

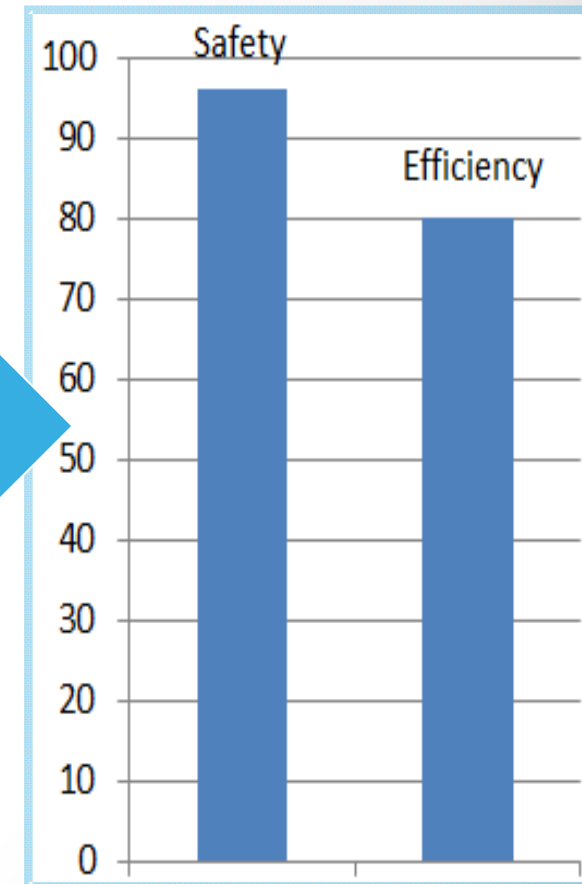
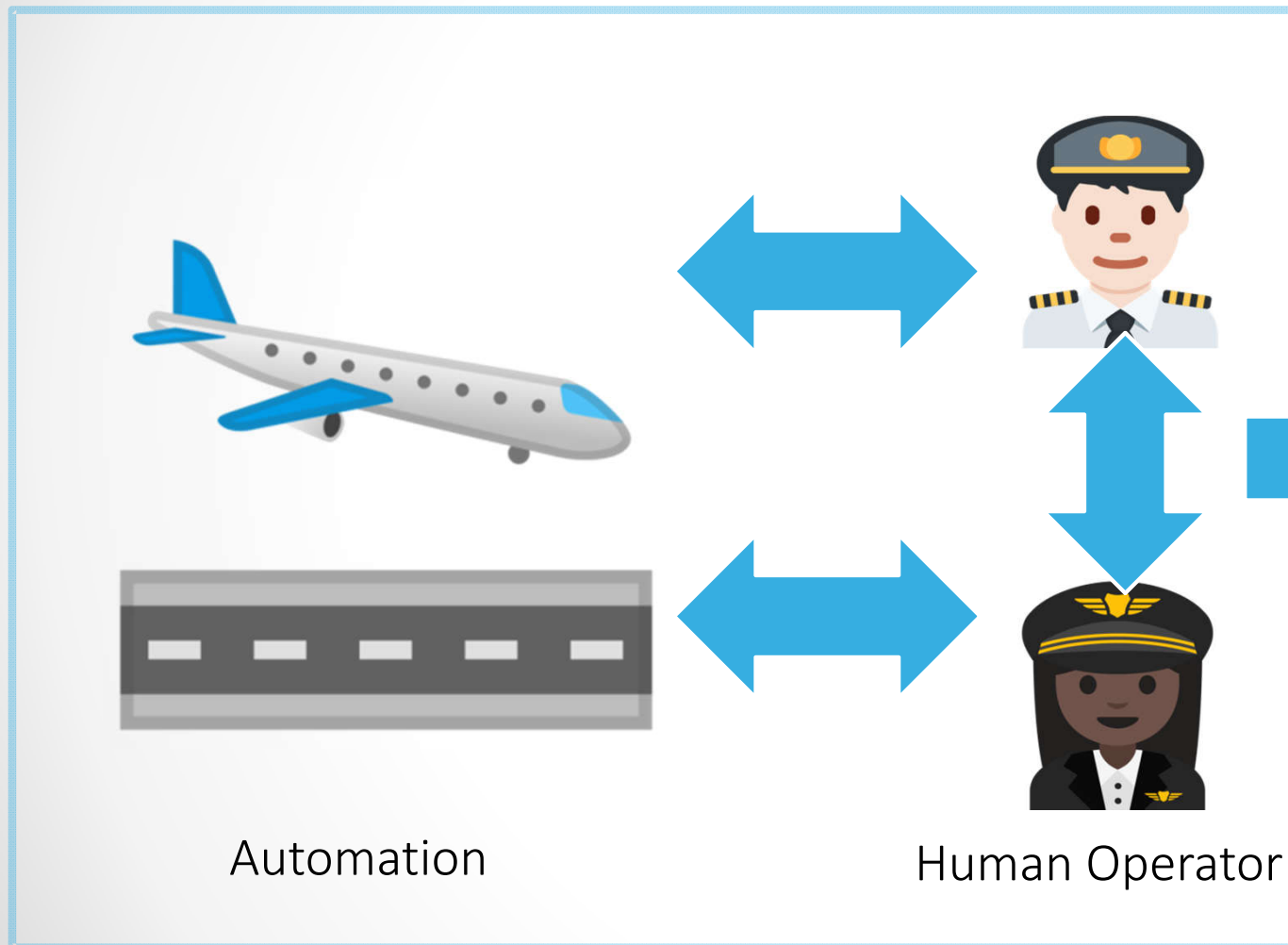


# Human Performance Envelope: Overview of the Project and Technical Results

Marcus Biella, DLR



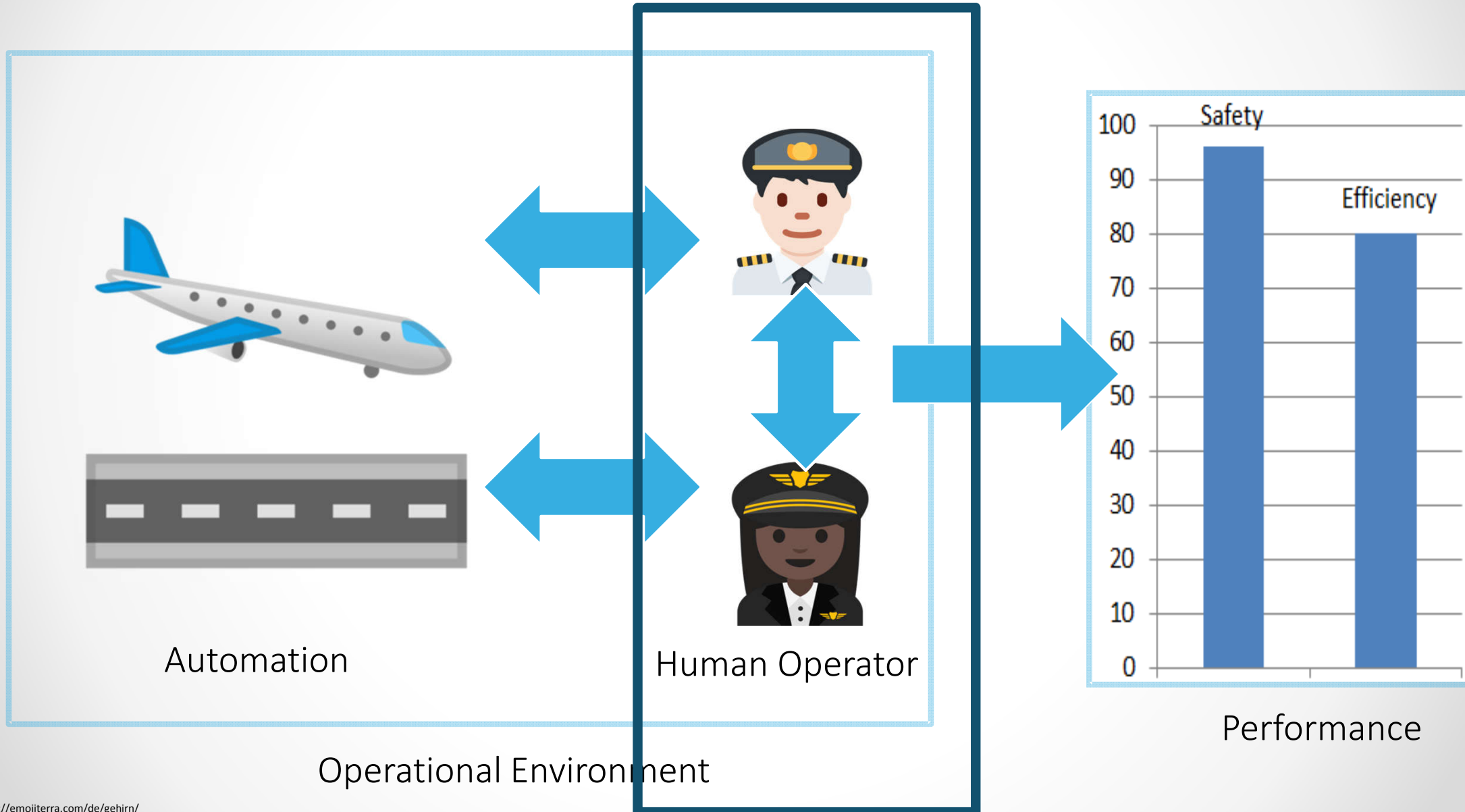
# What are we aiming at?



