

Applications for Maritime Situational Awareness

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German Aerospace Center (DLR)

Earth Observation Center (EOC)
Maritime Security Lab Bremen | Neustrelitz

C-SIGMA VII
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Presentation Outline

Introduction

- Earth Observation Center
- Ground Station Neustrelitz

Project Support

- Real Time Service for Maritime Security (**Echtzeitdienste für die Maritime Sicherheit – Security; EMSec**)
- Optical Satellite Services for EMSA
- ANTARCTIC CIRCUMNAVIGATION EXPEDITION (ACE) - Swiss Polar Institute



German Aerospace Center, DLR

Germany's national research center for aeronautics, space, energy, transport & security.

Space Agency

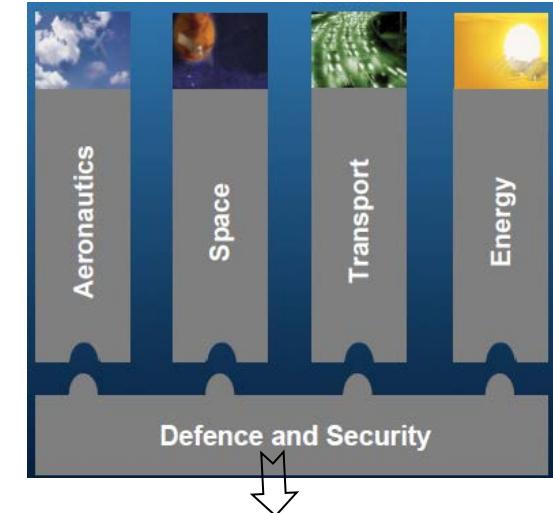
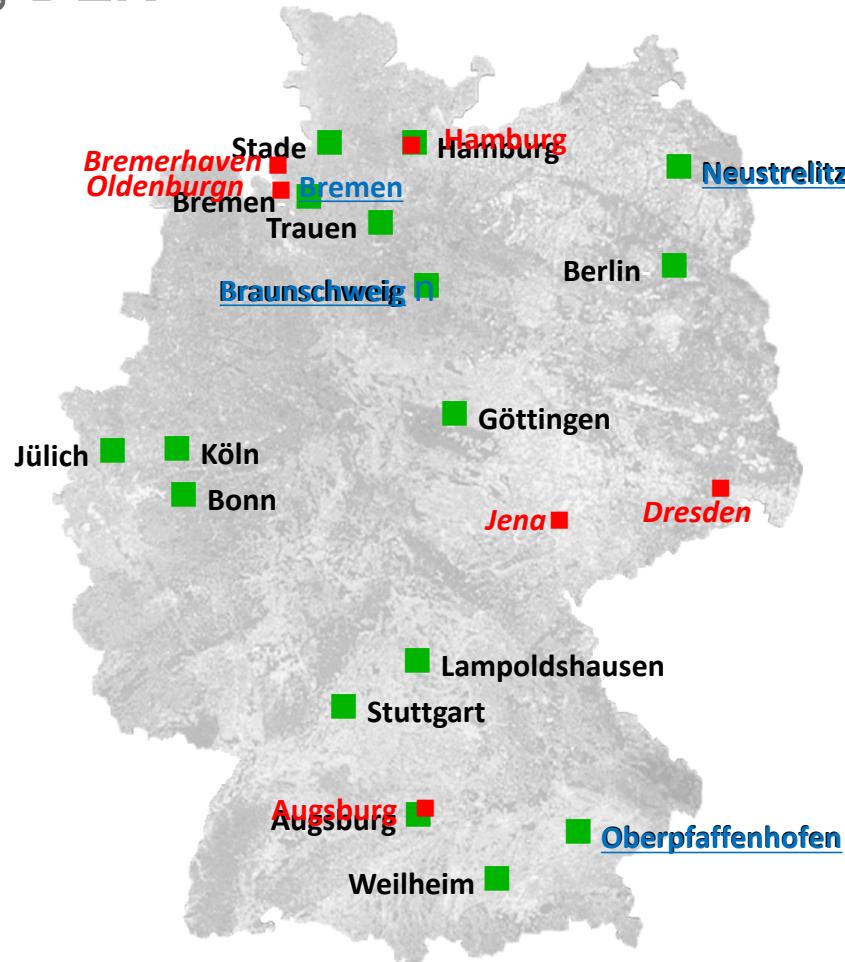
Project Management Agency

~ 8.000 Employees

39 Research Institutes and large test facilities at 20 Sites across Germany

3 Field stations in O'Higgins (AQ), Inuvik (CA) & Almería (ES)

outposts in Brussels, Paris, Washington DC, Tokyo



Maritime Safety and Security



Maritime Security_Lab's

- **Bremen**
- **Neustrelitz**
- **Braunschweig**
- **Oberpfaffenhofen**

Earth Observation Center – EOC

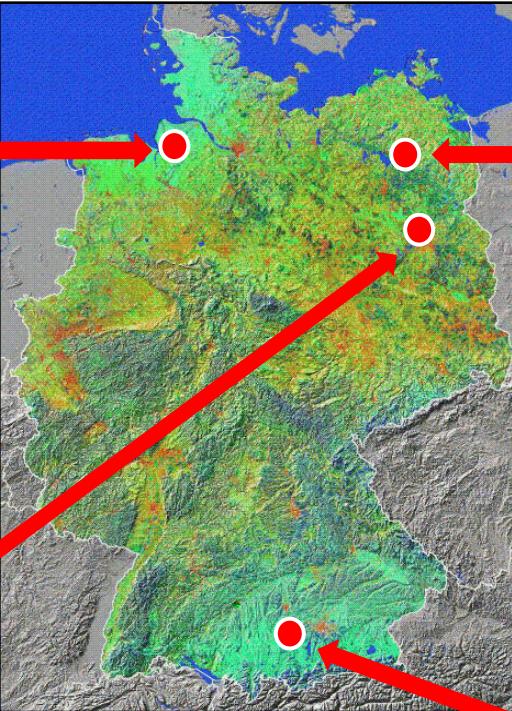
2 Institutes

German Remote Sensing
Data Center
(DFD)

Remote Sensing
Technology Institute
(IMF)



Bremen
Maritime Security Lab



- Appr. 350 empl. at 4 sites
- Chairs at 2 universities



Berlin



Neustrelitz
National Ground Segment
Maritime Security Lab



Oberpfaffenhofen

Neustrelitz Ground Station

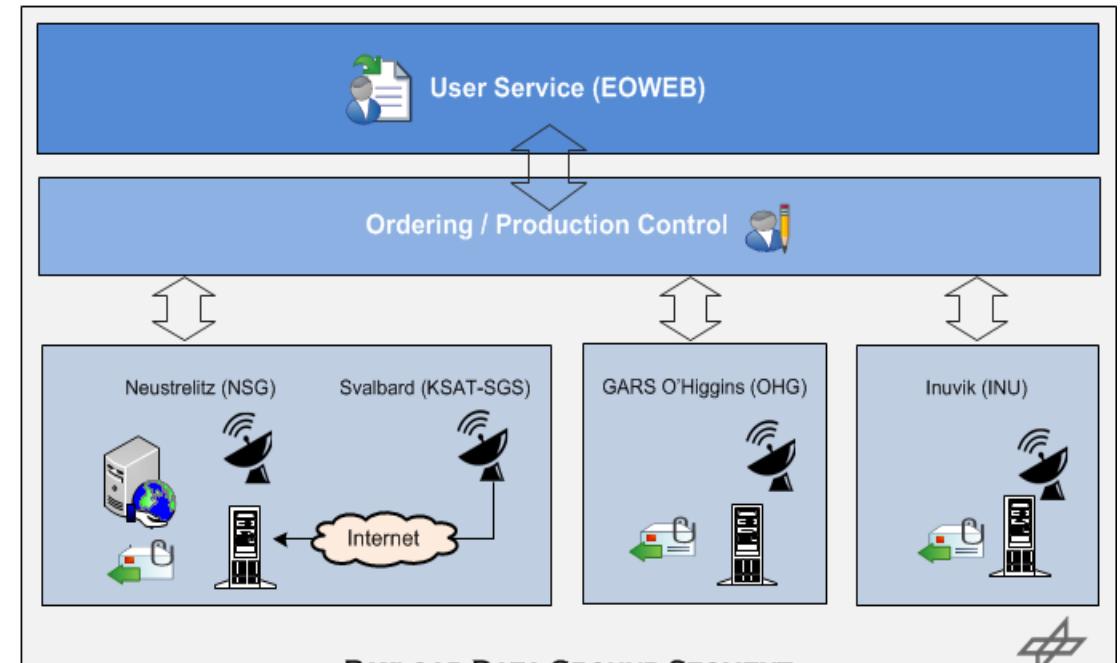
- Ground Station and Processing Facility Neustrelitz support of currently 21 different Satellite missions
- Main reception and processing facility for SAR Mission TerraSAR-X (TerraSAR-X/ TanDEM-X)
- Collaborative Station for European Copernicus mission Sentinel-1 (Sentinel-1A/ Sentinel-1B)
- Radarsat-2 Regional Ground System
- Landsat-8 Global Network Station, United States Geological Survey (USGS)
- CartoSAT, ResourceSat, Oceansat supporting Gesellschaft für Angewandte Fernerkundung (**GAFAG**)
- Kompsat 3, 3A, 5 supporting Korea Aerospace Research Institute (KARI)



TerraSAR-X NRT System Capabilities

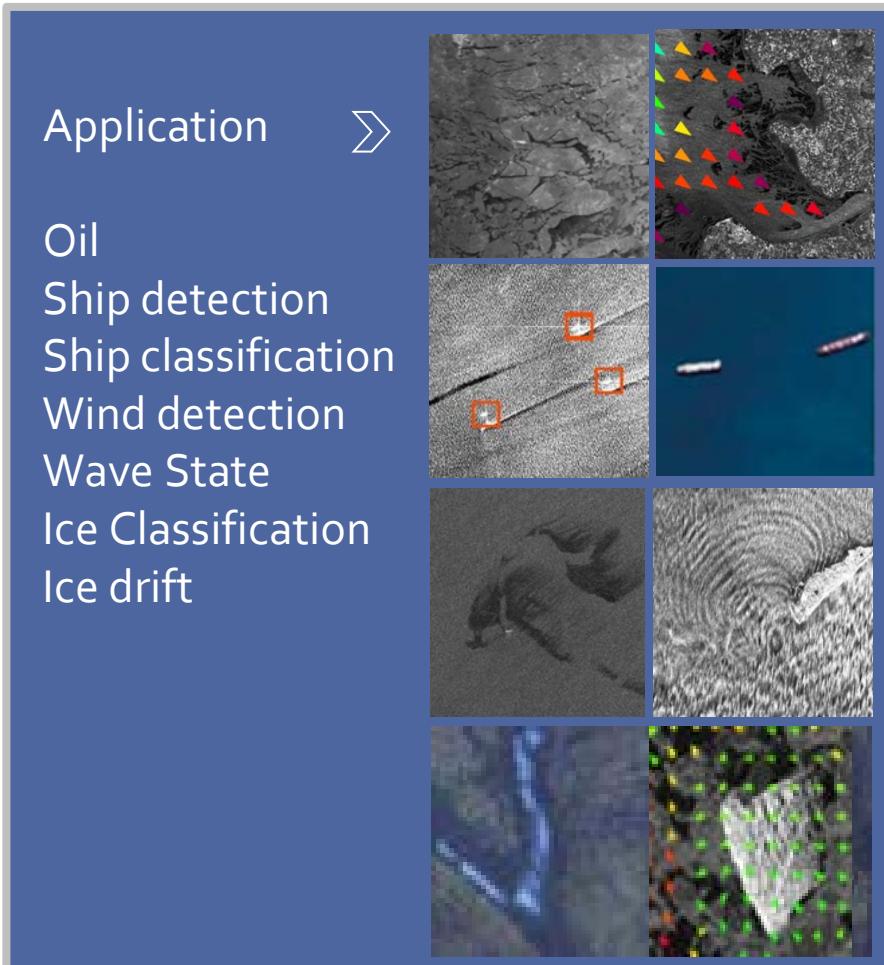


- Morning and evening timeline upload for a 12 h desirable / 12 h critical timeline with order deadline a few hours before
 - for data take at end of timeline: allow about 17 hours for tasking
 - based on satellite TSX or TDX acquisition
- **Product latency after downlink: about 10 – 15 minutes**
- No orbit information available in X-band downlink
 - usage of predicted orbit information only
- NRT ground station pool (Neustrelitz, Svalbard)
 - online raw data transfer to Neustrelitz
- Mission planning uses next possible pool contact for NRT downlink



