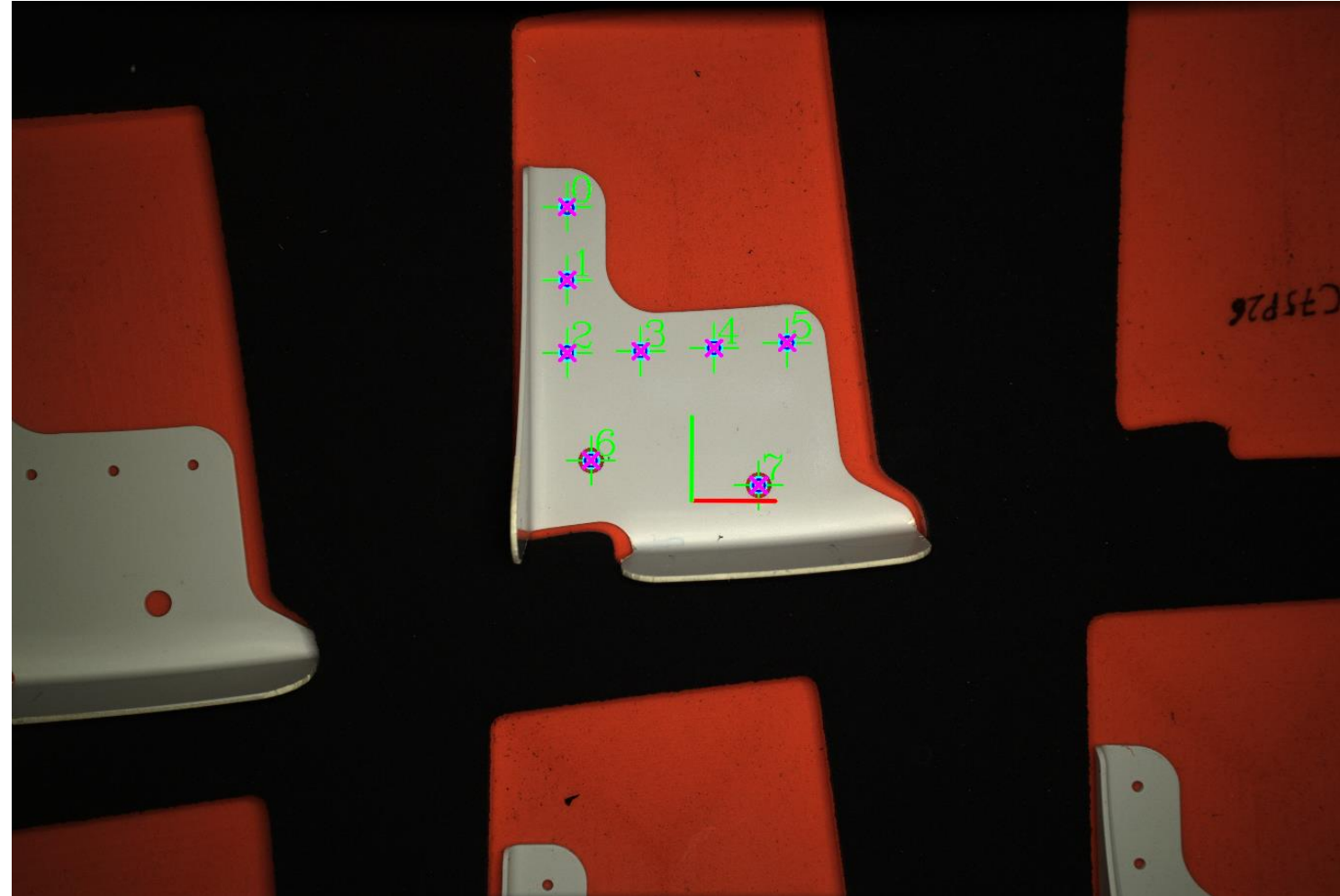
# Clip Detection

- Clips are provided in shadow board (red ore blue)
- Position camera above clip
- Initial calibration assures that origin 0/0 is in the image center
- Take Camera image (flash)
- Optimize contrast
- Use blob detector to detect the bore holes
- Filter by size and circularity



