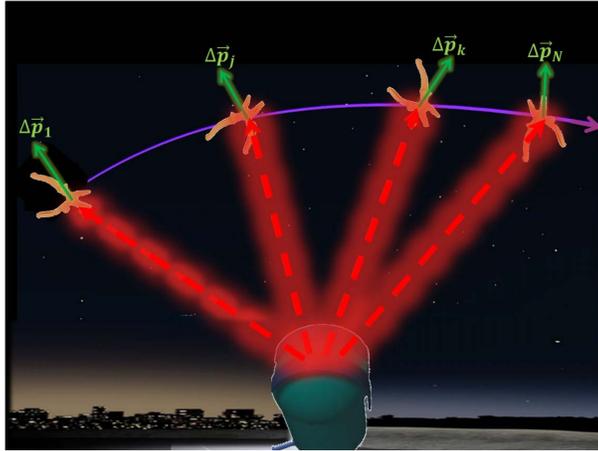
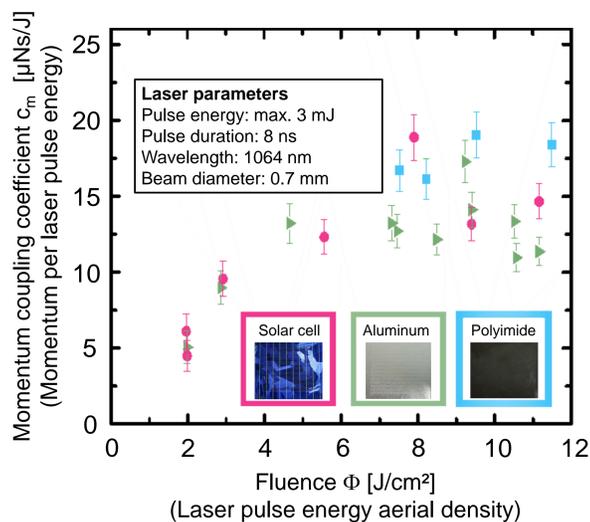


## Concept

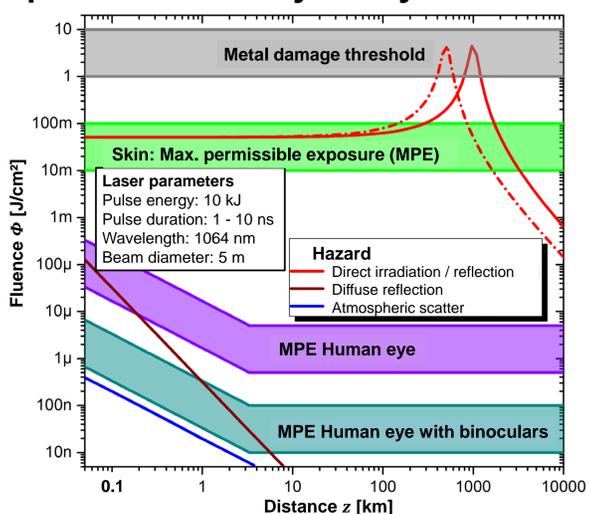


- Surface ablation by laser pulses  
→ Recoil on debris target  
→ Perigee lowering  
→ Burn-up in atmosphere
- Targeted debris size: 1...10 cm

## Ablative Recoil Measurements

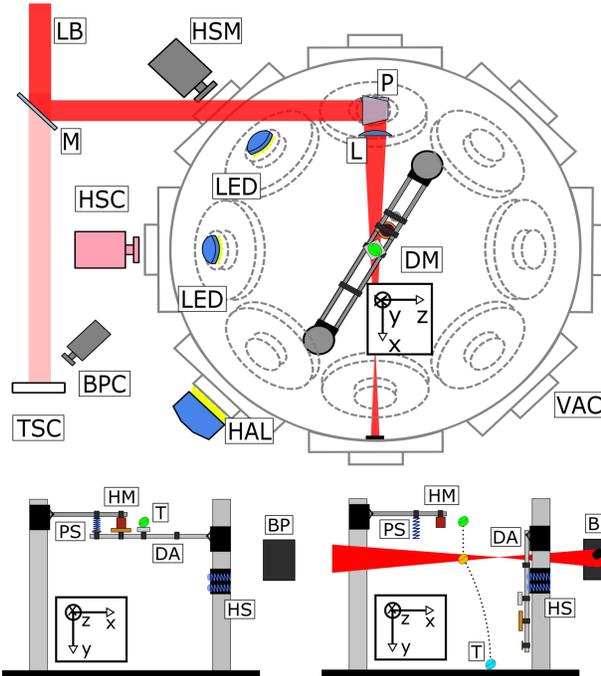


## Operational Safety Analysis



- Local exclusion zone at laser site
- No-fly zone
- Radar control
- Reconciliation with air-traffic control and space agencies