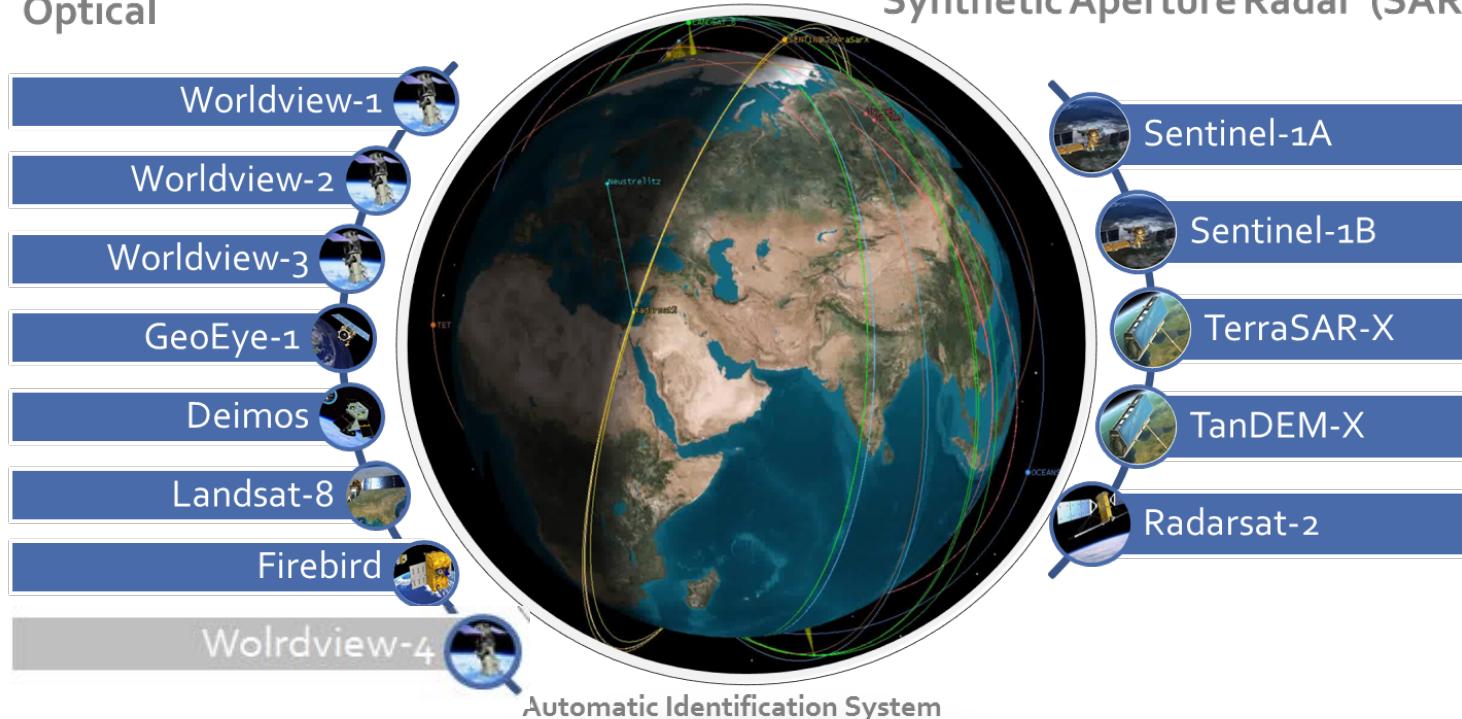
DLR TerraSAR-X Payload Data Ground Segment

Application for Maritime Domain Awareness



Optical

- Worldview-1
- Worldview-2
- Worldview-3
- GeoEye-1
- Deimos
- Landsat-8
- Firebird
- Worldview-4



Synthetic Aperture Radar (SAR)

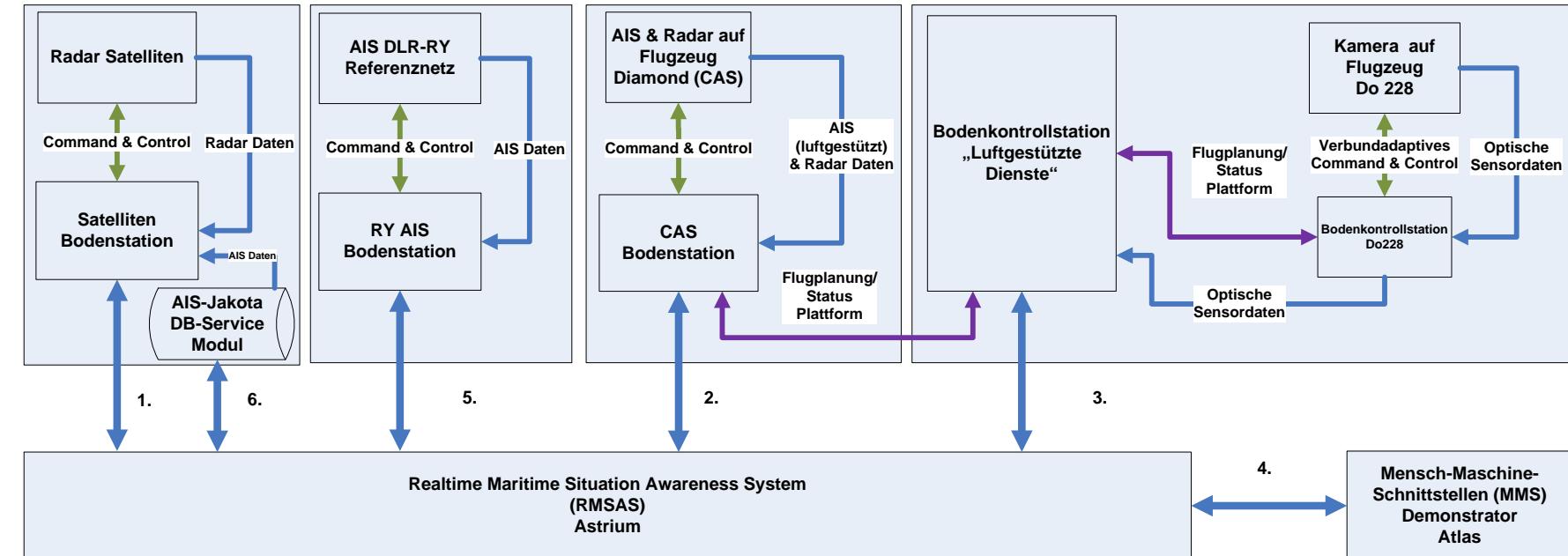
- Sentinel-1A
- Sentinel-1B
- TerraSAR-X
- TanDEM-X
- Radarsat-2

EMSec (Echtzeitdienste für die Maritime Sicherheit – Security; Real Time Service for Maritime Security)

Objectiv

Situational Awareness

- improve revisit time and near real time capabilities
- deliver SAR/ Optic derived target detection information
- deliver SAR derived wind and wave information
- improve data fusion methods and anomaly detection
- improve detection quality of hazardous materials and classification
- development of HMI interfaces



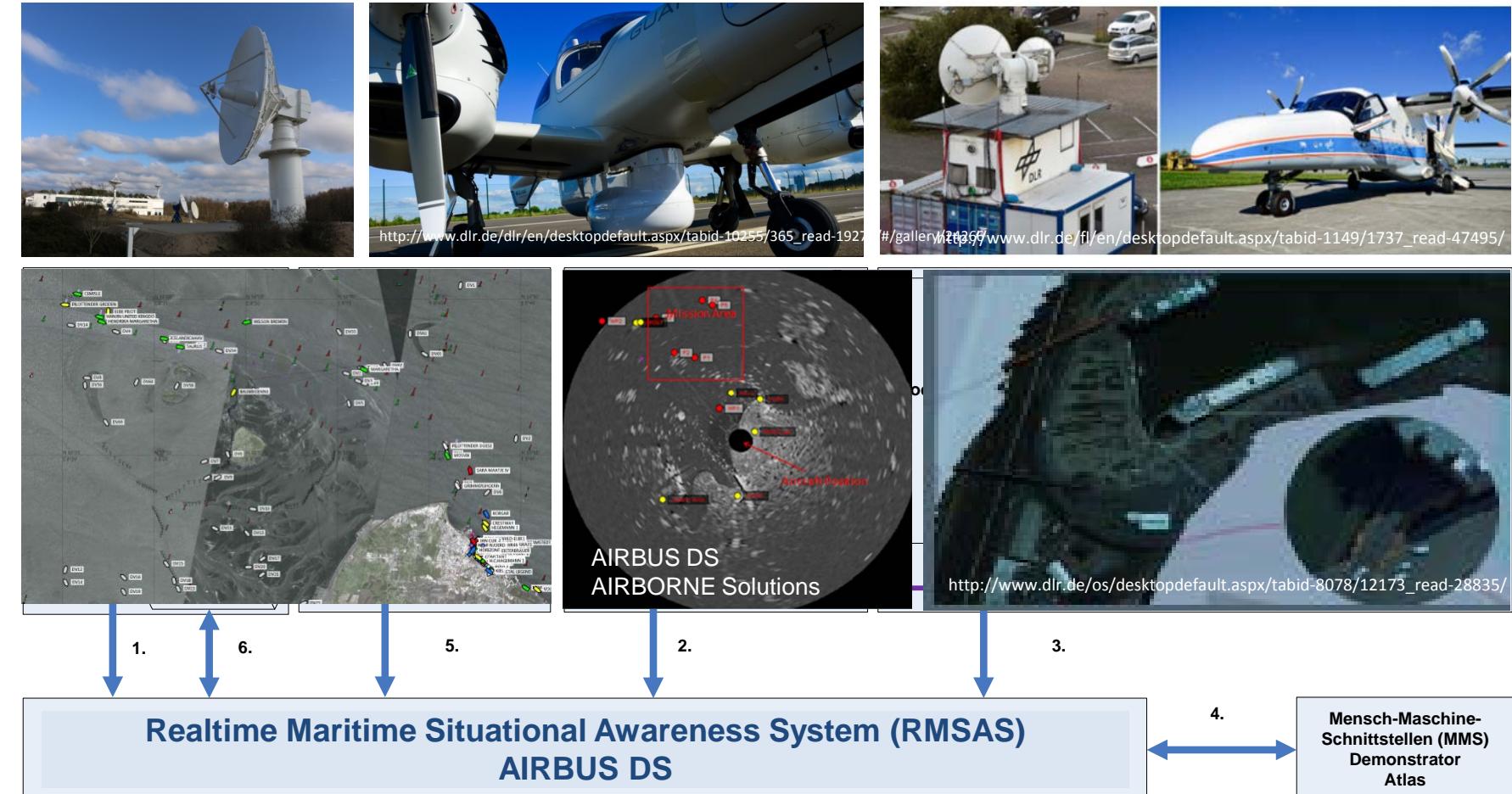
Navigation

- improve secure navigation
- protection of navigation systems (spoofing, jamming)

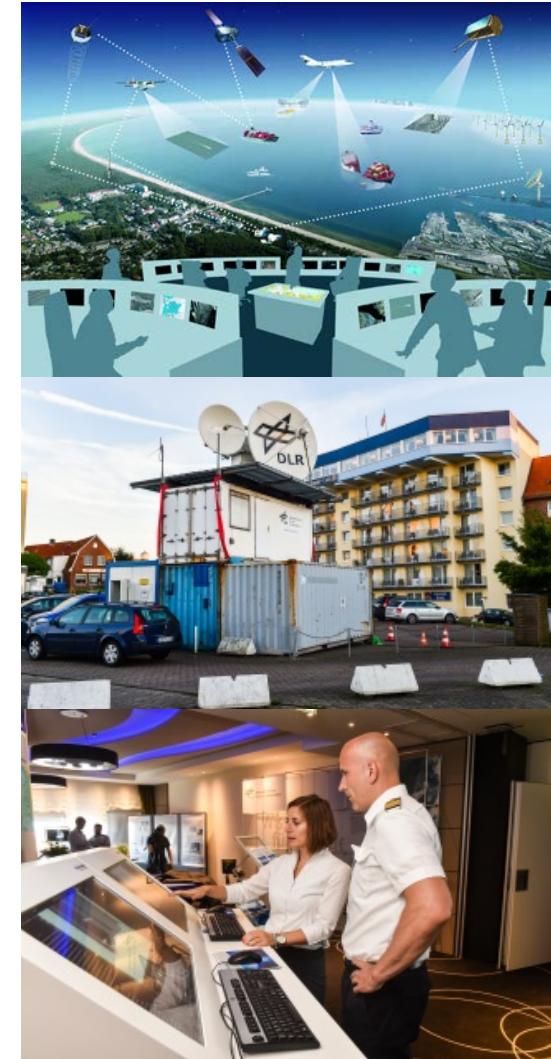
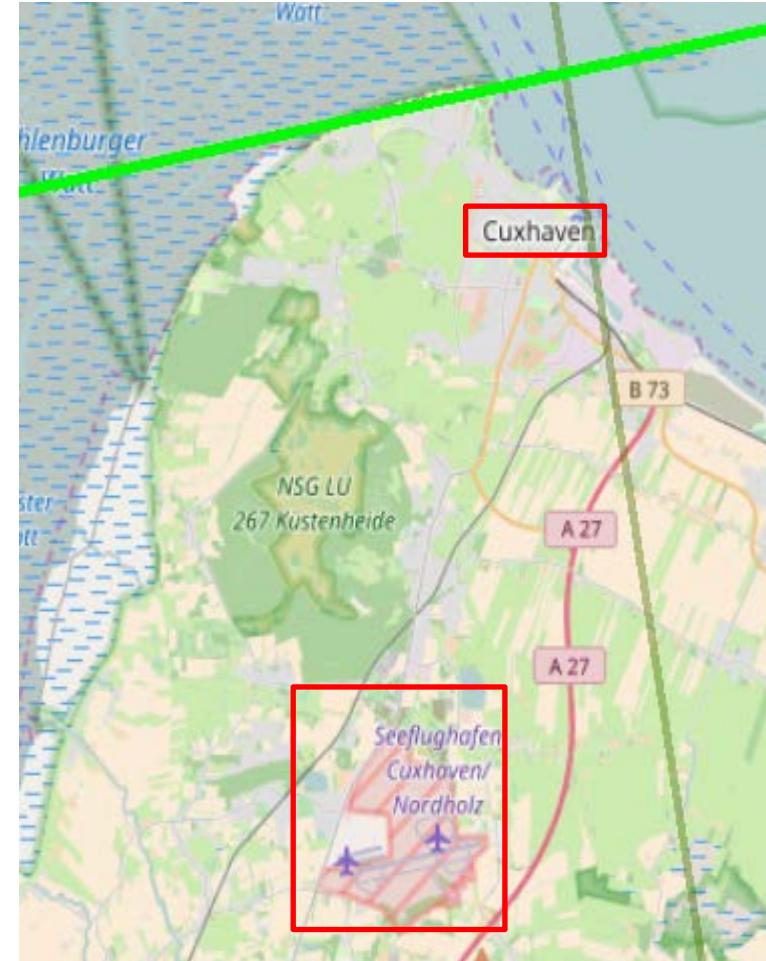
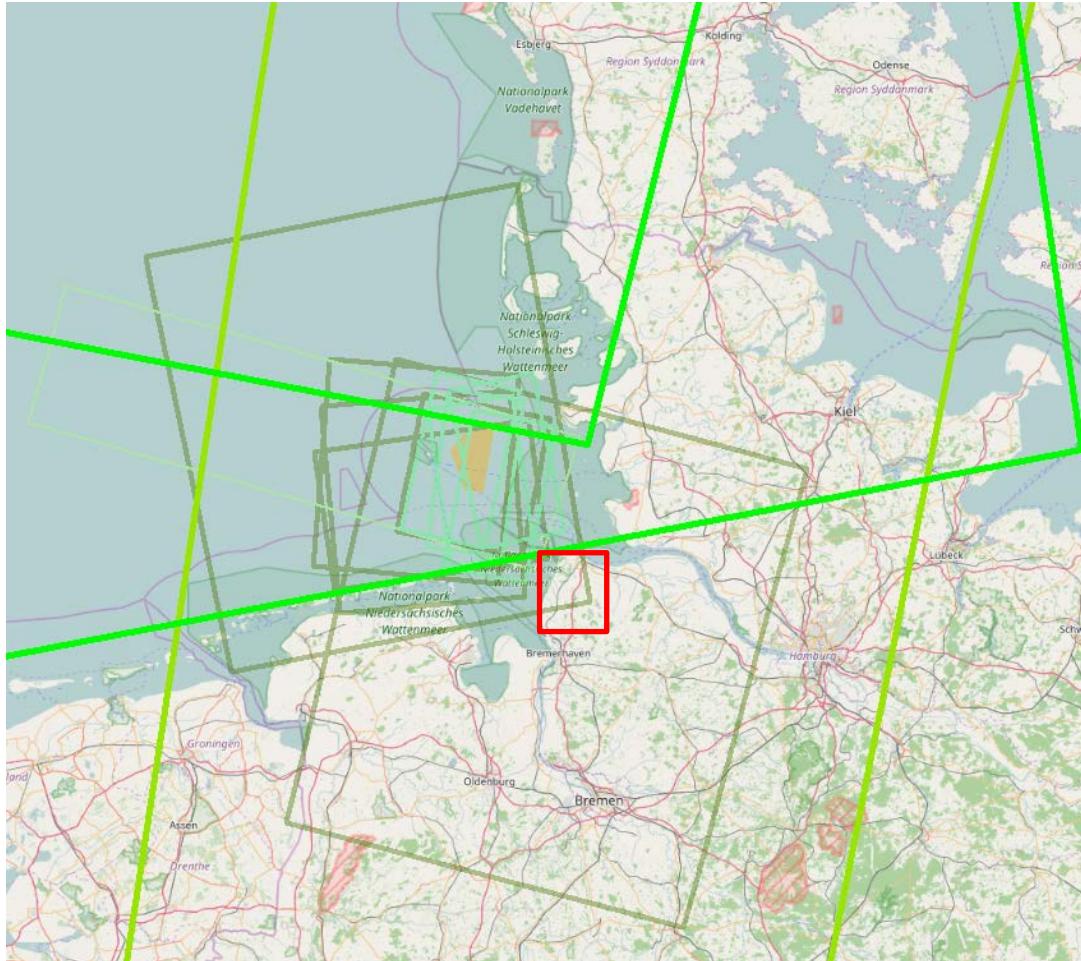
EMSec (Echtzeitdienste für die Maritime Sicherheit – Security; Real Time Service for Maritime Security)