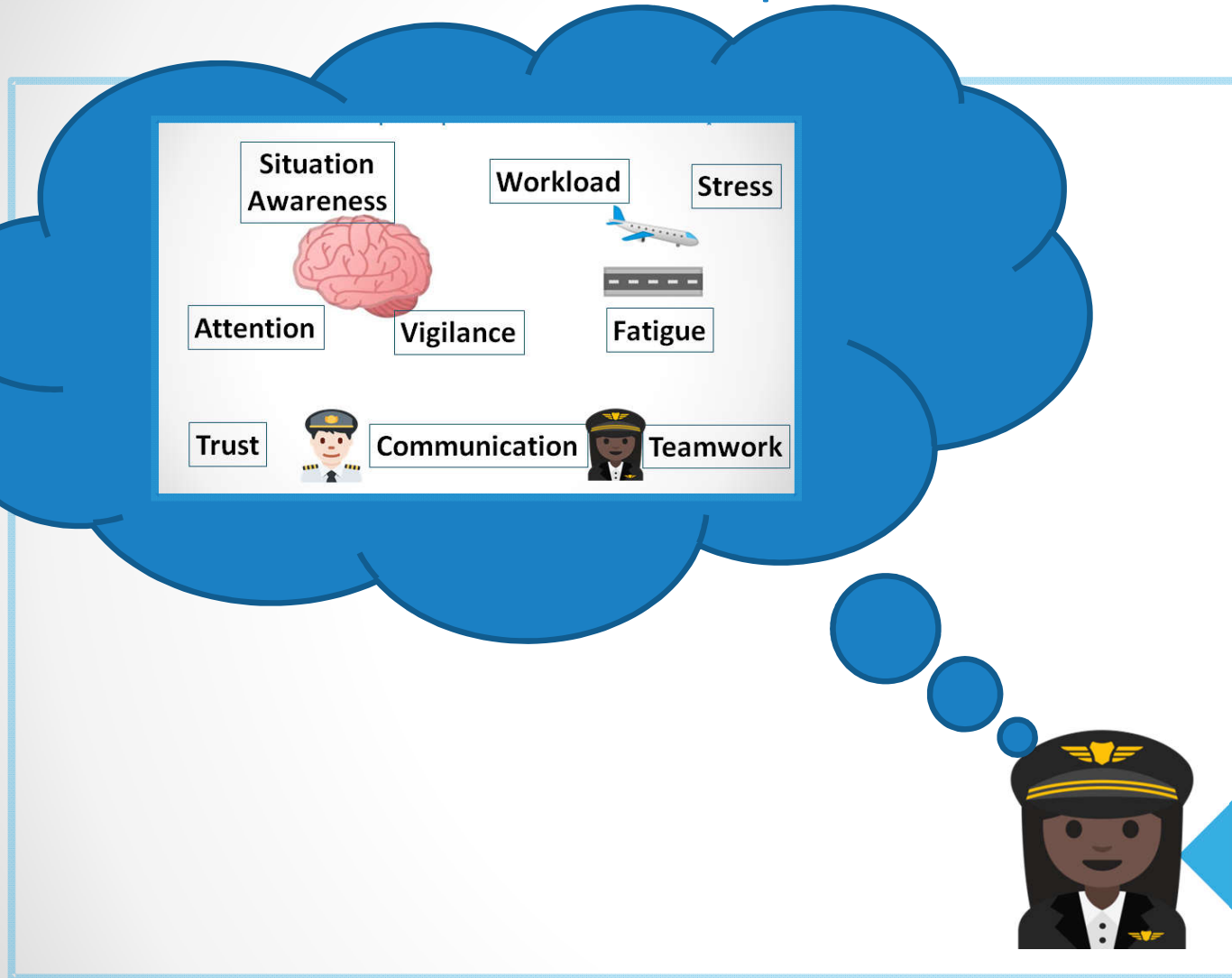
Performance

Operational Environment

# How to automate? Human Centered!

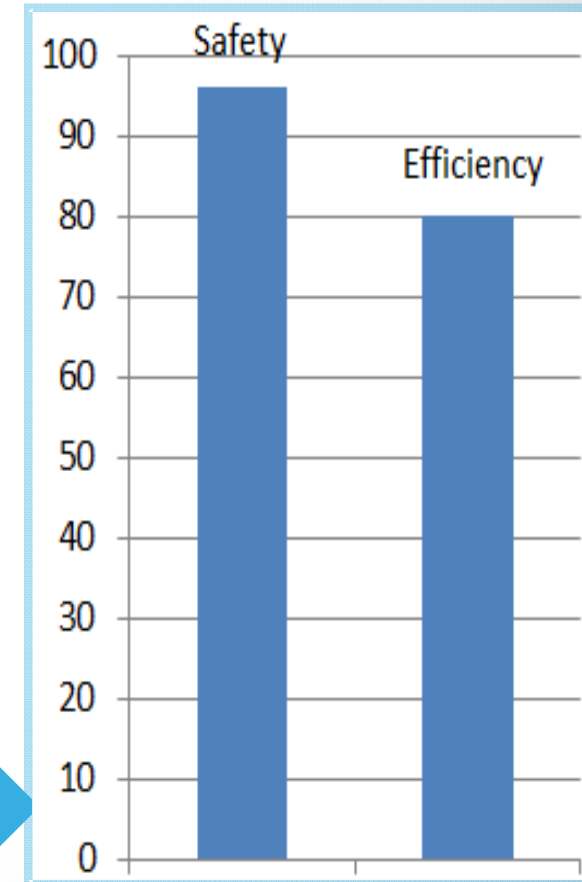


# Performance is dependant on Human Factors



Human Factors

Human Operator

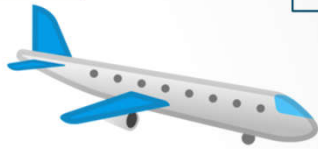
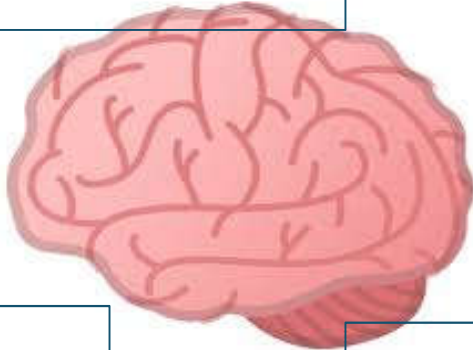


Performance

**Situation  
Awareness**

**Workload**

**Stress**

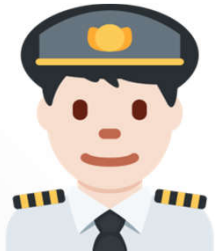


**Attention**

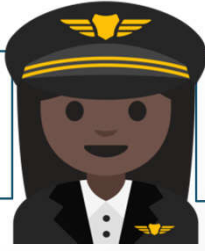
**Vigilance**

**Fatigue**

**Trust**



**Communication**

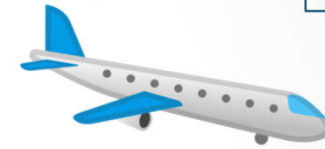
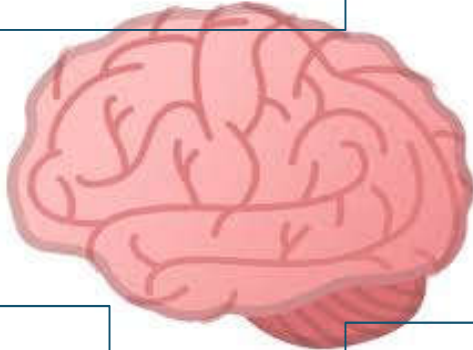


**Teamwork**

**Situation  
Awareness**

**Workload**

**Stress**

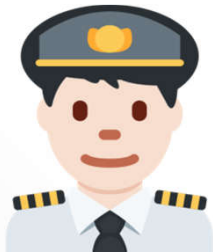


**Attention**

**Vigilance**

**Fatigue**

**Trust**



**Communication**

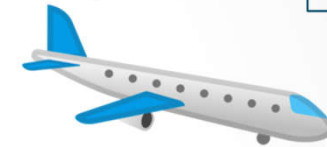
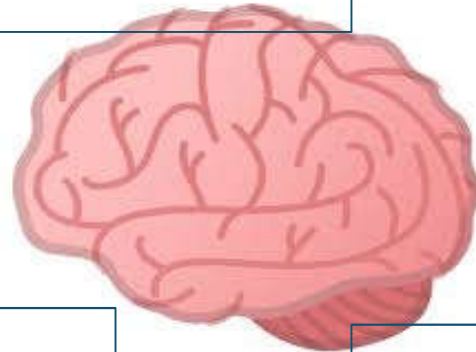


**Teamwork**

**Situation  
Awareness**

**Workload**

**Stress**



**Attention**

**Vigilance**

**Fatigue**

**Trust**

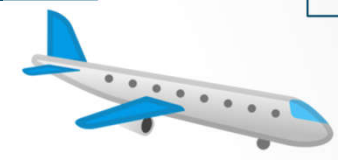
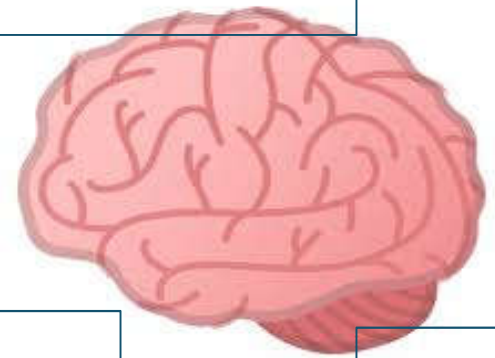
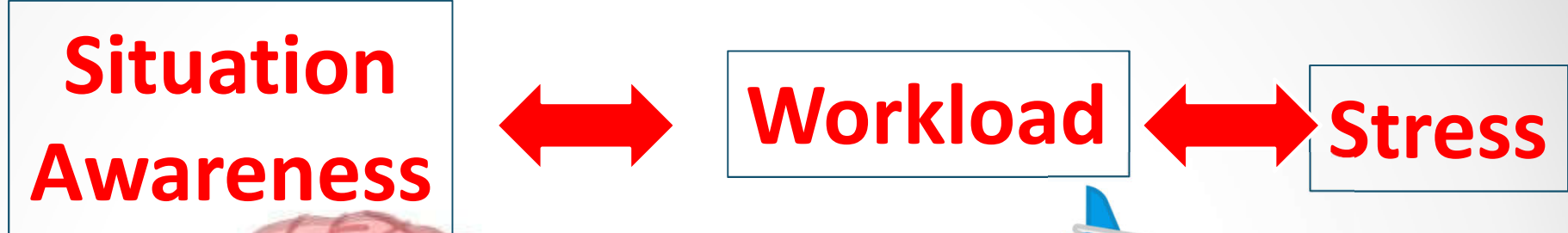


**Communication**



**Teamwork**

Decline in performance: is an interaction of Human Factors even if these factors are only slightly impaired!

