



Radar Observations of Convective Cells and Identification of Hotspots in Mountainous Terrain



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COPS

International field campaign in summer 2007
within the frame of the priority program 1167
of the German Science Foundation (DFG)
„Quantitative Precipitation Forecast“



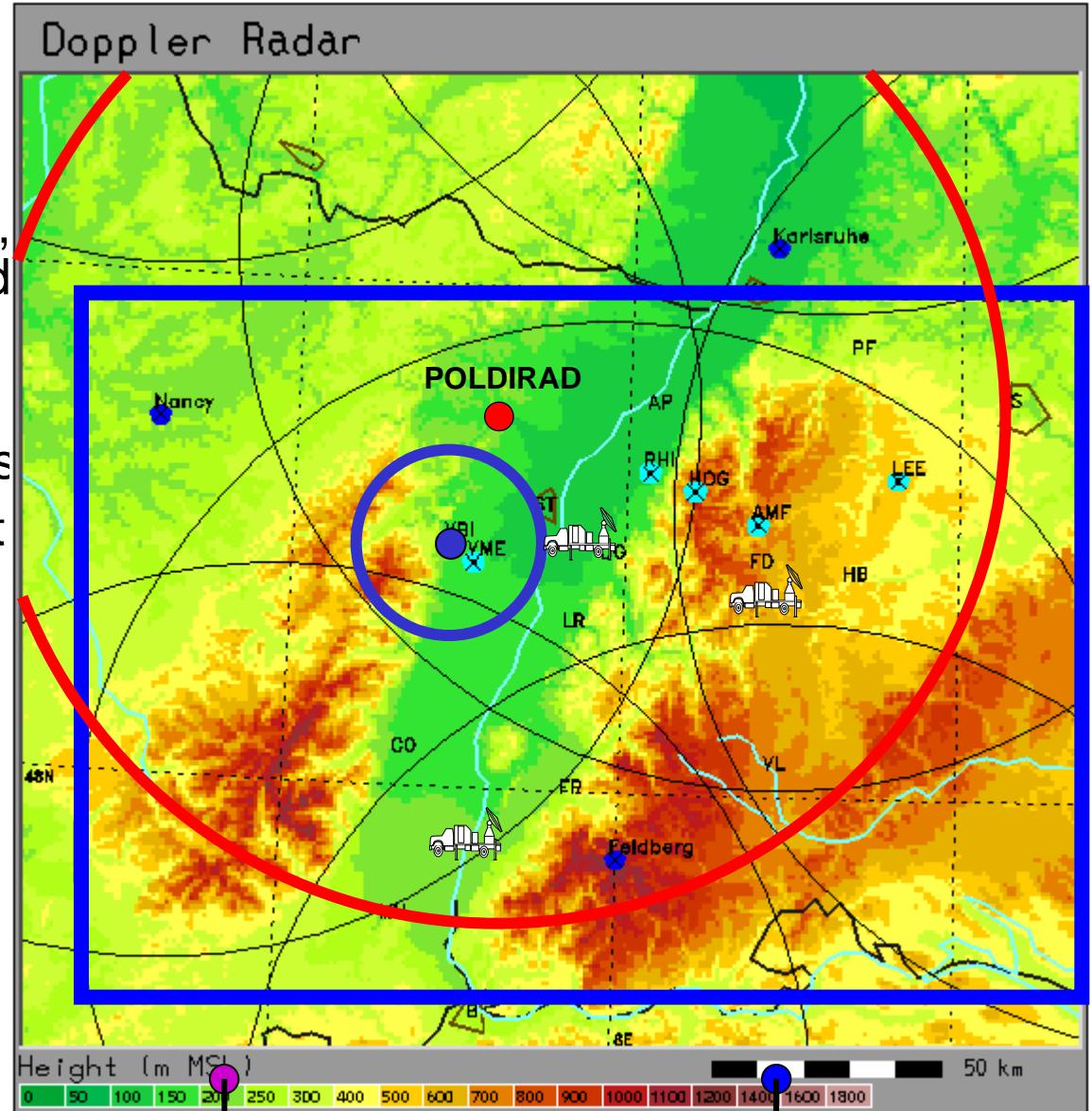
Convective and
Orographically-induced
Precipitation Study



Radar coverage

COPS objectives require good radar coverage, polarimetric preferred

- several operational radars in the region
- all are Doppler radars
- none of them (except Montancy) is polarimetric
- X-band ($r = 20$ km)
- two mobile DOW's
- deployment of DLR polarimetric C-band Doppler radar POLDIRAD





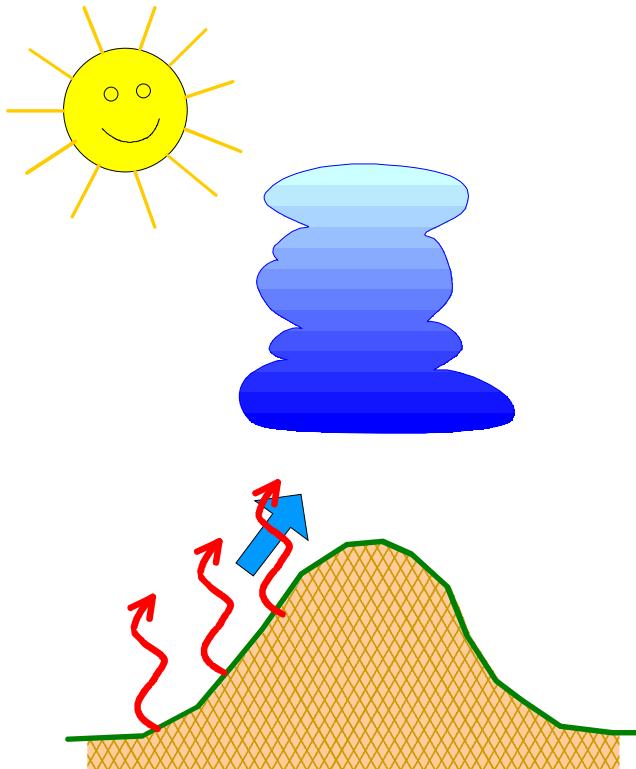
Deployment of DLR C-band polarimetric weather radar POLDIRAD at Waltenheim sur Zorn, Alsace, France