# Clip Detection

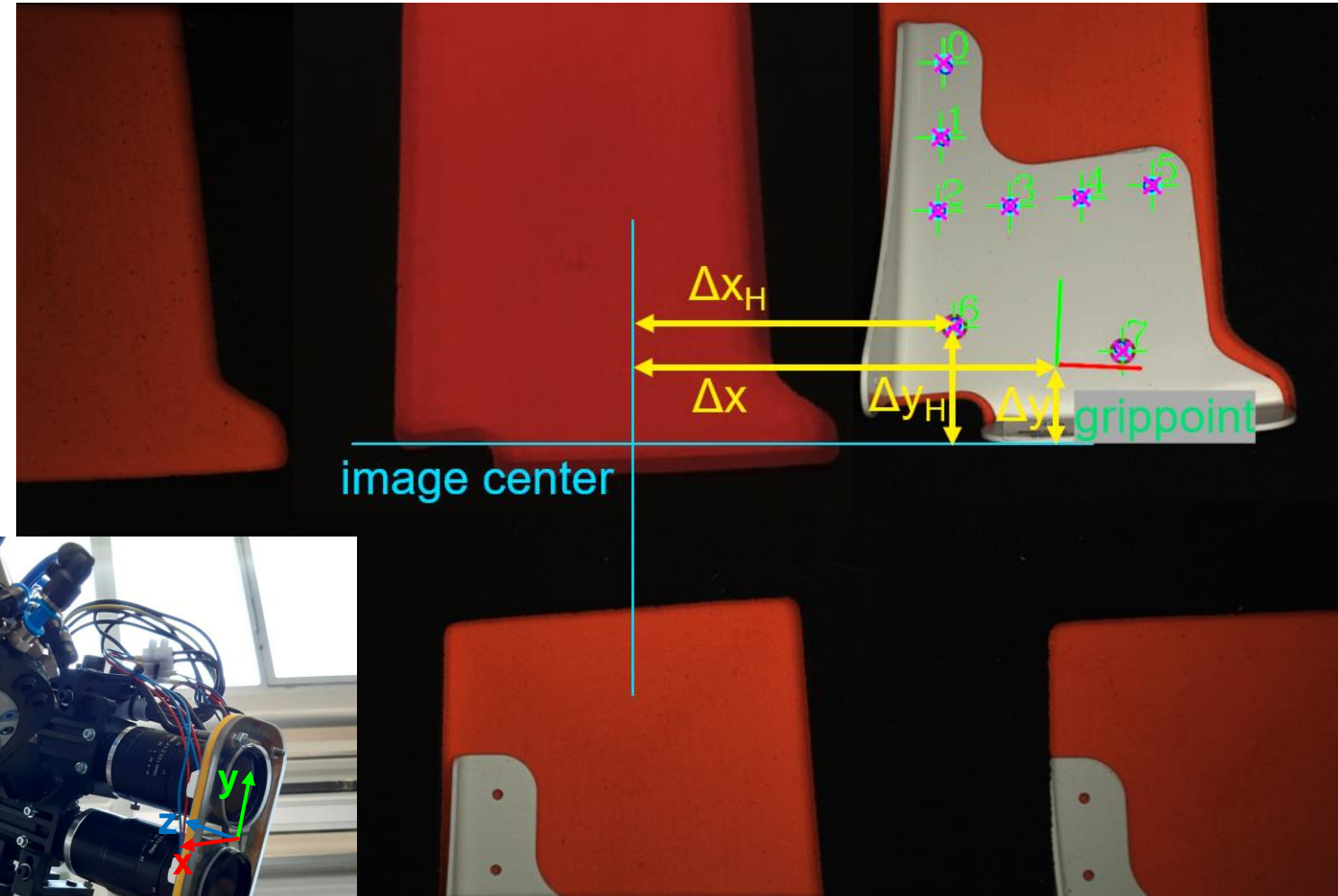
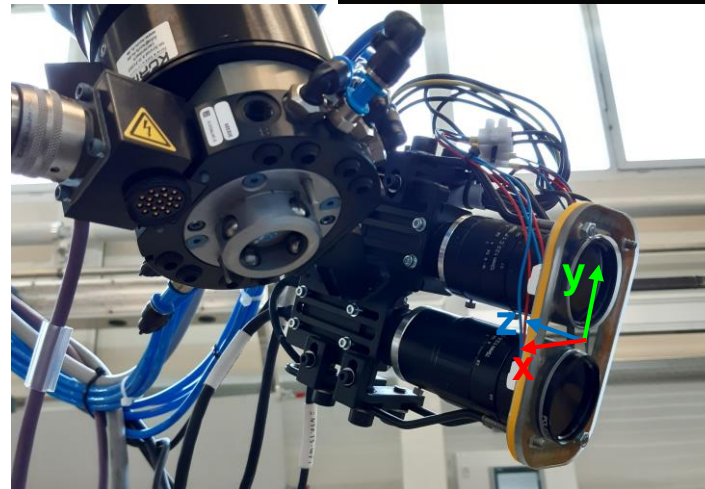
- Use CAD data with bore hole positions
- Every clip has a local coordinate system
- Sort bore holes linewise
- Perform least squares fit with free parameters
  - Shift  $\Delta x, \Delta y$
  - Rototation  $\varphi$
  - Scale  $s$
- Introduction of scale greatly improves accuracy of shift