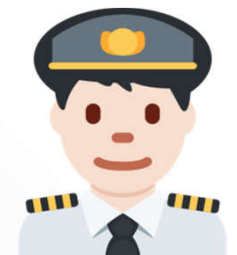


**Attention**

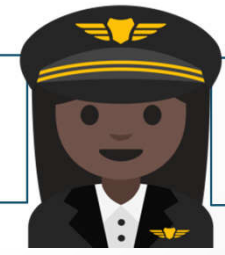
**Vigilance**

**Fatigue**

**Trust**

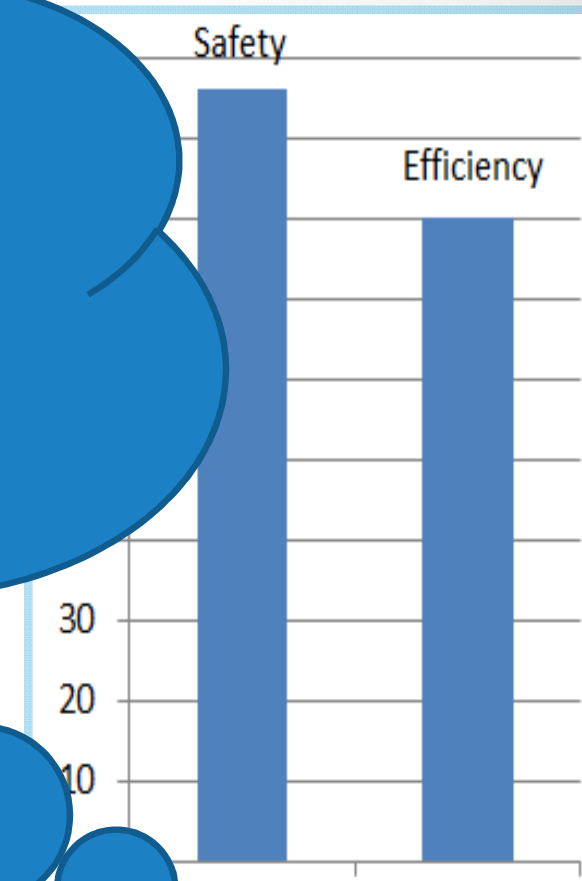
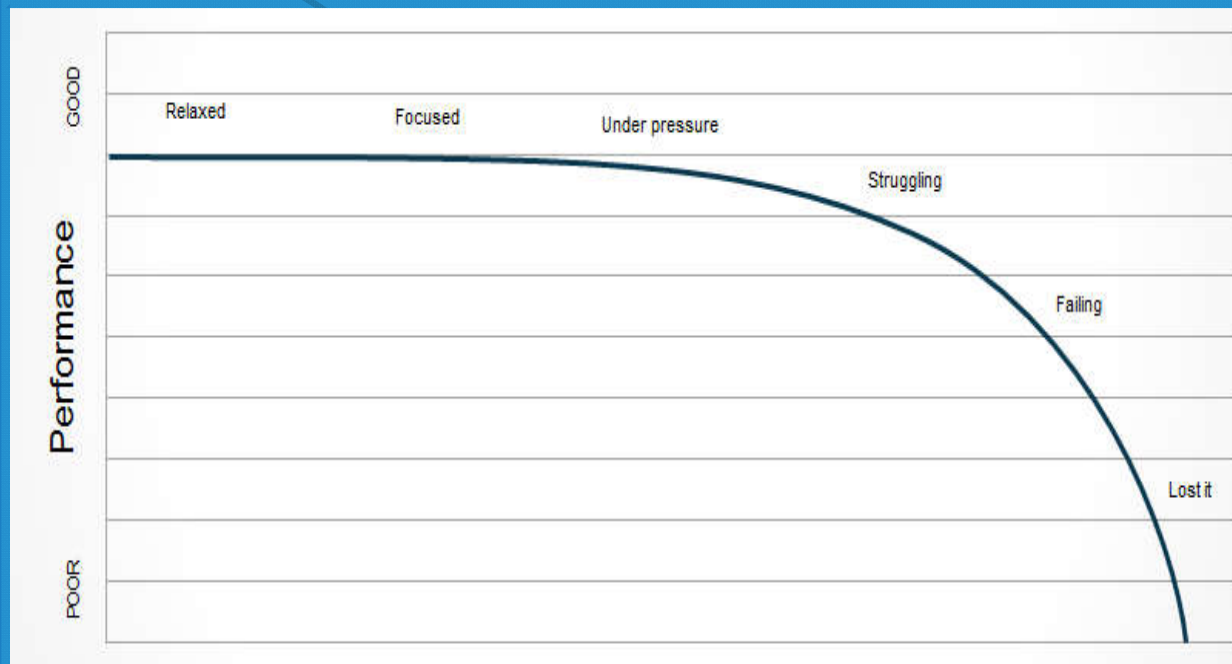


**Communication**



**Teamwork**

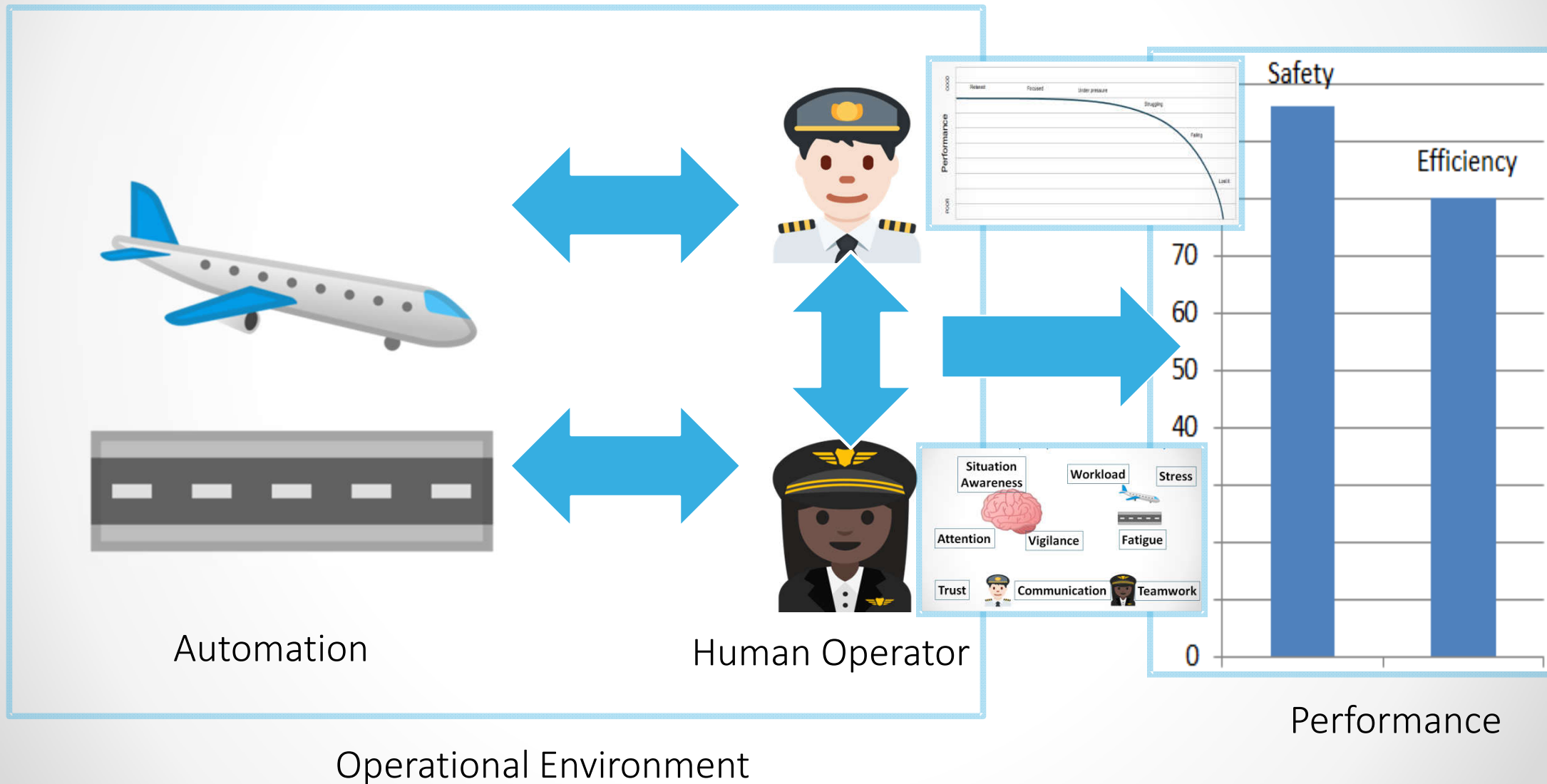
# Decline in performance: it happens gracefully, not abrupt