Photo: A. Behrendt

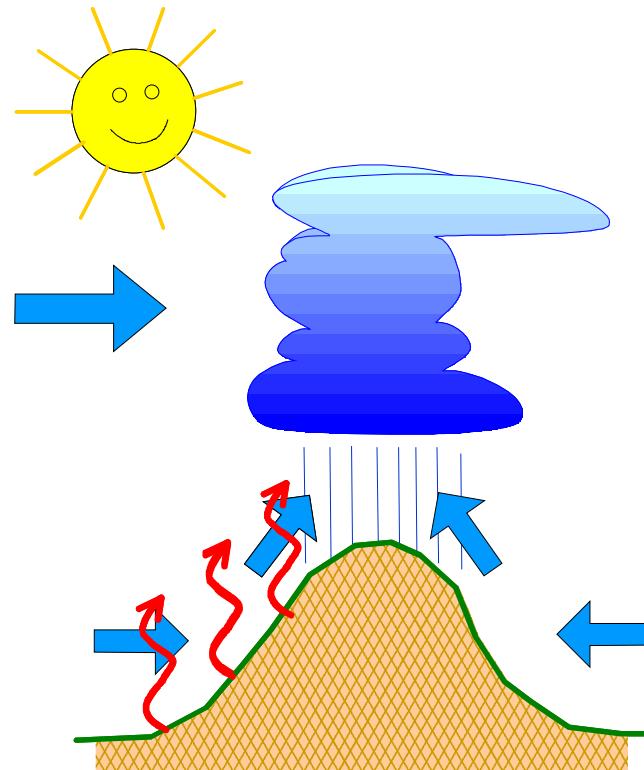
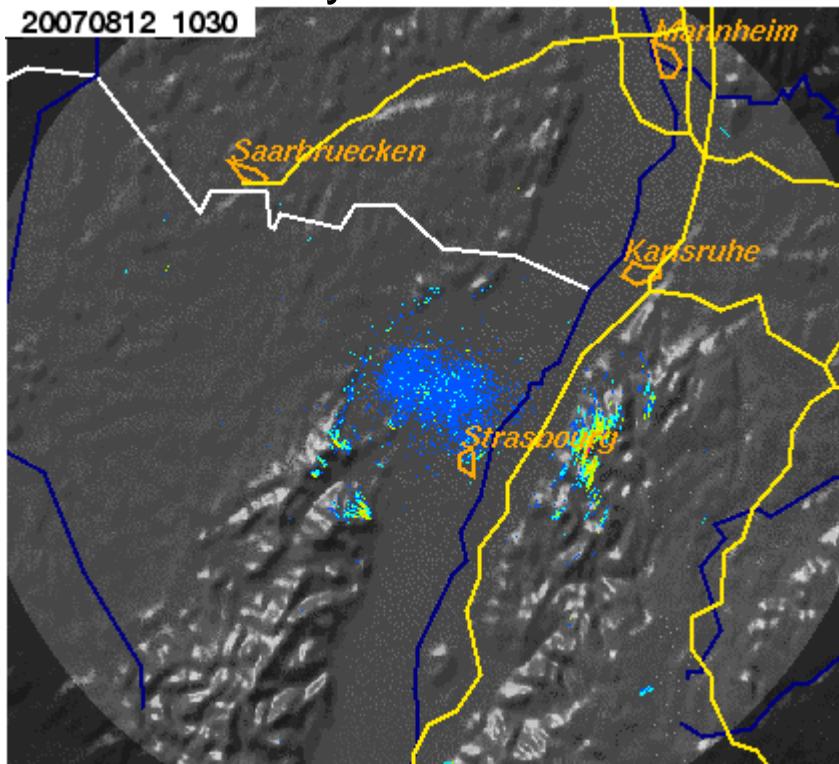
Orographic Effects on the Life Cycle of Convection

- One of the main objectives of COPS is to study the orographic effect on the initiation and life cycle of convective precipitation.



POLDIRAD observations during IOP 15 (daytime)