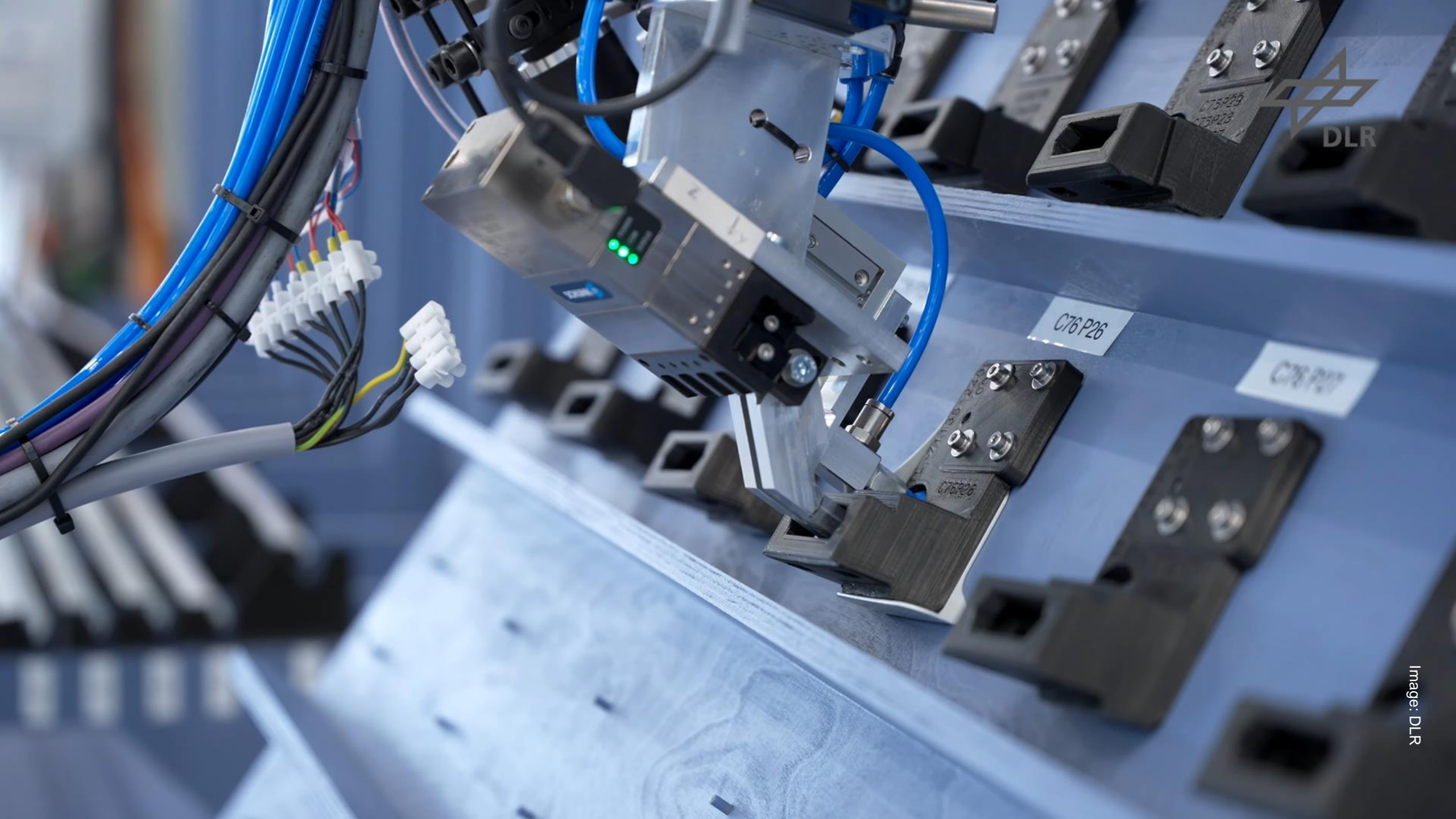




# Grip the Clip

- Shift and rotation with respect to the image center are now known
- Switch the tool from camera to Gripper (not shown)
- Move to detection position
- Adjust x and y, then  $\varphi$
- Advance in z direction and grip