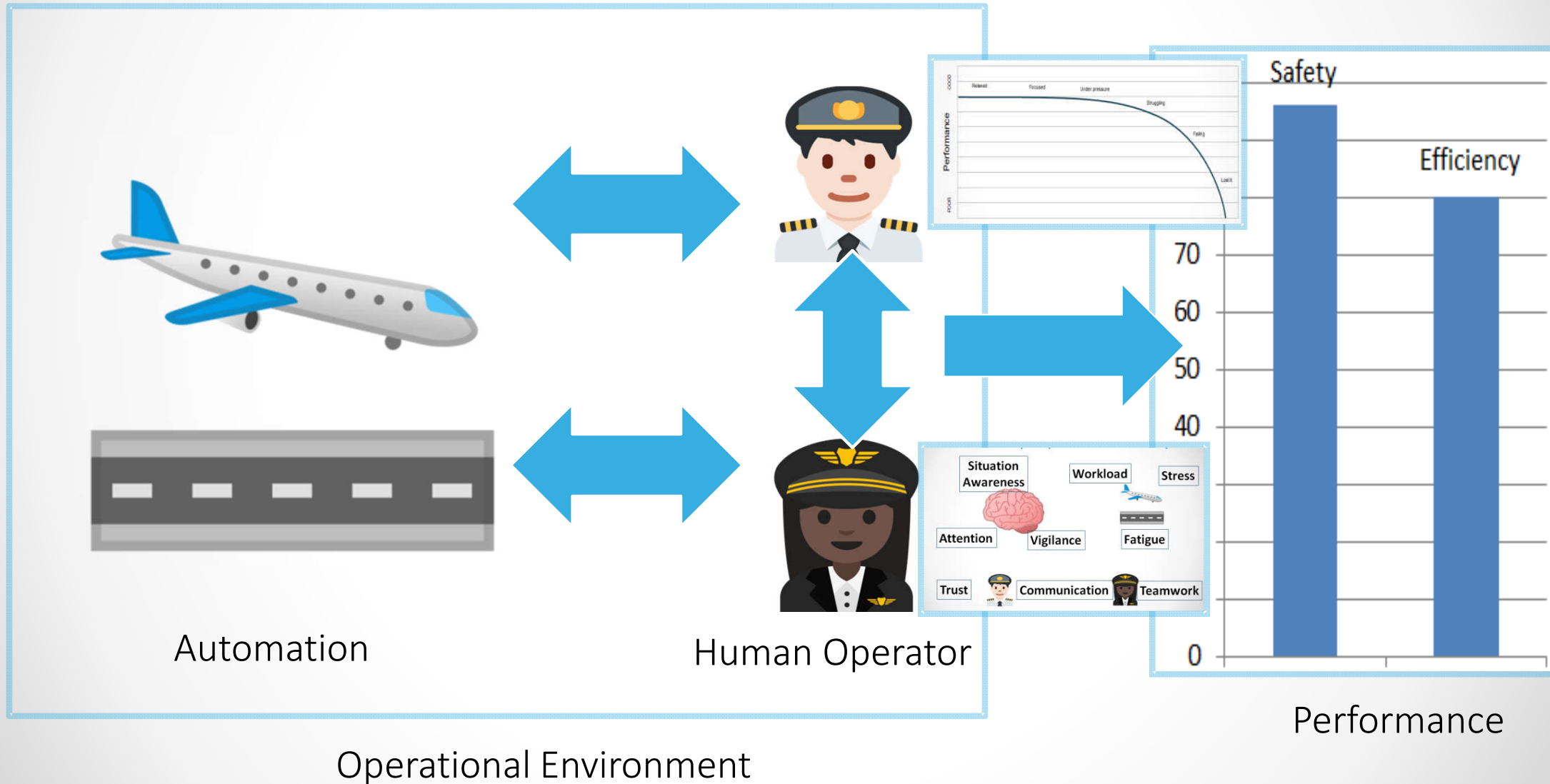
Performance

# How to automate now? Human Centered!

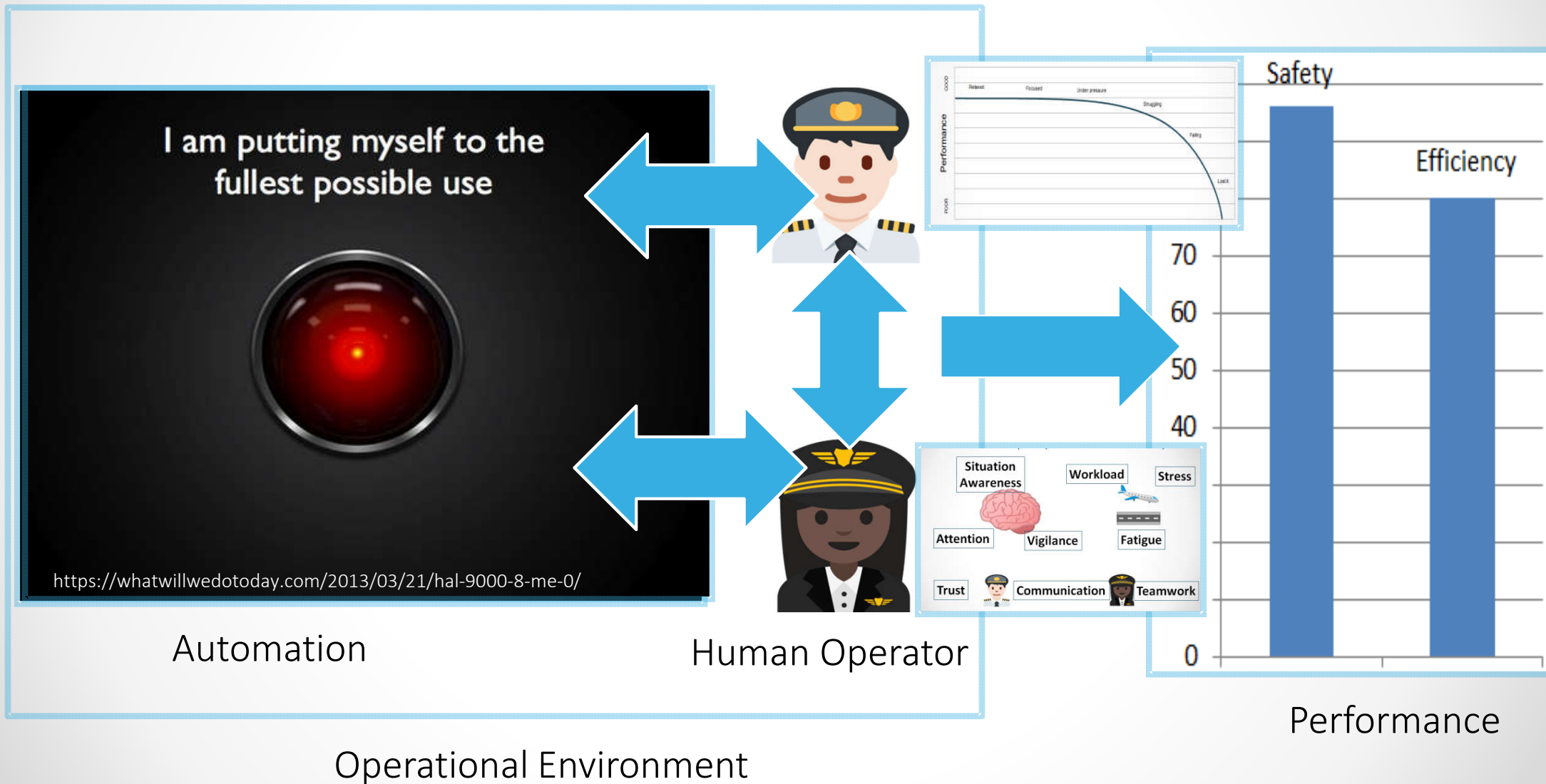
## ... enabled by Human Performance Envelope



# 1. Detect operator's state on time



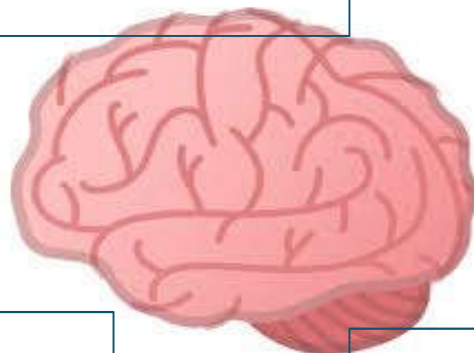
## 2. Develop automation which is capable to adapt to the state of the operator



**Situation  
Awareness**

**Workload**

**Stress**

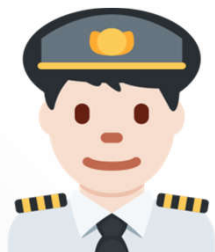


**Attention**

**Vigilance**

**Fatigue**

**Trust**



**Communication**



**Teamwork**



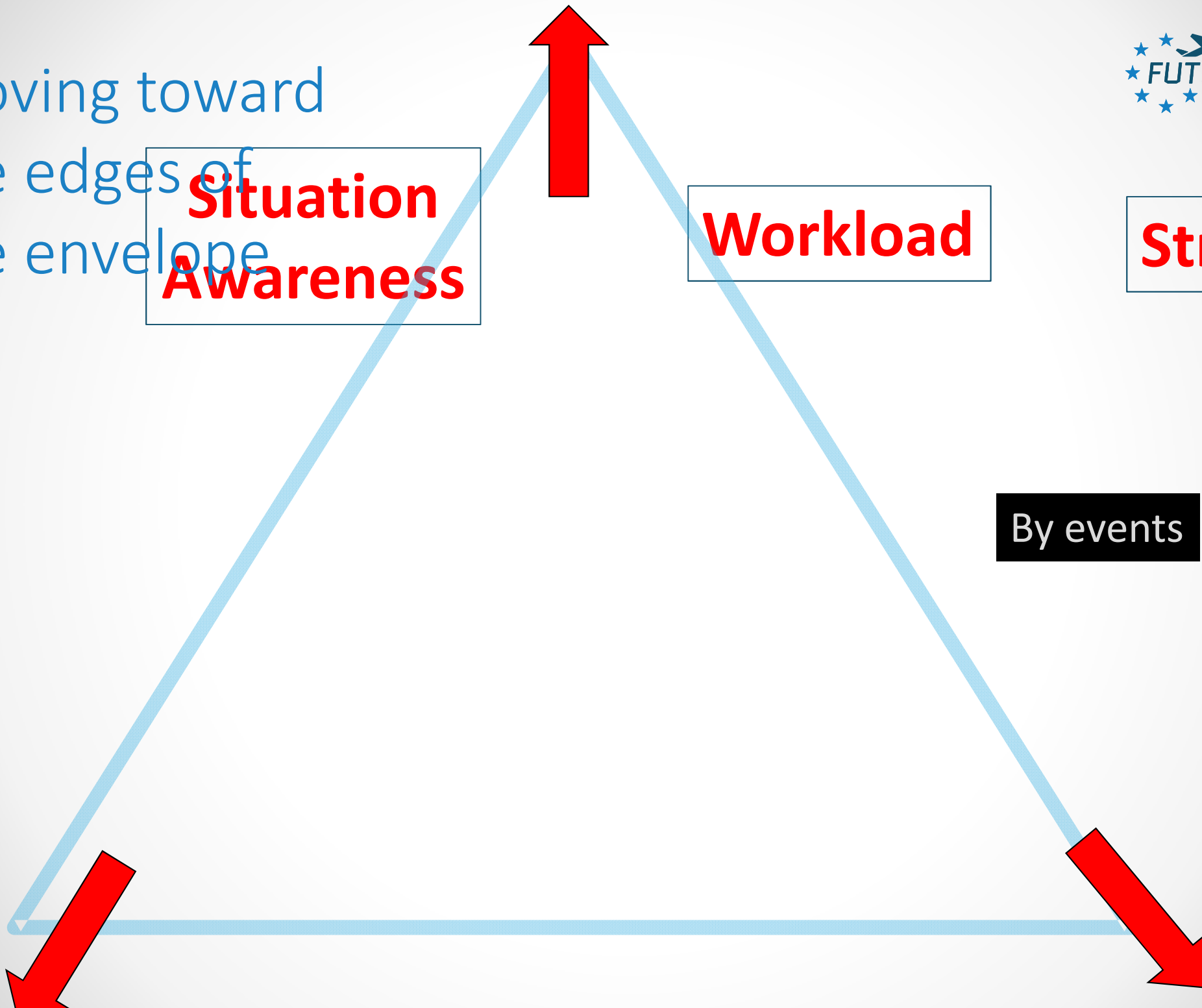
Moving toward  
the edges of  
the envelope

