Mass balance of outlet glaciers in NE Greenland from combined measurements of TanDEM-X and CryoSat-2

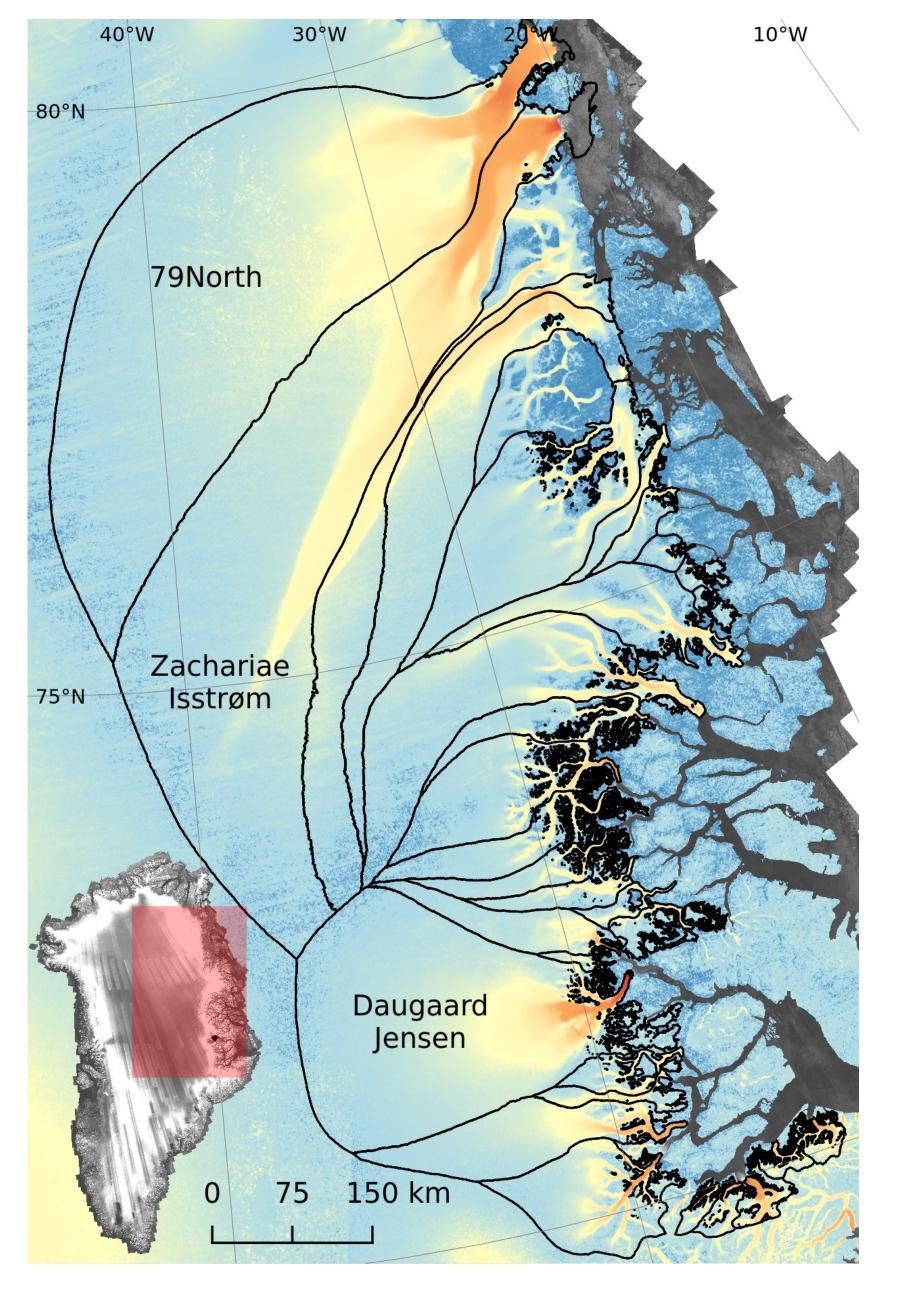
Lukas Krieger 1* , Undine Strößenreuther 2 and Dana Floricioiu 1