C76-P26

C76-P27

C76-P26

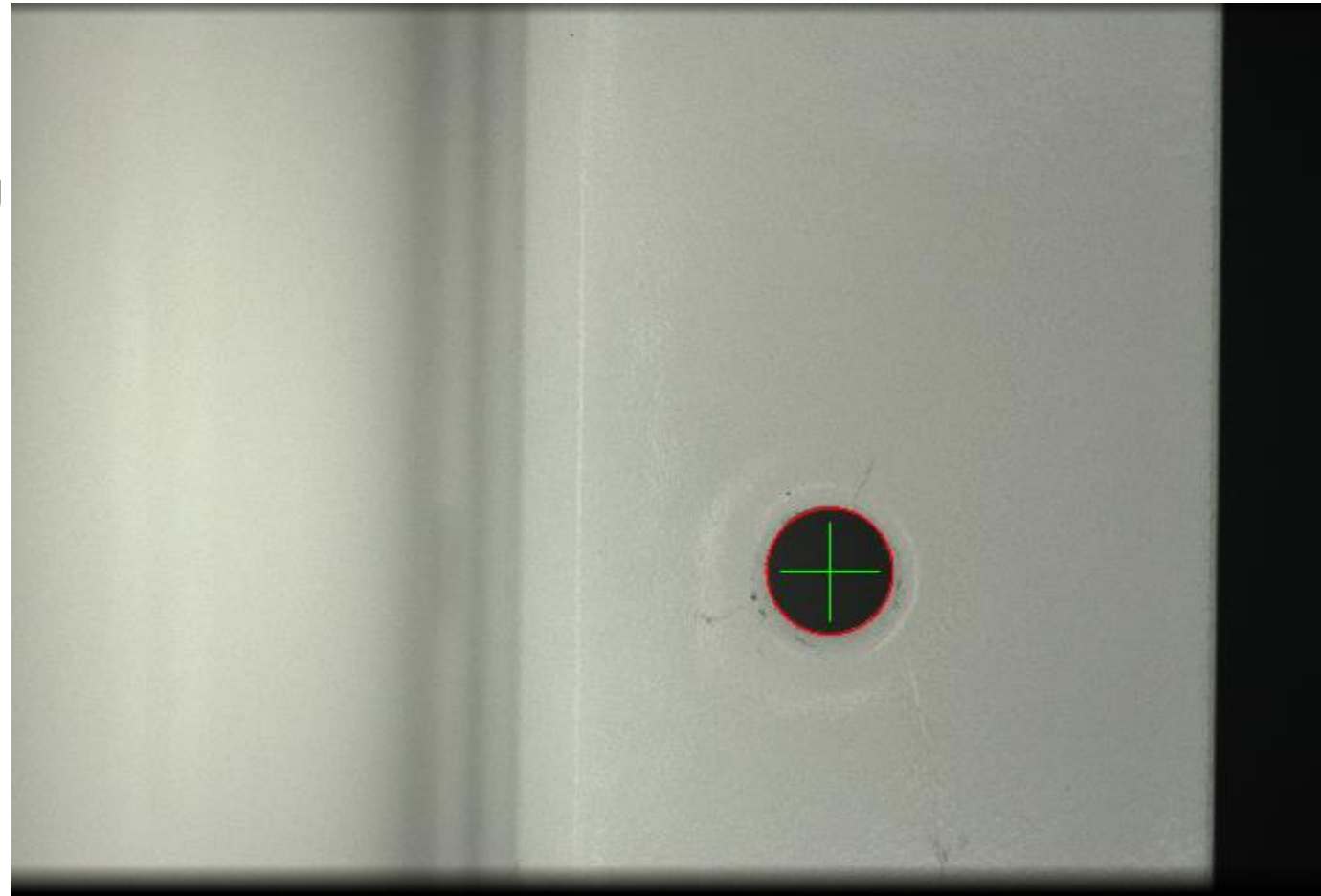
# Stringer assembly

## Six step process

- Detect and store every hole in the skin
- Detect left- and rightmost hole in stringer
- „Catch“ the stringer with two rivets in riveting tools
- Place stringer on skin at predetermined positions and set the first two rivets
- Detect next stringer holes midwards and tip them with the rivets
- Move to previously measured positions and set the rivets ...