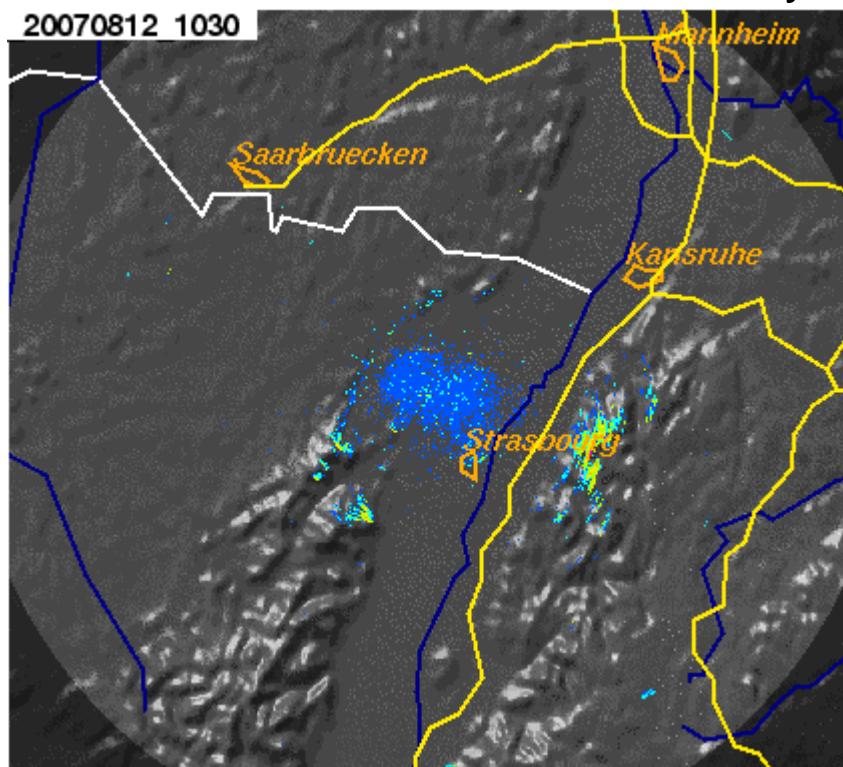
12 Aug. 2007 11-17 UTC
every 10 minutes



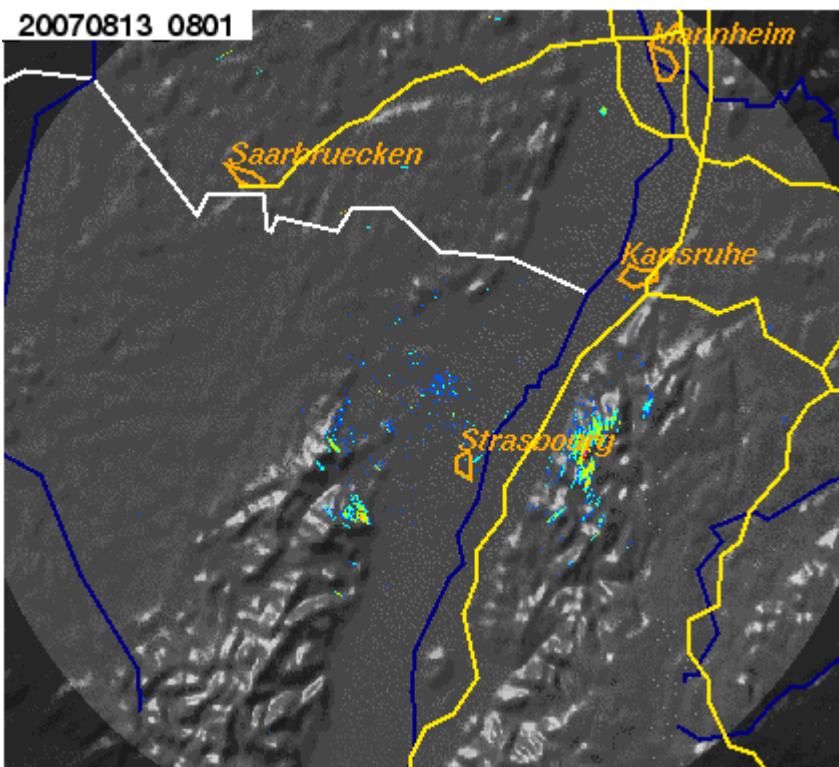
POLDIRAD observations during IOP 15 (daytime)