**Situation  
Awareness**

**Workload**

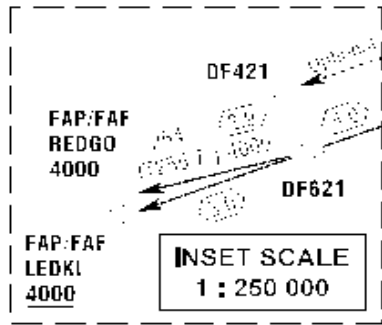
**Stress**

By events



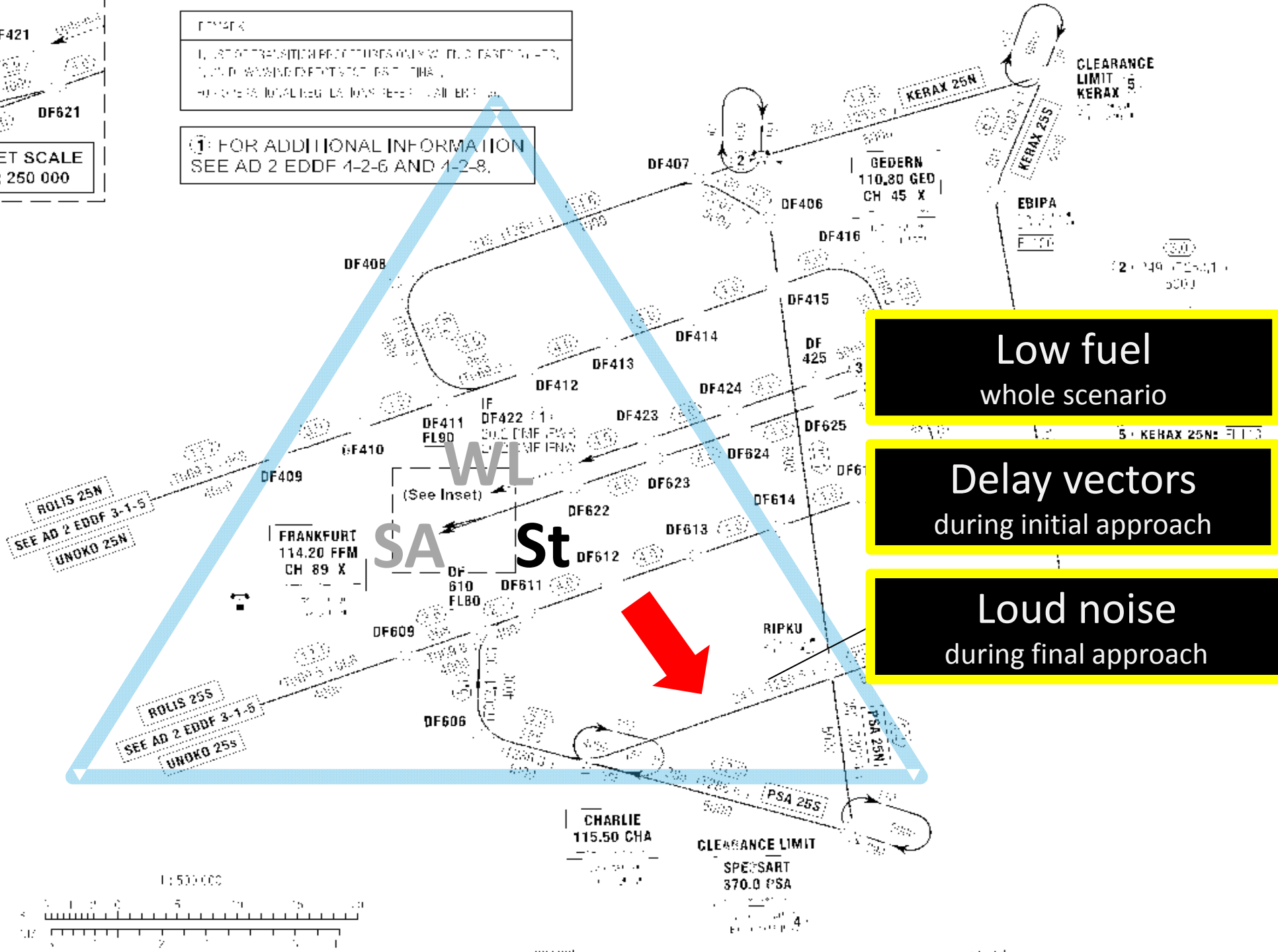






GENERAL  
LIST OF TRANSITION PROCEDURES ONLY. NOT TO BE USED FOR THE  
CONDUCT OF OPERATIONS. THIS IS NOT A FINAL DOCUMENT.  
FOR THE MOST UP TO DATE INFORMATION, REFER TO THE ENR.

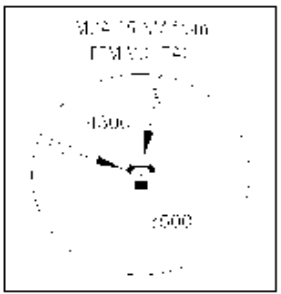
1 FOR ADDITIONAL INFORMATION  
SEE AD 2 EDDF 1-2-6 AND 1-2-8.



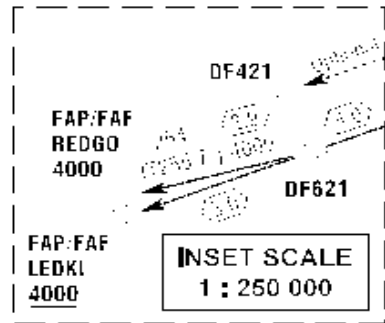
Low fuel  
whole scenario

Delay vectors  
during initial approach

Loud noise  
during final approach

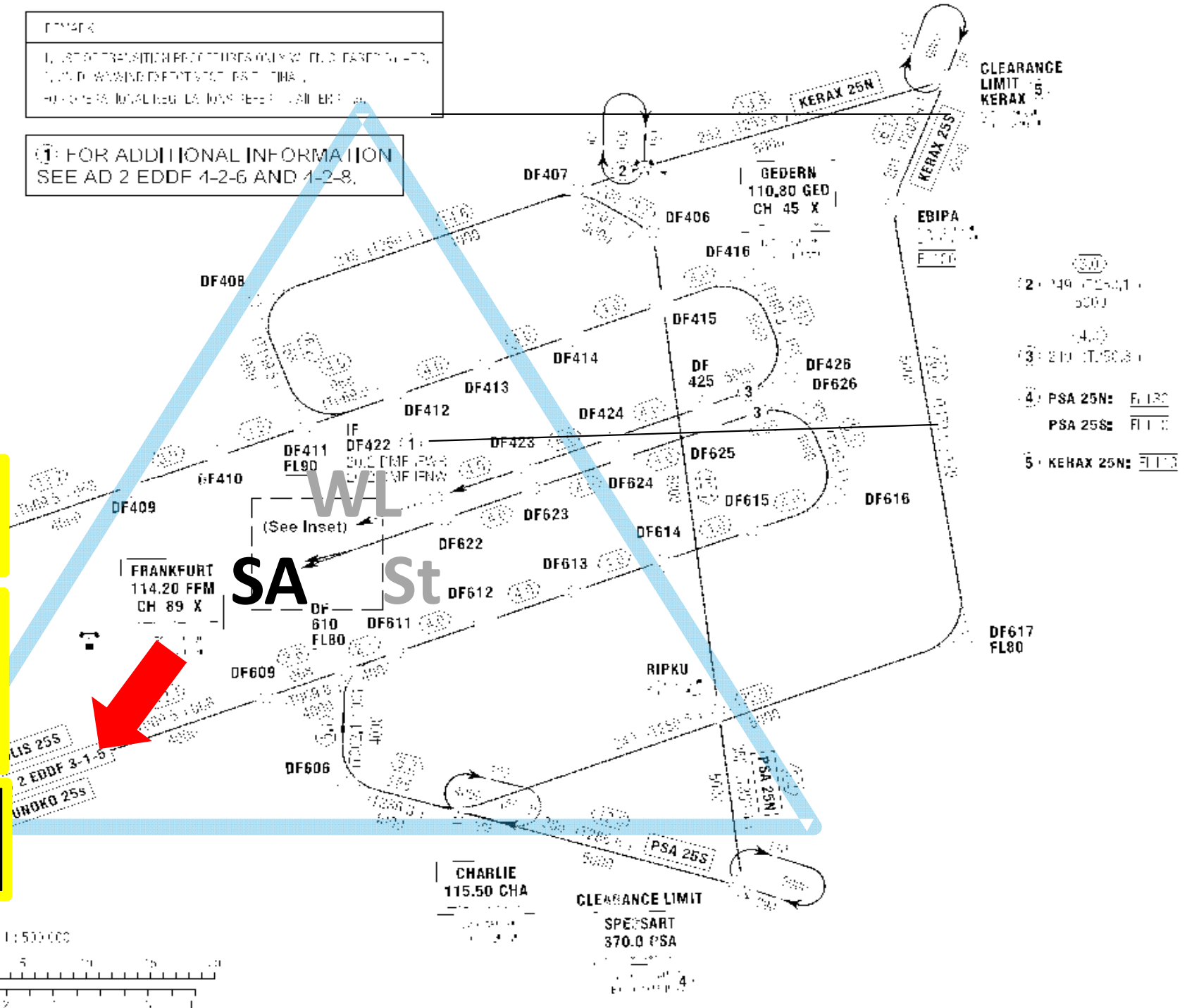


STANDARD TIME TRACKS ARE  
MAGNETIC  
TRACKS IN BRACKETS  
ARE TRUE  
ALL COURSES IN FEET/500



GENERAL  
 1. LIST OF TRANSITION POINTS TO BE USED FOR THE APPROACH TO  
 GEDERN AND WINDSHEAR STATE (SST) TIME  
 FOR THE SA LOCALIZER LAUNCH POINT (LAP) AREA

