

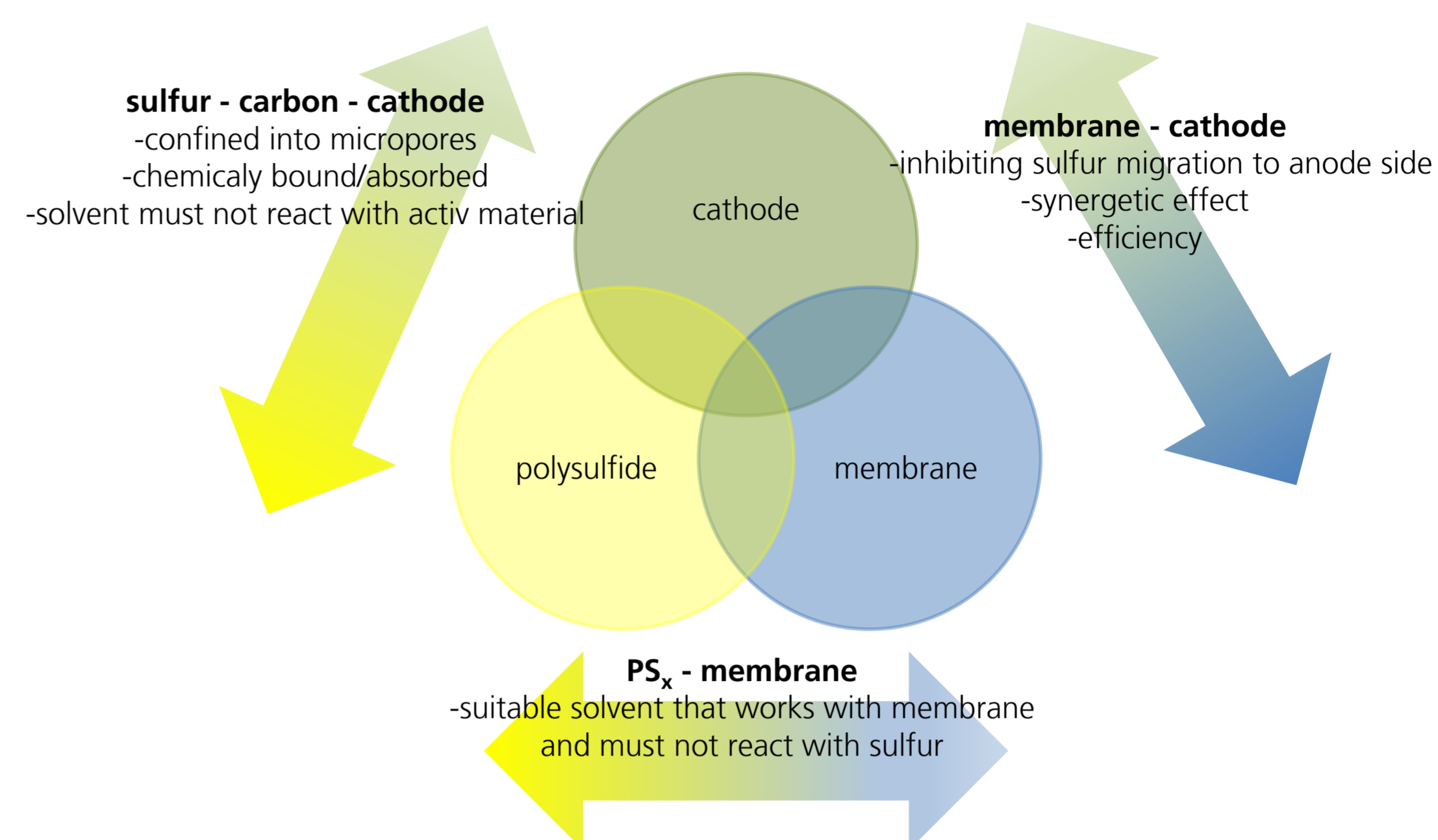
Introduction



INNOVATIVE NANOSTRUCTURED MATERIALS AND SMART TEXTILE ELECTRODES FOR NEW GENERATION OF BATTERIES AND SUPERCAPACITORS

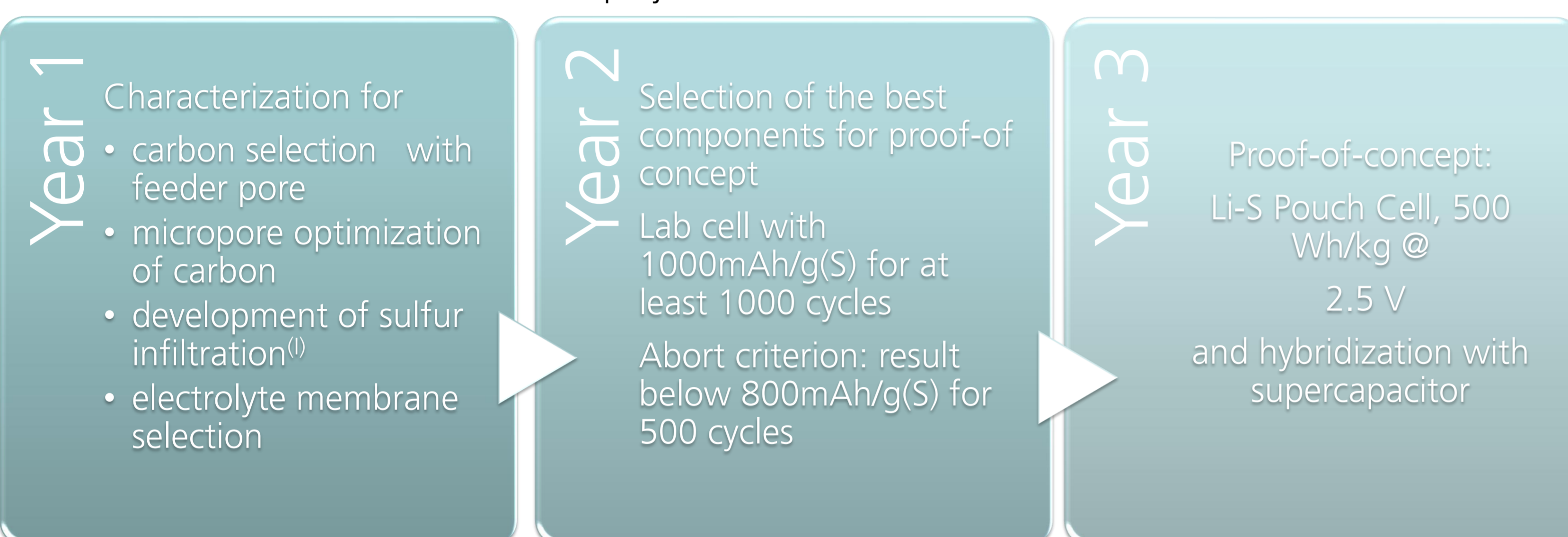
INNENERMAT

Within the BMBF-funded international collaborative project INNENERMAT, the partners are developing flexible batteries and supercapacitors and proof-of-concept for the hybridization of mentioned systems in a multidisciplinary approach. Safe and environmentally friendly high-performance cathodes and anodes, gel and polymer electrolytes and smart carbon textile electrodes for flexible energy storage cells are realized through the development of advanced functional materials. Here the primary results on the development of lithium sulfur battery component within INNENERMAT project are presented.



Main objectives with focus on battery cell development

INNENERMAT project duration: 1.10.2020 – 31.03.2023



(I) M. Nojabae, B. Sievert, M. Schwan, J. Schettler, F. Warth, N. Wagner, B. Milow, K. A. Friedrich, Ultramicroporous carbon aerogels encapsulating sulfur as the cathode for lithium-sulfur batteries, *J. Mater. Chem. A*, 2021, <https://doi.org/10.1039/D0TA11332H>

Consortium and main role



material synthesis and component optimization of carbons, coordinator material synthesis and optimization of membranes, electrolytes and carbons development, preparation and characterization of Li-S battery cells development of the supercapacitor (SC) systems and material synthesis textile system development, prototyping, integration, testing and characterization proof-of-concept of Li-S battery and SC systems and techno-economic analysis