Test Scenarios

- vessel monitoring and detection of anomaly behavior, simulation of hijacked ferry
- detection of people who have gone overboard based on AIS-Search And Rescue Transmitter (SART)
- observing pollution of hazardous substances
- jamming and spoofing – suppression of interference and decoy signals at sea



EMSec (Echtzeitdienste für die Maritime Sicherheit – Security; Real Time Service for Maritime Security) Demonstration second week of September 2016



EMSec (Echtzeitdienste für die Maritime Sicherheit – Security; Real Time Service for Maritime Security)

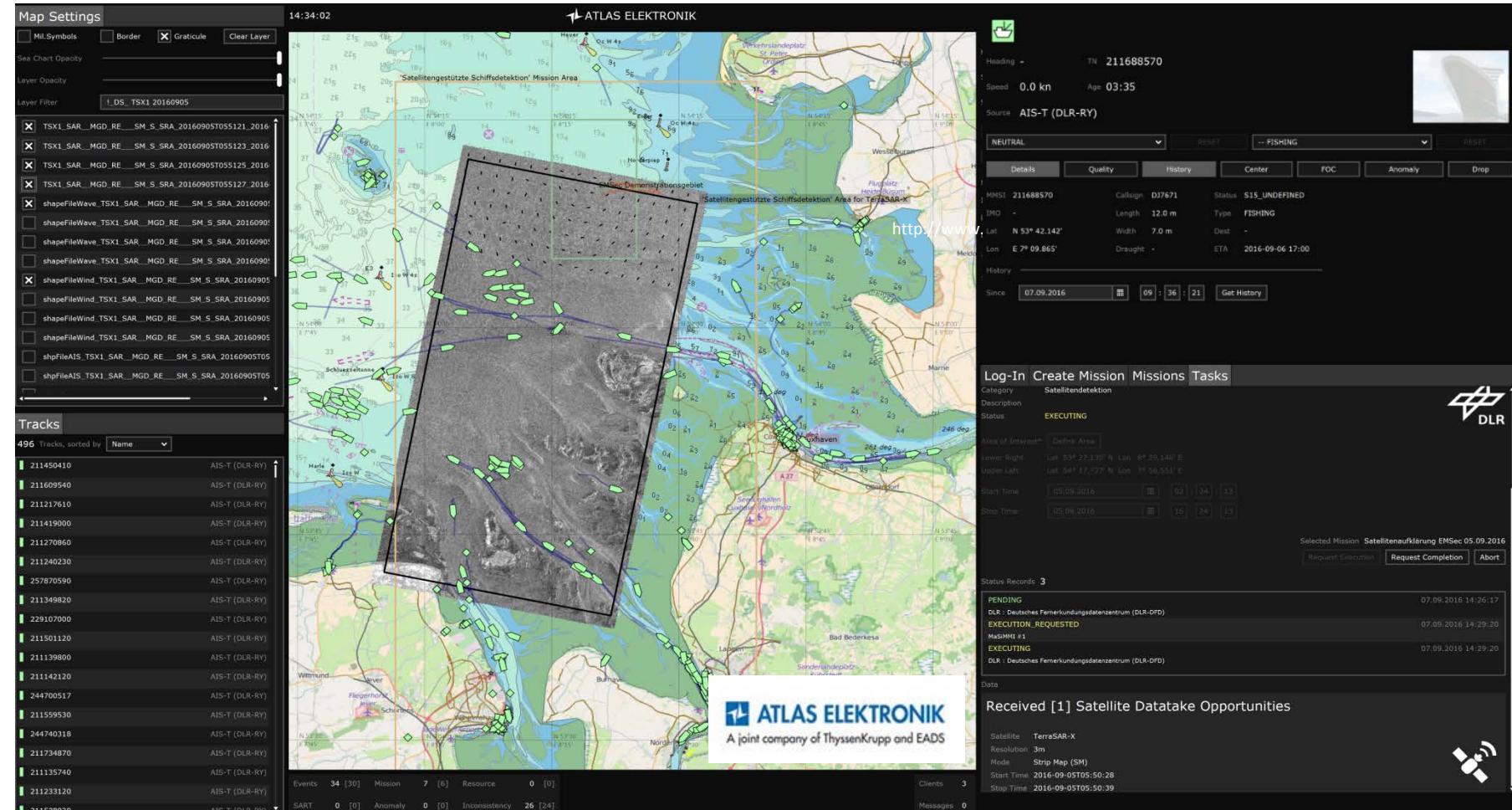
Mission

Monitoring

Assessment

Support

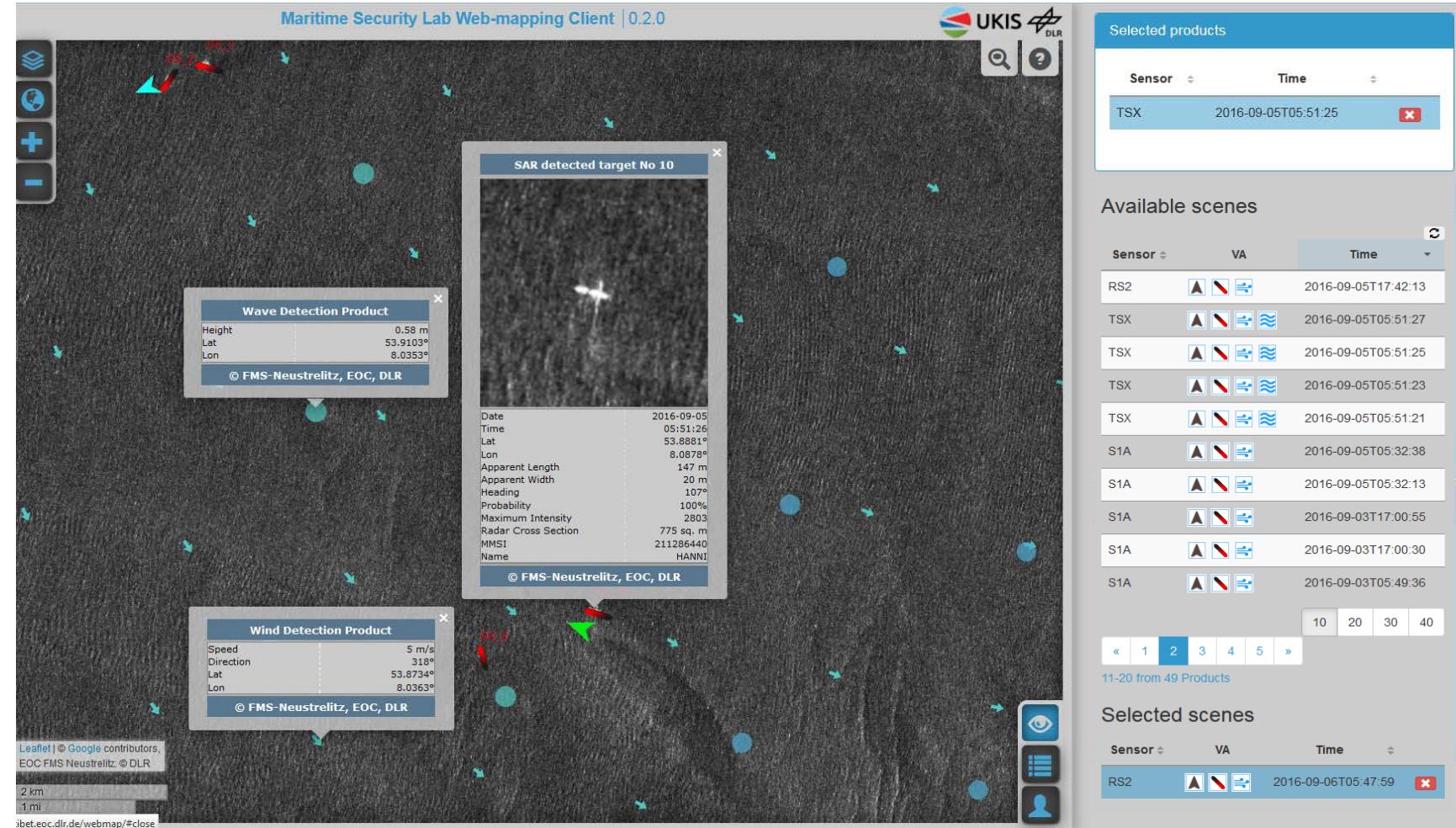
Response



EMSec (Echtzeitdienste für die Maritime Sicherheit – Security; Real Time Service for Maritime Security)

Main Requirements EO-Data project:

- Share of hardware resources to support multiple mission and archive near real time performance.
- Extension of processing framework in the way that additional processing rules can be called and executed in parallel if requested (TerraSAR-X, Sentinel-1, Radarsat-2)
- Support both, single and parallel value add processing of ship-, wind-, and wave detection
 - Support product slicing and parallel scene processing
 - Support scene based AIS (Automated Identification System) data fusion in real time via Web-Interface connected to the AIS provider



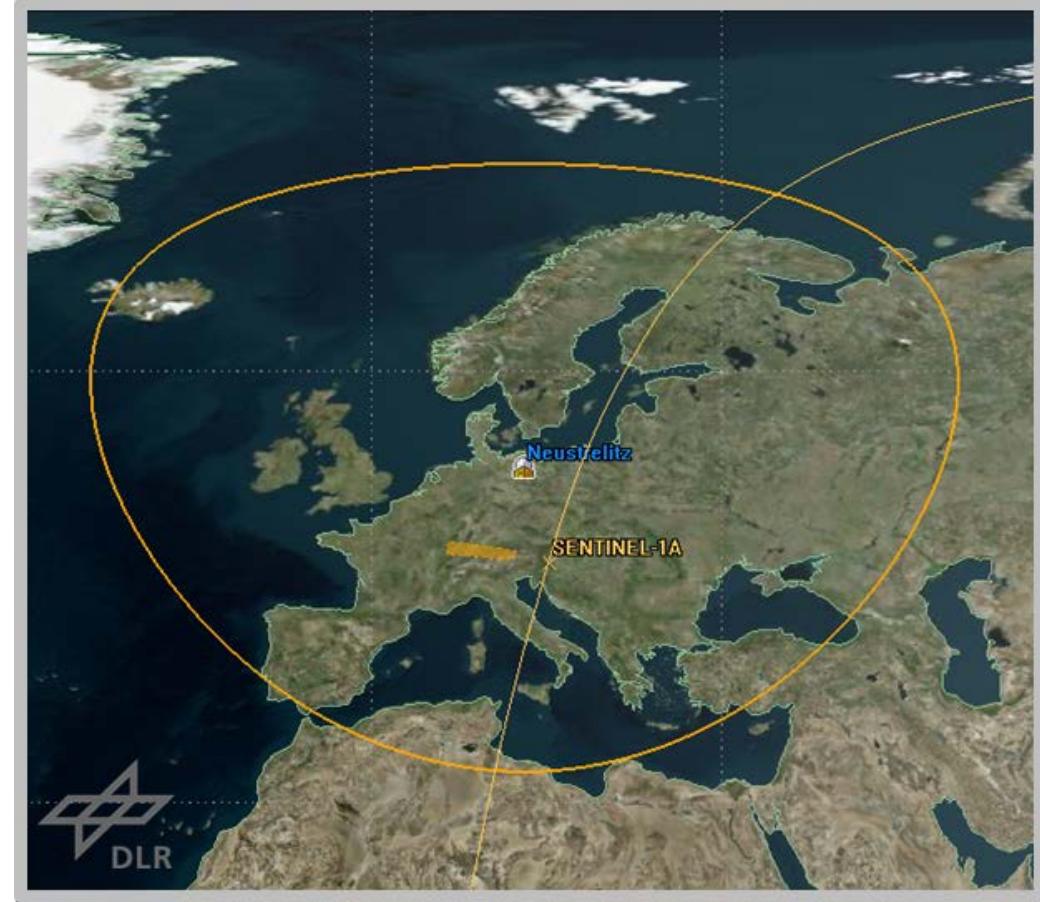
TerraSAR-X Level 1 quicklook product in the background is overlaid by the DLR SAR SAR-AIS Vessel layer, wind and wave product derived from the TerraSAR-X image.

