

# 3D printed aeroponic tray nutrient delivery system for bioregenerative life support systems



A. Mohamad <sup>1</sup>, V. Vrakking <sup>2</sup>, C. Dong <sup>2</sup>, M. Bamsey <sup>2</sup>, D. Schubert <sup>2</sup>

<sup>1</sup>University of Bath, Department of Mechanical Engineering. <sup>2</sup>German Aerospace Center, Institute of Space Systems

mhbmh20@bath.ac.uk, Mohamad.BinMohamadHilmi@dlr.de

### Introduction

- Higher plant based biological life support systems present advantages for long duration human spaceflight missions [1]
- DLR is investigating aeroponic nutrient delivery systems to maximize crop yields per unit area and to minimize waste (Figure 1)
- Possible application in medium to large scale microgravity and planetary surface plant production systems [2]

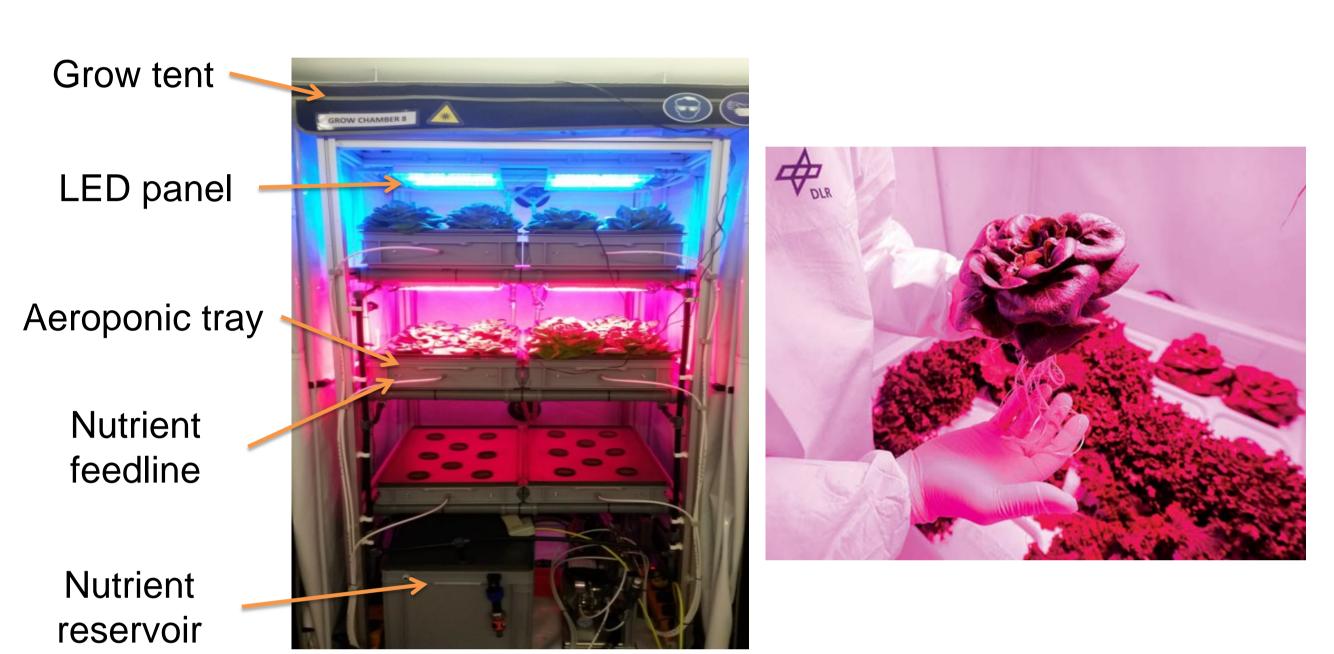


Figure 1: EDEN laboratory plant growth trays employed in a multilevel plant growth system (left) and cultivation through aeroponic method (right).