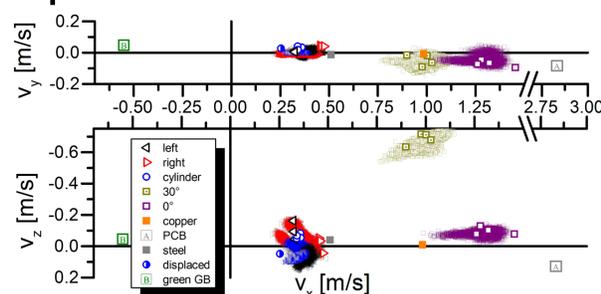
## True-Scale Experimental Proof



Top: Experimental Setup  
Bottom: Dropping mechanism.  
Abbreviations: VAC: vacuum chamber, DM: dropping mechanism, P: periscope, L: Lens, LED: LED-lamp, HAL: halogen lamp, HSM: high-speed camera monochrome, HSC: high-speed camera color, BPC: beam profiling camera, LB: Laser beam, M: mirror, TSC: PTFE screen, HM: holding magnet, T: target, BP: burn pattern foil, PS: pressure spring, DA: dropping arm, HS: holding springs

- cm-sized targets ( $\Phi_{target} < \Phi_{spot}$ )
- Laser pulse energy:  $E_L = 80 J$
- IR laser:  $\lambda = 1064 nm, \tau = 10 ns$
- Stereoscopic 3D-tracking,  $\Delta t = 1 ms$
- Vacuum ( $< 2 Pa$ ), free fall ( $\mu-G$ )

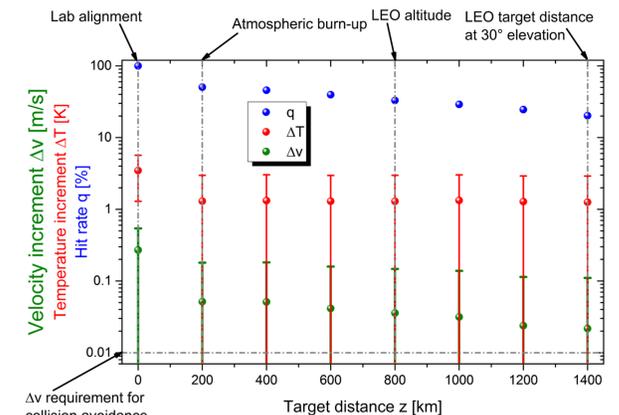
## Experimental Results



Object velocity changes  $\Delta v$  after laser irradiation. Simulation results are indicated as point clouds.

- Large area to mass  $\rightarrow$  high  $\Delta v$
- 1-pulse  $\Delta v \gg 10 cm/s$
- Momentum direction sensitive to target orientation and position

## Laser Thermal Removal Simulation

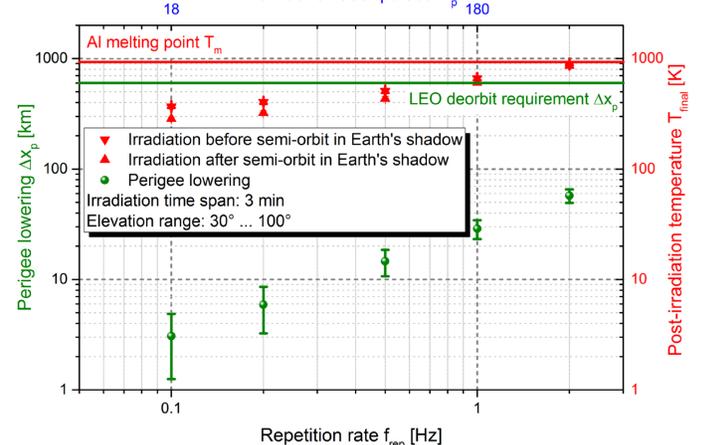


Simulation results for single pulse irradiation:  
nHelix laser upscaling:  $E_L = 20 kJ, M^2 = 2,$   
 $D_{Telescope} = 8 m, Str = 0.4, d_{spot} = 70 cm$   
Target: Al plate  $2 \times 2 \times 0.1 cm$ , arb. orientation  
Monte Carlo:  $0.42 \mu rad$  pointing, 10000 samples

- Large momentum scatter
- Single pulse collision avoidance



Heat Accumulation  
AIAA Journal



Simulation of multi-pulse irradiation: Parameters as above; supplementary:  $T_0 = 327.8 (239.4) K$  (dusk/dawn),  $\epsilon = 0.09$ , up to 1000 samples each.

- Pulse limitation due to laser heating
- Multi-pass engagements mandatory

## Future Research Issues

- Accumulation of heat and stress
- Remote material reconnaissance
- Remote temperature monitoring



True-scale Experiment  
Scientific Reports