1. FOR ADDITIONAL INFORMATION  
 SEE AD 2 EDDF 4-2-6 AND 4-2-8.



CLEARANCE LIMIT  
KERAX 25N

- 2. 249 (1500 ft)
- 3. 210 (1500 ft)
- 4. PSA 25N: FL130  
PSA 25S: FL130
- 5. KERAX 25N: FL130

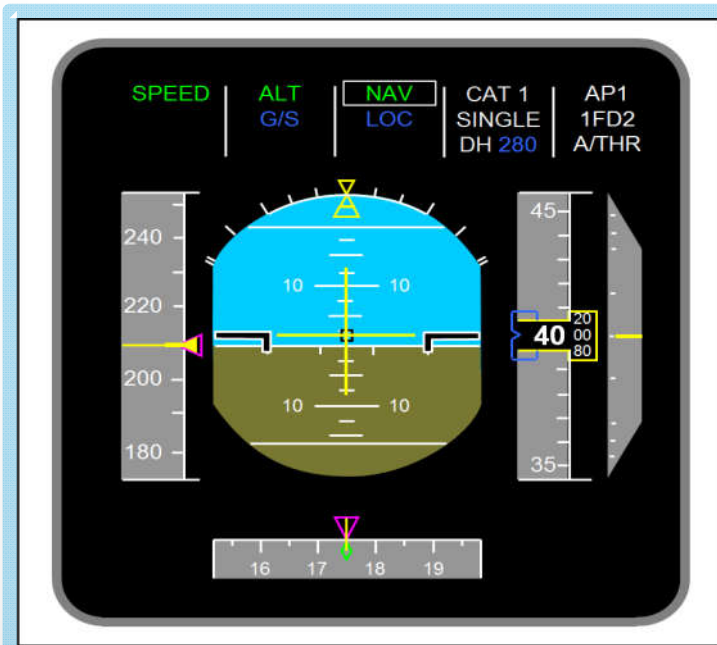
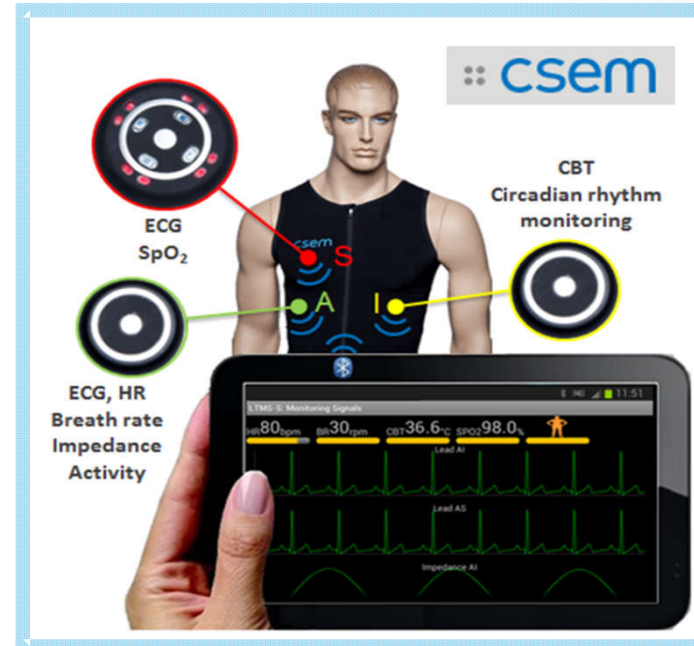
Low visibility  
whole scenario

Localiser  
interference  
during final approach

Wind shift  
during final approach

SEARCHING FOR TRACKS AND  
MAGNETIC  
TRACKS IN 5 DEGREES  
AT 100 FT  
ALL TRACKS IN FEET AND  
MILES

# Measurements



**Instantaneous Self-Assessment (ISA)**  
(Scenario 1)

Pilot ID: \_\_\_\_\_  
Run No.: \_\_\_\_\_  
Time (start): \_\_\_\_\_ (stop): \_\_\_\_\_

t	2 m	4 m	6 m	8 m	10 m	12 m	14 m	16 m
Level 1								
2								
3								
4								
5								

# Measurements



## Eye Tracking Data

- Point of Gaze
- Blink Rate
- Areas of Interest
- Pupil Diameter

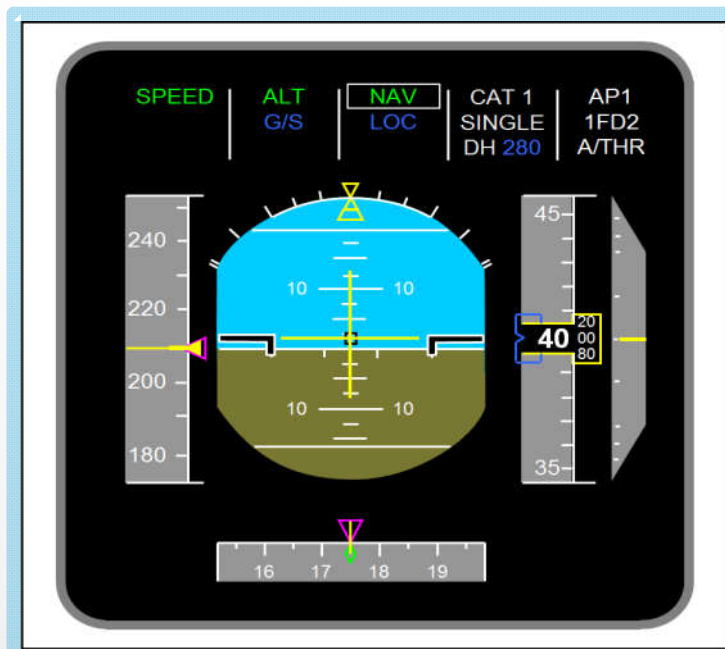
# Measurements

## Physiological Data

- Heart Rate (HR)
- HR Variability (HRV)
  - RR Intervals
  - Breath Rate
- Perfusion Index



# Measurements



## Performance Data

- Speed
- Heading
- Altitude
- Vertical speed
- Localiser glideslope deviations
- Point of touchdown

# Measurements

## Subjective Data

- Self assessed performance
  - ISA
  - NASA-TLX
  - SACL
  - SART
- Samn-Perelli

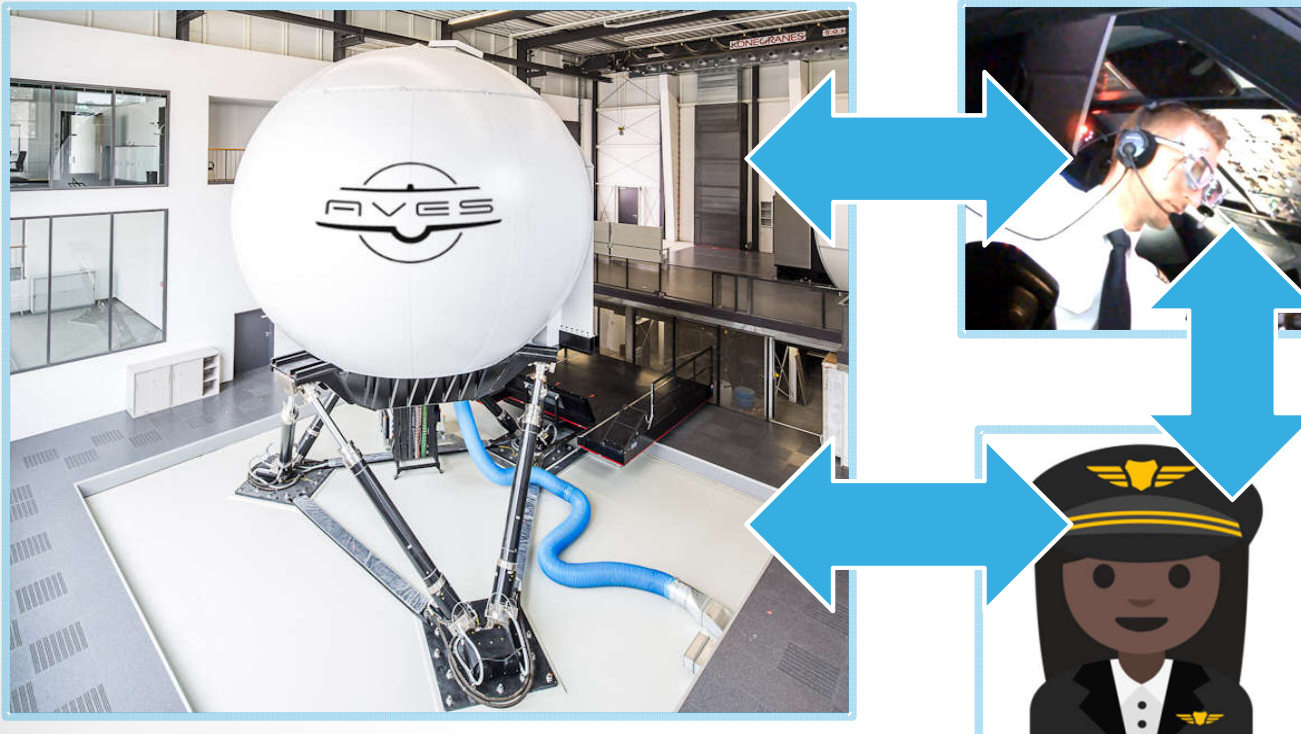
**Instantaneous Self-Assessment (ISA)**  
(Scenario 1)

Pilot ID:  
Run No.:  
Time (start): (stop):

t	2 m	4 m	6 m	8 m	10 m	12 m	14 m	16 m
Level 1								
2								
3								
4								
5								

1 = Under-Utilised  
2 = Relaxed  
3 = Comfortable Busy  
4 = High  
5 = Excessive

# Exploratory Simulations



A320 motion flight simulator

Pilots

Operational Environment

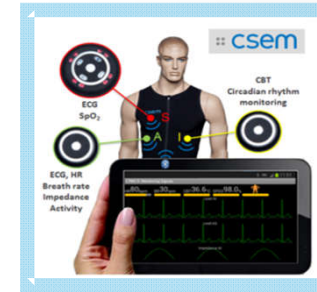
- **N=10 first officers**
  - major European airline
  - A320 type rated
- **Age**
  - M = 31
  - SD = 3.28
- **Experience (total flight hours)**
  - M = 4045
  - SD = 1569
- **Captain**
  - from same airline
  - complemented crew

# If workload increases...

**Very high WL**



Pupil  $\emptyset$  ↑



Heart Rate ↑  
Heart Rate Variability ↓

**High WL**

**Baseline WL**



Localiser /  
Glideslope  
Deviation ↑

Self assessed  
Performance ↓

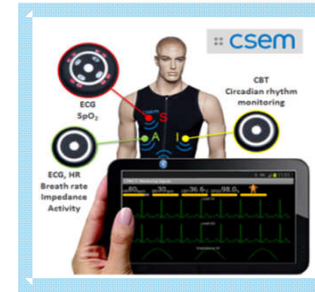


↑ NASA TLX / ISA

# If stress increases



Pupil  $\emptyset$  ↑



Heart Rate ↑  
Heart Rate Variability ↑



Localiser /  
Glideslope  
Deviation  
(less compare to WL)

**Baseline St**

**High St**

Self assessed  
Performance ↓



SACL

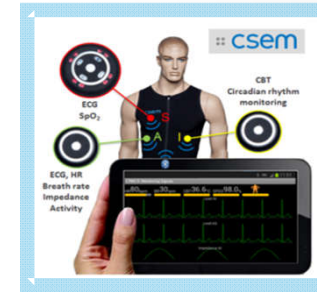
# If situation awareness decreases...