12 Aug. 2007 11-17 UTC

every 10 minutes

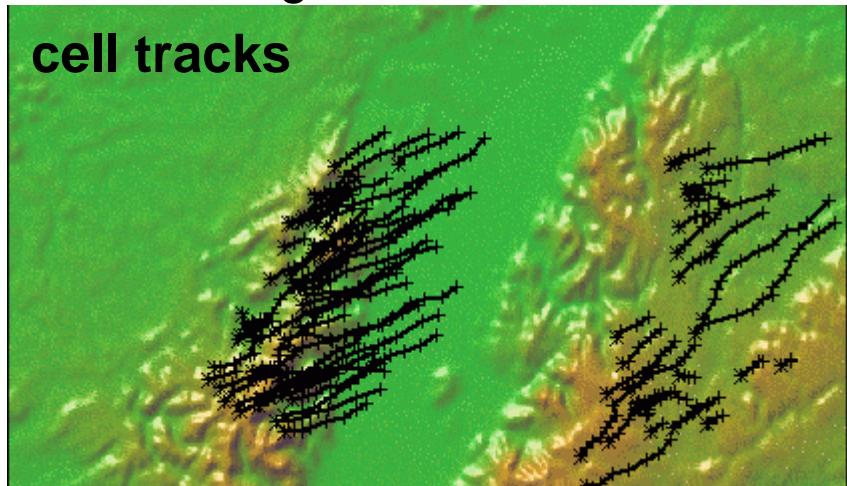


13 Aug. 2007 8-15 UTC

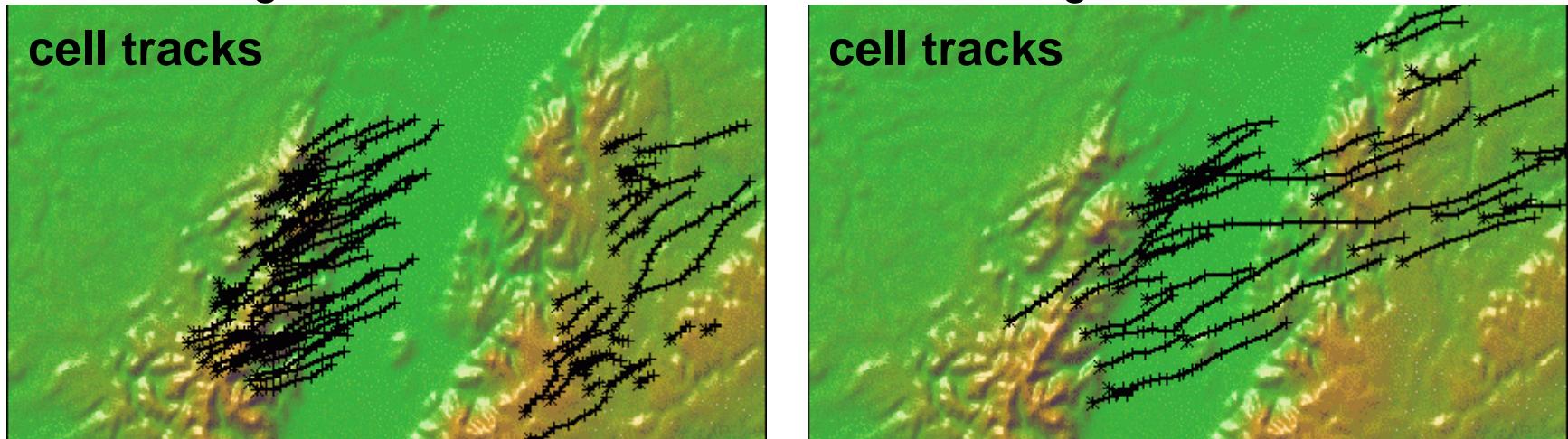


Cell Tracking IOP 15 using POLDIRAD Observations

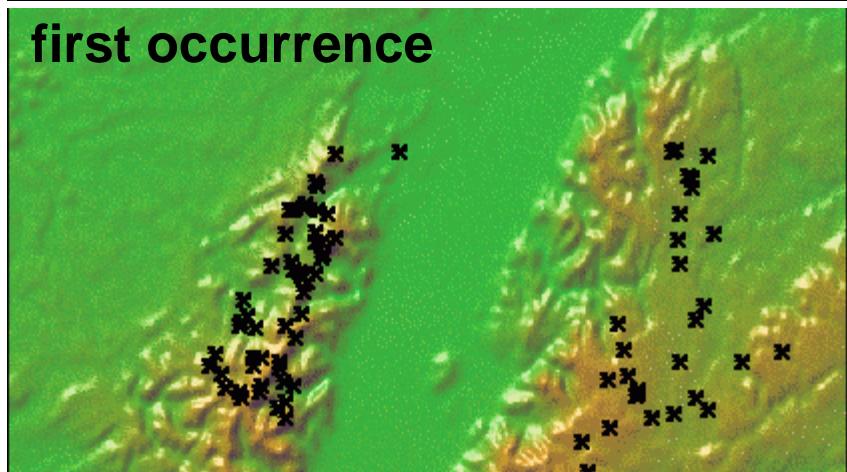
12 Aug. 2007 11-17 UTC



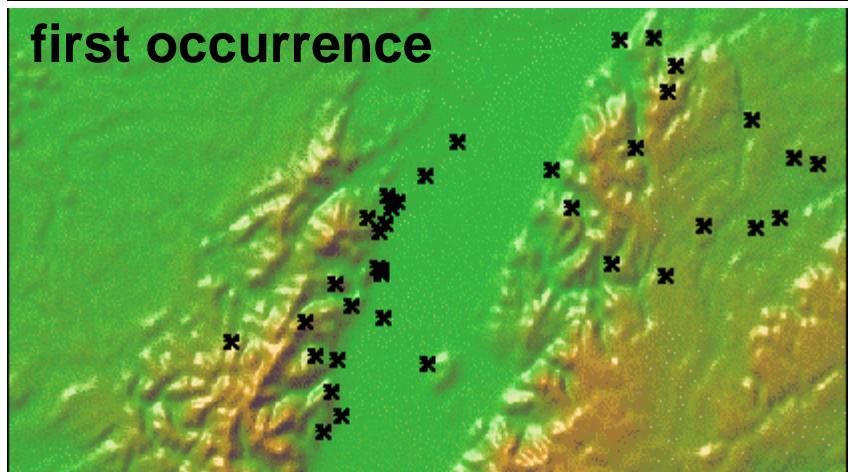
13 Aug. 2007 8-15 UTC



first occurrence



first occurrence



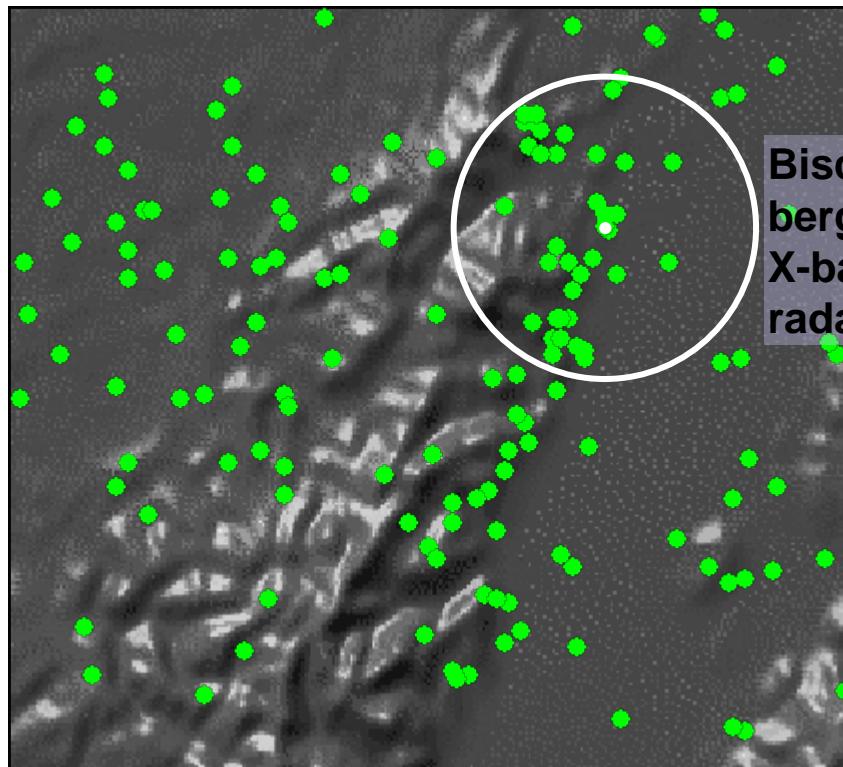
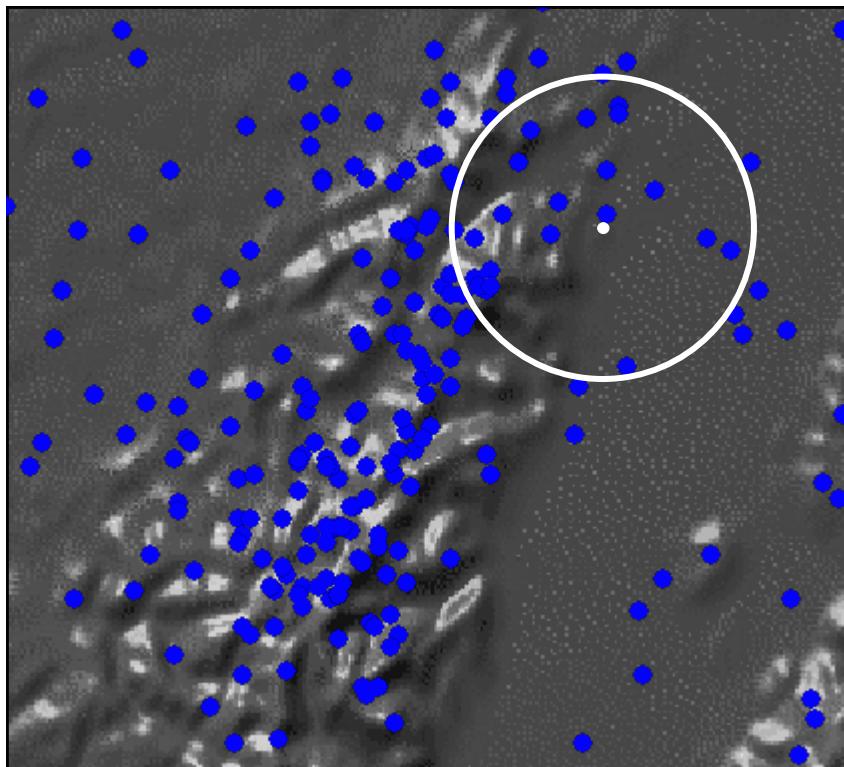
First Occurrence of Small Cells on some other Days