<https://innenermat.meranet.csic.es>

Experimental Results

Carbon xerogel^(II) matrix for electrolyte feeder pore

Table 1 : properties of carbon xerogel samples according to their feeder pore size

Sample	Total Pore Volume cm ³ /g	S-BET m ² /g	V _{micropores} cm ³ /g	V _{mesopores} cm ³ /g	V _{macropores} cm ³ /g	D _{pore} nm
CX-5	0.233	363	0.120	0.113	0	6
CX-50	1.073	689	0.515	0.558	0	42
CX-100	2.166	621	0.268	0.015	1.883	159

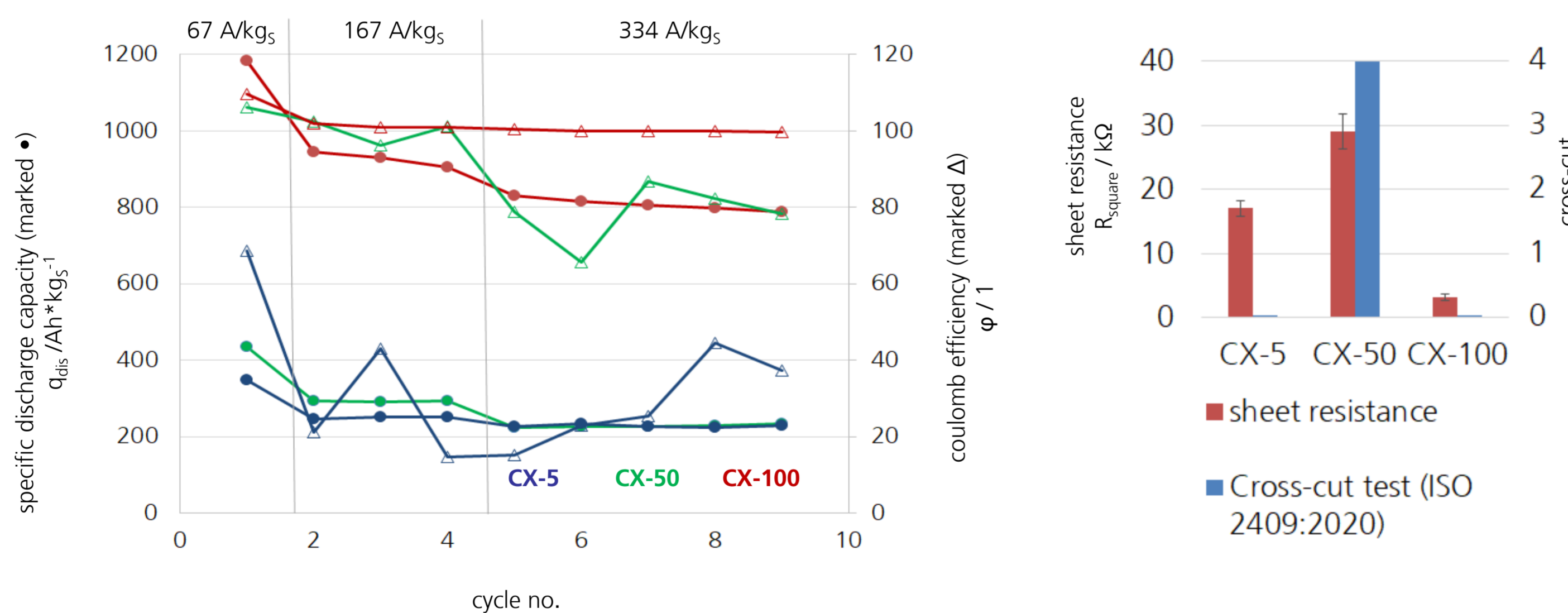


Figure 1 : (a) electrochemical characterization of carbon xerogels with different feeder pore size at different current densities (b) compared to corresponding cathode film properties, sheet resistance and substrate adhesion (cross cut)

(II) Natalia Rey-Raap, Ana Arenillas, J. Angel Menendez, (2016), A visual validation of the combined effect of pH and dilution on the porosity of carbon xerogels, *Elsevier, Microporous and Mesoporous Materials*, 89-93, <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.micromeso.2015.10.044>