Pupil  $\emptyset$



Localiser / Glideslope deviation  
(higher compared to WL und St)



Heart Rate  
Heart Rate Variability

**Baseline SA**  
**impaired SA**

Self assessed Performance ↓



SART ↓

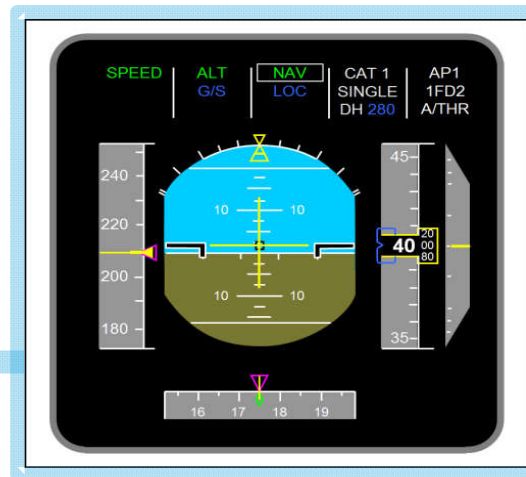
# Results: combined factors

HPE more severely reduced by combined factors

Pupil  $\emptyset$



Low Frequency  
HRV



Localiser /  
Glideslope  
Deviation

# Design Philosophy

## Pilots need to have information about:

- The status
- The limitations
- The consequences of the limitations for operation and the impact of the limitations on safety
  - To be aware about the risks
  - To understand the risks
  - To understand the options
- The options
- The consequences of the options
- How to implement the options

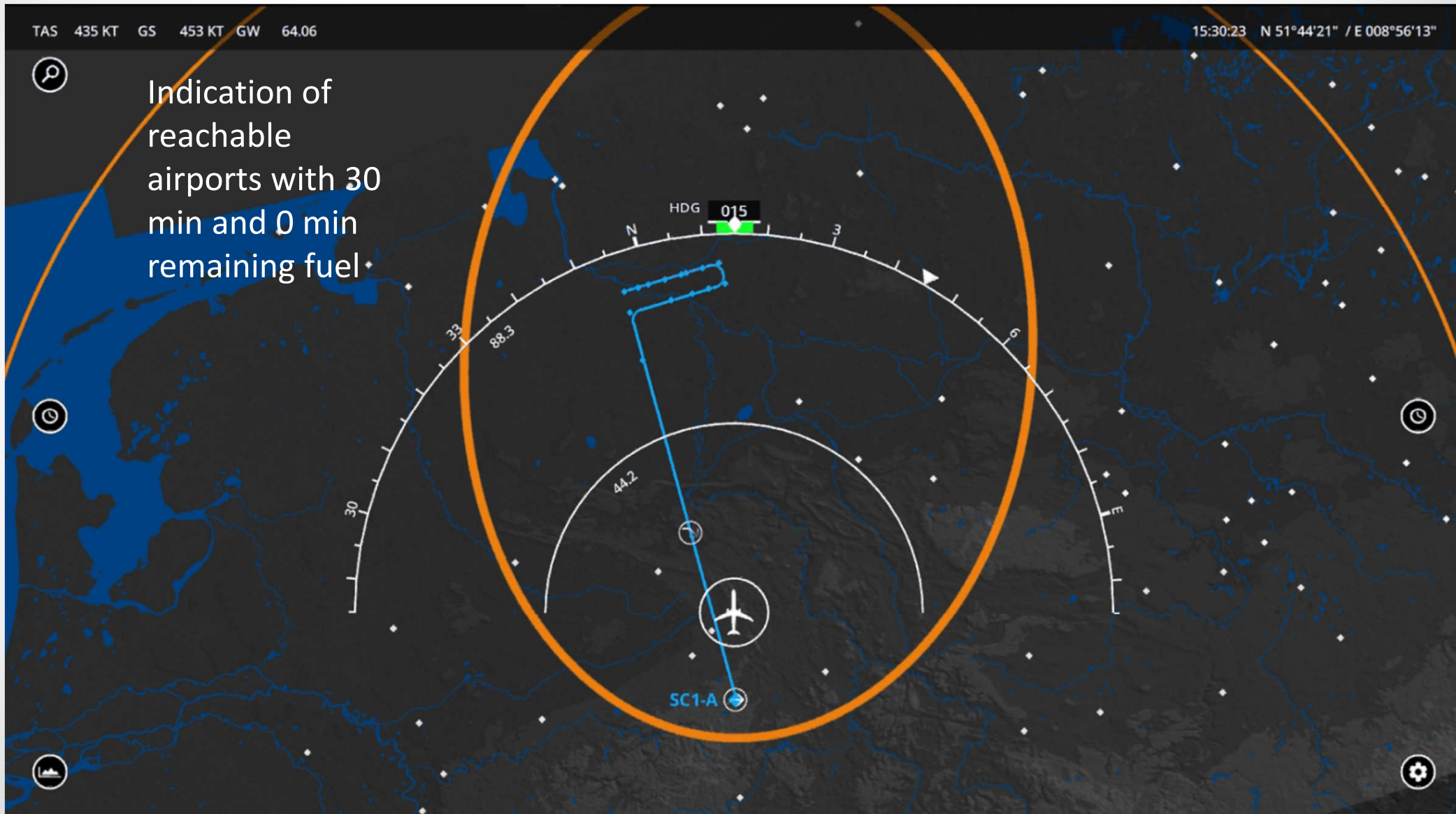
# Development of New HMI

## Fuel

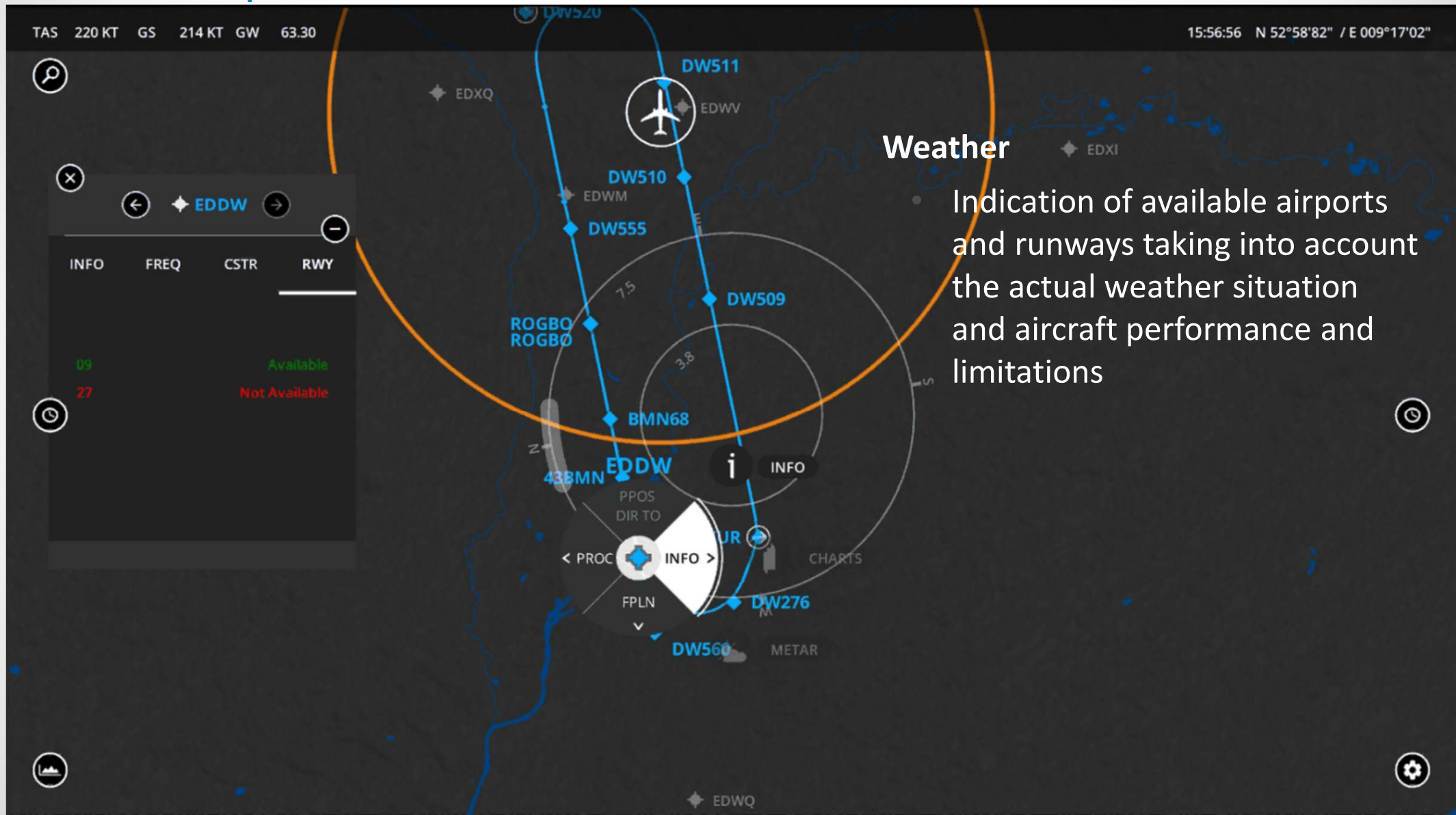
- Pilots need a better understanding of the remaining flight time available