Sentinel-1 Capabilities

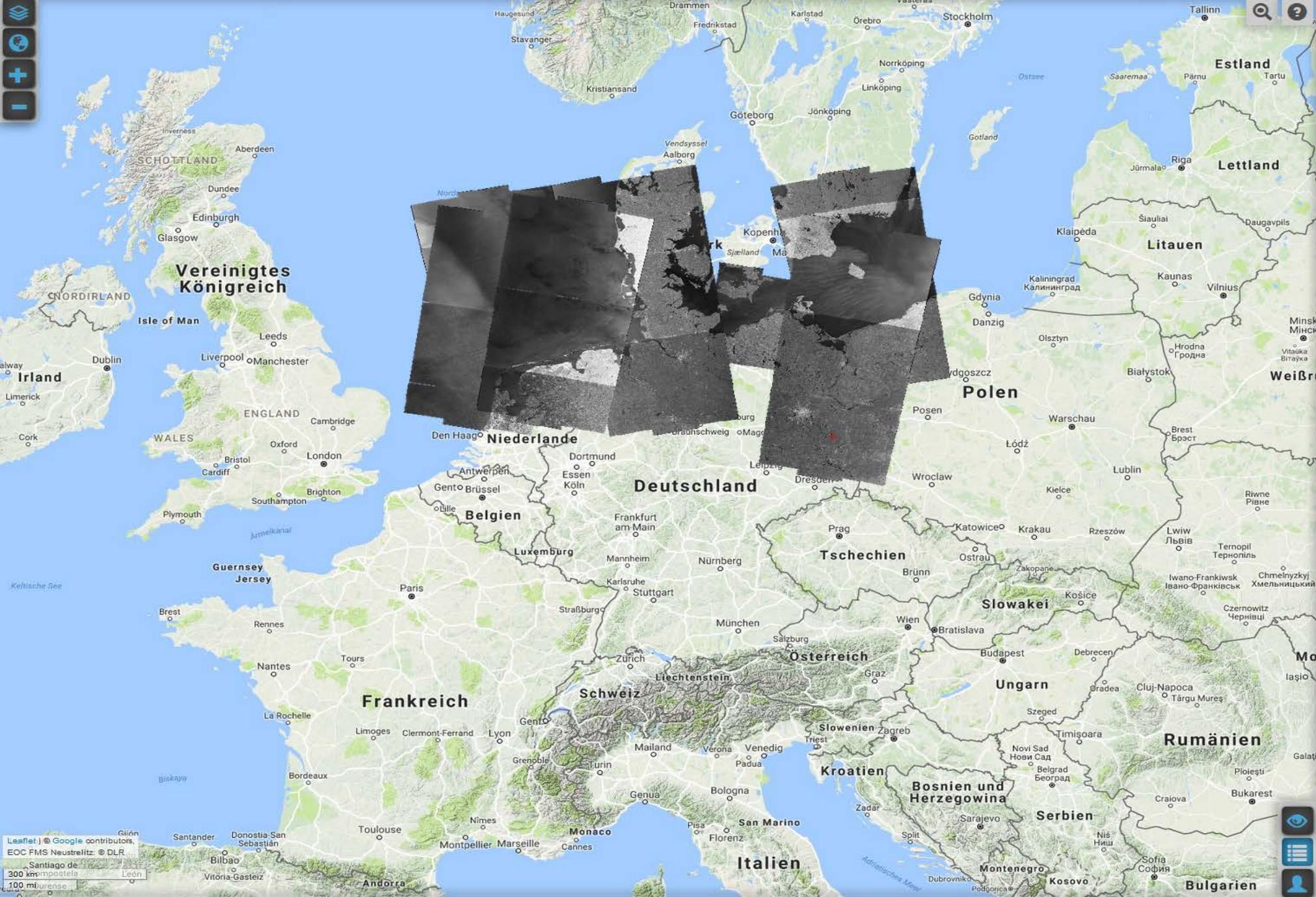
NRT reception and processing for Sentinel-1A and Sentinel-1B data, available in direct downlink mode

Processing Chain

- VM Cluster
- Processing System Management (PSM)
- Original ESA PDGS Instrument Processing Facility (IPF) used for Level 1 processing
- DLR Level 2 processing
 - Ship Detection
 - Wind
 - Wave
 - Oil (development ongoing)
- Product latency from acquisition: about 15 – 20 minutes**



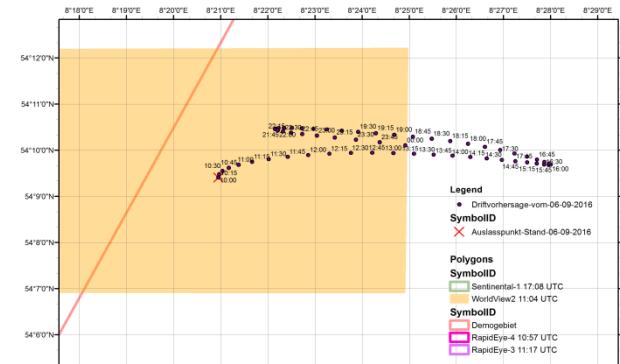
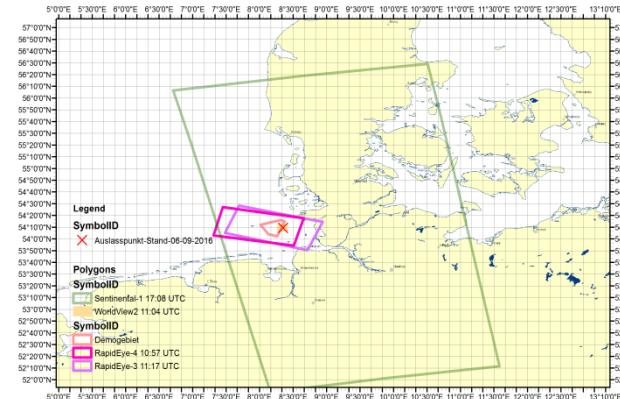
Ground Station Neustrelitz, elevation mask for Sentinel-1,
5 degree elevation



Example: Project EMSec, Sep. 2016 Optical Sensor based Hazard Detection

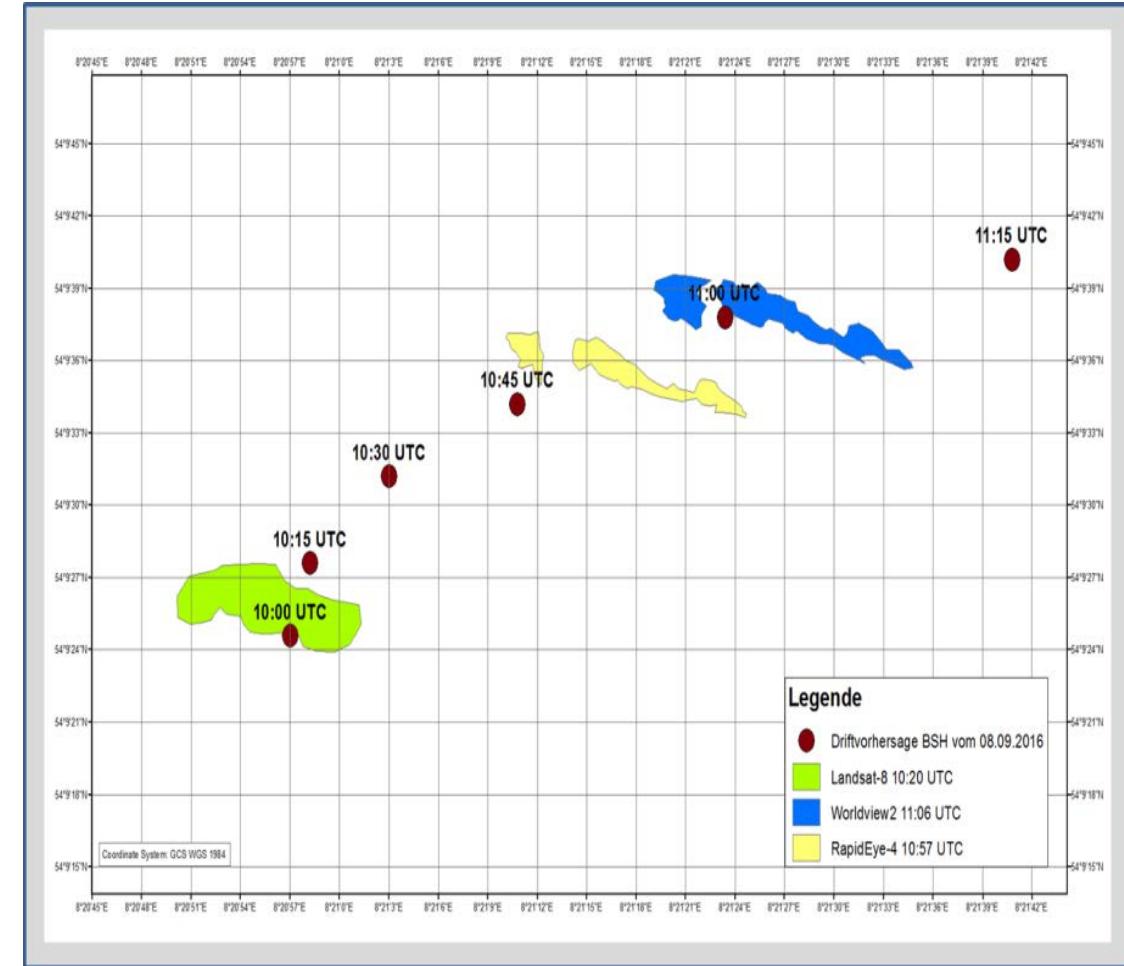
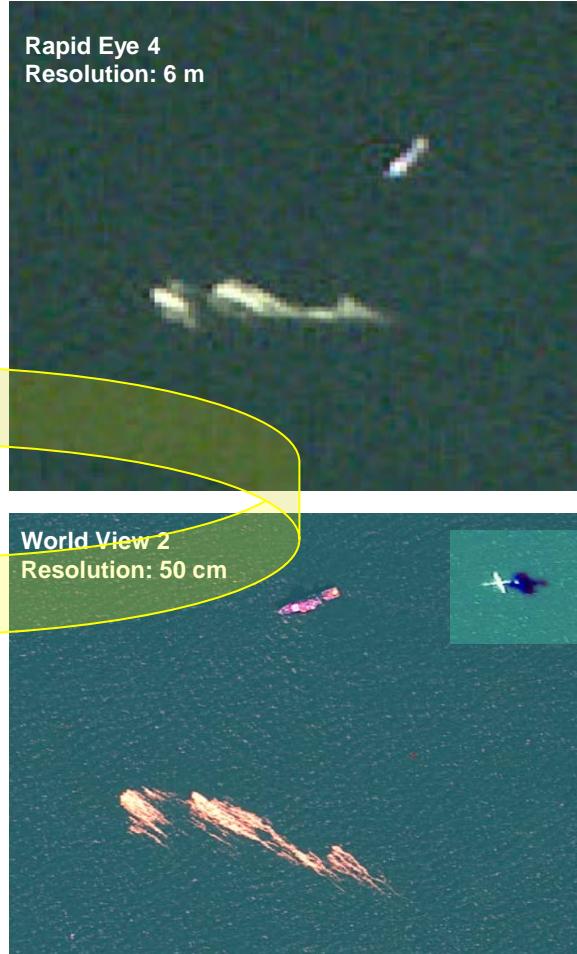
Demonstration Event for the
EMSec Project Cuxhaven (North
Sea), 8th of September 2016