 1 German Aerospace Center (DLR), Remote Sensing Technology Institute, 82234 Oberpfaffenhofen Germany

Drainage basin delineation

²TU Dresden, Institut für Planetare Geodäsie, Germany *Author for correspondence : lukas.krieger@dlr.de





- The drainage divides of ice sheets separate the overall glaciated area into multiple sectors
- For the delineation of individual glacier catchments, a classical flood-filling watershed algorithm was adapted to use both elevation (TanDEM-X global DEM) and ice velocity data (Sentinel-1 velocity from Greenland CCI project)
- In regions of fast flow (e.g. $> 20ma^{-1}$) the velocity flowlines are followed and in slower regions the steepest surface slope indicates the drainage direction
- Watershed approaches using only a DEM result in erroneous basin boundaries if catchments for current ice sheet conditions are desired
- Other datasets for drainage sectors are available but aggregate multiple outlet glaciers in one basin [1] or lack detailed methodological description for combining slope information and ice velocities [2]
- We delineated catchments for the Northeast Greenland Ice Sheet for 31 individual outlet glaciers

Drainage basins statistics

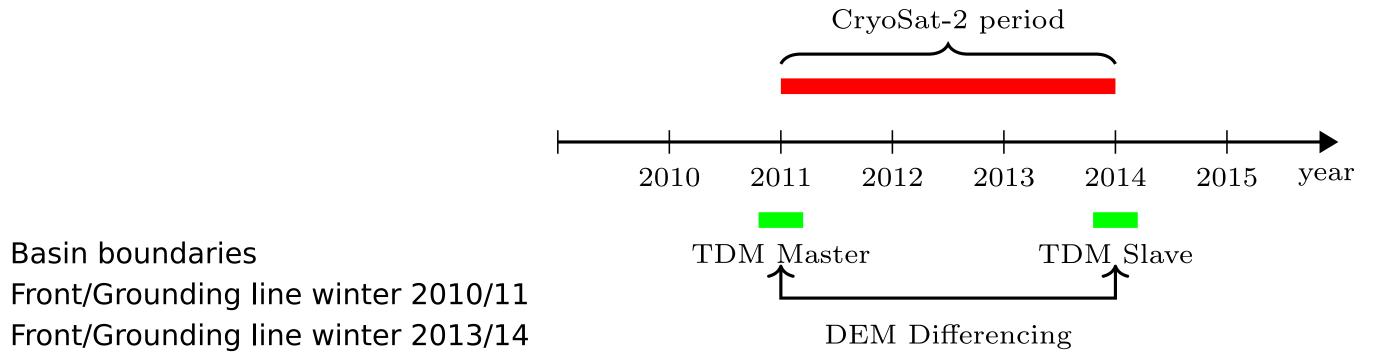
Glacier basin	Area $[km^2]$	Area fraction of Greenland [%]	Sea level rise potential [m]
Nioghalvfjerdsfjorden (79North)	109,287	6.37	0.59
Zachariæ Isstrøm	97,105	5.66	0.59
Daugaard-Jensen	51,253	2.99	0.30

Krieger, et al., "Drainage basin delineation for outlet glaciers of Northeast Greenland based on Sentinel-1 ice velocities and TanDEM-X elevations", Submitted. Ice velocity: Nagler, et al. "The Sentinel-1 mission: New opportunities for ice sheet observations." Remote Sensing 7.7 (2015): 9371-9389.

- [1] Zwally, et al., "Antarctic and Greenland drainage systems, GSFC cryospheric sciences laboratory." (2012).
- [2] Mouginot, et al. "Fast retreat of Zachariæ Isstrøm, northeast Greenland." Science 350.6266 (2015): 1357-1361.