“Ridge and upslope” days:

June 8, 9, 10; Aug. **12**, 23, 24

“Lee” days:

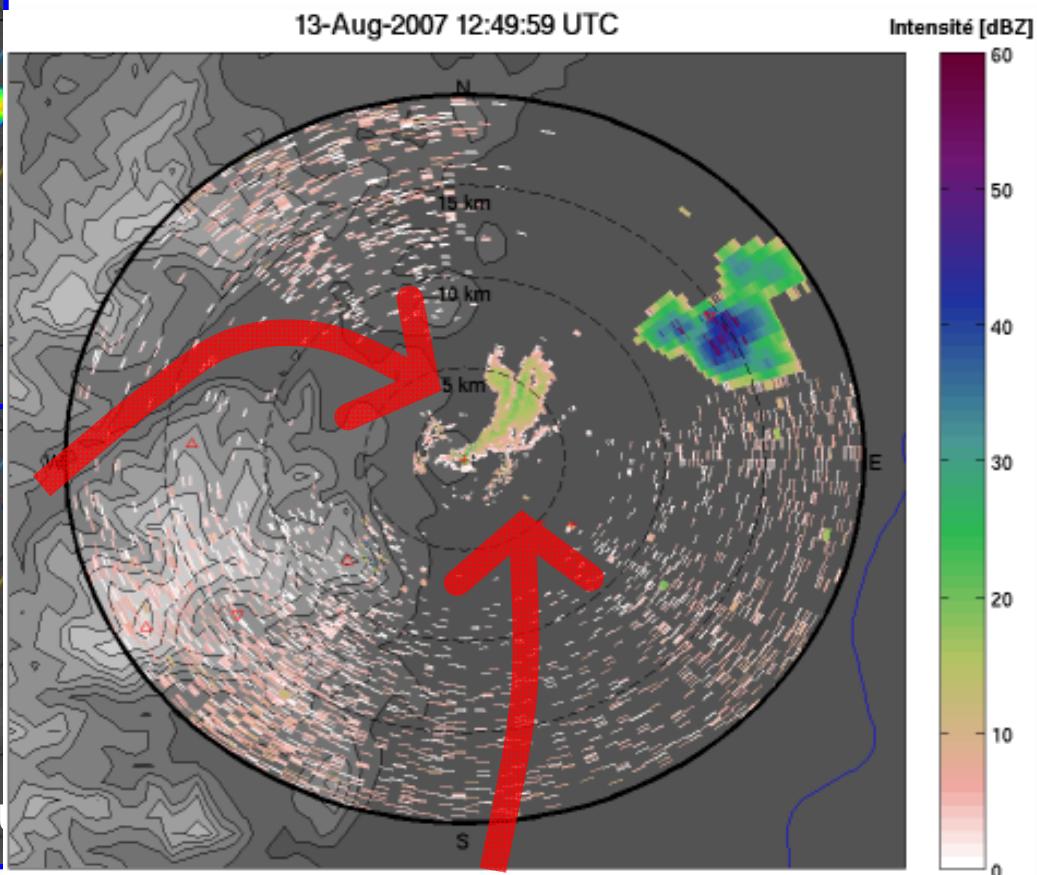
June 5; July 18; Aug. 3, 6, **13**, 17



X-Band Radar Bischenberg (30 km south of POLDIRAD)



X-Band 1246 – 1321 every 1 min.

