

Parallel Preconditioning for Block-Structured CFD Problems

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DLR German Aerospace Center



- → Research Institution
- ✓ Space Agency
- ✓ Project Management Agency



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Locations and employees

Germany: 6000 employees across 29 research institutes and facilities at

13 sites.

Offices in **Brussels**, **Paris** and **Washington**.





Parallel Simulation System TRACE





- TRACE: Turbo-machinery Research Aerodynamic Computational Environment
- Developed by the Institute for Propulsion Technology of the German Aerospace Center (DLR-AT)
- ✓ Calculates internal turbo-machinery flows
- Finite volume method with block-structured grids
- The linearized TRACE modules require the parallel, iterative solution of large, sparse non-symmetric systems of linear equations.



Preconditioners for TRACE: Background

- Ax = bModules linearTRACE or adjointTRACE 7
 - A non-symmetric, complex or real, sparse 7
 - Parallel iterative solver: (F)GMRes with preconditioning $P^{-1}Ax = P^{-1}b$ 7

- Distinctly dominates the time behavior 7
- Matrix-vector and vector-vector operations 7
- Preconditioning usually is the most time-consuming operation 7
 - Crucial for scalability
 - Status: Block-local preconditioning
 - ILU, SSOR 7
 - Scalability limited
 - Goal: global, scalable preconditioner
 - **Experiments with Distributed Schur Complement (DSC) methods** 7



DSC Method: Definitions

in der Helmholtz-Gemeinschaft



Folie 7 20091005-1 SIAM LA09 Basermann.ppt



in der Helmholtz-Gemeinschaft

DSC Method: Incomplete *LU* **Factorizations**





DSC Method and Partitioning

Graph partitioning: ParMETIS (University of Minnesota)

Minimize the number of edges cut \longleftrightarrow number of interface unknowns

Goal:





Matrix Permutation for Bandwidth Reduction



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Performance Tests on a Quad-Core Intel Xeon CPU L5420

Comparison: DSC method for original and RCM permuted matrix



Number of interface variables is significantly lower with RCM.



Performance Tests on a Quad-Core Intel Xeon CPU L5420

Comparison: DSC method versus Block Jacobi preconditioning (with RCM)



Number of iterations is stable for DSC, but Block Jacobi is faster.



Performance on a Cluster at DLR-AT

(AMD Opteron Processor 250; Dual-Processor Nodes; 2.4 GHz)

Comparison: DSC method versus Block Jacobi preconditioning (with RCM)



For a high processor count, the DSC method appears to pay off.



Conclusions for TRACE Matrix Problems

- → Block Jacobi preconditioning performs well for small processor counts.
- → The DSC method pays off for higher processor counts.
- ✓ Potential method of choice: *intelligent* solver with
 - → problem and convergence dependent parameter control;
 - → problem and convergence dependent preconditioning;
 - → preconditioning dependent on the processor count.



Questions?

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Typical linearTRACE Matrix Problem