- Real-Time data exchange
- Data fusion capabilities
- Detection of liquid hazardous materials
- Tracking of detected materials
- Validation of drift models provided by BSH (Federal Maritime and Hydrographic Agency)



http://www.dlr.de/dlr/desktopdefault.aspx/tabcid-10081/151_read-19273/

Example: Project EMSec, Sep. 2016 Optical Sensor based Hazard Detection

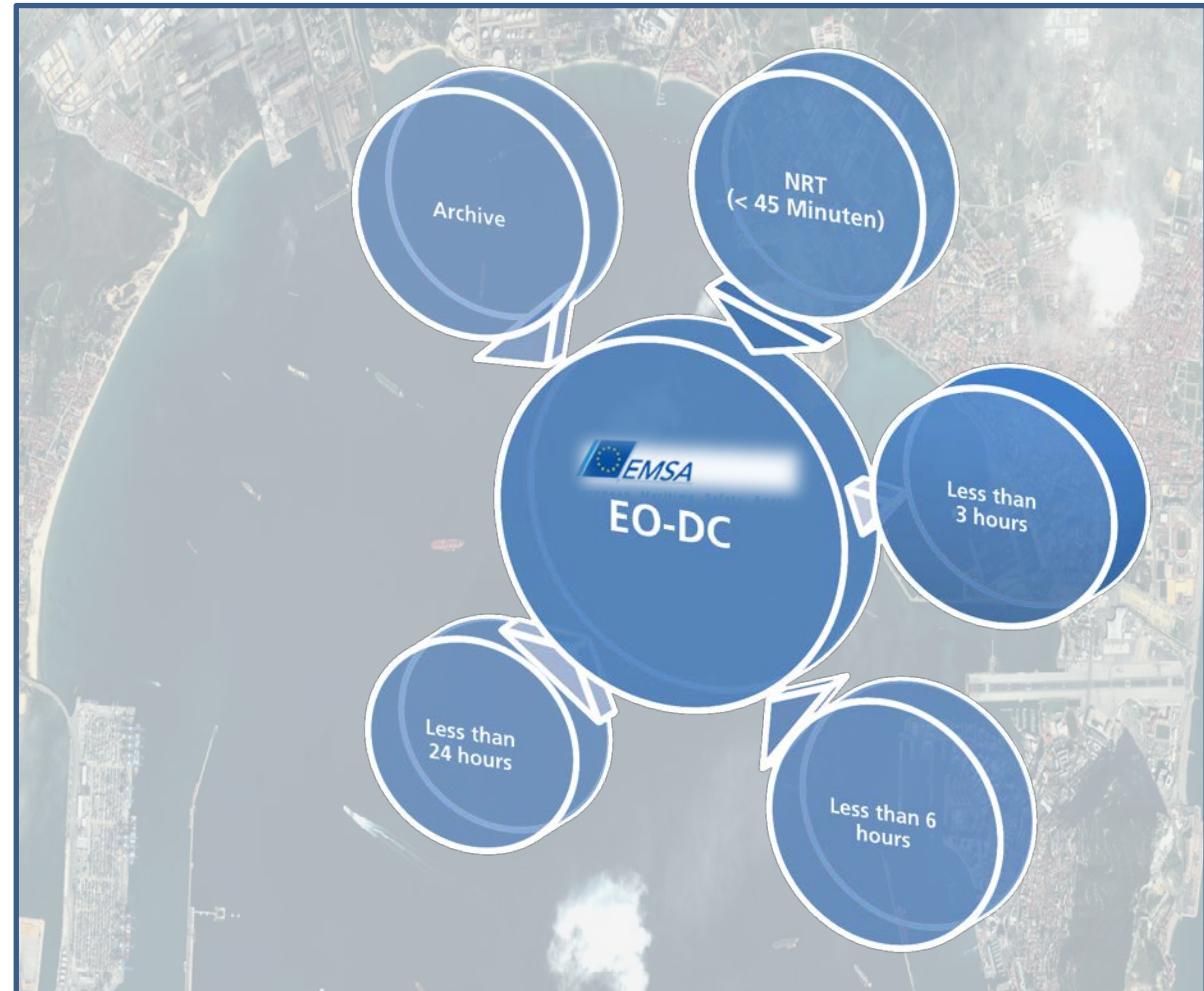


Optical Satellite Services for the European Maritime Safety Agency EMSA (OpSSERVE) [partner](#): EUSI (contractor) and DLR (subcontractor)

Project summary: **rapid access to satellite data and derived information** for use in maritime situational awareness based on WorldView - (1, 2, 3, and 4), GeoEYE-1, Deimos-2, Landsat-8

Direct delivery of information to EMSA Earth Observation Data Centre (EO-DC)

- Derive Value Adding Information
 - Vessel detection**
 - Vessel activity detection**
 - Change detection**



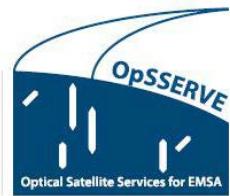
Optical Satellite Services for EMSA OpSSERVE



Service tasks
of European
Space
Imaging
EUSI

Project and contractual management

- Handling and management of all EMSA service requests
 - Feasibility analysis for acquisitions of WorldView - (1 & 2 & 3, 4) and GeoEYE-1, Deimos-2
 - Data acquisition planning
 - Near-real time reception, cloud screening
 - Quality assurance
 - Routine native Level 1 (L1) processing for WorldView - (1 & 2 & 3)
 - L1 data delivery



Optical Satellite Services for EMSA OpSSERVE



Service tasks
of DLR
Maritime
Security Lab
Neustrelitz

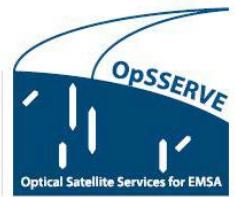


Image Processing

- Pre-processing, L0, L1b (Landsat-8 only)
- Scene Slicing, Image mosaicking
- Orthorectification (@DLR SRTM DEM, 25 m resolution)
- Image projection

Value adding and analysis

- Ship detection
- Activity detection
- Change detection

Product generation and secure transmission to EMSA (EO-DC)

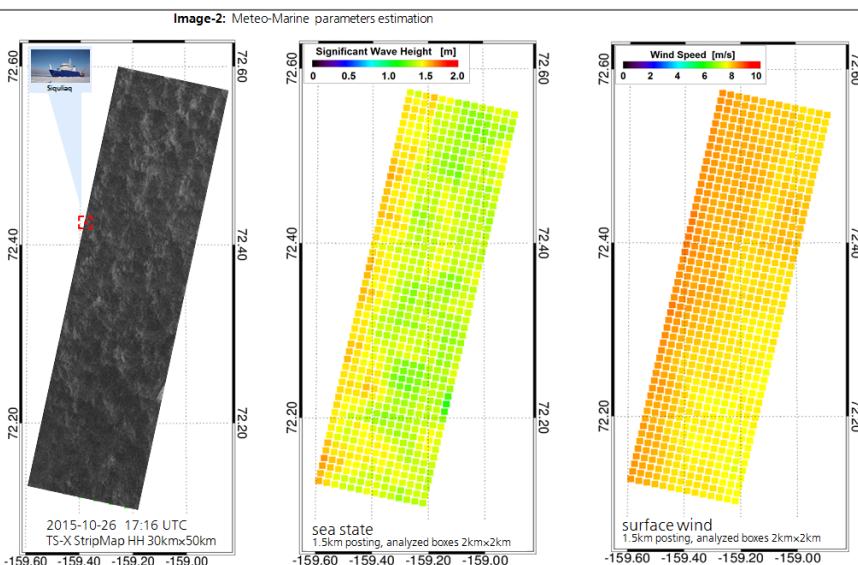
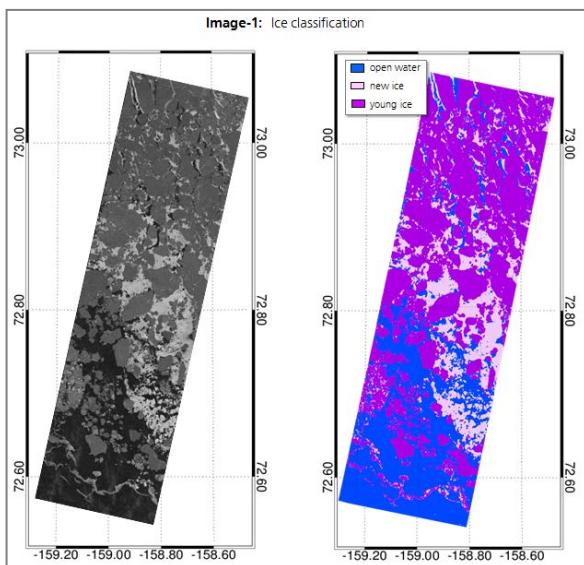


NRT Support for Office of Naval Research (ONR) Arctic Sea State Campaign

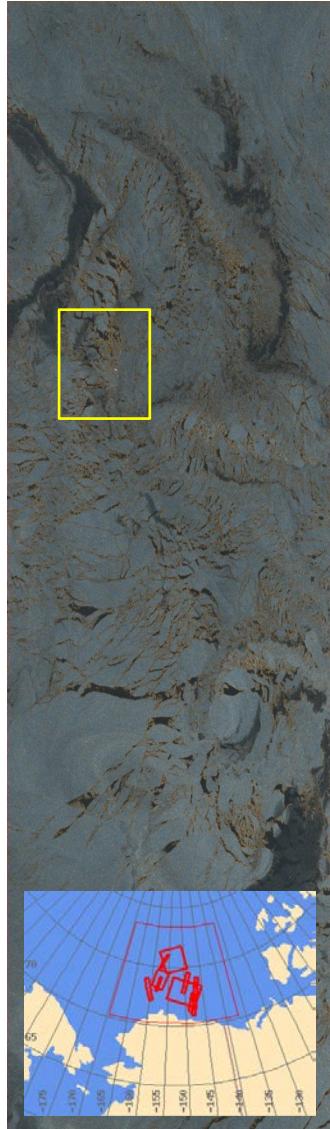
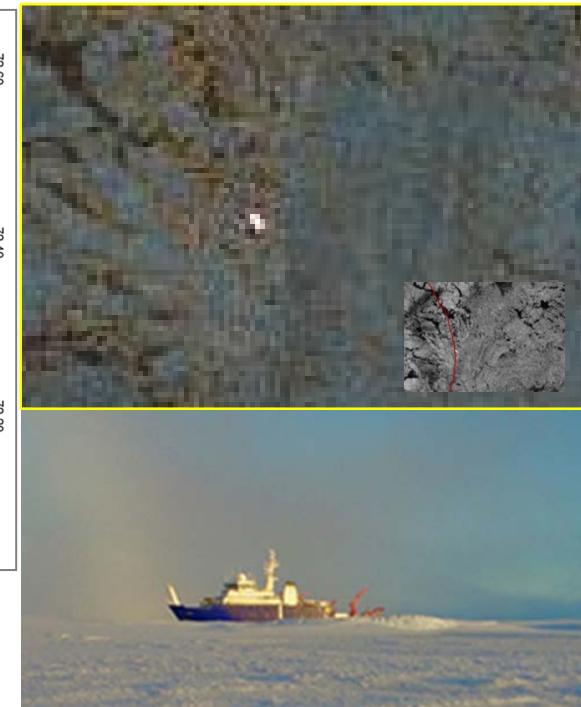
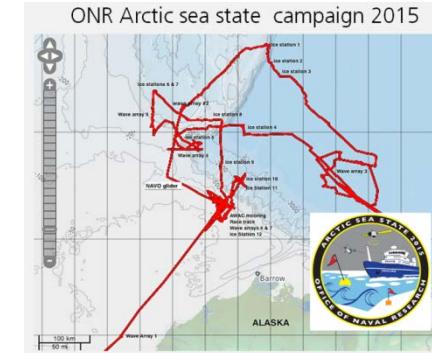
Research Vessel Sikuliaq; Beaufort Sea

http://www.apl.washington.edu/project/project.php?id=arctic_sea_state

The cruise goal was to observe the fall ice advance and the interactions with wind and waves



TerraSAR-X Data Sea Ice Classification and Wind and Wave Field Measurements



25 acquisitions (SM, SC, SC wide)

Antarctic Circumnavigation Expedition (ACE)

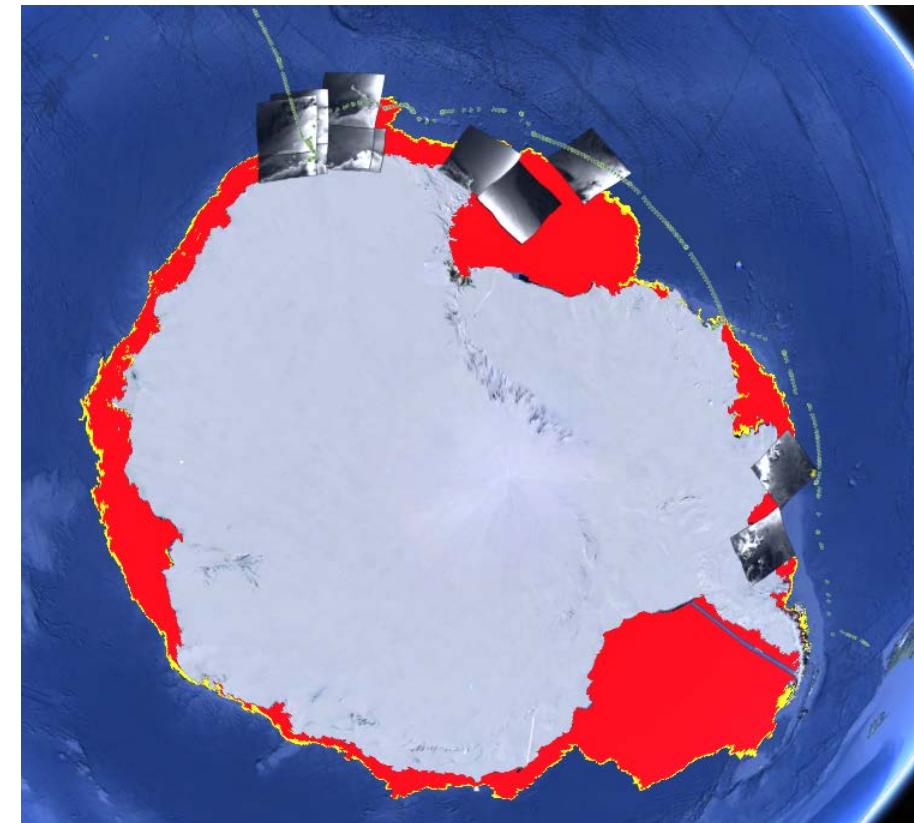
<http://spi-ace-expedition.ch/science-has-no-borders/>

First project of the Swiss Polar Institute, a newly created entity founded by EPFL, the Swiss Institute of Forest, Snow and Landscape research WSL, ETHZ, the University of Bern and Editions Paulsen. It aims to enhance international relations and collaboration between countries, as well as to spark the interest of a new generation of young scientists and explorers in polar research.