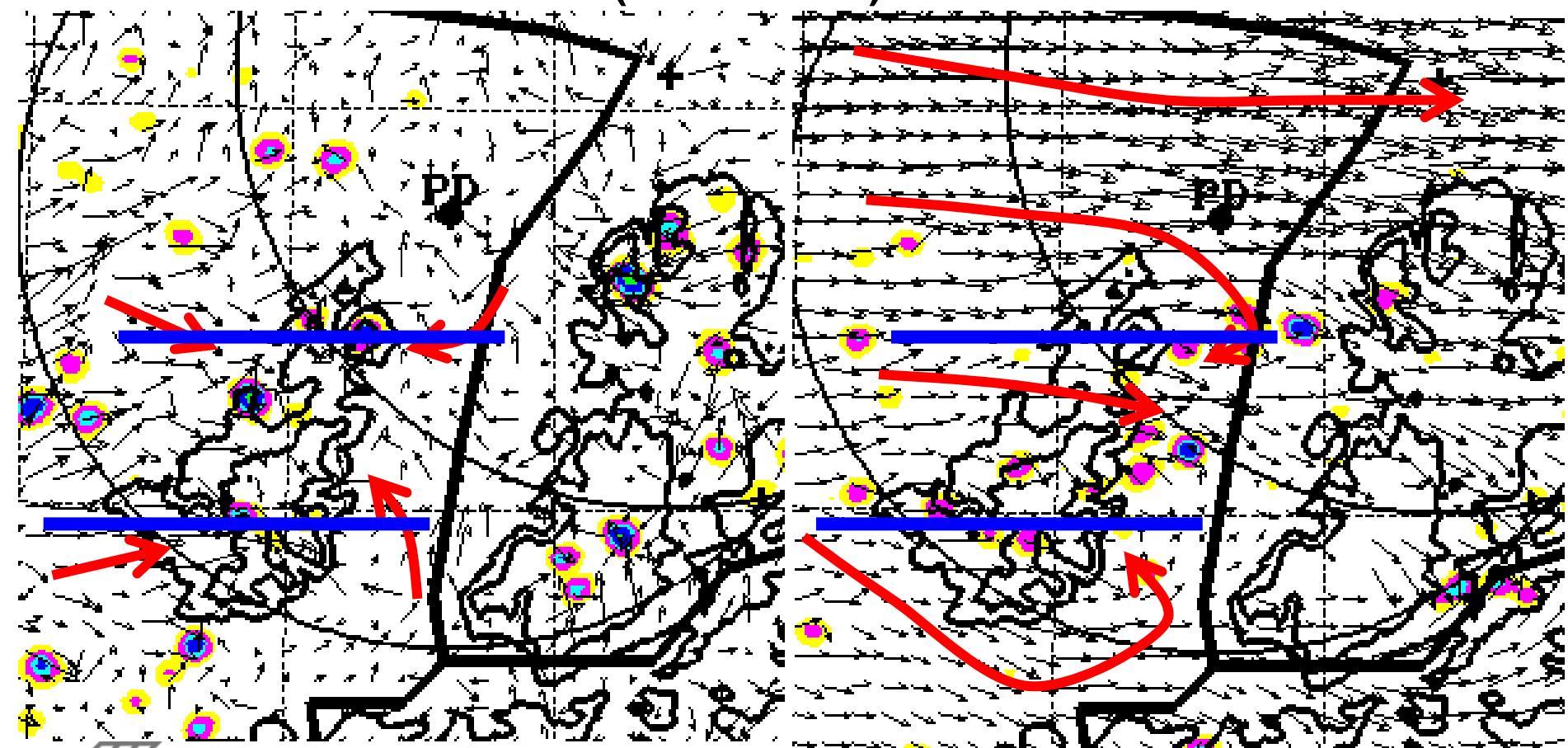


MesoNH Simulations

12. Aug. 2007 15 UTC

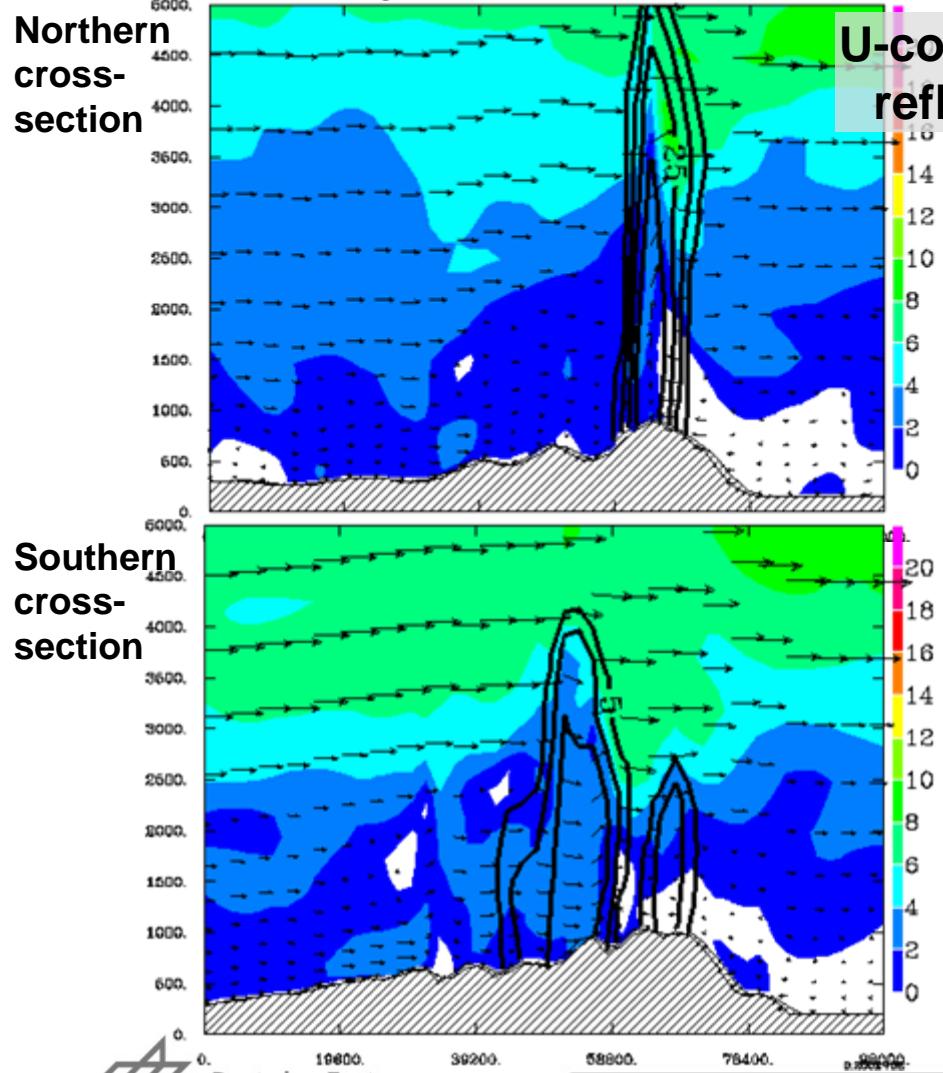
13. Aug. 2007 11 UTC

wind field (1000m MSL) and rain rate



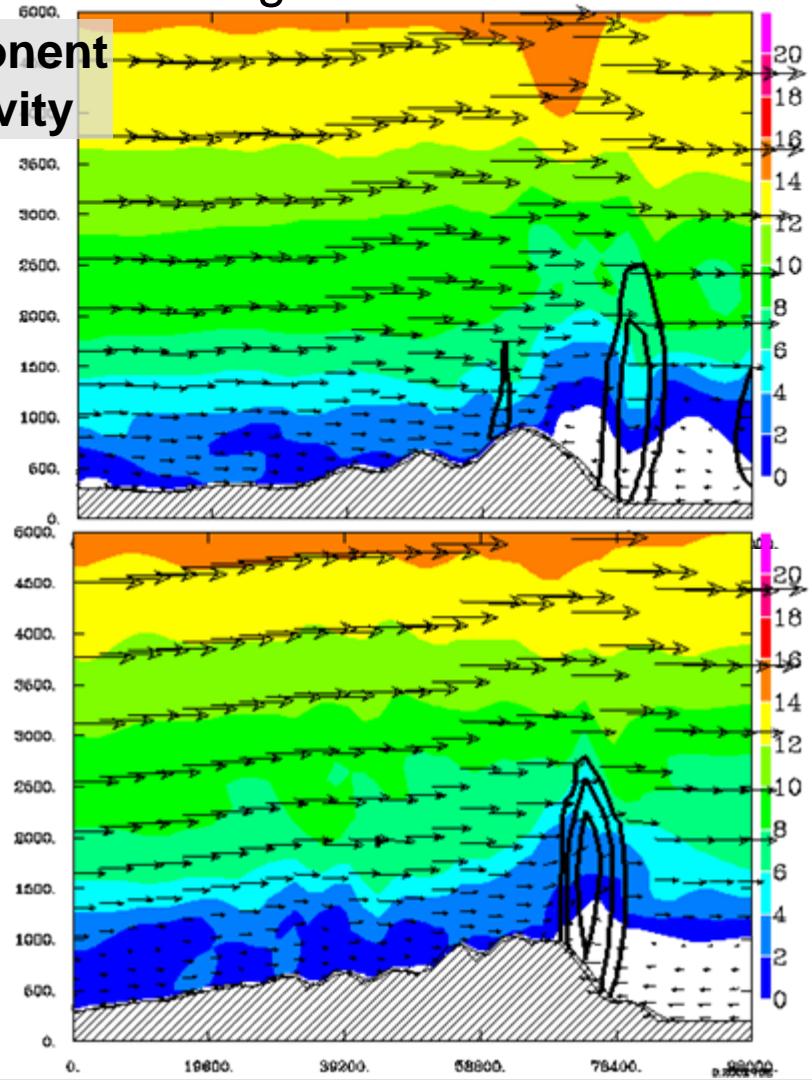