## Detection

- Must be able to find „upper“ hole only
- May not be influenced by sealant



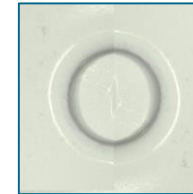
# Stringer assembly

## Improve Detection

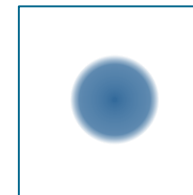
- Blob detection could not handle all cases
- *What part of the image is always the same?*

## Solution

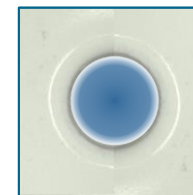
- Use template matching with mask
- Template is a completely covered drill hole
- Mask is a gaussian profile so that the edge is taken into account and the interior part is weighted less and less to the middle
- The blueish part is not considered
- Good results for all measurements ( $\approx 400$  images)



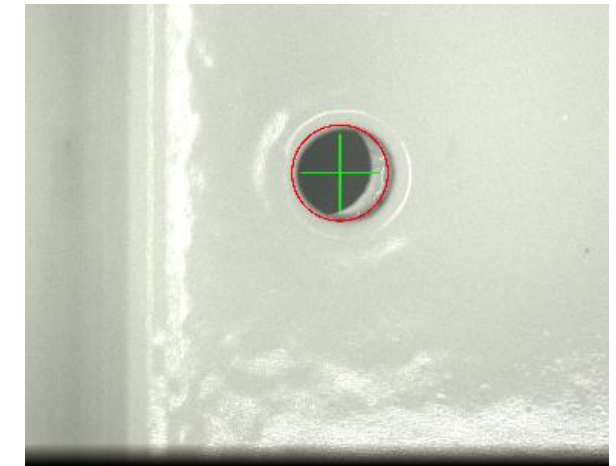
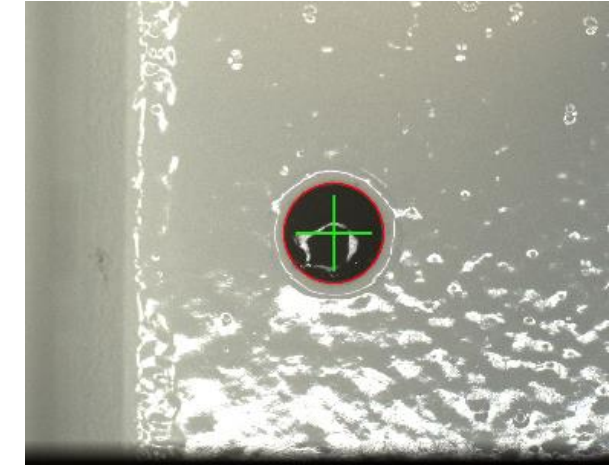
template