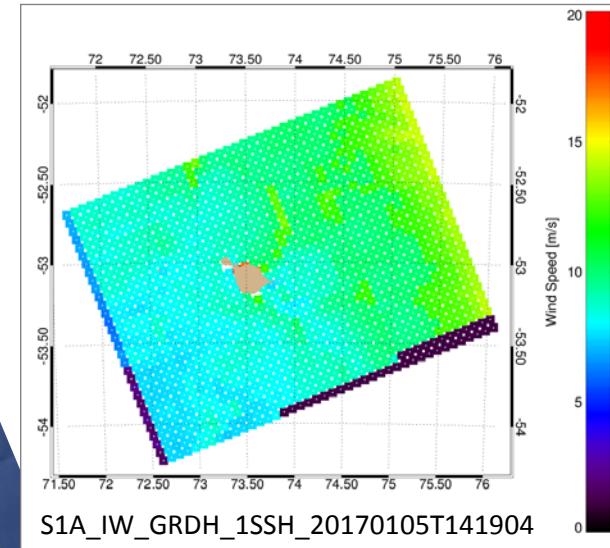
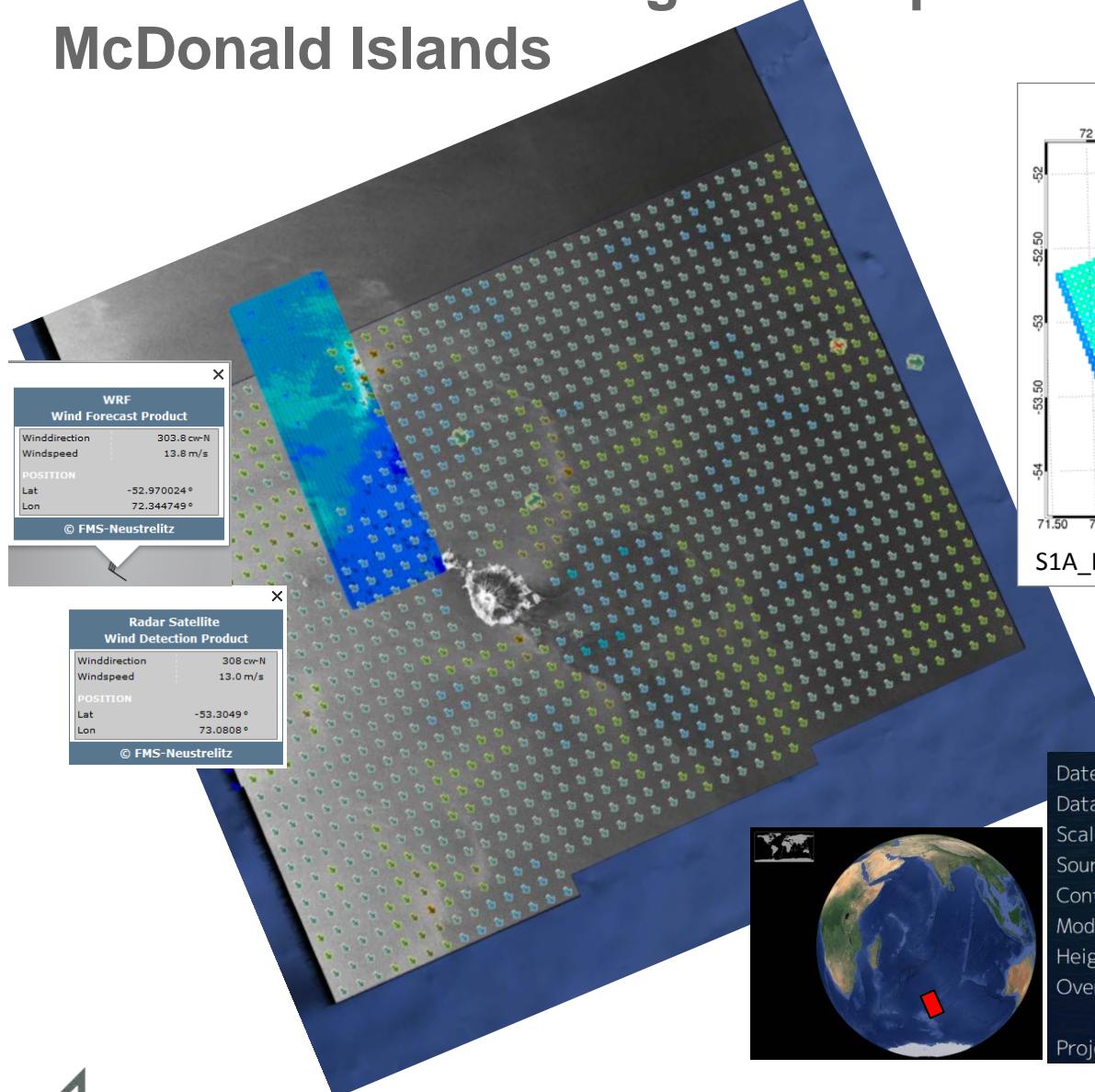
From December 2016 to March 2017, scientific teams from all over the world will board the Russian research vessel Akademik Treshnikov for an unprecedented expedition around Antarctica. From **biology** to **climatology** to **oceanography**, researchers will work on a number of interrelated fields for the future of this continent.

A better understanding of Antarctica is critical, not just for its preservation, but for the whole planet. The poles are affected by climate change more than any other region on Earth. Moreover, they play a central role in providing oceans with strong underwater streams that regulate the world's climate from the poles to the equator.

ACE_FINAL_Brochure

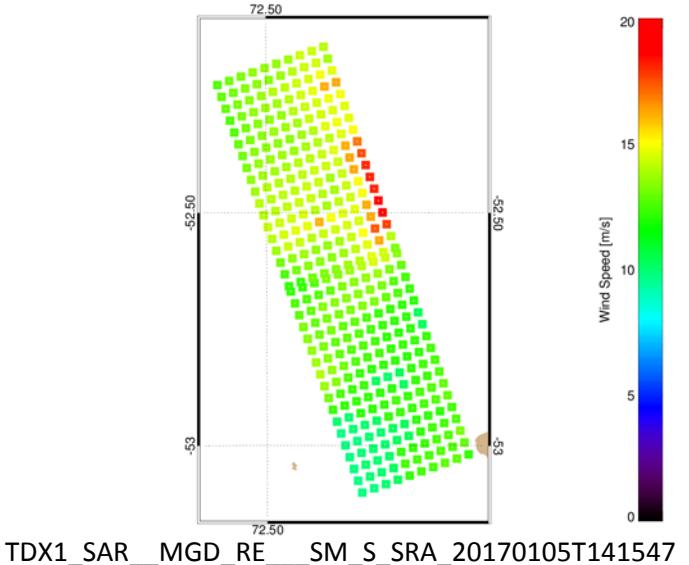


Antarctic Circumnavigation Expedition (ACE) – WIND McDonald Islands



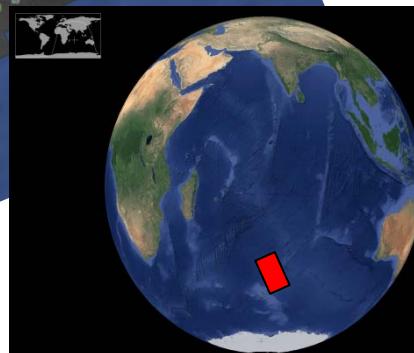
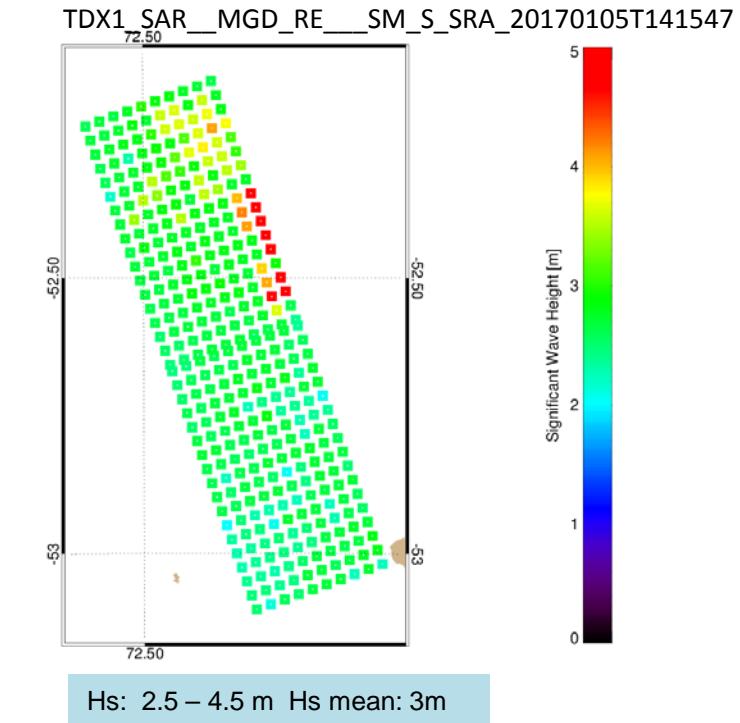
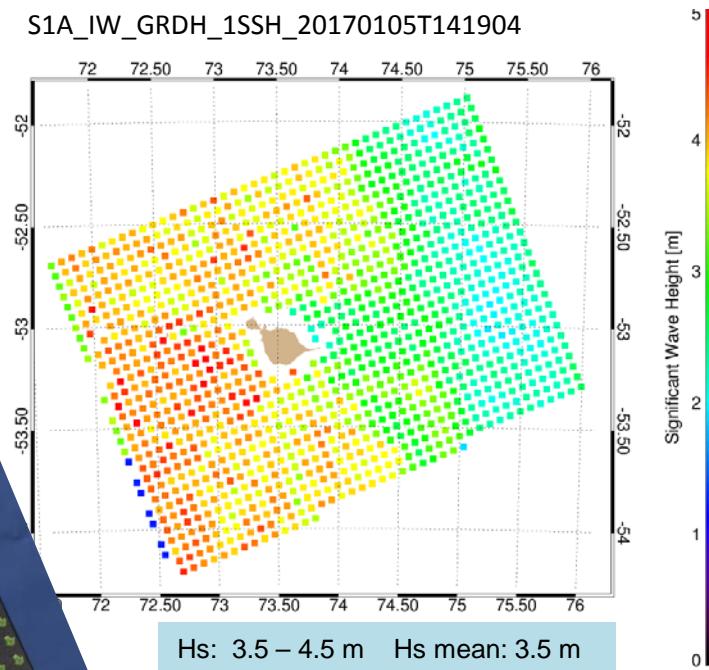
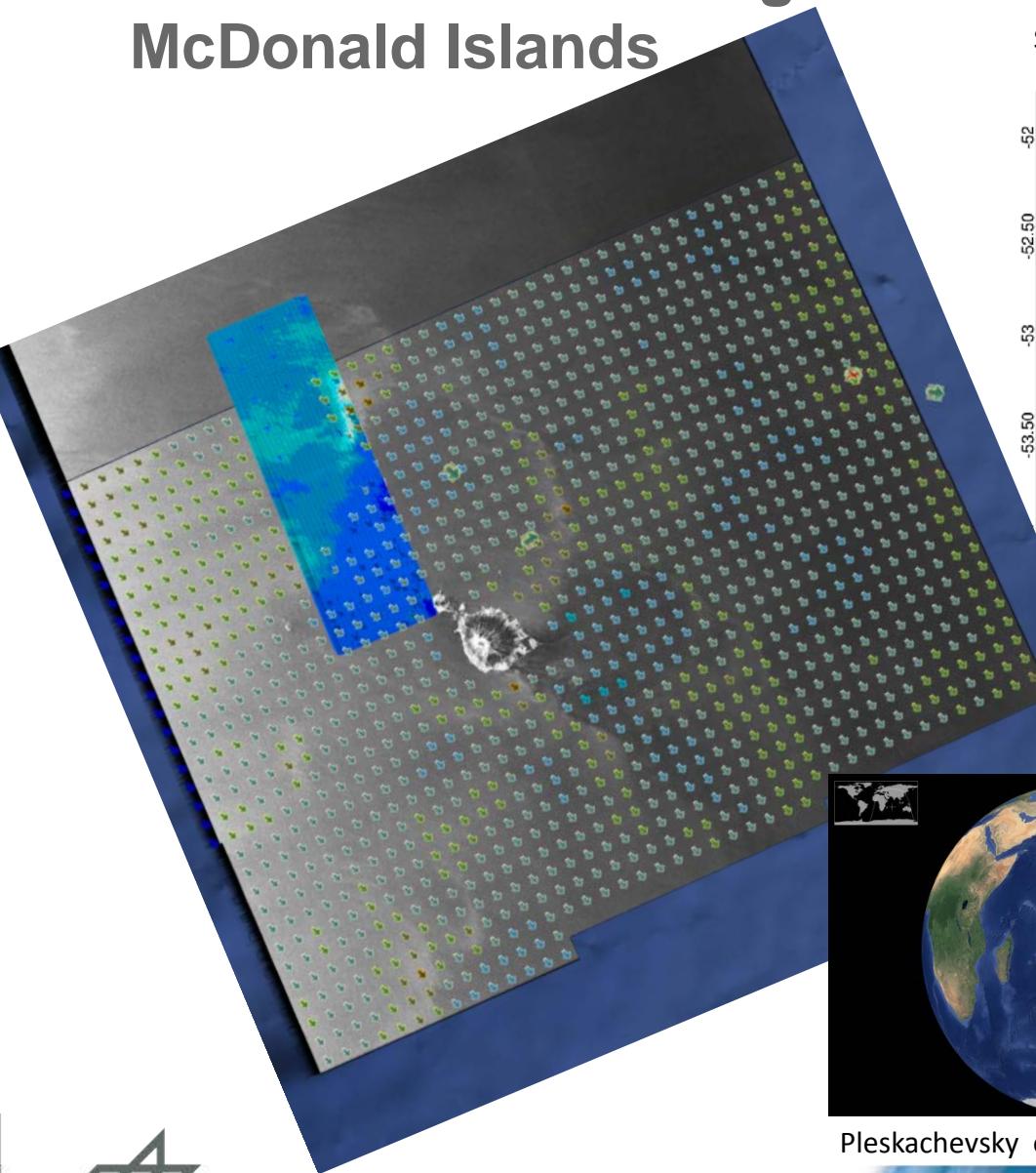
Jacobsen et.al., Maritime Security Lab Bremen