MesoNH Simulations

12. Aug. 2007 15 UTC



U-component
reflectivity

13. Aug. 2007 10 UTC



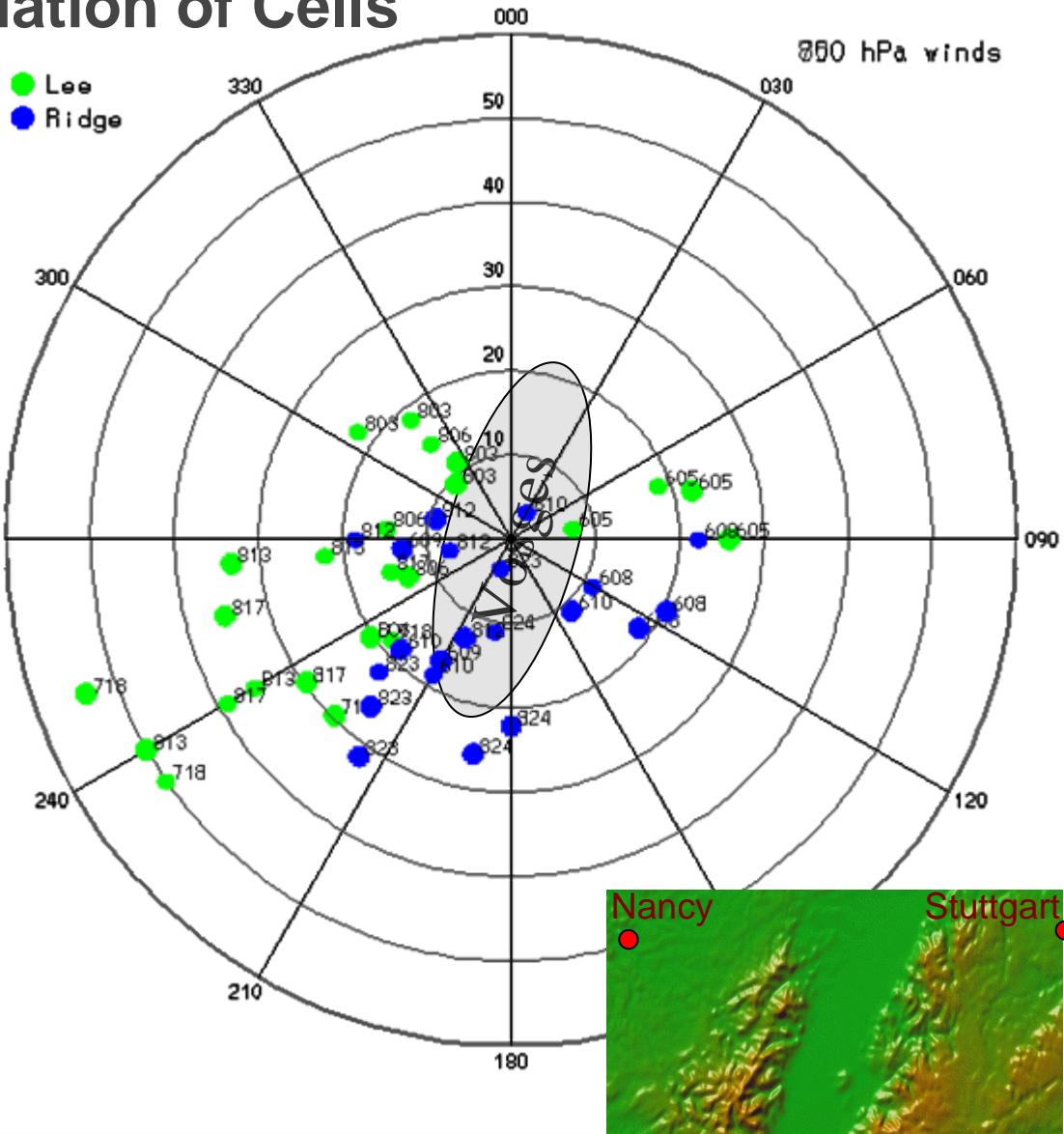
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Institut für Physik der Atmosphäre