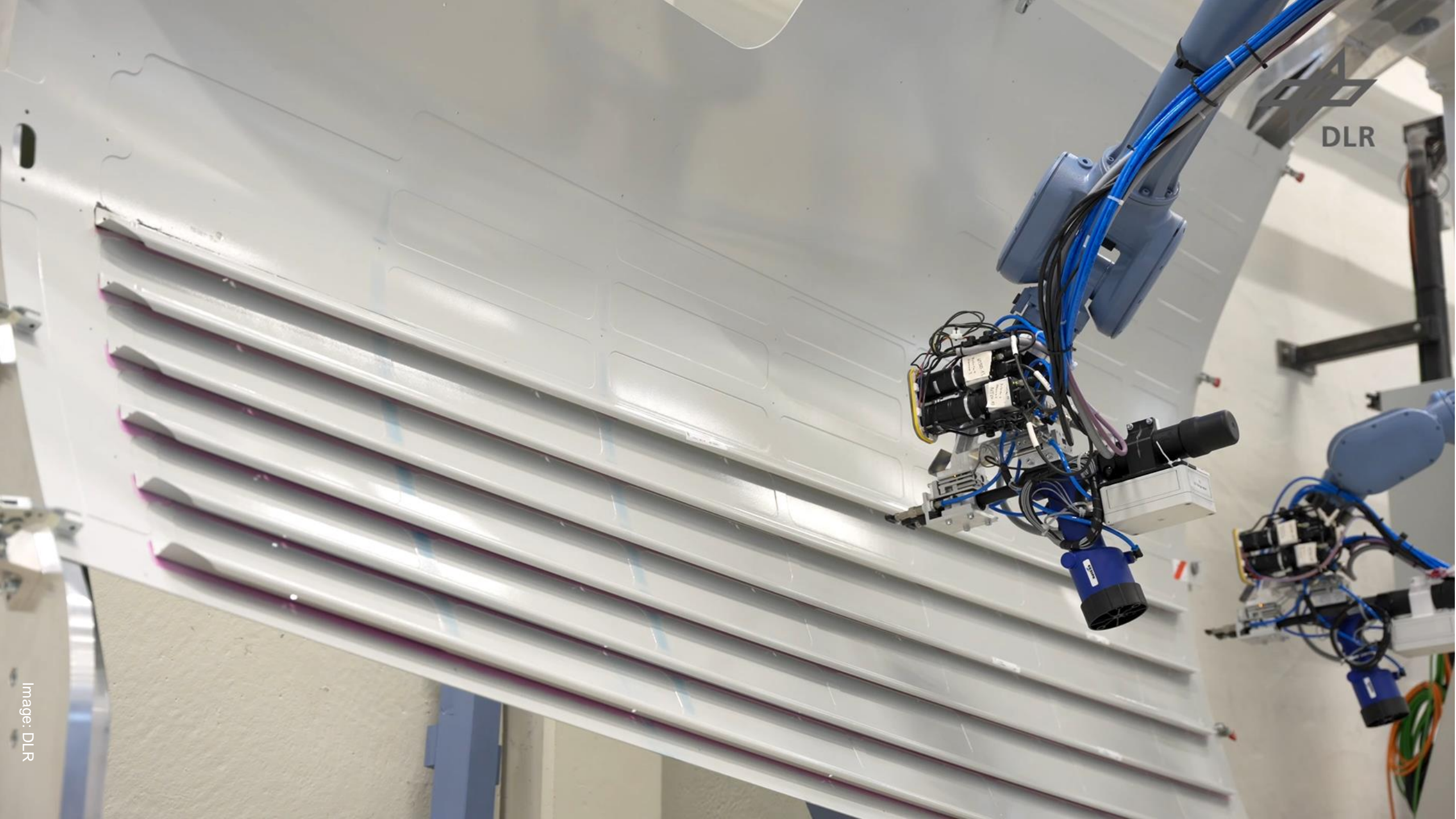


mask



result



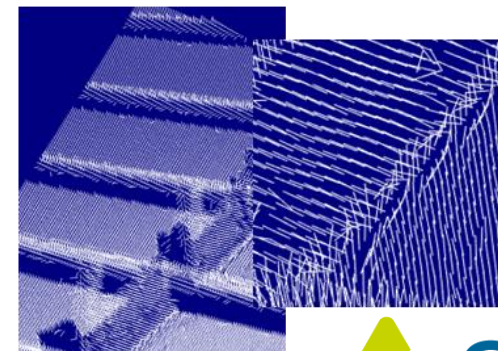
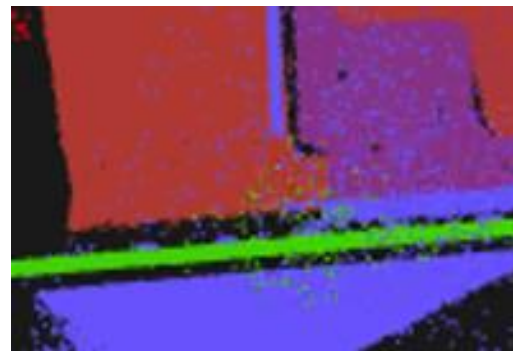