Date | 2017-01-05 13:00 Local ⇌ UTC
 Data | Wind @ Surface
 Scale |
 Source | GFS / NCEP / US National Weather Service
 Control | Now ⏪ ⏴ ⏵ ⏶ ⏷ ⏸ ⏹ ⏺ Grid ⏻ HD
 Mode | Air – Ocean – Chem – Particulates
 Height | Sfc – 1000 – 850 – 700 – 500 – 250 – 70 – 10 hPa
 Overlay | Wind – Temp – RH – WPD – 3HPA – CAPE
 | TPW – TCW – MSLP – MI – None
 Projection | A – AE – CE – E – O – P – S – WB – W3



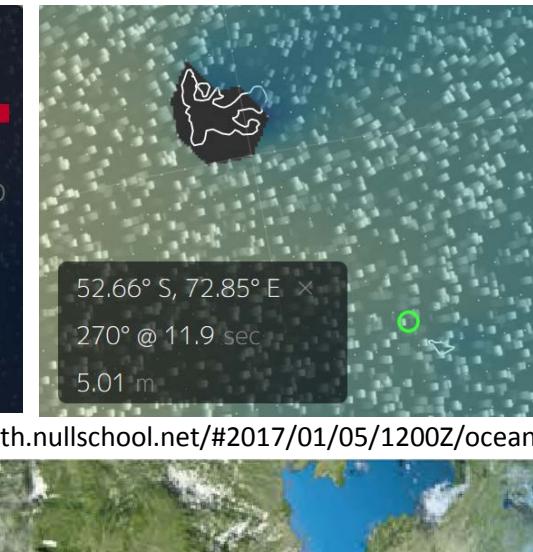
<https://earth.nullschool.net/#2017/01/05/1200Z/ocean>

Antarctic Circumnavigation Expedition (ACE) – WAVE McDonald Islands



Pleskachevsky et.al. 2017, Maritime Security Lab Bremen

Date | 2017-01-05 13:00 Local ⇌ UTC
 Data | Peak Wave Period + Significant Wave Height
 Scale |
 Source | WAVEWATCH III / NCEP / NWS
 Control | Now << - < - > - >> + Grid ▷ HD
 Mode | Air – Ocean – Chem – Particulates
 Animate | Currents – Waves
 Overlay | Currents – Waves
 | SST – SSTA – HTSGW – None
 Projection | A – AE – CE – E – O – P – S – WB – W3



<https://earth.nullschool.net/#2017/01/05/1200Z/ocean>

Antarctic Circumnavigation Expedition (ACE)

Research Vessel Akademik Treshnikov

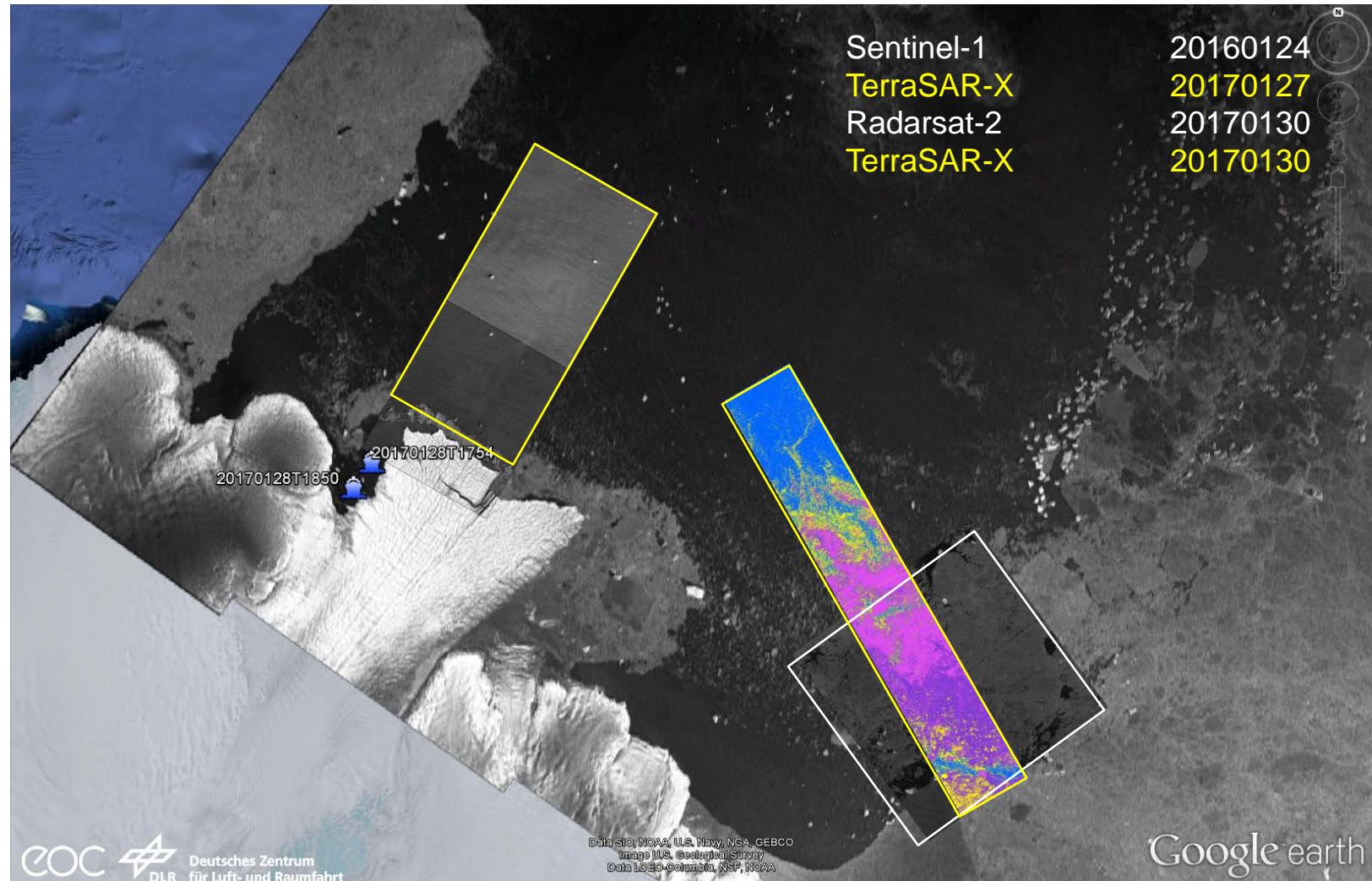
DLR support comprises

TerraSAR-X and Sentinel-1

- Georeferenced quicklooks delivered for usage at ship
- Validation of wind and wave charts derived from TerraSAR and Sentinel-1
- delivery of ice charts derived from TerraSAR-X dualpol,

Singha et.al. 2017, Maritime Security Lab Bremen

Sentinel-1	20160124
TerraSAR-X	20170127
Radarsat-2	20170130
TerraSAR-X	20170130





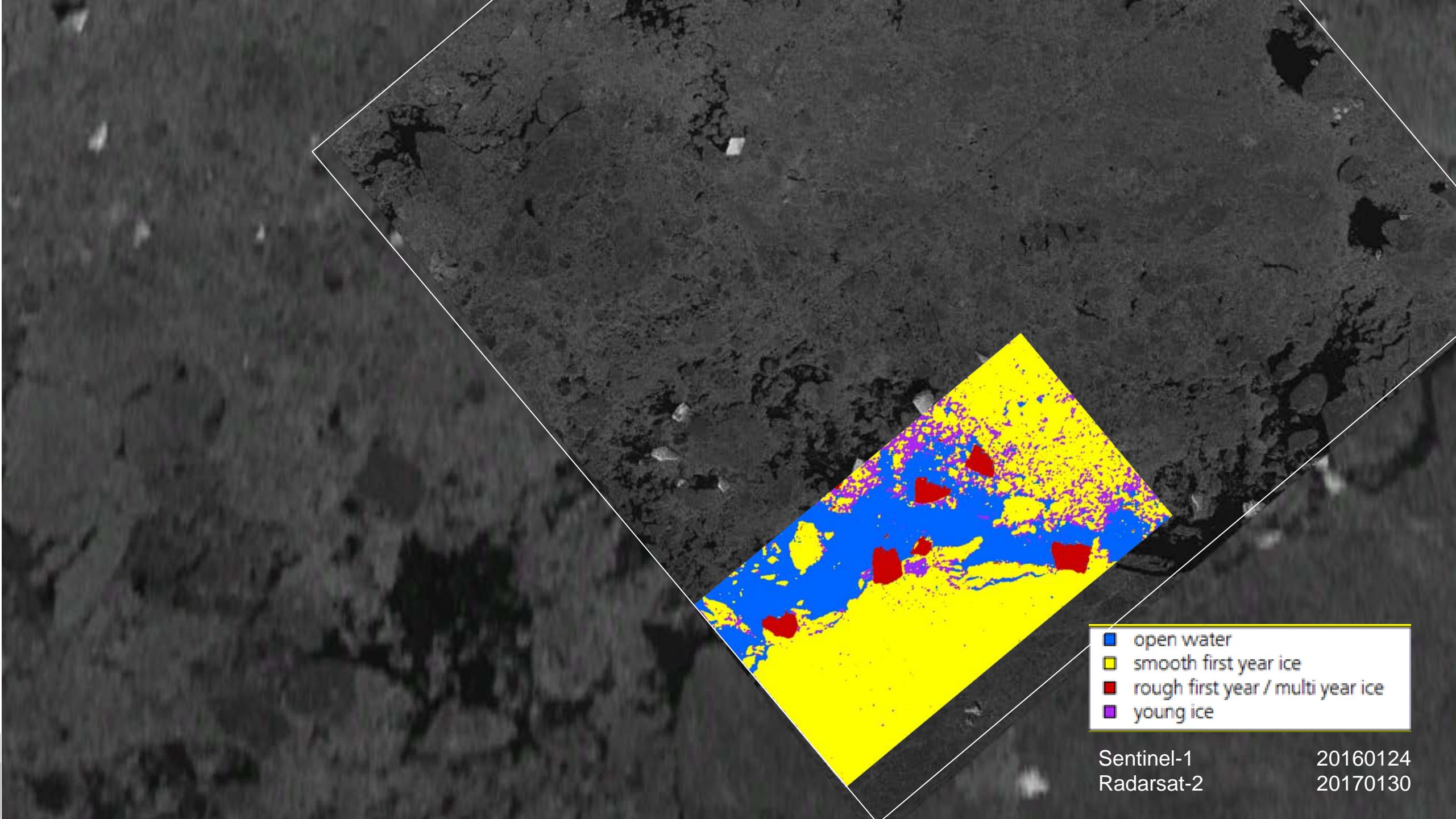
Sentinel-1

20160124



Sentinel-1
Radarsat-2

20160124
20170130



- open water
- smooth first year ice
- rough first year / multi year ice
- young ice