Martin Hagen, AMS Conf. Radar Met., Williamsburg, 5-9 Oct. 2009

Wind Direction and Initiation of Cells

- Wind from 12 UTC soundings
 - Nancy ● and Stuttgart ●
 - 850 hPa and 700 hPa (crest height) (1500 m above)
- “Ridge” initiation related to weaker winds, and flow perpendicular or parallel to the Vosges
- “Lee” initiation related to higher south-westerly (or NE, NW) winds



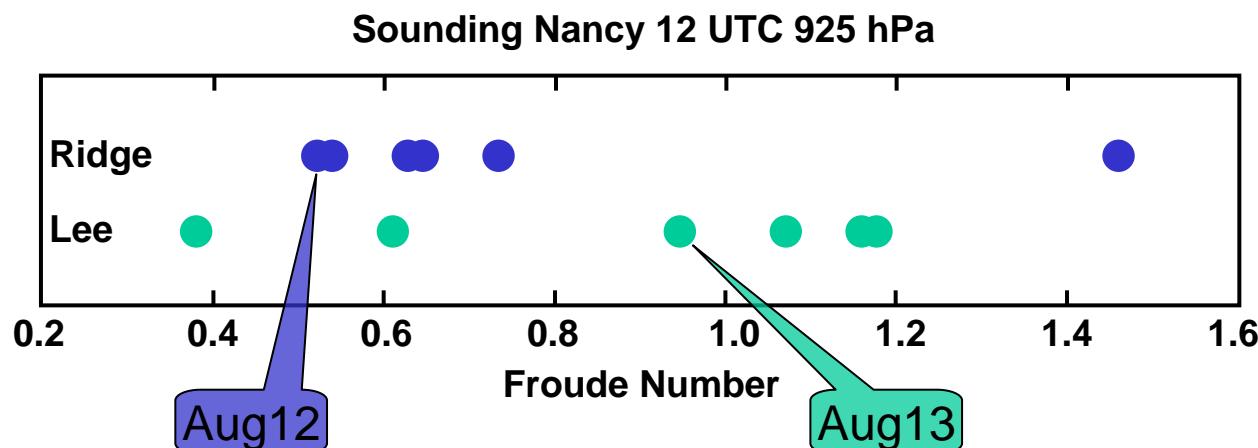
Flow over Mountains

- Froude Number indicates whether flow is over mountains or flow is diverted around mountains.

$$Fr = \frac{U}{NH}$$

U = characteristic flow speed
 N = Brunt-Väisälä-Frequency
 H = Height of obstacle

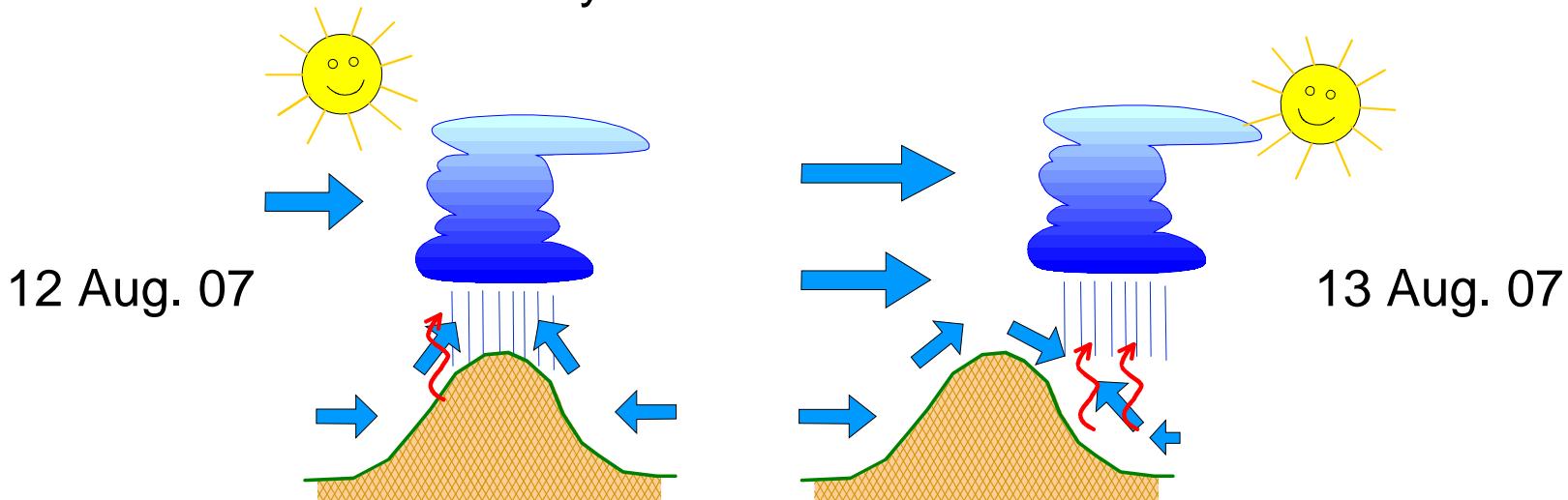
- $Fr < 1$ around mountains $Fr > 1$ flow over mountains



- How representative is the Nancy sounding ?

Conclusions

- Differences are caused by the wind field



- Lower wind speeds and parallel or perpendicular to the ridge favour the initiation over the ridge,
Higher wind speeds and flow around the Vosges favour the initiation in the lee of the mountain
- Models are able to simulate the situation and can provide additional information about the background fields of observed situation