Single lithium-ion conducting solid polymer electrolytes^(III) (SLIC-SPEs)

- unity transference number
- absence of harmful effect of anion polarization
- extremely low rate of Li dendrite growth
- immobilization of the lithium polysulfides in the lithium-sulfur (Li-S) batteries
- generally low ionic conductivities
- enhancement of ionic conductivity by nanoscale dispersed fillers in Nafion®
- comparison of Nafion filled with sulfonated graphene oxide (Naf GO_{sulf}) and nanoscale ionic material (Naf NIM-SO3) with pure Nafion

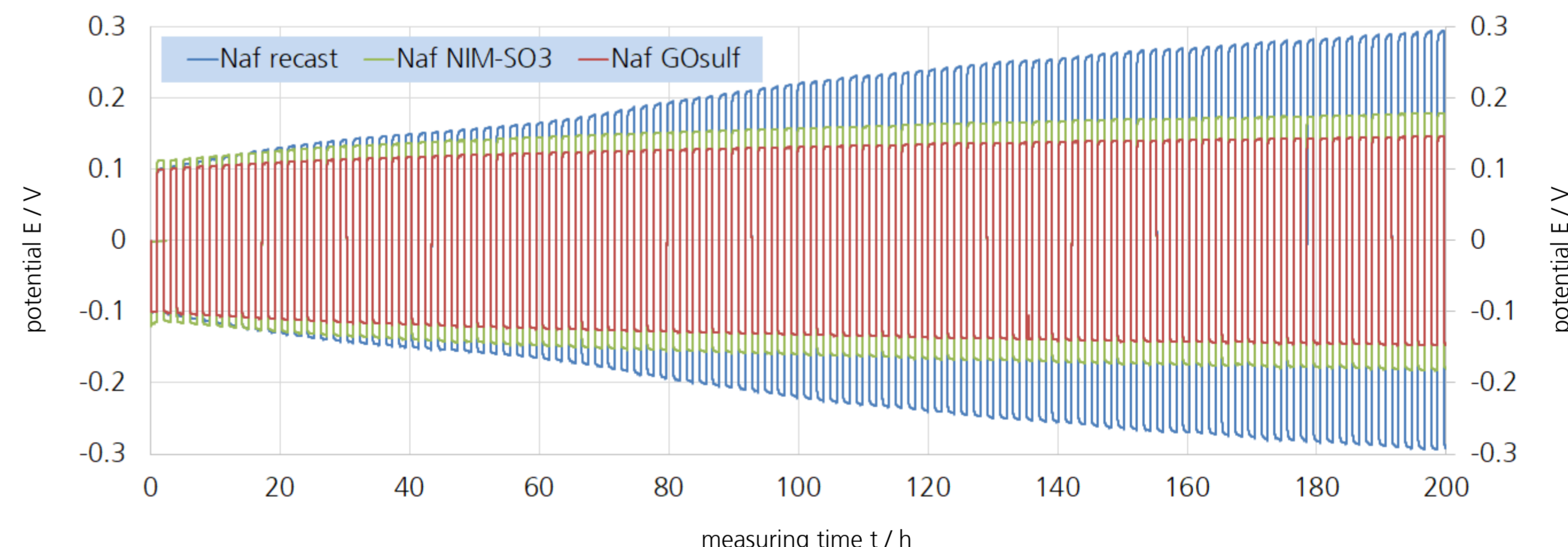


Figure 2 : stripping and plating (100 cycles) of different Nafion gel membranes at a current density of 0,2 mA/cm² and 25°C EC:PC (1:0,4;n/n)

(III) I. Nicotera, C. Simari, M. Agostini, A. Enotiadis, S. Brutti, A Novel Li+-Nafion-Sulfonated Graphene Oxide Membrane as Single Lithium-Ion Conducting Polymer Electrolyte for Lithium Batteries *J. Phys. Chem. C* 2019, 123, 27406-27416, <https://doi.org/10.1021/acs.jpcc.9b08826>

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