Sentinel-1
Radarsat-2

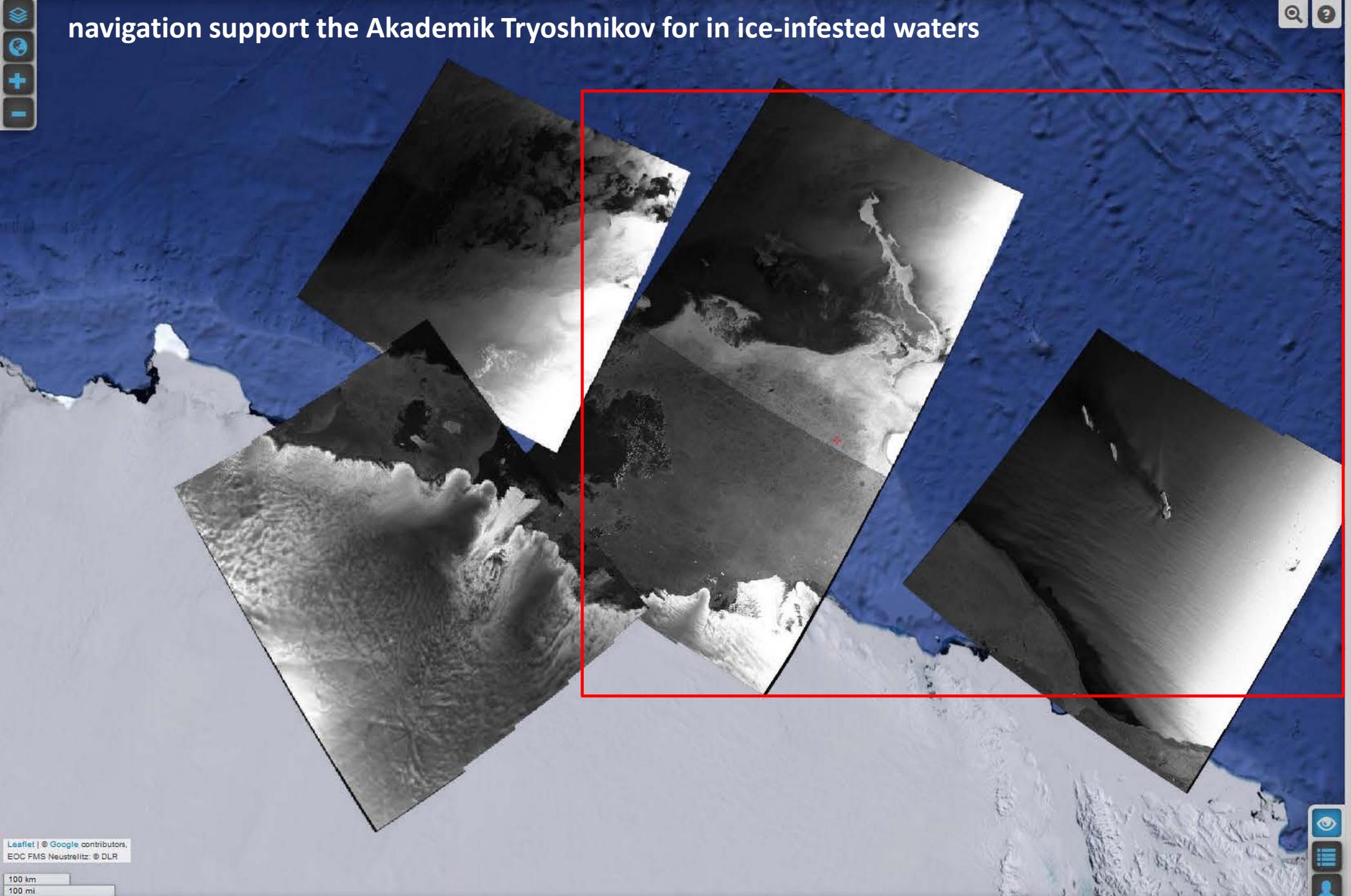
20160124
20170130

Sentinel-1
Radarsat-2
TerraSAR-X

20160124
20170130
20170130

- open water
- smooth first year icefast ice
- rough first year / multi year ice
- young ice

navigation support the Akademik Tryoshnikov for in ice-infested waters



Selected products

Sensor	Time	
S1B	2017-01-31T17:53:42	X
S1B	2017-01-31T17:52:38	X
S1B	2017-02-05T14:45:09	X
S1B	2017-02-05T14:46:14	X
S1B	2017-02-05T14:47:14	X
S1B	2017-02-01T18:33:41	X
S1A	2017-01-31T10:40:17	X
S1B	2017-02-01T16:56:06	X

Layers

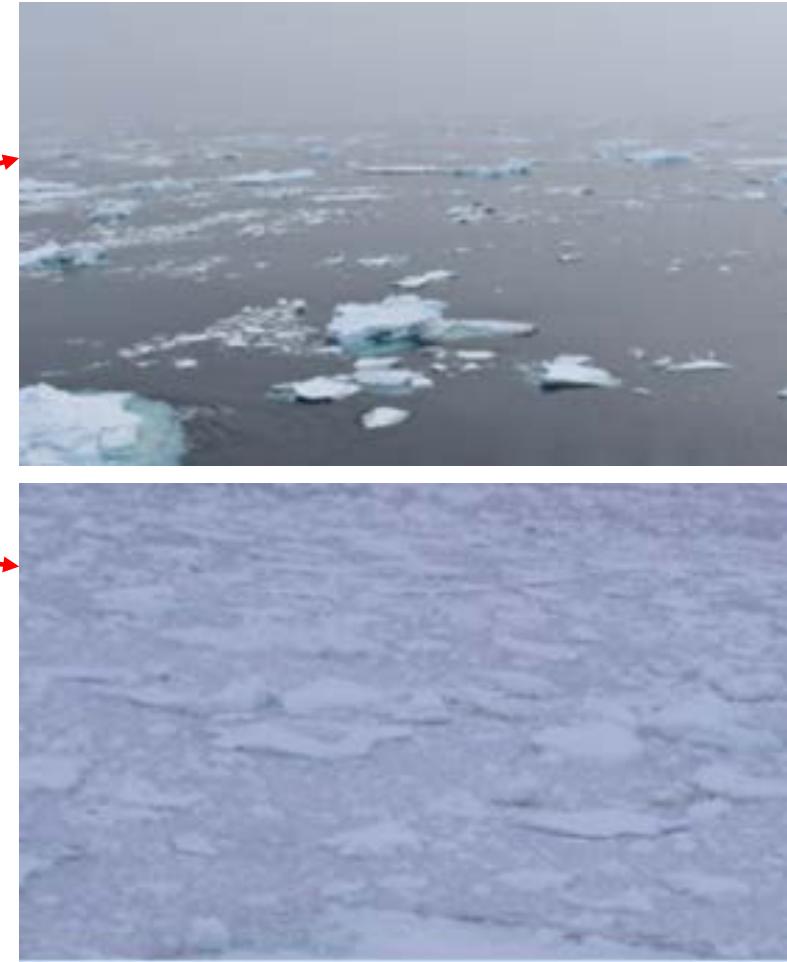
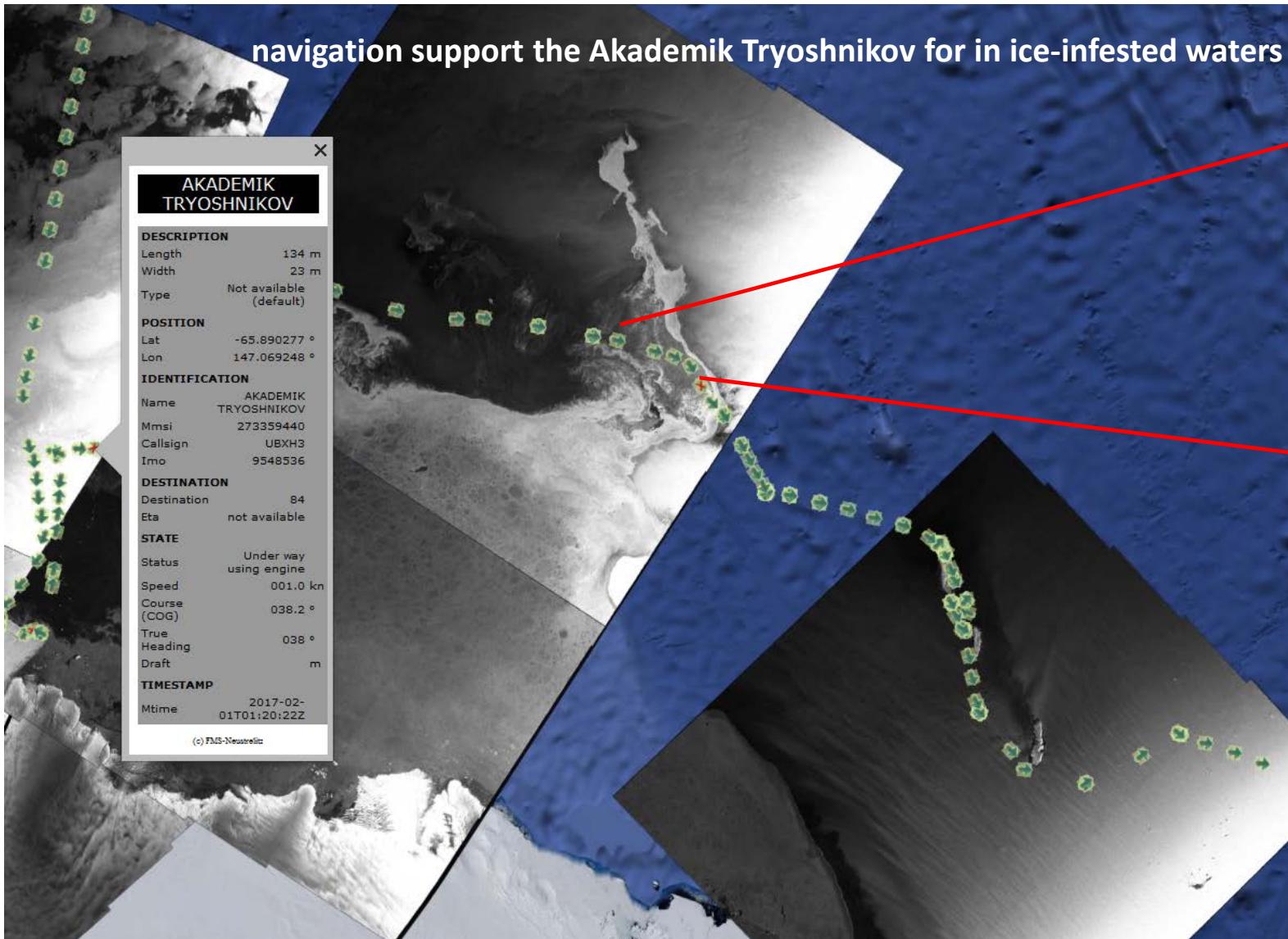
Legend

Coordinates

Latitude: -66.6486231449303
Longitude: 154.918212890625
Zoom: 6



Antarctic Circumnavigation Expedition (ACE)



Picture: Alessandro Toffoli, University of Melbourne

Ice drift application



Maritime
Security Lab
Bremen

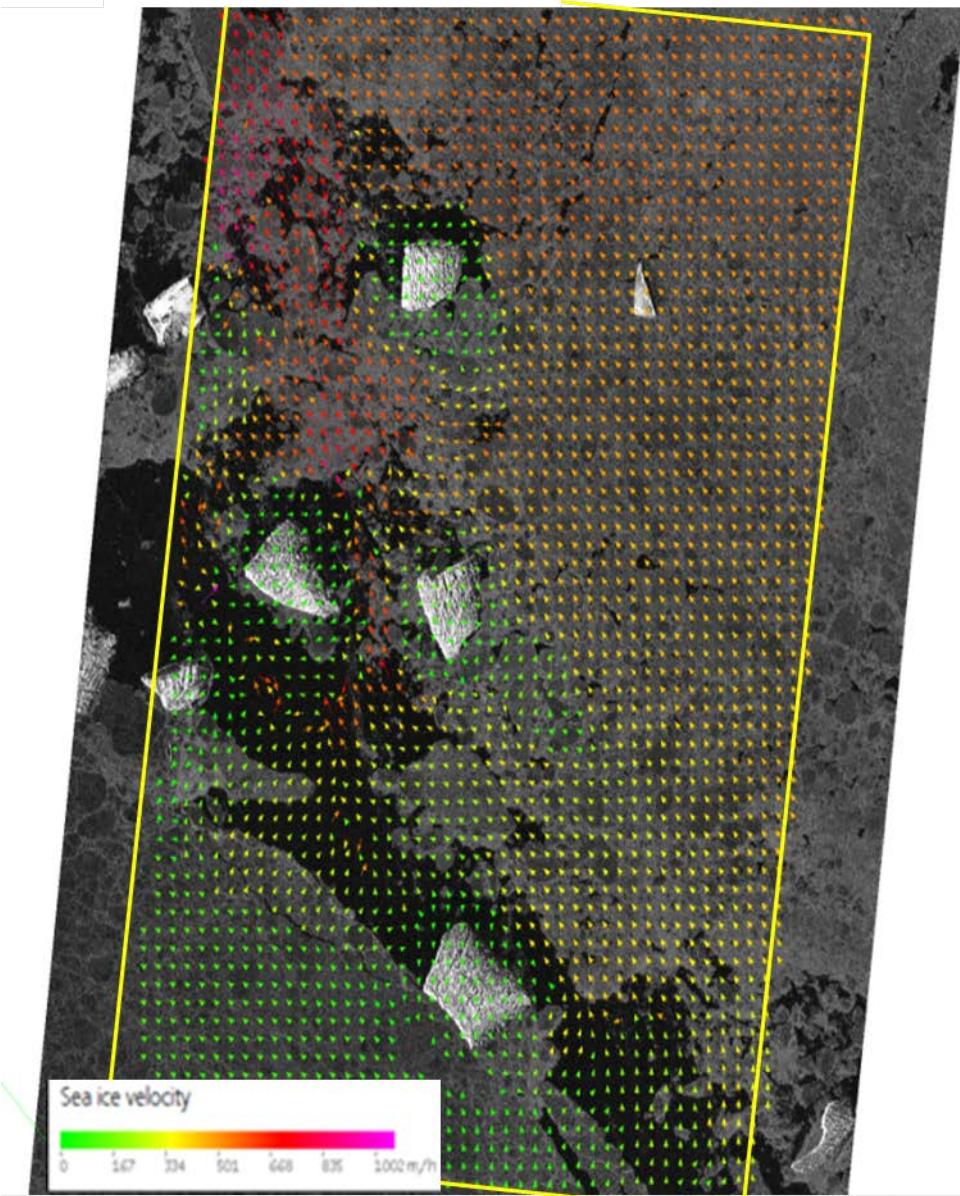
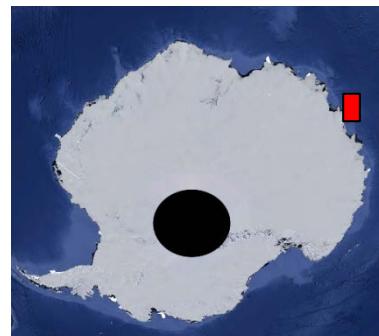
Ice drift application
to Support Maritime
Situation Awareness

planned value added
based on TerraSAR-X,
Sentinel-1 and Radarsat-2

Frost et.al. 2017,

with TerraSAR-X image
at 10:09 UTC
(SM-DP yellow rectangle, drift
values only)
overlaid with
Radarsat-2 image (WFQ) at
10:36 UTC in the background
to derive
Ice drift information

TDX1_SAR_MGD_RE_SM_D_SRA_20170130T100956
RS2-20170130-103635-WFO-47663-FIN_l004465_4162



Thank you for attention!

Egbert Schwarz

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