# Development of New HMI



# Development of New HMI



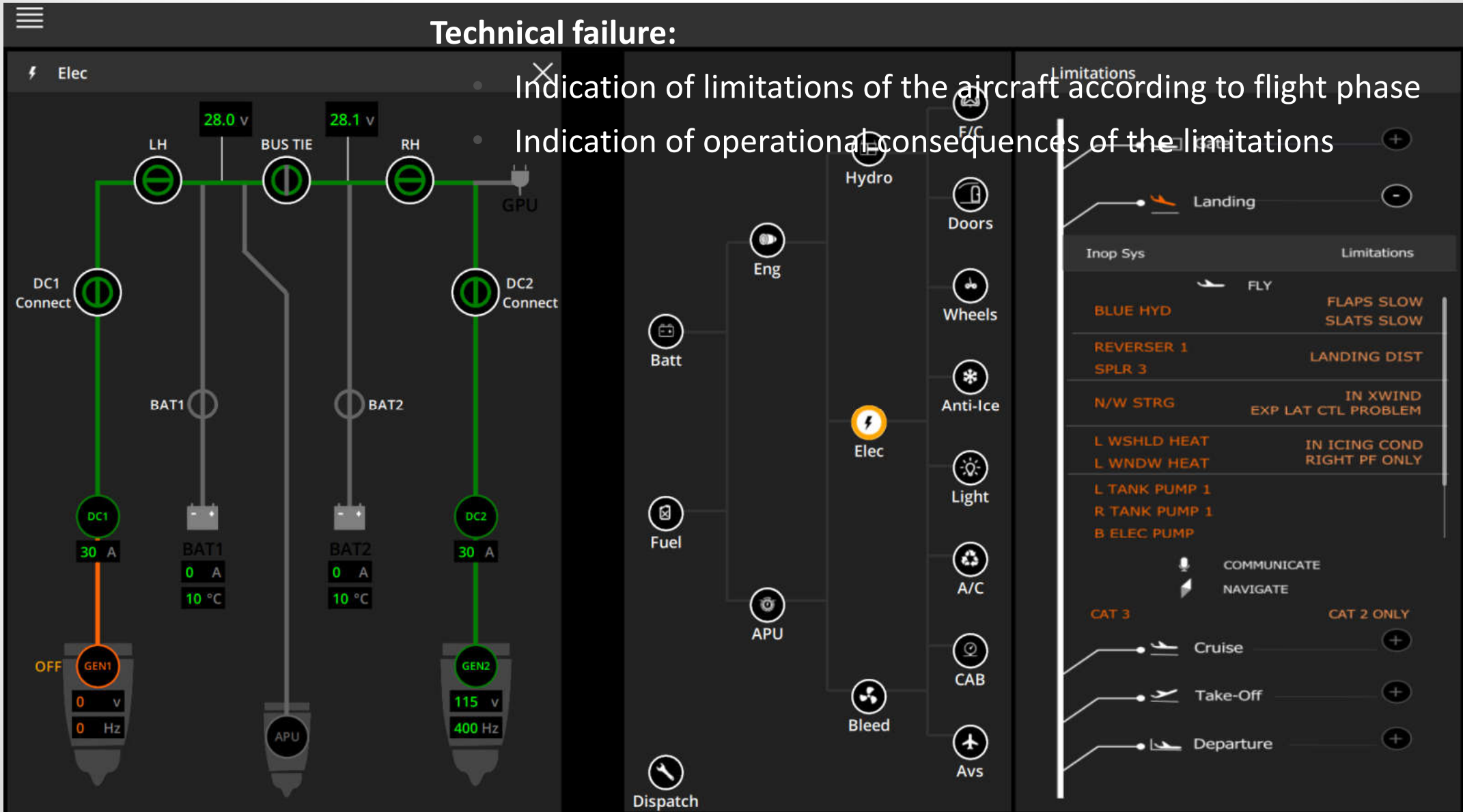
Weather

Indication of available airports and runways taking into account the actual weather situation and aircraft performance and limitations

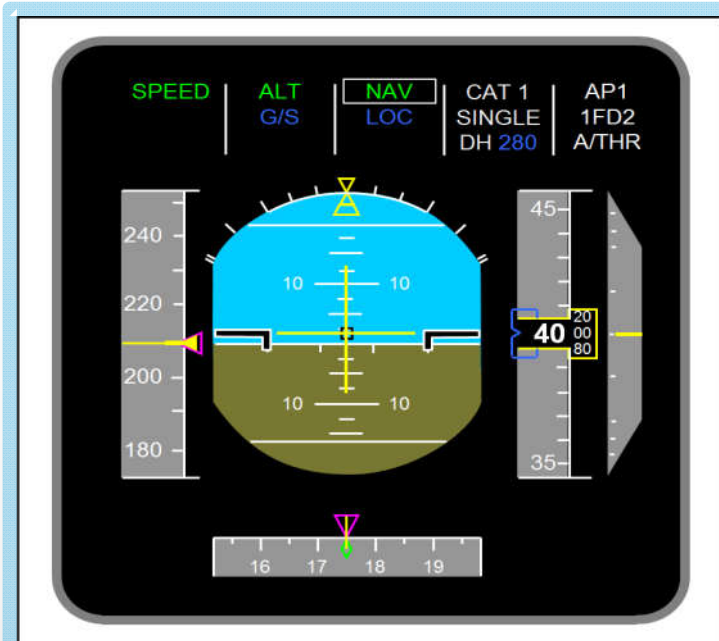
# Development of New HMI

## Technical failure:

Indication of limitations of the aircraft according to flight phase  
 Indication of operational consequences of the limitations



# Measurements



**Instantaneous Self-Assessment (ISA)**  
(Scenario 1)

Pilot ID:  
Run No.:  
Time (start): (stop):

t	2 m	4 m	6 m	8 m	10 m	12 m	14 m	16 m
Level 1								
2								
3								
4								
5								

1 = Under-Utilised  
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4 = High  
5 = Excessive

# Second Simulator Experiments

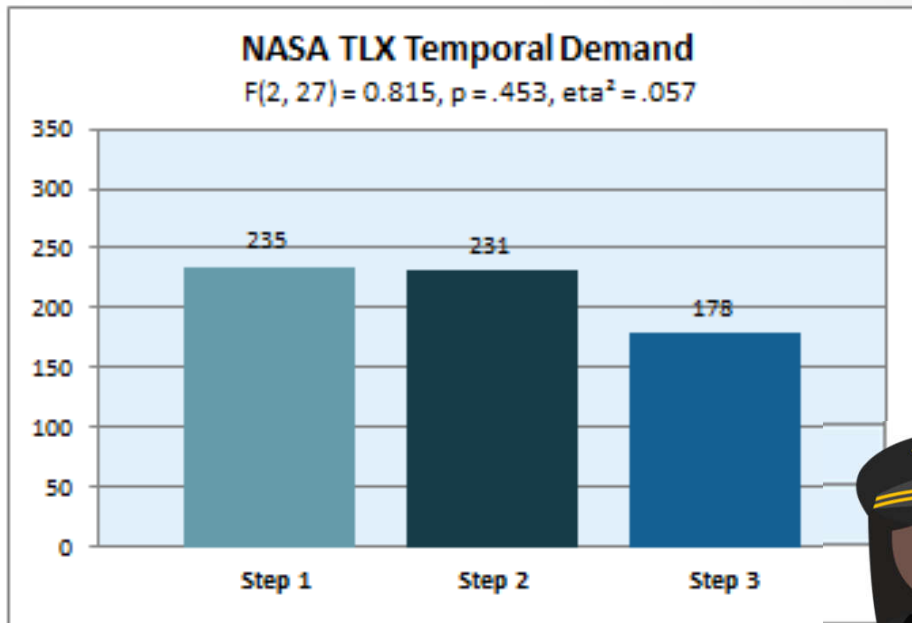


Avionics 2020 simulator

Pilots

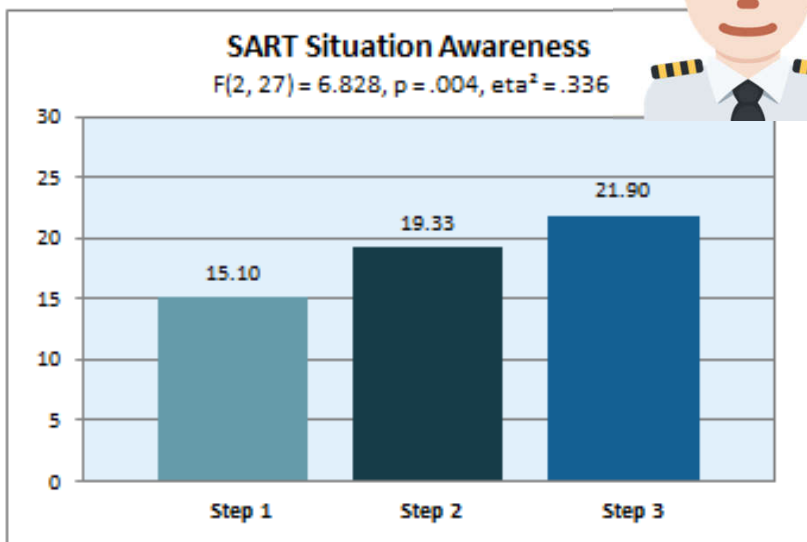
Operational Environment

- **N=20 first officers**
  - major European airline
  - A320 type rated
- New HMI were integrated in Thales Avionics 2020 Cockpit Simulator
- Same aircraft model as in first simulator experiments (A320)
- Same scenario as in first simulator experiments



WL

SA St





## Consortium

Stichting Nationaal Lucht- en Ruimtevaartlaboratorium  
Deutsches Zentrum für Luft- und Raumfahrt  
Office national d'études et de recherches aérospatiales  
Centro para a Excelência e Inovação na Indústria Automóvel  
Centro Italiano Ricerche Aerospaziali  
Centre Suisse d'Electronique et Microtechnique SA  
Institutul National de Cercetari Aeronautice "Elie Carafoli"  
Instituto Nacional de Técnica Aeroespacial  
Výzkumný a zkušební letecký ústav, a.s.  
Totalförsvarets Forskningsinstitut  
European Organisation for the Safety of Air Navigation

Civil Aviation Authority UK  
Airbus SAS  
Airbus Operations SAS  
Airbus Defence and Space  
Thales Avionics SAS  
Thales Air Systems SA  
Deep Blue SRL  
Technische Universität München  
Deutsche Lufthansa Aktiengesellschaft  
Service Technique de l'Aviation Civile  
Embraer Portugal Estruturas em Compositos SA

Russian Central Aerohydrodynamic Institute TsAGI  
Ente Nazionale di Assistenza al Volo Spa  
Boeing Research and Technology Europe SLU  
London School of Economics and Political Science  
Alenia Aermacchi  
Cranfield University  
Trinity College Dublin  
Zodiac Aerosafety Systems  
Institut Polytechnique de Bordeaux  
Koninklijke Luchtvaart Maatschappij  
Sistemi Innovativi per il Controllo del Traffico Aereo

<http://www.futuresky-safety.eu>

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