DLR

# Quality control: positional and angular accuracy

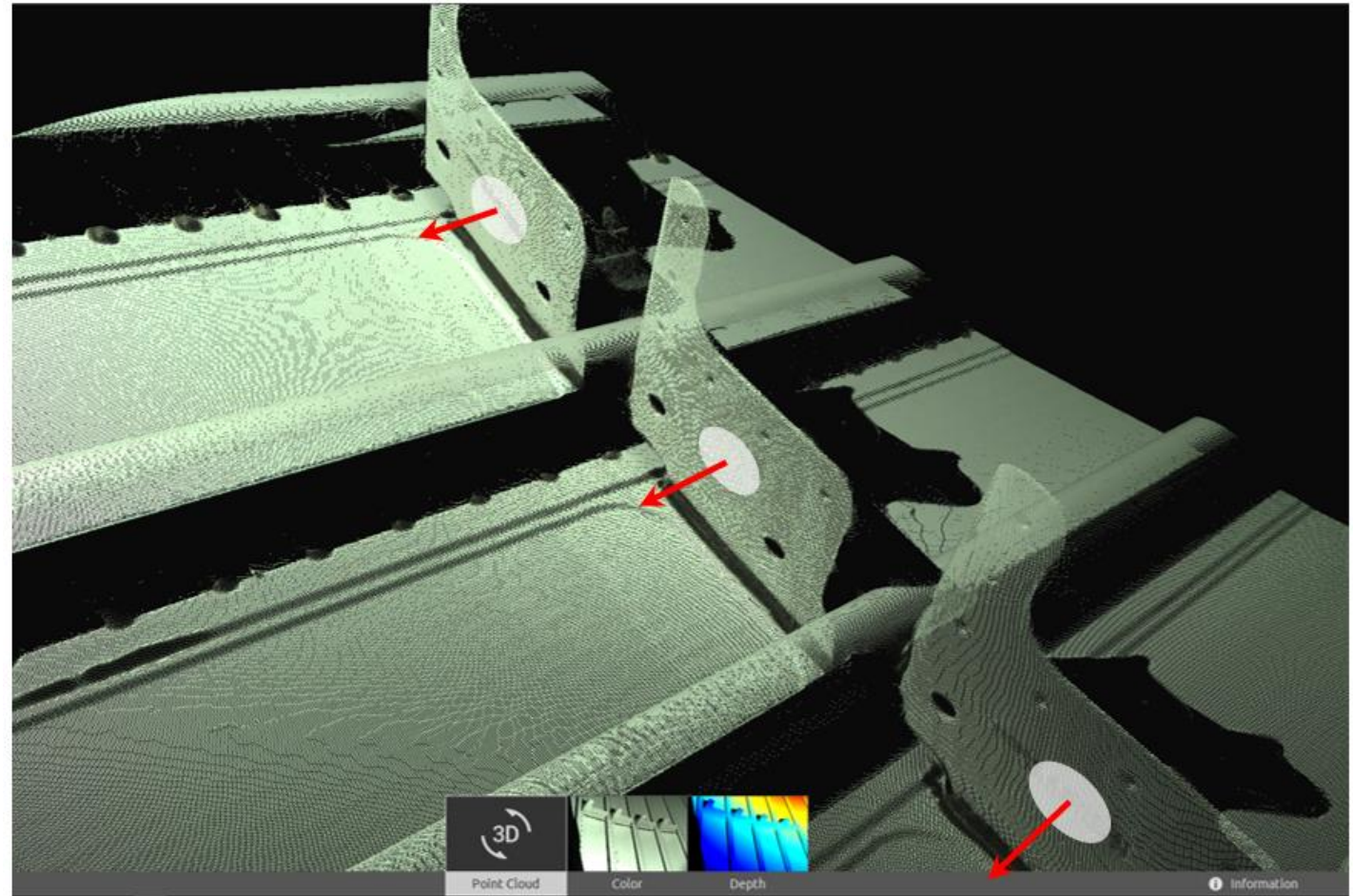


- Measure pointcloud by a 3D structured light camera (here: Zivid One)
- Determine object surfaces
- Separate the clips from the rest
- Determine surface normals



# Quality control: positional and angular accuracy

- Process still under construction
- Semi-Automated
- Next step: full automation with camera mounted on a robot



# Conclusion



- Reliable sensor guided process for aerospace panel assembly demonstrated
- Continuous digital process chain from CAD to the robot system with simultaneous process simulation and integrated smart sensors proved to be a viable concept for flexible automation
- The developed process and the integrated detection systems will be an essential enabler for future production concepts
- Most important is the flexibility to adapt to various tasks in order to enhance production flow and to reduce downtimes
- Future work should include the integration and automation of the quality control by 3D imaging as well as a database for measurement documentation



# Watch the movie



<https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=wVorUo0YROE>

# Thank you! Questions?



Image: DLR