### **EDEN** research team Eurobox trays

- Eurobox trays have been used in past EDEN team crop growth experiments (Figure 1 left)
- These are standard boxes modified into aeroponic trays
- Current limitations are seed pinching, stray light in the root zone and non-adjustable plant spacing

# Design selection

Holder type	Screw holder	Plain holder	
Body color	Black color	White color	
Plant spacing	Modular root	Fixed height root	
adaptation	compartment	compartment	
Type of tubing line	Internal line	External line	
Root support	For individual holders	For the whole tray	
structure			
Materials	ABS + HIPS	PLA + PVA	
Number of misters	4	2	

# Root compartment Neoprene Rockwool Traytop holder Root support structure Root compartment

Figure 2: Completed CAD design of EDEN custom aeroponic tray (left) and tray cross section showing root support structure (right)

# Manufacturing method

- New aeroponic tray produced using additive manufacturing, Fused Filament Fabrication (FFF)
- Economically and operationally feasible for research and planetary applications (in-situ food production)

### Results and conclusion

- The EDEN team has designed a custom 3D printed aeroponics tray (Figure 3)
- This custom tray and used for research within the EDEN laboratory and is planned for use within the EDEN ISS greenhouse in Antarctica
- Possible applications on planetary surfaces of Moon and Mars



Figure 3: Tray under test in EDEN laboratory

# **Further Developments**

- Large size 3d printing, for 400 mm x 600 mm root compartments and tray tops (Figure 4, Table 1) for EDEN ISS greenhouse
- Selection of 3D printing materials for closed environment plant growth systems
- Recycling technique of printed units

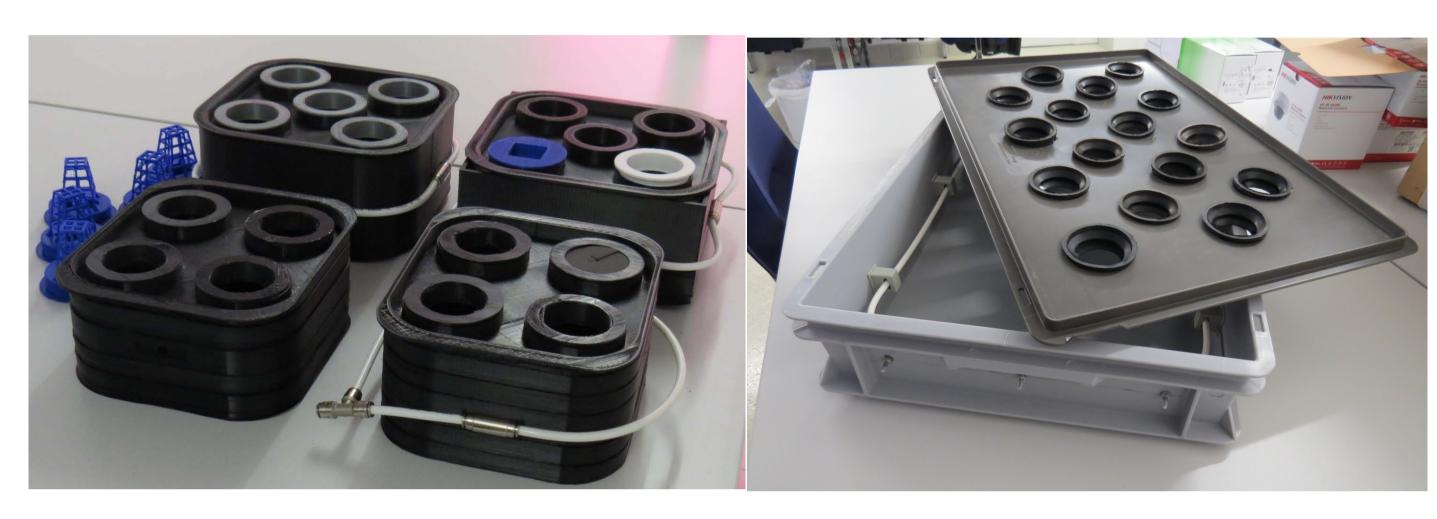


Figure 4: New trays (left) and Eurobox 400 mm x 600 mm tray (right)

Table 1: 400 mm x 600 mm tray layout for EDEN ISS project with their respective target crop

5-hole Lettuce	2-hole Cucumber	36-hole Radish
13-hole For continuous harvesting	3-hole Dwarf tomato Pepper	25-hole Swiss chard
	7-line Rucola Spinach High plant densities	

# Acknowledgement

Special thanks to Frank Kempkes and Michael Stasiak for useful discussions and input related to this work during EDEN ISS concurrent engineering study. Their contributions were valuable for improving the aeroponic tray design

### References

[1] Clawson, J.M., Hoehn, A., Stodieck, L.S., Todd, P., Stoner, R.J., "Re-examining Aeroponics for Spaceflight Plant Growth ", ICES 2000, Toulouse, France, 2000 [2] Miller, F. P., Vandome, A. F., McBrewster, J., "Aeroponics, Earth's atmosphere, Mist, Soil, Construction aggregate, Plant tissue culture, In vitro, Hydroponics", Alphascript publishing, Beau Bassin, Mauritius, 2009