Surface elevation change

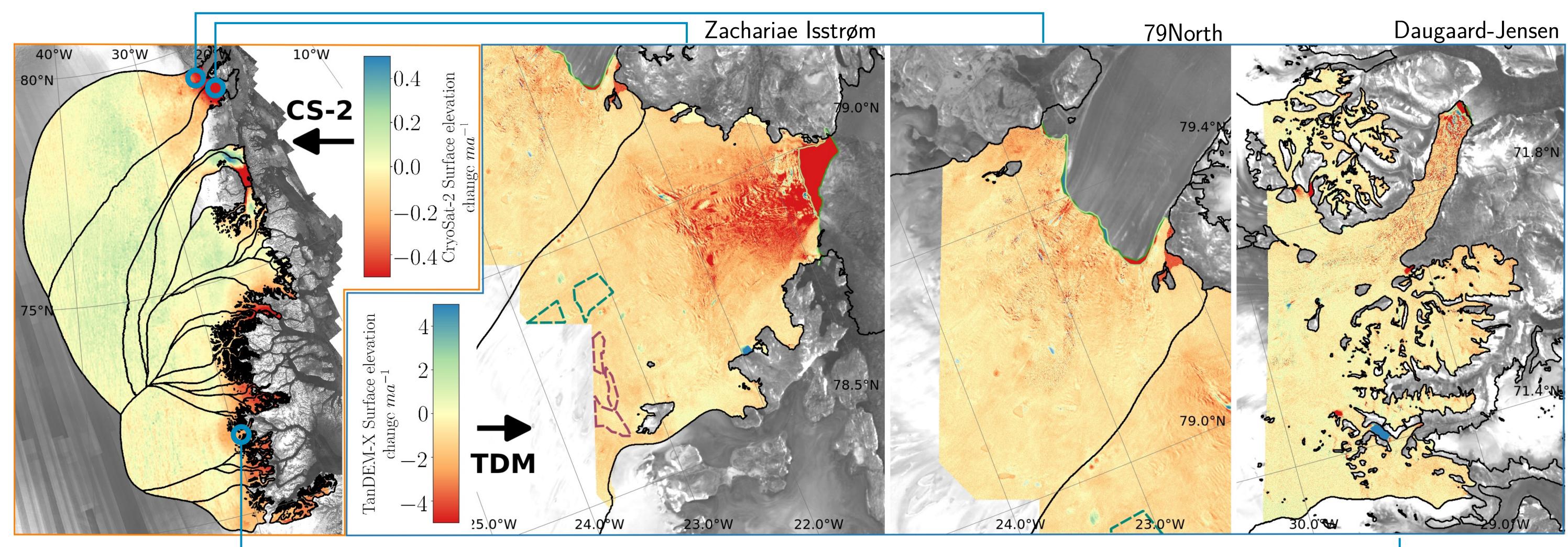
- Surface elevation change (SEC) was processed from bistatic TanDEM-X TDM) acquisitions in winter 2010/11 and winter 2013/14 for the termini of 3 major outlet glaciers in Northeast Greenland
- CryoSat-2 Repeat Altimetry Analysis was performed between Jan. 2011 and Jan. 2014 in Low resolution mode for the ice sheet interior and SARIn mode at the ice sheet margins



TDM - CS-2 comparison

- $\Delta h = SEC_{TDM} SEC_{CS2}$
- SEC was processed independently for each sensor
- Sources of errors for TDM include seasonal effects, the signal penetration and the vertical co-registration of the individual scenes
- The TDM and CS-2 SEC rates are in good agreement in areas of flat terrain

TDM temporal separation	$\mu_{\Delta h}$ [m]	$\sigma_{\Delta h}$ [m]
3 years + 4 days	-0.14	0.33
$3 ext{ years} + 31 ext{ days}$	-0.18	0.33



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Basin boundaries









