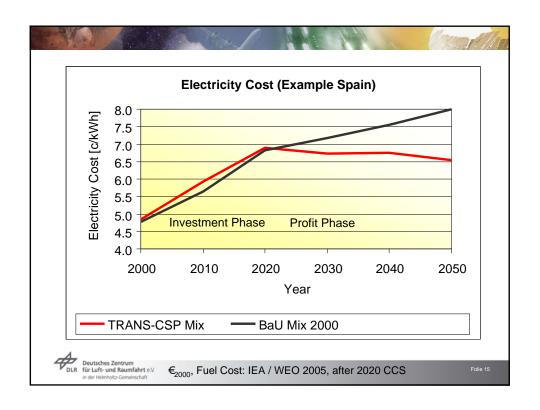


Environmental Security

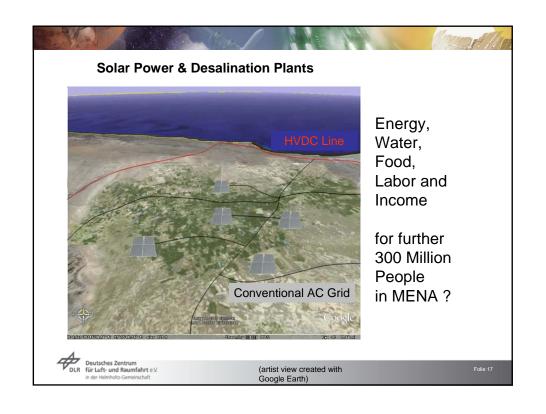
- > Reduced Life Cycle Greenhouse Gas Emissions of Power Generation
- > Reduced Risks of Nuclear Radiation and Proliferation
- > Reduced Local Pollution by Combustion Products
- > Optimal Land Use (1%) through Diversified Mix
- > Technology based on Recyclable Materials

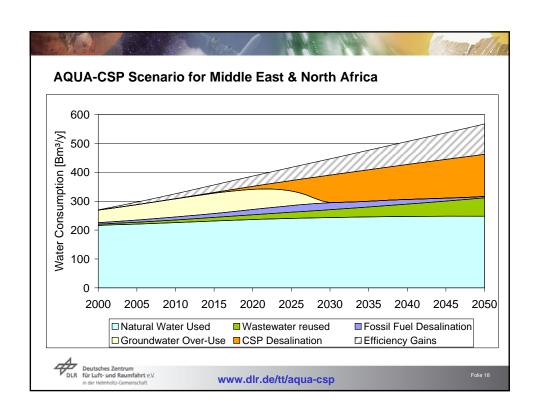


olie 14



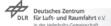






Political Security

- > Conflict Prevention between EU and MENA Reducing Pressure on Fuels
- > Conflict Prevention in MENA Solving Energy and Water Scarcity
- > Conflict Prevention in Europe Increasing Energy Diversity
- > Reduction of European Energy Import Dependency
- > Addition of Energy Corridors for European Supply
- > Initiating EU-MENA (Energy) Partnership



Folie 19

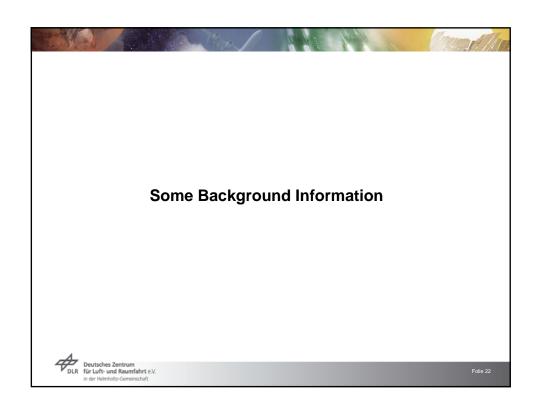
Challenges

- > Requires New Structures and New Thinking (Change of Paradigm)
- > Requires Long-Term Financing Scheme for Large Infrastructure
- > Based on International Cooperation and Interdependencies
- > Higher Complexity than Using Ideally Stored Fossil Energy Sources
- > More Stakeholders Involved due to Decentralized Generation
- > Cultural and Political Differences in EUMENA
- > Lobby Groups Acting Against Each Other
- > Speed of Environmental Change and Conflict Potentials



olie 20





Year		2020	2030	2040	2050
Lines x Capacity GW		4 x 2.5	16 x 2.5	28 x 2.5	40 x 2.
Transfer TWh/y		60	230	470	700
Capacity Factor		0.60	0.67	0.75	0.80
Turnover Billion €/y		3.8	12.5	24	35
Land Area km x km	CSP HVDC	15 x 15 3100 x 0.1	30 x 30 3600 x 0.4	40 x 40 3600 x 0.7	50 x 50 3600 x 1
Cum. Investment		42	134	245	350
Billion €	HVDC	5	16	31	45
Elec. Cost	CSP	0.050	0.045	0.040	0.040
€/kWh	HVDC	0.014	0.010	0.010	0.010

